# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

# CONTRACT BONDS

FOR CONTRACT NO. C204499

WBS <u>36599.3.1 STATE FUNDED</u>

T.I.P NO. <u>R-4707</u>

COUNTY OF <u>GUILFORD</u>

THIS IS THE <u>ROADWAY & STRUCTURE</u> CONTRACT

ROUTE NUMBER US 29 LENGTH 1.330 MILES

LOCATION <u>INTERCHANGE OF US-29 AND SR-4771 (REEDY FORK PARKWAY).</u>

CONTRACTOR APAC - ATLANTIC INC THOMPSON ARTHUR DIVISION

ADDRESS P.O. BOX 21088

GREENSBORO, NC 27420

BIDS OPENED APRIL 20, 2021 5/17/2021

CONTRACT EXECUTION 3/1/202

# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

# **PROPOSAL**

# **INCLUDES ADDENDUM No.3 DATED 04-15-2021**

DATE AND TIME OF BID OPENING: APRIL 20, 2021 AT 2:00 PM

CONTRACT ID C204499 WBS 36599.3.1

FEDERAL-AID NO. STATE FUNDED

COUNTY GUILFORD

T.I.P. NO. R-4707 MILES 1.330 ROUTE NO. US 29

LOCATION INTERCHANGE OF US-29 AND SR-4771 (REEDY FORK PARKWAY).

TYPE OF WORK GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, SIGNALS, AND STRUCTURES.

#### **NOTICE:**

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOTWITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY FEDERAL - AID FUNDED PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AS SHOWN BELOW:

THIS IS A ROADWAY & STRUCTURE PROPOSAL

5% BID BOND OR BID DEPOSIT REQUIRED

# PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CONTRACT No. C204499 IN GUILFORD COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Date	20
DEPARTMENT OF T	RANSPORTATION,
RALEIGH, NOR	TH CAROLINA

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work to be known as Contract No. C204499 has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him by the Board of Transportation in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with the 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete State Highway Contract No. <u>C204499</u> in <u>Guilford County</u>, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2018 with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

Accompanying this bid is a bid bond secured by a corporate surety, or certified check payable to the order of the Department of Transportation, for five percent of the total bid price, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this bid is accepted and the Bidder shall fail to provide the required payment and performance bonds with the Department of Transportation, under the condition of this proposal, within 14 calendar days after the written notice of award is received by him, as provided in the *Standard Specifications*; otherwise said deposit will be returned to the Bidder.

SEAL 022071

State Contract Officer

-pocusigned by: Konald E. Davenport, Jr.

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C204499 R-4707 Guilford County

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# **PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

#### **GENERAL**

# **CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(8-15-00) (Rev. 12-18-07) 108 SP1 G07 A

The date of availability for this contract is **June 2, 2021**, except that work in jurisdictional waters and wetlands shall not begin until a meeting between the DOT, Regulatory Agencies, and the Contractor is held as stipulated in the permits contained elsewhere in this proposal. This delay in availability has been considered in determining the contract time for this project.

The completion date for this contract is **October 28, 2024**.

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are **Two Hundred Dollars** (\$ 200.00) per calendar day. These liquidated damages will not be cumulative with any liquidated damages which may become chargeable under Intermediate Contract Time Number 1.

# INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 1 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 2-21-12) 108 SP1 G13

Except for that work required under the Project Special Provisions entitled *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*, included elsewhere in this proposal, the Contractor will be required to complete all work included in this contract and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is **June 2, 2021**.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is May 1, 2024.

The liquidated damages for this intermediate contract time are **Three Thousand Dollars** (\$ 3,000.00) per calendar day.

Upon apparent completion of all the work required to be completed by this intermediate date, a final inspection will be held in accordance with Article 105-17 and upon acceptance, the Department will assume responsibility for the maintenance of all work except *Planting*, *Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*. The Contractor will be responsible for and shall make corrections of all damages to the completed roadway caused by his planting operations, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic through the project.

# **INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 2 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(2-20-07) 108 SP1 G14 C

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on US-29 (including any associated Ramp / Loop) during the following time restrictions:

#### **DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS**

Monday thru Friday, 6:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

Saturday and Sunday, 10:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor begins to install traffic control devices required for the lane closures according to the time restrictions stated herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of traffic control devices required for the lane closures according to the time restrictions stated herein and restore traffic to the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 500.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

# INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 3 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) 108 SP1 G14 C

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **Reedy Fork Parkway and/or SR-2526 (Summit Avenue)** during the following time restrictions:

#### **DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS**

Monday thru Friday 6:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. & 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor begins to install traffic control devices required for the lane closures according to the time restrictions stated herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of traffic control devices required for the lane closures according to the time restrictions stated herein and restore traffic to the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

# **INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 4 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(2-20-07) 108 SP1 G14 E

The Contractor shall not narrow or close a lane of traffic on US-29 (including any associated Ramp / Loop), detain and /or alter the traffic flow on or during holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

# HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. For any unexpected occurrence that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the engineer.
- 2. For New Year's Day, between the hours of 6:00 a.m. December 31<sup>st</sup> to 7:00 p.m. January 2<sup>nd</sup>. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday, or Monday, then until 7:00 p.m. the following Tuesday.
- 3. For Easter, between the hours of 6:00 a.m. Thursday and 7:00 p.m. Monday.
- 4. For Memorial Day, between the hours of 6:00 a.m. Friday to 7:00 p.m. Tuesday.
- 5. For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **6:00 a.m.** the day before Independence Day and **7:00 p.m.** the day after Independence Day.
  - If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday, or Monday, then between the hours of **6:00 a.m.** the Thursday before Independence Day and **7:00 p.m.** the Tuesday after Independence Day.
- 6. For Labor Day, between the hours of 6:00 a.m. Friday to 7:00 p.m. Tuesday.
- 7. For **Thanksgiving**, between the hours of **6:00 a.m.** Tuesday and **7:00 p.m.** Monday.
- 8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **6:00 a.m.** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **7:00 p.m.** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.
- 9. For the **Wyndham Championship** in Greensboro, between the hours of **6:00 a.m.** and **8:00 p.m.** starting the **Wednesday** of the week of the tournament until the **Monday** after the tournament.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures are not required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated herein and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 500.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

# **INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 5 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(2-20-07) (Rev. 10-15-13)

108

SP1 G14 E

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining and removing the traffic control devices for road closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close **US-29 and/or Reedy Fork Parkway** during the following time restrictions:

#### DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

Monday thru Sunday, 5:00 a.m. to 12:00 a.m. (midnight)

The maximum allowable time for any operation listed below is thirty (30) minutes for US 29 and/or Reedy Fork Parkway. The Contractor shall reopen the travel lanes to traffic until any resulting traffic queue is depleted.

- Bridge Demolition.
- Girder Installation, including Overhang and/or Falsework Installation and/or Removal.
- Installation of Overhead Sign Assemblies and/or work on existing Overhead Sign Assemblies over travel lanes.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor begins to install traffic control devices required for the road closures according to the time restrictions stated herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of traffic control devices required for the road closures according to the time restrictions stated herein and restore traffic to the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Dollars** (\$ 1,000.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

# INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 6 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 F

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase III**, **Step #4** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3B** and shall place and maintain traffic on same using the following time restrictions:

#### DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

Monday at 6:00 a.m. to Friday at 10:00 p.m. Saturday at 6:00 a.m. to Saturday at 10:00 p.m. Sunday at 6:00 a.m. to Sunday at 10:00 p.m.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor begins to install traffic control devices required for the road closures according to the time restrictions stated herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of traffic control devices required for the road closures according to the time restrictions stated herein and restore traffic to the existing traffic pattern.

For each ramp, the work shall be completed in a single weekend, as elected by the Contractor's choosing and using the day and time restrictions listed above.

The liquidated damages are Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

# **INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 7 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(2-20-07) (Rev. 10-15-13)

108

SP1 G14 E

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase III**, **Step #5** as shown on Sheet **TMP-3B** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time is the **Friday** at **10:00 pm** that the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time is the following **Monday** at **6:00** am after the time of availability.

For each ramp, the work shall be completed in a single weekend, as elected by the Contractor's choosing.

The liquidated damages are Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

# PERMANENT VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT:

(2-16-12) (Rev. 10-15-13)

104

SP1 G16

Establish a permanent stand of the vegetation mixture shown in the contract. During the period between initial vegetation planting and final project acceptance, perform all work necessary to establish permanent vegetation on all erodible areas within the project limits, as well as, in borrow and waste pits. This work shall include erosion control device maintenance and installation, repair seeding and mulching, supplemental seeding and mulching, mowing, and fertilizer topdressing, as directed. All work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable section of the 2018 Standard Specifications. All work required for initial vegetation planting shall be performed as a part of the work necessary for the completion and acceptance of the Intermediate Contract Time (ICT). Between the time of ICT and Final Project acceptance, or otherwise referred to as the vegetation establishment period, the Department will be responsible for preparing the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection records.

Once the Engineer has determined that the permanent vegetation establishment requirement has been achieved at an 80% vegetation density (the amount of established vegetation per given area to stabilize the soil) and no erodible areas exist within the project limits, the Contractor will be notified to remove the remaining erosion control devices that are no longer needed. The Contractor will be responsible for, and shall correct any areas disturbed by operations performed in permanent

vegetation establishment and the removal of temporary erosion control measures, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic on the project.

Payment for Response for Erosion Control, Seeding and Mulching, Repair Seeding, Supplemental Seeding, Mowing, Fertilizer Topdressing, Silt Excavation, and Stone for Erosion Control will be made at contract unit prices for the affected items. Work required that is not represented by contract line items will be paid in accordance with Articles 104-7 or 104-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No additional compensation will be made for maintenance and removal of temporary erosion control items.

# **AWARD OF CONTRACT:**

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 1-23, Subarticle 103-4 (A) General, first paragraph**, replace the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> sentences with the following:

Where award is to be made, the notice of award will be issued within 60 days after the opening of bids or upon issuance of any necessary debt instrument, whichever is later, but not to exceed 120 days; except with the consent of the lowest responsible bidder the decision to award the contract to such bidder may be delayed for as long a time as may be agreed upon by the Department and such bidder. In the absence of such agreement, the lowest responsible bidder may withdraw his bid at the expiration of 120 days without penalty if no notice of award has been issued.

# **FIELD OFFICE (Lump Sum):**

(6-1-07)(Rev. 8-18-15)

# **Description**

This work consists of furnishing, erecting, equipping, and maintaining a field office for the exclusive use of Department Engineers and Inspectors at a location on the project approved by the Engineer. Provide a field office that complies with the current ADA Design and Accessibility Standards, the National Electric Code, local, state, and federal regulations, and the following requirements.

#### **Procedures**

The field office and equipment will remain the property of the Contractor upon completion of the contract. The field office shall be separated from buildings and trailers used by the Contractor and shall be erected and functional as an initial operation. Failure to have the field office functional when work first begins on the project will result in withholding payment of the Contractor's monthly progress estimate. The field office shall be operational throughout the duration of the project and shall be removed upon completion and final acceptance of the project.

Provide a field office that is weatherproof, tightly floored and roofed, constructed with an air space above the ceiling for ventilation, supported above the ground, has a width of at least 10 feet, and the floor-to-ceiling height that is at least 7 feet 6 inches. Provide inside walls and a ceiling constructed of plywood, fiber board, gypsum board, or other suitable materials. Have the exterior walls, ceiling, and floor insulated.

Provide a field office with at least 600 square feet of floor space and that is equipped with the following:

Number	<u>Item</u>	
1	Double-pedestal desk (approximately 60 by 34 inches, at least 2,000 square inches).	
1	Plan and drafting table (approximately 30 by 96 inches) with adjustable stool.	
1	Computer table at least 48 by 30 by 29 inches.	
1	Plan rack for 24 by 36 inch drawings with 6 plan clamps.	
1	Printing calculator.	
2	2-drawer fire protection file, 15 inch drawer width, minimum UL rating of Class	
	350.	
6	Office chairs with at least two chairs having casters.	
2	Wastebaskets.	
1	Pencil sharpener.	
1	Copy machine (8 inch x 11 inch copies)	
1	Telephone.	
1	Fax Machine.	
1	Answering machine.	
1	Internet Connection Service (modem for Wi-Fi).	

#### **Windows and Doors**

Provide a field office with at least three windows with blinds, each having an area of at least 540 square inches, capable of being easily opened and secured from the inside and having at least two exterior passage doors. Provide doors at least 30 inches in width and 78 inches in height. Provide screens for windows and doors. Equip exterior passage doors with locks, and furnish at least two keys to the Engineer.

# **Steps**

Provide accessibility in compliance with the current ADA Design and Accessibility Standards, and the State Building Code and maintain them free from obstructions.

# **Storage Facility For Nuclear Gage**

Furnish the field office with an outside storage facility for the Department's nuclear gage. The storage facility shall not be located within 10 feet of any other structure including the field office.

# Lighting, Heating, and Air Conditioning

The field office shall have satisfactory lighting, electrical outlets, heating equipment, an exhaust fan, and an air conditioner connected to an operational power source. Provide at least one of the light fixtures that is a fluorescent light situated over the plan and drafting table. Furnish electrical current and fuel for heating equipment.

# **Fire Extinguishers**

Furnish and maintain one fire extinguisher for each required exterior passage door. Fire extinguisher may be chemical or dry powder. UL Classification 10-B:C (minimum), suitable for Type A:B:C: fires. Mount and maintain fire extinguishers in accordance with OSHA Safety and Health Standards.

# **Toilets**

Provide a toilet conforming to the requirements of the state and local boards of health or other bodies or courts having jurisdiction in the area. When separate facilities for men and women are not available, place a sign with the words "Rest Room" (with letters at least 1 inch in height) over the doorway, and provide an adequate positive locking system on the inside of the doorway. Maintain responsibility for the water and sewer connections or the installation and connection of a water well and septic tank and drain field. These facilities shall conform to all local and state permits.

#### Utilities

Except for telephone service, make necessary utility and internet connections, maintain utilities and internet connections, pay internet and utility service fees and bills, and handle final disconnection of internet and utilities. Furnish a telephone in each field office and permit the work necessary to install it.

# **Storage Facility for Test Equipment**

Provide the field office with a storage facility, separate from the office for storage of test equipment, other than the nuclear gage. Provide a facility that has at least 64 square feet of floor space, is weatherproof, tightly floored and roofed, and has a tamper resistant key operated lock.

#### **Miscellaneous Items**

The field office shall also include the following:

- 1. A certification that the office is free of asbestos and other hazardous materials.
- 2. A broom, dust pan, mop and bucket, and general cleaning supplies.
- 3. Provide and maintain an all weather parking area for six vehicles, including graveled access to the paved surface.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Payment at the contract lump sum bid price for *Field Office* will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including but not limited to furnishing, erecting, maintaining, and removing the field office as outlined in this provision.

Installation and service fees for the telephone will be paid for by the Department.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Field Office	Lump Sum

# **DELAY IN RIGHT OF ENTRY:**

(7-1-95) (Rev. 7-15-14) 108 SPI G22

The Contractor will not be allowed right of entry to the following parcel(s) prior to the listed date(s) unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

Parcel No.	Property Owner	<u>Date</u>
1	Michael Loftis	06-30-21
2	Daly Management Company	06-30-21
3	Ginger Truitt	06-30-21

# **MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:**

(2-19-02) 104 SP1 G28

The following listed items are the major contract items for this contract (see Article 104-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications):

Line#	Description
9	Borrow Excavation
69	Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0 C
374	Class A Concrete (Culvert)

# **SPECIALTY ITEMS:**

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-17-12) 108-6 SP1 G37

Items listed below will be the specialty items for this contract (see Article 108-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications).

Line #	Description
122-136	Guardrail
137-140	Fencing
148-169	Signing
192-199, 201, 203, 205, 220	Long-Life Pavement Markings
200, 202, 204, 206	Removable Tape
221-222	Permanent Pavement Markers
223-246, 248-252	Lighting
253-296	Utility Construction
297-331	Erosion Control
332-333	Reforestation
334-370	Signals/ITS System

# **FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:**

(11-15-05) (Rev. 2-18-14) 109-8 SP1 G43

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

# Page 1-87, Article 109-8, Fuel Price Adjustments, add the following:

The base index price for DIESEL #2 FUEL is \$ 1.9368 per gallon. Where any of the following are included as pay items in the contract, they will be eligible for fuel price adjustment.

The pay items and the fuel factor used in calculating adjustments to be made will be as follows:

Description	Units	Fuel Usage Factor Diesel
Unclassified Excavation	Gal/CY	0.29
Borrow Excavation	Gal/CY	0.29
Class IV Subgrade Stabilization	Gal/Ton	0.55
Aggregate Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
Sub-Ballast	Gal/Ton	0.55
Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course	Gal/Ton	2.90
Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Aggregate for Cement Treated Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
Portland Cement for Cement Treated Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	Gal/SY	0.245
Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to" Pavement	Gal/SY	0.245

# **PAYOUT SCHEDULE:**

(1-19-10) (Rev. 1-17-12) 108 SP1 G57

Submit an Anticipated Monthly Payout Schedule prior to beginning construction. The Anticipated Monthly Payout Schedule will be used by the Department to monitor funding levels for this project. Include a monthly percentage breakdown (in terms of the total contract amount) of the work anticipated to be completed. The schedule should begin with the date the Contractor plans to begin construction and end with the anticipated completion date. Submit updates of the Anticipated Monthly Payout Schedule on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15 of each calendar year until project acceptance. Submit the original Anticipated Monthly Payout Schedule and all subsequent updates to the Resident Engineer with a copy to the State Construction Engineer at 1 South Wilmington Street, 1543 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1543.

#### SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED COMPLETION PROGRESS:

(7-15-08) (Rev. 5-13-19) 108-2 SPI G58

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Standard Special Provision entitled *Availability of Funds Termination of Contracts* included elsewhere in this proposal. The Department of Transportation's schedule of estimated completion progress for this project as required by that Standard Special Provision is as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>		<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Progress (% of Dollar Value)	
	2021	(7/01/20 - 6/30/21)	4% of Total Amount Bid	
	2022	(7/01/21 - 6/30/22)	42% of Total Amount Bid	
	2023	(7/01/22 - 6/30/23)	36% of Total Amount Bid	
	2024	(7/01/23 - 6/30/24)	18% of Total Amount Bid	

The Contractor shall also furnish his own progress schedule in accordance with Article 108-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Any acceleration of the progress as shown by the Contractor's progress schedule over the progress as shown above shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

# MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE:

(10-16-07)(Rev. 12-17-19) 102-15(J) SPI G66

#### **Description**

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the North Carolina Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with State funds.

# **Definitions**

Additional MBE/WBE Subcontractors - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that will <u>not</u> be used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE Goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

Combined MBE/WBE Goal: A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is to be performed by committed MBE/WBE subcontractors.

Committed MBE/WBE Subcontractor - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any MBE or WBE used as a replacement for a previously committed MBE or WBE firm.

*Contract Goal Requirement* - The approved participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised Combined MBE/WBE contract goal.

Goal Confirmation Letter - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed participation along with a listing of the committed MBE and WBE firms.

*Manufacturer* - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

MBE Participation (Anticipated) - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is anticipated to be performed by committed MBE subcontractor(s).

Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Minority-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Regular Dealer - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

Replacement / Substitution – A full or partial reduction in the amount of work subcontracted to a committed (or an approved substitute) MBE/WBE firm.

North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP) - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for MBE/WBE certification. The MBE/WBE program follows the same regulations as the federal Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

*United States Department of Transportation (USDOT)* - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

WBE Participation (Anticipated) - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is anticipated to be performed by committed WBE subcontractor(s).

*Women Business Enterprise (WBE)* - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Women-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

#### Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

Payment Tracking System - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to MBE and WBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project. https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/

DBE-IS Subcontractor Payment Information - Form for reporting the payments made to all MBE/WBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only. https://connect.ncdot.gov/business/Turnpike/Documents/Form%20DBE-IS%20Subcontractor%20Payment%20Information.pdf

RF-1 *MBE/WBE Replacement Request Form* - Form for replacing a committed MBE or WBE. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/DBE%20MBE%20WBE %20Replacement%20Request%20Form.pdf

SAF *Subcontract Approval Form* - Form required for approval to sublet the contract. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Subcontract%20Approval%20Form%20Rev.%202012.zip

JC-1 *Joint Check Notification Form* - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20 Forms/Joint%20 Check%20 Notification%20 Form.pdf

Letter of Intent - Form signed by the Contractor and the MBE/WBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed MBE/WBE for the estimated amount (based on quantities and unit prices) listed at the time of bid. http://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Letter%20of%20Intent%20to%20Perform%20as%20 a%20Subcontractor.pdf

Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors Form - Form for entering MBE/WBE subcontractors on a project that will meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal. This form is for paper bids only. http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/09%20MBE-WBE%20Subcontractors%20(State).docx

Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where MBEs and WBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/business/SmallBusiness/Documents/DBE%20Subcontractor%20Quote%20Comparison%20Example.xls

#### **Combined MBE/WBE Goal**

The Combined MBE/WBE Goal for this project is 12.0 %

The Combined Goal was established utilizing the following anticipated participation for Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises:

# (A) Minority Business Enterprises 6.0 %

- (1) If the anticipated MBE participation is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that MBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
- (2) If the anticipated MBE participation is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use MBEs during the performance of the contract. Any MBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

# (B) Women Business Enterprises 6.0 %

- (1) If the anticipated WBE participation is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that WBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
- (2) If the anticipated WBE participation is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use WBEs during the performance of the contract. Any WBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

The Bidder is required to submit only participation to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Combined Goal may be met by submitting all MBE participation, all WBE participation, or a combination of MBE and WBE participation.

# **Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)**

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified in the Directory as MBE and WBE certified shall be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Directory can be found at the following link.

https://www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

# **Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractors**

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit <u>all</u> MBE and WBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be considered committed, even though the listing shall include both committed MBE/WBE subcontractors and additional MBE/WBE subcontractors. Any additional MBE/WBE

subcontractor participation above the goal will follow the banking guidelines found elsewhere in this provision. All other additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward the Department's overall race-neutral goals. Only those firms with current MBE and WBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of MBE and WBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

# (A) Electronic Bids

Bidders shall submit a listing of MBE and WBE participation in the appropriate section of the electronic submittal file.

- (1) Submit the names and addresses of MBE and WBE firms identified to participate in the contract. If the bidder uses the updated listing of MBE and WBE firms shown in the electronic submittal file, the bidder may use the dropdown menu to access the name and address of the firms.
- (2) Submit the contract line numbers of work to be performed by each MBE and WBE firm. When no figures or firms are entered, the bidder will be considered to have no MBE or WBE participation.
- (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE and WBE are certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE goal.

# (B) Paper Bids

- (1) If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is more than zero,
  - (a) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of MBE/WBE participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the MBE and WBE participation for the contract.
  - (b) If bidders have no MBE or WBE participation, they shall indicate this on the *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety. **Blank forms will not be deemed to represent zero participation.** Bids submitted that do not have MBE and WBE participation indicated on the appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.
  - (c) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE/WBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the

firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.

(2) If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is zero, entries on the Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors are not required for the zero goal, however any MBE or WBE participation that is achieved during the project shall be reported in accordance with requirements contained elsewhere in the special provision.

#### **MBE or WBE Prime Contractor**

When a certified MBE or WBE firm bids on a contract that contains a Combined MBE/WBE goal, the firm is responsible for meeting the goal or making good faith efforts to meet the goal, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a MBE or WBE bidder on a contract will meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the MBE or WBE bidder and any other similarly certified subcontractors will count toward the goal. The MBE or WBE bidder shall list itself along with any MBE or WBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the goal.

MBE/WBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A and B listed under *Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractor* just as a non-MBE/WBE bidder would.

#### Written Documentation – Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each MBE/WBE that will be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the MBE/WBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed MBE and WBE to be used toward the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the MBE/WBE participation will not count toward meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts for the goal, completed in its entirety, to the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

# **Banking MBE/WBE Credit**

If the bid of the lowest responsive bidder exceeds \$500,000 and if the committed MBE/WBE participation submitted exceeds the algebraic sum of the Combined MBE /WBE Goal by \$1,000 or more, the excess will be placed on deposit by the Department for future use by the bidder. Separate accounts will be maintained for MBE and WBE participation and these may accumulate for a period not to exceed 24 months.

When the apparent lowest responsive bidder fails to submit sufficient participation by MBE and WBE firms to meet the advertised goal, as part of the good faith effort, the Department will consider allowing the bidder to withdraw funds to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal as long as there are adequate funds available from the bidder's MBE and WBE bank accounts.

#### **Submission of Good Faith Effort**

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach that specific goal.

A hard copy and an electronic copy of this information shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the sixth calendar day following opening of bids unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it would be due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day. If the contractor cannot send the information electronically, then one complete set and 5 copies of this information shall be received under the same time constraints above.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of MBE/WBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

# Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with a Combined MBE/WBE Goal More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient MBE/WBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought MBE/WBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goals and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

(A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising, written notices, use of verifiable electronic means through the use of the

NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors. The bidder must solicit this interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the MBEs/WBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to MBEs/WBEs within the Division and surrounding Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the MBEs/WBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by MBEs/WBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be achieved.
  - (1) Where appropriate, break out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate MBE/WBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - (2) Negotiate with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the advertised goal when the work to be sublet includes potential for MBE/WBE participation (2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> tier subcontractors).
- (C) Providing interested certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D) (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested MBEs/WBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate MBE/WBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBEs/WBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for MBEs/WBEs to perform the work.
  - (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including MBE/WBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as the advertised goal into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using MBEs/WBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from MBEs/WBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (E) Not rejecting MBEs/WBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social

- affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (F) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.
- (G) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of MBEs/WBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit at BOWD@ncdot.gov to give notification of the bidder's inability to get MBE or WBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the advertised goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the contract goal.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the advertised goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the advertised goal, but meets or exceeds the average MBE and WBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the advertised goal.

# **Non-Good Faith Appeal**

The State Prequalification Engineer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the State Prequalification Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

# Counting MBE/WBE Participation Toward Meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal

# (A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirements. The total dollar value of participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be based upon the value of work actually performed by the MBE/WBE and the actual payments to MBE/WBE firms by the Contractor.

# (B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting MBE/WBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

# (C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A MBE/WBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a MBE subcontracts to another MBE firm may be counted toward the anticipated MBE participation. The same holds true for work that a WBE subcontracts to another WBE firm. Work that a MBE/WBE subcontracts to a non-MBE/WBE firm does <u>not</u> count toward the contract goal requirement. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e., MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the MBE or WBE participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified firms and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified firms, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE breakdown. If a MBE or WBE contractor or subcontractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the MBE or WBE is not performing a commercially useful function.

#### (D) Joint Venture

When a MBE or WBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the MBE or WBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the MBE or WBE performs with its forces.

# (E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/WBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a MBE or WBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a MBE or WBE manufacturer.

# (F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/WBE requirement the following expenditures to MBE/WBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

- (1) The fees or commissions charged by a MBE/WBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.
- (2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a MBE/WBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

# **Commercially Useful Function**

# (A) MBE/WBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to MBEs and WBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A MBE/WBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the MBE/WBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a MBE/WBE is performing a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the MBE/WBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors. If it is determined that a MBE or WBE is not performing a Commercially Useful Function, the contractor may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department.

# (B) MBE/WBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a MBE or WBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The MBE/WBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The MBE/WBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The MBE/WBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
- (4) The MBE may subcontract the work to another MBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a MBE. The same holds true that a WBE may subcontract the work to another WBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a WBE. When this occurs, the MBE or WBE who subcontracts work receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted MBE or WBE provides on the contract. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e., MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified transportation service providers and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified providers, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE participation breakdown.
- (5) The MBE/WBE may also subcontract the work to a non-MBE/WBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The MBE/WBE who subcontracts the work to a non-MBE/WBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the non-MBE/WBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by MBE/WBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-MBE/WBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the MBE/WBE and the Contractor will not count towards the MBE/WBE contract requirement.
- (6) A MBE/WBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the MBE/WBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the MBE/WBE, so long as the lease gives the MBE/WBE absolute priority for

- use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the MBE/WBE's credit as long as the driver is under the MBE/WBE's payroll.
- (7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the MBE/WBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

# **MBE/WBE Replacement**

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a MBE or WBE subcontractor (or an approved substitute MBE or WBE subcontractor) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the MBE/WBE subcontractor for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor, a non-MBE/WBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate.

The Contractor must give notice in writing both by certified mail and email to the MBE/WBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Engineer of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor must give the MBE/WBE subcontractor five (5) business days to respond to the Contractor's Notice of Intent to Request Termination and/or Substitution. If the MBE/WBE subcontractor objects to the intended termination/substitution, the MBE/WBE, within five (5) business days must advise the Contractor and the Department of the reasons why the action should not be approved. The five-day notice period shall begin on the next business day after written notice is provided to the MBE/WBE subcontractor.

A committed MBE/WBE subcontractor may only be terminated after receiving the Department's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the proposed termination and/or substitution. For purposes of this section, good cause shall include the following circumstances:

- (a) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (b) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (c) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (d) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness:
- (e) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law;
- (f) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (g) The listed MBE/WBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of withdrawal;
- (h) The listed MBE/WBE is ineligible to receive MBE/WBE credit for the type of work required;

- (i) A MBE/WBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed MBE/WBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (j) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the MBE/WBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a MBE/WBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the MBE/WBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another MBE/WBE or non-MBE/WBE contractor after contract award.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE:

# (A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed MBE/WBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional MBE/WBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the MBE/WBE commitment to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed MBE/WBE if there were no additional MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the MBE/WBE that was terminated.

If a replacement MBE/WBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to MBE/WBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous MBE/WBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
- (2) Efforts to negotiate with MBE/WBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:
  - (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBE/WBEs who were contacted.
  - (b) A description of the information provided to MBE/WBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
- (3) A list of reasons why MBE/WBE quotes were not accepted.
- (4) Efforts made to assist the MBE/WBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.

# (B) Decertification Replacement

(1) When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (Subcontract Approval Form) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.

When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) for the named MBE/WBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the MBE/WBE subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal requirement. If a MBE/WBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).

All requests for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (DBE Replacement Request). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

# **Changes in the Work**

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a MBE/WBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the MBE/WBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the MBE/WBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs equal to the reduced MBE/WBE participation caused by the changes.

#### **Reports and Documentation**

A SAF (Subcontract Approval Form) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a MBE/WBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving MBE/WBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a MBE/WBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for MBE/WBE credit.

# Reporting Minority and Women Business Enterprise Participation

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all MBE/WBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to MBEs/WBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for work on future DOT projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-MBE/WBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments through the Department's Payment Tracking System.

# **Failure to Meet Contract Requirements**

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the 2018 Standard Specifications may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

# **CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS:**

(7-1-95) 102-14 SP1 G88

If the successful bidder does not hold the proper license to perform any plumbing, heating, air conditioning, or electrical work in this contract, he will be required to sublet such work to a contractor properly licensed in accordance with *Article 2 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes* (licensing of heating, plumbing, and air conditioning contractors) and *Article 4 of Chapter 87* of the *General Statutes* (licensing of electrical contractors).

# **RESTRICTIONS ON ITS EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES:**

(11-17-20) SP01 G090

All telecommunications, video or other ITS equipment or services installed or utilized on this project must be in conformance with UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR, § 200.216 Prohibition on certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment.

# **USE OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM (UAS):**

(8-20-19) SP1 G092

The Contractor shall adhere to all Federal, State and Local regulations and guidelines for the use of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS). This includes but is not limited to US 14 CFR Part 107 Small UAS Rule, NC GS 15A-300.2 Regulation of launch and recovery sites, NC GS 63-95 Training required for the operation of unmanned aircraft systems, NC GS 63-96 Permit required for commercial operation of unmanned aircraft system, and NCDOT UAS Policy. The required operator certifications include possessing a current Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Remote Pilot Certificate, a NC UAS Operator Permit as well as operating a UAS registered with the FAA.

Prior to beginning operations, the Contractor shall complete the NCDOT UAS – Flight Operation Approval Form and submit it to the Engineer for approval. All UAS operations shall be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning the operations.

All contractors or subcontractors operating UAS shall have UAS specific general liability insurance to cover all operations under this contract.

The use of UAS is at the Contractor's discretion. No measurement or payment will be made for the use of UAS. In the event that the Department directs the Contractor to utilize UAS, payment will be in accordance with Article 104-7 Extra Work.

# **EQUIPMENT IDLING GUIDELINES:**

(1-19-21) 107 SP1 G096

Exercise reduced fuel consumption and reduced equipment emissions during the construction of all work associated with this contract. Employees engaged in the construction of this project should turn off vehicles when stopped for more than thirty (30) minutes and off-highway equipment should idle no longer than fifteen (15) consecutive minutes.

These guidelines for turning off vehicles and equipment when idling do not apply to:

- 1. Idling when queuing.
- 2. Idling to verify the vehicle is in safe operating condition.
- 3. Idling for testing, servicing, repairing or diagnostic purposes.
- 4. Idling necessary to accomplish work for which the vehicle was designed (such as operating a crane, mixing concrete, etc.).
- 5. Idling required to bring the machine system to operating temperature.
- 6. Emergency vehicles, utility company, construction, and maintenance vehicles where the engines must run to perform needed work.
- 7. Idling to ensure safe operation of the vehicle.
- 8. Idling when the propulsion engine is providing auxiliary power for other than heating or air conditioning. (such as hydraulic systems for pavers)
- 9. When specific traffic, safety, or emergency situations arise.
- 10. If the ambient temperature is less than 32 degrees Fahrenheit. Limited idling to provide for the safety of vehicle occupants (e.g. to run the heater).
- 11. If the ambient temperature is greater than 90 degrees Fahrenheit. Limited idling to provide for the safety of vehicle occupants of off-highway equipment (e.g. to run the air conditioning) no more than 30 minutes.
- 12. Diesel powered vehicles may idle for up to 30 minutes to minimize restart problems. Any vehicle, truck, or equipment in which the primary source of fuel is natural gas or electricity is exempt from the idling limitations set forth in this special provision.

# **SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:**

(7-1-95) 450 SP1 G112 C

Subsurface information is available on the roadway and structure portions of this project.

# **PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER - (Partial Payments for Materials):**

(7-1-95) (Rev. 8-16-11) 1170-4 SPI G121

When so authorized by the Engineer, partial materials payments will be made up to 95 percent of the delivered cost of portable concrete barrier, provided that these materials have been delivered on the project and stored in an acceptable manner, and further provided the documents listed in Subarticle 109-5(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications have been furnished to the Engineer.

The provisions of Subarticle 109-5(B) of the 2018 Standard Specifications will apply to the portable concrete barrier.

#### **MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT:**

(11-20-07) (Rev. 1-17-12) 104-10 SPI G125

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 25, add the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

All guardrail/guiderail within the project limits shall be included in this maintenance.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 30, add the following as the last sentence of the first paragraph:

The Contractor shall perform weekly inspections of guardrail and guiderail and shall report damages to the Engineer on the same day of the weekly inspection. Where damaged guardrail or guiderail is repaired or replaced as a result of maintaining the project in accordance with this article, such repair or replacement shall be performed within 7 consecutive calendar days of such inspection report.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, lines 42-44, replace the last sentence of the last paragraph with the following:

The Contractor will not be directly compensated for any maintenance operations necessary, except for maintenance of guardrail/guiderail, as this work will be considered incidental to the work covered by the various contract items. The provisions of Article 104-7, Extra Work, and Article 104-8, Compensation and Record Keeping will apply to authorized maintenance of guardrail/guiderail. Performance of weekly inspections of guardrail/guiderail, and the damage reports required as described above, will be considered to be an incidental part of the work being paid for by the various contract items.

#### **ELECTRONIC BIDDING:**

(2-19-19) 101, 102, 103 SP1 G140

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-4, Article 101-3, DEFINITIONS, BID (OR PROPOSAL) *Electronic Bid*, line 1, replace "Bid Express®" with "the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B), Electronic Bids, lines 39-40, replace "to Bid Express®" with "via the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B)(1), Electronic Bids, line 41, delete "from Bid Express®"

Page 1-17, Subarticle 102-9(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 21, replace "Bid Express® miscellaneous folder within the .ebs" with "electronic submittal".

Page 1-29, Subarticle 103-4(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 32, replace ".ebs miscellaneous data file of Expedite" with "electronic submittal file"

# **BID DOCUMENTATION:**

(1-1-02) (Rev.8-18-15) 103 SPI G142

#### General

The successful Bidder (Contractor) shall submit the original, unaltered bid documentation or a certified copy of the original, unaltered bid documentation used to prepare the bid for this contract to the Department within 10 days after receipt of notice of award of contract. Such documentation shall be placed in escrow with a banking institution or other bonded document storage facility selected by the Department.

The Department will not execute the contract until the original, unaltered bid documentation or a certified copy of the original, unaltered bid documentation has been received by the Department.

#### **Terms**

Bid Documentation - Bid Documentation shall mean all written information, working papers, computer printouts, electronic media, charts, and all other data compilations which contain or reflect information, data, and calculations used by the Bidder in the preparation of the bid. The term bid documentation includes, but is not limited to, contractor equipment rates, contractor overhead rates, labor rates, efficiency or productivity factors, arithmetical calculations, and quotations from subcontractors and material suppliers to the extent that such rates and quotations were used by the Bidder in formulating and determining the bid. The term bid documentation also includes any manuals, which are standard to the industry used by the Bidder in determining the bid. Such manuals may be included in the bid documentation by reference. Such reference shall include the name and date of the publication and the publisher. Bid Documentation does not include bid documents provided by the Department for use by the Bidder in bidding on this project. The Bid Documentation can be in the form of electronic submittal (i.e. thumb drive) or paper. If the Bidder elects to submit the Bid Documentation in electronic format, the Department requires a backup submittal (i.e. a second thumb drive) in case one is corrupted.

Contractor's Representative - Officer of the Contractor's company; if not an officer, the Contractor shall supply a letter signed and notarized by an officer of the Contractor's company, granting permission for the representative to sign the escrow agreement on behalf of the Contractor.

*Escrow Agent* - Officer of the select banking institution or other bonded document storage facility authorized to receive and release bid documentation.

# **Escrow Agreement Information**

A draft copy of the Escrow Agreement will be mailed to the Bidder after the notice of award for informational purposes. The Bidder and Department will sign the actual Escrow Agreement at the time the bid documentation is delivered to the Escrow Agent.

#### Failure to Provide Bid Documentation

The Bidder's failure to provide the original, unaltered bid documentation or a certified copy of the original, unaltered bid documentation within 10 days after the notice of award is received may be just cause for rescinding the award of the contract and may result in the removal of the Bidder from the Department's list of qualified bidders for a period of up to 180 days. Award may then be made to the next lowest responsible bidder or the work may be readvertised and constructed under the contract or otherwise, as the Department may decide.

#### **Submittal of Bid Documentation**

- (A) Appointment Email <a href="mailto:specs@ncdot.gov">specs@ncdot.gov</a> or call 919.707.6900 to schedule an appointment.
- (B) Delivery A representative of the Bidder shall deliver the original, unaltered bid documentation or a certified copy of the original, unaltered bid documentation to the

Department, in a container suitable for sealing, within 10 days after the notice of award is received.

(C) Packaging – The container shall be no larger than 15.5 inches in length by 12 inches wide by 11 inches high and shall be water resistant. The container shall be clearly marked on the face and the back of the container with the following information: Bid Documentation, Bidder's Name, Bidder's Address, Date of Escrow Submittal, Contract Number, TIP Number if applicable, and County.

#### **Affidavit**

Bid documentation will be considered a certified copy if the Bidder includes an affidavit stating that the enclosed documentation is an EXACT copy of the original documentation used by the Bidder to determine the bid for this project. The affidavit shall also list each bid document with sufficient specificity so a comparison may be made between the list and the bid documentation to ensure that all of the bid documentation listed in the affidavit has been enclosed for escrow. The affidavit shall attest that the affiant has personally examined the bid documentation, that the affidavit lists all of the documents used by the Bidder to determine the bid for this project, and that all bid documentation has been included. The affidavit shall be signed by a chief officer of the company, have the person's name and title typed below the signature, and the signature shall be notarized at the bottom of the affidavit.

#### Verification

Upon delivery of the bid documentation, the Department's Contract Officer and the Bidder's representative will verify the accuracy and completeness of the bid documentation compared to the affidavit. Should a discrepancy exist, the Bidder's representative shall immediately furnish the Department's Contract Officer with any other needed bid documentation. The Department's Contract Officer upon determining that the bid documentation is complete will, in the presence of the Bidder's representative, immediately place the complete bid documentation and affidavit in the container and seal it. Both parties will deliver the sealed container to the Escrow Agent for placement in a safety deposit box, vault, or other secure accommodation.

# **Confidentiality of Bid Documentation**

The bid documentation and affidavit in escrow are, and will remain, the property of the Bidder. The Department has no interest in, or right to, the bid documentation and affidavit other than to verify the contents and legibility of the bid documentation unless the Contractor gives written notice of intent to file a claim, files a written claim, files a written and verified claim, or initiates litigation against the Department. In the event of such written notice of intent to file a claim, filing of a written claim, filing a written and verified claim, or initiation of litigation against the Department, or receipt of a letter from the Contractor authorizing release, the bid documentation and affidavit may become the property of the Department for use in considering any claim or in litigation as the Department may deem appropriate.

Any portion or portions of the bid documentation designated by the Bidder as a *trade secret* at the time the bid documentation is delivered to the Department's Contract Officer shall be protected from disclosure as provided by *G.S. 132-1.2*.

#### **Duration and Use**

The bid documentation and affidavit shall remain in escrow until 60 calendar days from the time the Contractor receives the final estimate; or until such time as the Contractor:

- (A) Gives written notice of intent to file a claim,
- (B) Files a written claim,
- (C) Files a written and verified claim,
- (D) Initiates litigation against the Department related to the contract; or
- (E) Authorizes in writing its release.

Upon the giving of written notice of intent to file a claim, filing a written claim, filing a written and verified claim, or the initiation of litigation by the Contractor against the Department, or receipt of a letter from the Contractor authorizing release, the Department may obtain the release and custody of the bid documentation.

The Bidder certifies and agrees that the sealed container placed in escrow contains all of the bid documentation used to determine the bid and that no other bid documentation shall be relevant or material in litigation over claims brought by the Contractor arising out of this contract.

#### Release of Bid Documentation to the Contractor

If the bid documentation remains in escrow 60 calendar days after the time the Contractor receives the final estimate and the Contractor has not filed a written claim, filed a written and verified claim, or has not initiated litigation against the Department related to the contract, the Department will instruct the Escrow Agent to release the sealed container to the Contractor.

The Contractor will be notified by certified letter from the Escrow Agent that the bid documentation will be released to the Contractor. The Contractor or his representative shall retrieve the bid documentation from the Escrow Agent within 30 days of the receipt of the certified letter. If the Contractor does not receive the documents within 30 days of the receipt of the certified letter, the Department will contact the Contractor to determine final dispersion of the bid documentation.

#### **Payment**

The cost of the escrow will be borne by the Department. There will be no separate payment for all costs of compilation of the data, container, or verification of the bid documentation. Payment at the various contract unit or lump sum prices in the contract will be full compensation for all such costs.

# **TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:**

(7-15-03) 108 SP1 G145

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- (B) Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

#### **OUTSOURCING OUTSIDE THE USA:**

(9-21-04) (Rev. 5-16-06)

SP1 G150

All work on consultant contracts, services contracts, and construction contracts shall be performed in the United States of America. No work shall be outsourced outside of the United States of America.

*Outsourcing* for the purpose of this provision is defined as the practice of subcontracting labor, work, services, staffing, or personnel to entities located outside of the United States.

The North Carolina Secretary of Transportation shall approve exceptions to this provision in writing.

### **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL/STORMWATER CERTIFICATION:**

(1-16-07) (Rev 12-15-20) 105-16, 225-2, 16 SPI G180

#### General

Schedule and conduct construction activities in a manner that will minimize soil erosion and the resulting sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters. Comply with the requirements herein regardless of whether or not a National Pollution discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the work is required.

Establish a chain of responsibility for operations and subcontractors' operations to ensure that the *Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan* is implemented and maintained over the life of the contract.

- (A) Certified Supervisor Provide a certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor to manage the Contractor and subcontractor operations, insure compliance with Federal, State and Local ordinances and regulations, and manage the Quality Control Program.
- (B) Certified Foreman Provide a certified, trained foreman for each construction operation that increases the potential for soil erosion or the possible sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters.
- (C) Certified Installer Provide a certified installer to install or direct the installation for erosion or sediment/stormwater control practices.
- (D) Certified Designer Provide a certified designer for the design of the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of reclamation plans and, if applicable, for the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

#### **Roles and Responsibilities**

- (A) Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor The Certified Supervisor shall be Level II and responsible for ensuring the erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan is adequately implemented and maintained on the project and for conducting the quality control program. The Certified Supervisor shall be on the project within 24 hours notice from initial exposure of an erodible surface to the project's final acceptance. Perform the following duties:
  - (1) Manage Operations Coordinate and schedule the work of subcontractors so that erosion and sediment control/stormwater measures are fully executed for each operation and in a timely manner over the duration of the contract.
    - (a) Oversee the work of subcontractors so that appropriate erosion and sediment control/stormwater preventive measures are conformed to at each stage of the work.
    - (b) Prepare the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Inspection Record and submit to the Engineer.

- (c) Attend all weekly or monthly construction meetings to discuss the findings of the NPDES inspection and other related issues.
- (d) Implement the erosion and sediment control/stormwater site plans requested.
- (e) Provide any needed erosion and sediment control/stormwater practices for the Contractor's temporary work not shown on the plans, such as, but not limited to work platforms, temporary construction, pumping operations, plant and storage yards, and cofferdams.
- (f) Acquire applicable permits and comply with requirements for borrow pits, dewatering, and any temporary work conducted by the Contractor in jurisdictional areas.
- (g) Conduct all erosion and sediment control/stormwater work in a timely and workmanlike manner.
- (h) Fully perform and install erosion and sediment control/stormwater work prior to any suspension of the work.
- (i) Coordinate with Department, Federal, State and Local Regulatory agencies on resolution of erosion and sediment control/stormwater issues due to the Contractor's operations.
- (j) Ensure that proper cleanup occurs from vehicle tracking on paved surfaces or any location where sediment leaves the Right-of-Way.
- (k) Have available a set of erosion and sediment control/stormwater plans that are initialed and include the installation date of Best Management Practices. These practices shall include temporary and permanent groundcover and be properly updated to reflect necessary plan and field changes for use and review by Department personnel as well as regulatory agencies.
- (2) Requirements set forth under the NPDES Permit The Department's NPDES Stormwater permit (NCS000250) outlines certain objectives and management measures pertaining to construction activities. The permit references NCG010000, General Permit to Discharge Stormwater under the NPDES, and states that the Department shall incorporate the applicable requirements into its delegated Erosion and Sediment Control Program for construction activities disturbing one or more acres of land. The Department further incorporates these requirements on all contracted bridge and culvert work at jurisdictional waters, regardless of size. Some of the requirements are, but are not limited to:
  - (a) Control project site waste to prevent contamination of surface or ground waters of the state, i.e. from equipment operation/maintenance, construction materials, concrete washout, chemicals, litter, fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids, any other petroleum products, and sanitary waste.
  - (b) Inspect erosion and sediment control/stormwater devices and stormwater discharge outfalls at least once every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours after a rainfall event equal to or greater than 1.0 inch that occurs within a 24 hour period. Additional monitoring may be required at the discretion of Division of Water Resources personnel if the receiving stream is 303(d) listed for turbidity and the project has had documented problems managing turbidity.

- (c) Maintain an onsite rain gauge or use the Department's Multi-Sensor Precipitation Estimate website to maintain a daily record of rainfall amounts and dates.
- (d) Maintain erosion and sediment control/stormwater inspection records for review by Department and Regulatory personnel upon request.
- (e) Implement approved reclamation plans on all borrow pits, waste sites and staging areas.
- (f) Maintain a log of turbidity test results as outlined in the Department's Procedure for Monitoring Borrow Pit Discharge.
- (g) Provide secondary containment for bulk storage of liquid materials.
- (h) Provide training for employees concerning general erosion and sediment control/stormwater awareness, the Department's NPDES Stormwater Permit NCS000250 requirements, and the applicable requirements of the *General Permit*, NCG010000.
- (i) Report violations of the NPDES permit to the Engineer immediately who will notify the Division of Water Quality Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation.
- (3) Quality Control Program Maintain a quality control program to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow provisions/conditions of permits. The quality control program shall:
  - (a) Follow permit requirements related to the Contractor and subcontractors' construction activities.
  - (b) Ensure that all operators and subcontractors on site have the proper erosion and sediment control/stormwater certification.
  - (c) Notify the Engineer when the required certified erosion and sediment control/stormwater personnel are not available on the job site when needed.
  - (d) Conduct the inspections required by the NPDES permit.
  - (e) Take corrective actions in the proper timeframe as required by the NPDES permit for problem areas identified during the NPDES inspections.
  - (f) Incorporate erosion control into the work in a timely manner and stabilize disturbed areas with mulch/seed or vegetative cover on a section-by-section basis.
  - (g) Use flocculants approved by state regulatory authorities where appropriate and where required for turbidity and sedimentation reduction.
  - (h) Ensure proper installation and maintenance of temporary erosion and sediment control devices.
  - (i) Remove temporary erosion or sediment control devices when they are no longer necessary as agreed upon by the Engineer.
  - (j) The Contractor's quality control and inspection procedures shall be subject to review by the Engineer. Maintain NPDES inspection records and make records available at all times for verification by the Engineer.
- (B) Certified Foreman At least one Certified Foreman shall be onsite for each type of work listed herein during the respective construction activities to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow permit provisions:

- (1) Foreman in charge of grading activities
- (2) Foreman in charge of bridge or culvert construction over jurisdictional areas
- (3) Foreman in charge of utility activities

The Contractor may request to use the same person as the Level II Supervisor and Level II Foreman. This person shall be onsite whenever construction activities as described above are taking place. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

The Contractor may request to name a single Level II Foreman to oversee multiple construction activities on small bridge or culvert replacement projects. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

- (C) *Certified Installers* Provide at least one onsite, Level I Certified Installer for each of the following erosion and sediment control/stormwater crew:
  - (1) Seeding and Mulching
  - (2) Temporary Seeding
  - (3) Temporary Mulching
  - (4) Sodding
  - (5) Silt fence or other perimeter erosion/sediment control device installations
  - (6) Erosion control blanket installation
  - (7) Hydraulic tackifier installation
  - (8) Turbidity curtain installation
  - (9) Rock ditch check/sediment dam installation
  - (10) Ditch liner/matting installation
  - (11) Inlet protection
  - (12) Riprap placement
  - (13) Stormwater BMP installations (such as but not limited to level spreaders, retention/detention devices)
  - (14) Pipe installations within jurisdictional areas

If a Level I Certified Installer is not onsite, the Contractor may substitute a Level II Foreman for a Level I Installer, provided the Level II Foreman is not tasked to another crew requiring Level II Foreman oversight.

(D) Certified Designer - Include the certification number of the Level III Certified Designer on the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of all reclamation plans and if applicable, the certification number of the Level III Certified Designer on the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

# **Preconstruction Meeting**

Furnish the names of the Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer and notify the Engineer of changes in certified personnel over the life of the contract within 2 days of change.

# **Ethical Responsibility**

Any company performing work for the North Carolina Department of Transportation has the ethical responsibility to fully disclose any reprimand or dismissal of an employee resulting from improper testing or falsification of records.

## **Revocation or Suspension of Certification**

Upon recommendation of the Chief Engineer to the certification entity, certification for *Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* may be revoked or suspended with the issuance of an *Immediate Corrective Action (ICA)*, *Notice of Violation (NOV)*, or *Cease and Desist Order* for erosion and sediment control/stormwater related issues.

The Chief Engineer may recommend suspension or permanent revocation of certification due to the following:

- (A) Failure to adequately perform the duties as defined within this certification provision.
- (B) Issuance of an ICA, NOV, or Cease and Desist Order.
- (C) Failure to fully perform environmental commitments as detailed within the permit conditions and specifications.
- (D) Demonstration of erroneous documentation or reporting techniques.
- (E) Cheating or copying another candidate's work on an examination.
- (F) Intentional falsification of records.
- (G) Directing a subordinate under direct or indirect supervision to perform any of the above actions.
- (H) Dismissal from a company for any of the above reasons.
- (I) Suspension or revocation of one's certification by another entity.

Suspension or revocation of a certification will be sent by certified mail to the certificant and the Corporate Head of the company that employs the certificant.

A certificant has the right to appeal any adverse action which results in suspension or permanent revocation of certification by responding, in writing, to the Chief Engineer within 10 calendar days after receiving notice of the proposed adverse action.

Chief Engineer 1536 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1536

Failure to appeal within 10 calendar days will result in the proposed adverse action becoming effective on the date specified on the certified notice. Failure to appeal within the time specified will result in a waiver of all future appeal rights regarding the adverse action taken. The certificant will not be allowed to perform duties associated with the certification during the appeal process.

The Chief Engineer will hear the appeal and make a decision within 7 days of hearing the appeal. Decision of the Chief Engineer will be final and will be made in writing to the certificant.

If a certification is temporarily suspended, the certificant shall pass any applicable written examination and any proficiency examination, at the conclusion of the specified suspension period, prior to having the certification reinstated.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer will be incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

# PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING BORROW PIT DISCHARGE:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 4-5-19)

05-16, 230, 801

SP1 G181

Water discharge from borrow pit sites shall not cause surface waters to exceed 50 NTUs (nephelometric turbidity unit) in streams not designated as trout waters and 10 NTUs in streams, lakes or reservoirs designated as trout waters. For lakes and reservoirs not designated as trout waters, the turbidity shall not exceed 25 NTUs. If the turbidity exceeds these levels due to natural background conditions, the existing turbidity level shall not be increased.

If during any operating day, the downstream water quality exceeds the standard, the Contractor shall do all of the following:

- (A) Either cease discharge or modify the discharge volume or turbidity levels to bring the downstream turbidity levels into compliance, or
- (B) Evaluate the upstream conditions to determine if the exceedance of the standard is due to natural background conditions. If the background turbidity measurements exceed the standard, operation of the pit and discharge can continue as long as the stream turbidity levels are not increased due to the discharge.
- (C) Measure and record the turbidity test results (time, date and sampler) at all defined sampling locations 30 minutes after startup and at a minimum, one additional sampling of all sampling locations during that 24-hour period in which the borrow pit is discharging.
- (D) Notify DWQ within 24 hours of any stream turbidity standard exceedances that are not brought into compliance.

During the Environmental Assessment required by Article 230-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall define the point at which the discharge enters into the State's surface waters and the appropriate sampling locations. Sampling locations shall include points upstream and downstream from the point at which the discharge enters these waters. Upstream sampling location shall be located so that it is not influenced by backwater conditions and represents natural background conditions. Downstream sampling location shall be located at the point where complete mixing of the discharge and receiving water has occurred.

The discharge shall be closely monitored when water from the dewatering activities is introduced into jurisdictional wetlands. Any time visible sedimentation (deposition of sediment) on the wetland surface is observed, the dewatering activity will be suspended until turbidity levels in the stilling basin can be reduced to a level where sediment deposition does not occur. Staining of

wetland surfaces from suspended clay particles, occurring after evaporation or infiltration, does not constitute sedimentation. No activities shall occur in wetlands that adversely affect the functioning of a wetland. Visible sedimentation will be considered an indication of possible adverse impacts on wetland use.

The Engineer will perform independent turbidity tests on a random basis. These results will be maintained in a log within the project records. Records will include, at a minimum, turbidity test results, time, date and name of sampler. Should the Department's test results exceed those of the Contractor's test results, an immediate test shall be performed jointly with the results superseding the previous test results of both the Department and the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the NCDOT Turbidity Reduction Options for Borrow Pits Matrix, available at <a href="https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/TurbidityReductionOptionSheet.pdf">https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/TurbidityReductionOptionSheet.pdf</a> to plan, design, construct, and maintain BMPs to address water quality standards. Tier I Methods include stilling basins which are standard compensatory BMPs. Other Tier I methods are noncompensatory and shall be used when needed to meet the stream turbidity standards. Tier II Methods are also noncompensatory and are options that may be needed for protection of rare or unique resources or where special environmental conditions exist at the site which have led to additional requirements being placed in the DWQ's 401 Certifications and approval letters, Isolated Wetland Permits, Riparian Buffer Authorization or a DOT Reclamation Plan's Environmental Assessment for the specific site. Should the Contractor exhaust all Tier I Methods on a site exclusive of rare or unique resources or special environmental conditions, Tier II Methods may be required by regulators on a case by case basis per supplemental agreement.

The Contractor may use cation exchange capacity (CEC) values from proposed site borings to plan and develop the bid for the project. CEC values exceeding 15 milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil may indicate a high potential for turbidity and should be avoided when dewatering into surface water is proposed.

No additional compensation for monitoring borrow pit discharge will be paid.

# MANDATORY PRE-BID CONFERENCE (Prequalifying To Bid):

In order for all prospective bidders to have an extensive knowledge of the project, all prospective bidders shall attend a mandatory pre-bid conference on April 8, 2021 at 10:00 a.m.

Division 7 Office Large Conference Room 1584 Yanceyville St. Greensboro, NC 27405

OR

Virtual Meeting on Microsoft Teams Call-In Number: 919-733-2511

For any questions pertaining to the pre-bid conference or Microsoft Team invitation, please contact Patty Eason at 336-487-0000.

The pre-bid conference will include a thorough discussion of the plans, contract pay items, special provisions, etc.

Only bidders who have attended and properly registered at the above scheduled pre-bid conference and who have met all other prequalification requirements will be considered prequalified to bid on this project. A bid received from a bidder who has not attended and properly registered at the above scheduled pre-bid conference will not be accepted and considered for award.

Attendance at the pre-bid conference will not meet the requirements of proper registration unless the individual attending has registered at the pre-bid conference in accordance with the following:

- (A) The individual has signed his name on the official roster no later than thirty (30) minutes after the above noted time for the beginning of the conference.
  - The Division staff will take the name, company, e-mail address and phone number of the individual's attending remotely. The names and their company name shall be read aloud and the meeting recorded.
- (B) The individual has written in the name and address of the company he or she represents.
- (C) Only one company has been shown as being represented by the individual attending.
- (D) The individual attending is an officer or permanent employee of the company they are representing.
- (E) The contractors attending the pre-bid conference are limited to 1(one) participant at the inperson meeting. All guidelines contained in Governor Cooper's latest COVID-19 Executive Order must be followed. The contractor may have additional individuals attend the meeting via Microsoft Teams or the conference call number.

Attendance at any prior pre-bid conference will not meet the requirement of this provision.

# **PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

## **ROADWAY**

#### **CLEARING AND GRUBBING - METHOD III:**

(4-6-06) (Rev.8-18-15) 20

SP2 R02B

Perform clearing on this project to the limits established by Method "III" shown on Standard Drawing No. 200.03 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings. Conventional clearing methods may be used except where permit drawings or conditions have been included in the proposal which require certain areas to be cleared by hand methods.

#### **BURNING RESTRICTIONS:**

(7-1-95) 200, 210, 215 SP2 R05

Open burning is not permitted on any portion of the right-of-way limits established for this project. Do not burn the clearing, grubbing or demolition debris designated for disposal and generated from the project at locations within the project limits, off the project limits or at any waste or borrow sites in this county. Dispose of the clearing, grubbing and demolition debris by means other than burning, according to state or local rules and regulations.

# **TEMPORARY DETOURS:**

(7-1-95) (Rev. 11-19-13) 1101 SP2 R30B

Construct temporary detours required on this project in accordance with the typical sections in the plans or as directed.

After the detours have served their purpose, remove the portions deemed unsuitable for use as a permanent part of the project as directed by the Engineer. Salvage and stockpile the aggregate base course removed from the detours at locations within the right of way, as directed by the Engineer, for removal by State Forces. Place pavement and earth material removed from the detour in embankments or dispose of in waste areas furnished by the Contractor.

Aggregate base course and earth material that is removed will be measured and will be paid at the contract unit price per cubic yard for *Unclassified Excavation*. Pavement that is removed will be measured and will be paid at the contract unit price per square yard for *Removal of Existing Pavement*. Pipe culverts removed from the detours remain the property of the Contractor. Pipe culverts that are removed will be measured and will be paid at the contract unit price per linear foot for *Pipe Removal*. Payment for the construction of the detours will be made at the contract unit prices for the various items involved.

Such prices and payments will be full compensation for constructing the detours and for the work of removing, salvaging, and stockpiling aggregate base course; removing pipe culverts; and for placing earth material and pavement in embankments or disposing of earth material and pavement in waste areas.

# **SHOULDER AND FILL SLOPE MATERIAL:**

(5-21-02) 235, 560 SP2 R45 B

#### **Description**

Perform the required shoulder and slope construction for this project in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 560 and Section 235 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

## **Measurement and Payment**

When the Contractor elects to obtain material from an area located beneath a proposed fill sections which does not require excavation for any reason other than to generate acceptable shoulder and fill slope material, the work of performing the excavation will be considered incidental to the item of *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*. If there is no pay item for *Borrow* or *Shoulder Borrow* in the contract, this work will be considered incidental to *Unclassified Excavation*. Stockpile the excavated material in a manner to facilitate measurement by the Engineer. Fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material with suitable material. Payment for material used from the stockpile will be made at the contract unit price for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*, then the material will be paid for at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*. The material used to fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material will be made at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*, or *Shoulder Borrow*, depending on the source of the material.

Material generated from undercut excavation, unclassified excavation or clearing and grubbing operations that is placed directly on shoulders or slope areas, will not be measured separately for payment, as payment for the work requiring the excavation will be considered adequate compensation for depositing and grading the material on the shoulders or slopes.

When undercut excavation is performed at the direction of the Engineer and the material excavated is found to be suitable for use as shoulder and fill slope material, and there is no area on the project currently prepared to receive the material generated by the undercut operation, the Contractor may construct a stockpile for use as borrow at a later date. Payment for the material used from the stockpile will be made at the contract unit price for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*.

When shoulder material is obtained from borrow sources or from stockpiled material, payment for the work of shoulder construction will be made at the contract unit price per cubic yard for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow* in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 230 or Section 560 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

# **COAL COMBUSTION PRODUCTS IN EMBANKMENTS:**

(4-16-02) (Rev. 12-15-20) 235 SP02 R70

#### **Description**

This specification allows the Contractor an option, with the approval of the Engineer, to use coal combustion products (CCPs) in embankments as a substitute for conventional borrow material. The amount of CCPs allowed to be used for this project will be less than 80,000 tons total and less than 8,000 tons per acre.

#### **Materials**

Supply coal combustion products from the Department list of potential suppliers maintained by the Materials and Tests Unit. Site specific approval of CCP material will be required prior to beginning construction.

The following CCPs are unacceptable:

- (A) Frozen material,
- (B) Ash from boilers fired with both coal and petroleum coke, and
- (C) Material with a maximum dry unit weight of less than 65 pounds per cubic foot when tested in accordance with AASHTO T-99 Method A or C.

Collect and transport CCPs in a manner that will prevent nuisances and hazards to public health and safety. Moisture condition the CCPs as needed and transport in covered trucks to prevent dusting.

#### **Preconstruction Requirements**

When CCPs are to be used as a substitute for earth borrow material, request written approval from the Engineer at least ninety (90) days in advance of the intent to use CCPs and include the following details using the NCDOT Form CCP-2015 in accordance with NCGS § 130A-309.219(b)(1):

- (A) Description, purpose and location of project.
- (B) Estimated start and completion dates of project.
- (C) Estimated volume of CCPs to be used on project with specific locations and construction details of the placement.
- (D) Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure analysis from a representative sample of each different CCP source to be used in the project for, at minimum, all of the following constituents: arsenic, barium, cadmium, lead, chromium, mercury, selenium, and silver.
- (E) The names, address, and contact information for the generator of the CCPs.
- (F) Physical location of the project at which the CCPs were generated.

Submit the form to the Engineer and the Resource Conservation Program (RCP) Engineer at ResourceConservation@ncdot.gov for review. The Engineer and the RCP Engineer will coordinate the requirements of NCGS § 130A-309.219(a)(1) and notify the Contractor that all the necessary requirements have been met before the placement of structural fill using coal combustion products is allowed.

#### **Construction Methods**

In accordance with the detail in the plans, place CCPs in the core of the embankment section with at least 4 feet of earth cover to the outside limits of the embankments or subgrade and at least 5 feet above the seasonal high ground-water table. CCPs used in embankments shall not be placed as follows:

- (A) Within 50 feet of any property boundary.
- (B) Within 300 horizontal feet of a private dwelling or well.

- (C) Within 50 horizontal feet of the top of the bank of a perennial stream or other surface water body.
- (D) Within a 100-year floodplain except as authorized under NCGS § 143-215.54A(b). A site located in a floodplain shall not restrict the flow of the 100-year floodplain or result in washout of solid waste so as to pose a hazard to human life, wildlife or land and water resources.
- (E) Within 50 horizontal feet of a wetland, unless, after consideration of the chemical and physical impact on the wetland, the United States Army Corps of Engineers issues a permit or waiver for the fill.

Construct embankments by placing CCPs in level uniform lifts with no more than a lift of 10 inches and compacted to at least a density of 95 percent as determined by test methods in AASHTO T-99, Determination of Maximum Dry Density and Optimum Moisture Content, Method A or C depending upon particle size of the product. Provide a moisture content at the time of compaction of within 4 percent of optimum but not greater than one percent above optimum as determined by AASHTO T-99, Method A or C.

Divert surface waters resulting from precipitation from the CCPs placement area during filling and construction activities. Construct embankments such that rainfall will not run directly off of the CCPs. Provide dust control to minimize airborne emissions. Construct fill in a manner that prevents water from accumulating and ponding and do not pump nor discharge waters from CCP's filling and construction areas.

# **Measurement and Payment**

*Borrow Excavation* will be measured by truck volume and paid in cubic yards in accordance with Article 230-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

#### **MANUFACTURED QUARRY FINES IN EMBANKMENTS:**

(01-17-17) 235 SP02 R72

# **Description**

This specification addresses the use of manufactured quarry fines that are not classified as select materials. The specification allows the Contractor an option, with the approval of the Engineer, to use manufactured quarry fines (MQFs) in embankments as a substitute for conventional borrow material. Furnish and place geotextile for pavement stabilization in accordance with the Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision and detail. Geotextile for pavement stabilization is required to prevent pavement cracking and provide separation between the subgrade and pavement section at embankment locations where manufactured quarry fines are utilized and as directed by the Engineer.

#### **Materials**

Manufactured Quarry Fines.

Site specific approval of MQFs material will be required prior to beginning construction as detailed in the preconstruction requirements of this provision.

The following MQFs are unacceptable:

- (A) Frozen material,
- (B) Material with a maximum dry unit weight of less than 90 pounds per cubic foot when tested in accordance with AASHTO T-99 Method A or C.

(C) Material with greater than 80% by weight Passing the #200 sieve

Collect and transport MQFs in a manner that will prevent nuisances and hazards to public health and safety. Moisture condition the MQFs as needed and transport in covered trucks to prevent dusting. If MQFs are blended with natural earth material, follow Borrow Criteria in Section 1018 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### Geotextiles

Areas of embankment where MQFs are incorporated, Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization shall be used. If the Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision is not included elsewhere in this contract, then it along with a detail will be incorporated as part of the contractors request to use. Notification of subgrade elevation, sampling and waiting period as required in the Construction Methods section of the Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision are not required.

# **Preconstruction Requirements**

When MQFs are to be used as a substitute for earth borrow material, request written approval from the Engineer at least ninety (90) days in advance of the intent to use MQFs and include the following details:

- (A) Description, purpose and location of project.
- (B) Estimated start and completion dates of project.
- (C) Estimated volume of MQFs to be used on project with specific locations and construction details of the placement.
- (D) The names, address, and contact information for the generator of the MQFs.
- (E) Physical location of the site at which the MQFs were generated.

The Engineer will forward this information to the State Materials Engineer for review and material approval.

#### **Construction Methods**

Place MQFs in the core of the embankment section with at least 4 feet of earth cover to the outside limits of the embankments or subgrade.

Construct embankments by placing MQFs in level uniform lifts with no more than a lift of 10 inches and compacted to at least a density of 95 percent as determined by test methods in AASHTO T-99, Determination of Maximum Dry Density and Optimum Moisture Content, Method A or C depending upon particle size of the product. Provide a moisture content at the time of compaction of within 4 percent of optimum but not greater than one percent above optimum as determined by AASHTO T-99, Method A or C.

Areas of embankment where MQFs are incorporated, Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization shall be used. See Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision for geotextile type and construction method.

### **Measurement and Payment**

Borrow Excavation will be measured by truck volume and paid in cubic yards in accordance with Article 230-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. As an alternate weigh tickets can be provided and payment made by converting weight to cubic yards based on the verifiable unit weight. Where the pay item of Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization is included in the original contract the material will be measured and paid in square yards (see Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision). Where the pay item of Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization is not included in the original contract then no payment will be made for this item and will be considered incidental to the use of MQFs in embankment.

#### **FLOWABLE FILL:**

(9-17-02) (Rev 1-17-12)

300, 340, 1000, 1530, 1540, 1550

SP3 R30

#### **Description**

This work consists of all work necessary to place flowable fill in accordance with these provisions, the plans, and as directed.

#### **Materials**

Refer to Division 10 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

ItemSectionFlowable Fill1000-6

#### **Construction Methods**

Discharge flowable fill material directly from the truck into the space to be filled, or by other approved methods. The mix may be placed full depth or in lifts as site conditions dictate. The Contractor shall provide a method to plug the ends of the existing pipe in order to contain the flowable fill.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

At locations where flowable fill is called for on the plans and a pay item for flowable fill is included in the contract, *Flowable Fill* will be measured in cubic yards and paid as the actual number of cubic yards that have been satisfactorily placed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including, but not limited to, the mix design, furnishing, hauling, placing and containing the flowable fill.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitFlowable FillCubic Yard

#### **POLYPROPYLENE CULVERT PIPE:**

(8-20-19) 305,310 SP3 R35

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

# Page 3-5, Article 305-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 12-14, replace with the following:

Where shown in the plans, the Contractor may use reinforced concrete pipe, aluminum alloy pipe, aluminized corrugated steel pipe, HDPE pipe, Polypropylene Pipe, or PVC pipe in accordance with the following requirements.

## Page 3-5, Article 305-2 MATERIALS, add the following after line 16:

Item	Section
Polypropylene Pipe	1032-9

# Page 3-6, Article 310-2 MATERIALS, add the following after line 9:

Item	Section
Polypropylene Pipe	1032-9

**Page 3-6, Article 310-4 SIDE DRAIN PIPE,** lines 24-25, replace the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following:

Where shown in the plans, side drain pipe may be Class II reinforced concrete pipe, aluminized corrugated steel pipe, corrugated aluminum alloy pipe, polypropylene pipe, HDPE pipe or PVC pipe.

**Page 3-7, Article 310-5 PIPE END SECTIONS**, lines 2-4, replace the second sentence with the following:

Both corrugated steel and concrete pipe end sections will work on concrete pipe, corrugated steel pipe, polypropylene pipe, and HDPE smooth lined corrugated plastic pipe.

#### Page 3-7, Article 310-6 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, add the following after line 14:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
" Polypropylene Pipe	Linear Foot

### Page 10-60, add Article 1032-9:

#### (A) General

Use polypropylene pipe from sources participating in the Department's Polypropylene Pipe QA/QC Program. A list of participating sources is available from the Materials and Tests Unit. The Department will remove a manufacturer of polypropylene pipe from this program if the monitoring efforts indicated that non-specification material is being provided or test procedures are not being followed.

Use polypropylene culvert pipe that meets AASHTO M 330 for Type S or Type D, or ASTM F2881 or ASTM F2764 Double or Triple wall; and has been evaluated by NTPEP.

# (B) End Treatments, Pipe Tees and Elbows

End treatments, pipe tees and elbows shall meet AASHTO M 330, Section 7.7, or ASTM F2764, Section 6.6.

# (C) Marking

Clearly mark each section of pipe, end section, tee and elbow and other accessories according to the Department's Polypropylene Pipe QC/QA Program:

- (1) AASHTO or ASTM Designation
- (2) The date of manufacture
- (3) Name or trademark of the manufacturer

When polypropylene pipe, end sections, tees and elbows have been inspected and accepted a sticker will be applied to the inside of the pipe. Do no use pipe sections, flared end sections, tees or elbows which do not have this seal of approval.

# **BRIDGE APPROACH FILLS:**

(10-19-10) (Rev. 1-16-18) 422 SP4 R02A

## **Description**

Bridge approach fills consist of backfilling behind bridge end bents with select material or aggregate to support all or portions of bridge approach slabs. Install drains to drain water from bridge approach fills and geotextiles to separate approach fills from embankment fills, ABC and natural ground as required. For bridge approach fills behind end bents with mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) abutment walls, reinforce bridge approach fills with MSE wall reinforcement connected to end bent caps. Construct bridge approach fills in accordance with the contract, accepted submittals and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 422.01 or 422.02 or Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

Define bridge approach fill types as follows:

Approach Fills – Bridge approach fills in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 422.01 or 422.02 or Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10;

Standard Approach Fill – Type I Standard Bridge Approach Fill in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 422.01;

Modified Approach Fill – Type II Modified Bridge Approach Fill in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 422.02 and

Reinforced Approach Fill – Type III Reinforced Bridge Approach Fill in accordance with Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

#### **Materials**

Refer to Division 10 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Geotextiles, Type 1	1056
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Select Materials	1016
Subsurface Drainage Materials	1044

Provide Type 1 geotextile for separation geotextiles and Class B concrete for outlet pads. Use Class V or Class VI select material for standard and modified approach fills. For an approach fill behind a bridge end bent with an MSE abutment wall, backfill the reinforced approach fill with the same aggregate type approved for the reinforced zone in the accepted MSE wall submittal. For MSE wall aggregate, reinforcement and connector materials, see the *Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls* provision. Provide PVC pipes, fittings and outlet pipes for subsurface drainage materials. For PVC drain pipes, use pipes with perforations that meet AASHTO M 278.

#### **Construction Methods**

Excavate as necessary for approach fills in accordance with the contract. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place separation geotextiles or aggregate until approach fill dimensions and foundation material are approved.

For reinforced approach fills, cast MSE wall reinforcement or connectors into end bent cap backwalls within 3" of locations shown in the accepted MSE wall submittals. Install MSE wall reinforcement with the orientation, dimensions and number of layers shown in the accepted MSE wall submittals. If a reinforced approach fill is designed with geogrid reinforcement embedded in an end bent cap, cut geogrids to the required lengths and after securing ends of geogrids in place, reroll and rewrap portions of geogrids not embedded in the cap to protect geogrids from damage. Before placing aggregate, pull geosynthetic reinforcement taut so that it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases.

Attach separation geotextiles to end bent cap backwalls and wing walls with adhesives, tapes or other approved methods. Overlap adjacent separation geotextiles at least 18" with seams oriented parallel to the roadway centerline. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed. Contact the Engineer when existing or future obstructions such as foundations, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with separation geotextiles or MSE wall reinforcement.

Install continuous perforated PVC drain pipes with perforations pointing down in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 422.01 or 422.02. Connect drain pipes to outlet pipes just beyond wing walls. Connect PVC pipes, fittings and outlet pipes with solvent cement in accordance with Article 815-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and place outlet pads in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 815.03.

Install drain pipes so water drains towards outlets. If the groundwater elevation is above drain pipe elevations, raise drains up to maintain positive drainage towards outlets. Place pipe sleeves in or under wing walls so water drains towards outlets. Use sleeves that can withstand wing wall loads.

Place select material or aggregate in 8" to 10" thick lifts. Compact fine aggregate for reinforced approach fills in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications except compact fine aggregate to a density of at least 98%. Compact select material for standard or modified approach fills and coarse aggregate for reinforced approach fills with a vibratory compactor to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Do not displace or damage geosynthetics, MSE wall reinforcement or drains when placing and compacting select material or aggregate. End dumping directly on geosynthetics is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on geosynthetics or drain pipes until they are covered with at least 8" of select material or aggregate. Replace any damaged geosynthetics or drains to the satisfaction of the Engineer. When approach fills extend beyond bridge approach slabs, wrap separation geotextiles over select material or aggregate as shown in 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 422.01 or 2018 Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Type I Standard Approach Fill, Station \_\_\_\_\_, Type II Modified Approach Fill, Station \_\_\_\_\_ and Type III Reinforced Approach Fill, Station \_\_\_\_\_ will be paid at the contract lump sum price. The lump sum price for each approach fill will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and approach fill materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials, installing geotextiles and drains, compacting backfill and supplying select material, aggregate, separation geotextiles, drain pipes, pipe sleeves, outlet pipes and pads and any incidentals necessary to construct approach fills behind bridge end bents.

The contract lump sum price for *Type III Reinforced Approach Fill, Station* \_\_\_\_ will also be full compensation for supplying and connecting MSE wall reinforcement to end bent caps but not designing MSE wall reinforcement and connectors. The cost of designing reinforcement and connectors for reinforced approach fills behind bridge end bents with MSE abutment walls will be incidental to the contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No.* .

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Type I Standard Approach Fill, Station	Lump Sum
Type II Modified Approach Fill, Station	Lump Sum
Type III Reinforced Approach Fill, Station	Lump Sum

# **AGGREGATE SUBGRADE:**

(5-15-18) 505 SP5 R8

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### Page 5-8, Article 505-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 4-6, replace the paragraph with the following:

Construct aggregate subgrades in accordance with the contract. Install geotextile for soil stabilization and place Class IV subgrade stabilization at locations shown in the plans and as directed.

Undercut natural soil materials if necessary to construct aggregate subgrades. Define "subbase" as the portion of the roadbed below the Class IV subgrade stabilization. For Type 2 aggregate

subgrades, undercut subbases as needed. The types of aggregate subgrade with thickness and compaction requirements for each are as shown below.

**Type 1** – A 6 to 24 inch thick aggregate subgrade with Class IV subgrade stabilization compacted to 92% of AASHTO T 180 as modified by the Department or to the highest density that can be reasonably obtained.

**Type 2** – An 8 inch thick aggregate subgrade on a proof rolled subbase with Class IV subgrade stabilization compacted to 97% of AASHTO T 180 as modified by the Department.

Page 5-8, Article 505-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 12, insert the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

For Type 2 aggregate subgrades, proof roll subbases in accordance with Section 260 before installing geotextile for soil stabilization.

Page 5-8, Article 505-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 16-17, replace the last sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

Compact ABC as required for the type of aggregate subgrade constructed.

Page 5-8, Article 505-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 26, insert the following after the last sentence of the first paragraph:

*Undercut Excavation* of natural soil materials from subbases for Type 2 aggregate subgrades will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 225-7 or 226-3. No measurement will be made for any undercut excavation of fill materials from subbases.

# CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION IN LIEU OF CHEMICAL STABILIZATION: (6-16-15) (Rev. 5-15-18) 501, 542 SP5 R17

# **Description**

In lieu of chemical stabilization, provide Class IV subgrade stabilization by replacing 8 inches of subgrade soils with geotextile and Class IV select material. This substitution is allowed in full typical section width and cannot result in chemically stabilized sections less than 1,000 feet in length, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. This substitution is not allowed for chemically stabilized sections with geotextile for pavement stabilization. Notify the Engineer at least 30 days in advance of starting Class IV subgrade stabilization in lieu of chemical stabilization. Define "subbase" as the portion of the roadbed below the Class IV subgrade stabilization.

#### **Materials**

Refer to the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4	1056
Select Material, Class IV	1016

Use Class IV select material for Class IV subgrade stabilization.

#### **Construction Methods**

Before placing geotextile for soil stabilization below Class IV subgrade stabilization, proof roll subbases in accordance with Section 260 of the Standard Specifications. Install geotextile for soil stabilization in accordance with Article 270-3 in the 2018 Standard Specifications. Place, compact and maintain Class IV subgrade stabilization in accordance with Article 505-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for a Type 2 aggregate subgrade.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Class IV Subgrade Stabilization in Lieu of Chemical Stabilization will be paid at the prices established in the contract that relate to the chemical stabilization type that is being replaced (lime or cement). No direct payment will be made for additional excavation required to accommodate this alternate.

The total amount paid for this subgrade stabilization alternative will be limited to the contract amounts per square yard for replacement for Portland cement or lime, theoretical tons of Portland cement or lime replaced, mixing of cement or lime, and theoretical gallons of asphalt curing seal replaced at the rate of 0.15 gallons per square yard.

A supplement agreement will be executed prior to starting the work to create a square yard price for the *Class IV Subgrade Stabilization in Lieu of Chemical Stabilization* and deleting the quantities associated with the work being replaced.

# PRICE ADJUSTMENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:

(11-21-00) 620 SP6 R25

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is \$ 450.38 per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on March 1, 2021.

# FINAL SURFACE TESTING NOT REQUIRED:

(5-18-04) (Rev. 2-16-16) SP6 R45

Final surface testing is not required on this project in accordance with Section 610-13, *Final Surface Testing and Acceptance*.

### **MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT:**

(1-15-19) 607 SP6 R59

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-5, Article 607-2, EQUIPMENT, lines 14-16, delete the seventh sentence of this Article and replace with the following:

Use either a non-contacting laser or sonar type ski system with a minimum of three referencing stations mounted on the milling machine at a length of at least 24 feet.

# OPEN GRADED ASPHALT FRICTION COURSE, PERMEABLE ASPHALT DRAINAGE COURSE, AND ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING COURSE:

(4-17-12)(Rev. 12-15-15) 609, 610 SP6 R62

When producing and constructing open graded asphalt friction course, permeable asphalt drainage course, and ultra-thin bonded wearing course revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-9, Subarticle 609-6(B) Required Sampling and Testing Frequencies, delete the third paragraph and replace with the following:

Sample and test the completed mixture from each mix design per plant per year at the following minimum frequency during mix production:

Accumulative Production Increment Number of Samples per Increment 500 tons

**Page 6-9, Subarticle 609-6(C) Control Charts,** delete the second paragraph and replace with the following:

Record the following data on the standardized control charts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 7.4 of the *Asphalt QMS Manual*:

- (a) Aggregate Gradation Test Results:
  - 1. 12.5 mm (<u>Types P57 & FC-2 Mod. Only</u>)
  - 2. 9.5 mm (Excluding Type P57)
  - 3. 4.75 mm
  - 4. 2.36 mm
  - 5. 0.075 mm Sieves
- (b) Binder Content, %, P<sub>b</sub>

Page 6-10, Subarticle 609-6(D) Control Limits, Table 609-1 CONTROL LIMITS, replace with the following:

Mix Control Criteria	Target Source	Moving Average Limit	Individual Limit
12.5 mm Sieve (Types P57 & FC-2 Mod)	JMF	± 4.0	± 8.0
9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P57)	JMF	± 4.0	± 8.0
4.75 mm Sieve	JMF	± 4.0	± 8.0
2.36 mm Sieve	JMF	± 4.0	± 8.0
0.075 mm Sieve	JMF	± 1.5	± 2.5
Binder Content	JMF	± 0.3	± 0.7
TSR (Ultra-thin Only)	Min. Spec. Limit	-	- 15%

Page 6-12, Subarticle 609-6(F) Allowable Retesting for Mix Deficiencies, Table 609-2 RETEST LIMITS FOR MIX DEFICIENCIES, replace with the following:

TABLE 609-2 RETEST LIMITS FOR MIX DEFICIENCIES	
Property	Limit
% Binder Content	by more than $\pm 1.0\%$
12.5 mm Sieve (Types P 57 & FC-2 Mod)	by more than $\pm 9.0\%$
9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P 57)	by more than $\pm 9.0\%$
4.75 mm sieve	by more than $\pm 9.0\%$
2.36 mm sieve	by more than $\pm 9.0\%$
0.075 mm sieve	by more than $\pm 3.0\%$
TSR (Ultra-thin only)	by more than -15%
	from Specification limit

Page 6-14, Article 609-9 QUALITY ASSURANCE, Table 609-3 LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS, replace with the following:

TABLE 609-3	
LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS	
Mix Property	Limits of Precision
12.5 mm Sieve (Types P 57 & FC-2 Mod. Only)	± 6.0%
9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P 57)	± 5.0%
4.75 mm Sieve	± 5.0%
2.36 mm Sieve	± 5.0%
0.075 mm Sieve	± 2.0%
Asphalt Binder Content	± 0.5%
TSR (Ultra-thin HMA Only)	± 15.0%

# Page 6-16, Article 610-3, COMPOSITION OF MIXTURES (MIX DESIGN AND JOB MIX FORMULA), line 30, add the following at the end of the sixth paragraph:

For OGAFC, the maximum percent of binder contributed from RAS or a combination of RAS and RAP is 18%.

# **OPEN GRADED ASPHALT FRICTION COURSE:**

(1-15-19) 650 SP6 R63

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

# Page 6-37, Article 650-5, CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 2-4, delete items (A) and (B) and replace with the following:

- (A) Use Asphalt Binder Grade PG 58-28, Grade PG 64-22 tack coat material, or an approved non-tracking hot-applied (NTHA) asphalt tack coat material.
- (B) Uniformly apply the asphalt binder tack coat material at an applied rate of 0.06 to 0.08 gal/sy, or as directed. Uniformly apply the NTHA asphalt tack coat material at a rate of 0.10 to 0.14 gal/sy, or as directed.

# **ASPHALT CONCRETE PLANT MIX PAVEMENTS:**

(2-20-18) (Rev.1-15-19) 610, 1012 SP6 R65

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-14, Table 609-3, LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS, replace with the following:

TABLE 609-3 LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS	
Mix Property	Limits of Precision
25.0 mm sieve (Base Mix)	± 10.0%
19.0 mm sieve (Base Mix)	± 10.0%
12.5 mm sieve (Intermediate & Type P-57)	± 6.0%
9.5 mm sieve (Surface Mix)	± 5.0%
4.75 mm sieve (Surface Mix)	± 5.0%
2.36 mm sieve (All Mixes, except S4.75A)	± 5.0%
1.18 mm sieve (S4.75A)	± 5.0%
0.075 mm sieve (All Mixes)	$\pm2.0\%$
Asphalt Binder Content	$\pm~0.5\%$
Maximum Specific Gravity (G <sub>mm</sub> )	$\pm 0.020$
Bulk Specific Gravity (Gmb)	$\pm \ 0.030$
TSR	± 15.0%
QA retest of prepared QC Gyratory Compacted Volumetric Specimens	$\pm~0.015$
Retest of QC Core Sample	± 1.2% (% Compaction)
Comparison QA Core Sample	± 2.0% (% Compaction)
QA Verification Core Sample	± 2.0% (% Compaction)
Density Gauge Comparison of QC Test	± 2.0% (% Compaction)

OA Density Gauge Verification Test $\pm 2.0\%$ (% Compaction)	OA Density Gauge Verification Test	± 2.0% (% Compaction)
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Page 6-17, Table 610-1, MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT, replace with the following:

TABLE 610-1	
MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT	
Binder Grade	JMF Temperature
PG 58-28; PG 64-22	250 - 290°F
PG 76-22	300 - 325°F

Page 6-17, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), lines 38-39, delete the fourth paragraph.

Page 6-18, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), line 12, replace "SF9.5A" with "S9.5B".

Page 6-18, Table 610-3, MIX DESIGN CRITERIA, replace with the following:

TABLE 610-3 MIX DESIGN CRITERIA									
Mix	Design ESALs millions <sup>A</sup>	Binder PG Grade	Compaction Levels Gmm @		Max. Rut Depth	Volumetric Properties <sup>B</sup>			
Type						VMA V	VTM	VFA	%G <sub>mm</sub>
			Nini	Ndes	(mm)	% Min.	%	MinMax.	@ Nini
S4.75A	< 1	64 - 22	6	50	11.5	16.0	4.0 - 6.0	65 - 80	≤ 91.5
S9.5B	0 - 3	64 - 22	6	50	9.5	16.0	3.0 - 5.0	70 - 80	≤ 91.5
S9.5C	3 - 30	64 - 22	7	65	6.5	15.5	3.0 - 5.0	65 - 78	≤ 90.5
S9.5D	> 30	76 - 22	8	100	4.5	15.5	3.0 - 5.0	65 - 78	≤ 90.0
I19.0C	ALL	64 - 22	7	65	-	13.5	3.0 - 5.0	65 - 78	≤ 90.5
B25.0C	ALL	64 - 22	7	65	-	12.5	3.0 - 5.0	65 - 78	≤ 90.5
	Design Parameter					Design Criteria			
All Mix	Dust to Binder Ratio (P <sub>0.075</sub> / P <sub>be</sub> )				0.6 - 1.4 <sup>C</sup>				
Types	Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) D				85% Min. <sup>E</sup>				

- **A.** Based on 20 year design traffic.
- $\boldsymbol{B.}$  Volumetric Properties based on specimens compacted to  $N_{\text{des}}$  as modified by the Department.
- C. Dust to Binder Ratio  $(P_{0.075} / P_{be})$  for Type S4.75A is 1.0 2.0.
- **D.** NCDOT-T-283 (No Freeze-Thaw cycle required).
- E. TSR for Type S4.75A & B25.0C mixes is 80% minimum.

Page 6-19, Table 610-5, BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%), replace with the following:

TABLE 610-5
BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%)

Mix Type	%RBR ≤ 20%	$21\% \le \% RBR \le 30\%$	$\%$ RBR $\geq 30\%$
S4.75A, S9.5B,			
S9.5C, I19.0C,	PG 64-22	PG 64-22 <sup>A</sup>	PG-58-28
B25.0C			
S9.5D, OGFC	PG 76-22 <sup>B</sup>	n/a	n/a

A. If the mix contains any amount of RAS, the virgin binder shall be PG 58-28.

**B.** Maximum Recycled Binder Replacement (%RBR) is 18% for mixes using PG 76-22 binder.

Page 6-20, Table 610-6, PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT, replace with the following:

TABLE 610-6 PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT			
Asphalt Concrete Mix Type	Minimum Surface and Air Temperature		
B25.0C	35°F		
I19.0C	35°F		
S4.75A, S9.5B, S9.5C	40°F <sup>A</sup>		
S9.5D	50°F		

**A.** For the final layer of surface mixes containing recycled asphalt shingles (RAS), the minimum surface and air temperature shall be 50°F.

Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 34-35, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use an MTV for all surface mix regardless of binder grade on Interstate, US Routes, and NC Routes (primary routes) that have 4 or more lanes and median divided.

Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 36-38, delete the fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Use MTV for all ramps, loops, Y-line that have 4 or more lanes and are median divided, full width acceleration lanes, full width deceleration lanes, and full width turn lanes that are greater than 1000 feet in length.

Page 6-23, Table 610-7, DENSITY REQUIREMENTS, replace with the following:

TABLE 610-7 DENSITY REQUIREMENTS		
Mix Type	Minimum % G <sub>mm</sub> (Maximum Specific Gravity)	
S4.75A	85.0 A	
S9.5B	90.0	
S9.5C, S9.5D, I19.0C, B25.0C	92.0	

**A.** Compaction to the above specified density will be required when the S4.75A mix is applied at a rate of 100 lbs/sy or higher.

Page 6-24, Article 610-13, FINAL SURFACE TESTING, lines 35-36, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Final surface testing is not required on ramps, loops and turn lanes.

Page 6-26, Subarticle 610-13(A)(1), Acceptance for New Construction, lines 29-30, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Areas excluded from testing by the profiler may be tested using a 10-foot straightedge in accordance with Article 610-12.

# Page 6-27, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 41-46, delete the eighth and ninth sentence of this paragraph and replace with the following:

Take profiles over the entire length of the final surface travel lane pavement exclusive of structures, approach slabs, paved shoulders, tapers, or other irregular shaped areas of pavement, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Test in accordance with this provision all mainline travel lanes, full width acceleration or deceleration lanes and collector lanes.

Page 6-28, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 1-2, delete these two lines.

Page 6-32, Article 610-16 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, replace with the following:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0C	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S4.75A	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5B	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5C	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5D	Ton

Page 10-30, Table 1012-1, AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIES, replace with the following:

TABLE 1012-1 AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIES<sup>A</sup>

Mix Type	Coarse Aggregate Angularity <sup>B</sup>	Fine Aggregate Angularity % Minimum	Sand Equivalent % Minimum	Flat and Elongated 5:1 Ratio % Maximum
Test Method	ASTM D5821	AASHTO T 304	AASHTO T 176	ASTM D4791
S4.75A; S9.5B	75 / -	40	40	-
S9.5C; I19.0C; B25.0C	95 / 90	45	45	10
S9.5D	100 / 100	45	50	10
OGFC	100 / 100	45	45	10
UBWC	100 / 85	45	45	10

**A**. Requirements apply to the design aggregate blend.

**B.** 95 / 90 denotes that 95% of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 90% has 2 or more fractured faces.

# **AUTOMATED MACHINE GUIDANCE**

(1-2-11) 801 SP8 R01

#### General

This Special Provision contains requirements to be followed if the Contractor elects to use Global Positioning System (GPS) machine control grading and shall be used in conjunction with Section 801 of the *Standard Specifications*. The use of this technology is referenced as Automated Machine Guidance (AMG).

All equipment using AMG shall be able to generate end results that meet the *Standard Specifications*. Perform test sections for each type of work to be completed with AMG to demonstrate that the system has the capability to achieve acceptable results. If acceptable results cannot be achieved, conform to the requirements for conventional stakeout.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all errors resulting from the use of AMG and shall correct deficiencies to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no cost to the Department.

#### **Submittals**

If the Contractor elects to use AMG, a Digital Terrain Model (DTM) of the design surface and all intermediate surfaces shall be developed and submitted to the Engineer for review.

At least 90 days prior to beginning grading operations, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer an AMG work plan to include, but not limited to, proposed equipment, control software manufacturer and version, types of work to be completed using AMG, project site calibration report, repetitive calibration methods for construction equipment and rover units to be used for the duration of the project, and local GPS base station to be used for broadcasting differential correction data to rover units (this may include the NC Network RTK). All surveys must be tied to existing project control as established by NCDOT.

#### Inspection

The Engineer will perform quality assurance checks of all work associated with AMG. If it is determined that work is not being performed in a manner that will assure accurate results, the Engineer may require corrective action at no cost to the Department.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with one GPS rover unit for use during the duration of the contract. The rover will be loaded with the same model that is used with the AMG and have the same capability as rover units used by the Contractor. The rover will be kept in the possession of the Engineer and will be returned to the Contractor upon completion of the contract. Any maintenance or repairs required for the rover will be the responsibility of the Contractor. Formal training of at least 8 hours shall be provided to the Engineer by the Contractor on the use of the proposed AMG system.

# **Subgrade and Base Controls**

If the Contractor elects to use AMG for fine grading and placement of base or other roadway materials, the GPS shall be supplemented with a laser or robotic total station. Include details of

the proposed system in the AMG work plan. In addition, the following requirements apply for the use of AMG for subgrade and base construction.

Provide control points at intervals along the project not to exceed 1,000 feet. The horizontal position of these points shall be determined by static GPS sessions or by traverse connection from the original base line control points. The elevation of these control points shall be established using differential leveling from project benchmarks, forming closed loops where practical. A copy of all new control point information shall be provided to the Engineer prior to construction activities.

Provide control points and conventional survey grade stakes at 500 foot intervals and at critical points such as, but not limited to, PCs, PTs, superelevation transition points, and other critical points as requested by the Engineer.

Provide hubs at the top of the finished subgrade at all hinge points on the cross section at 500 foot intervals. These hubs shall be established using conventional survey methods for use by the Engineer to check the accuracy of construction.

# **Measurement and Payment**

No direct payment will be made for work required to utilize this provision. All work will be considered incidental to various grading operations.

## **SUPPLEMENTAL SURVEYING:**

(4-20-21) 801 SP8 R03

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 8-7, Article 801-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 10-11, replace with the following:

Supplemental Surveying Office Calculations will be paid at the stated price of \$85.00 per hour. Supplemental Field Surveying will be paid at the stated price of \$145.00 per hour. The

# **42" CONCRETE BARRIER WITH MOMENT SLAB**

#### **Description**

The Contractor shall construct 42" Concrete Barrier with Moment Slab as shown in the plans, details, and as directed by the Engineer.

### **Materials**

Refer to Division 10 of the Standard Specifications:

Item	Section
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel	1070-7

Use Class AA Concrete for concrete barrier and Class AA Concrete for moment slabs in accordance with Article 1000-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. Use epoxy coated reinforcing steel for concrete barrier in accordance with Article 1070-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

42" Concrete Barrier with Moment Slab will be paid for at the lump sum contract price. Such price and payment will include all materials, tools, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to satisfactorily compete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item 42" Concrete Barrier with Moment slab **Pay Unit** Lump Sum

#### **GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE - TL-3:**

(4-20-04) (Rev. 7-1-17)

862

SP8 R65

# **Description**

Furnish and install guardrail end units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, and at locations shown in the plans.

#### **Materials**

Furnish guardrail end units listed on the NCDOT <u>Approved Products List</u> at https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/vendor/approvedproducts/ or approved equal.

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer:

- (A) FHWA acceptance letter for each guardrail end unit certifying it meets the requirements of the AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware, Test Level 3, in accordance with Article 106-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.
- (B) Certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each guardrail end unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

No modifications shall be made to the guardrail end unit without the express written permission from the manufacturer. Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

#### **Construction Methods**

Guardrail end delineation is required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Article 1088-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and is incidental to the cost of the guardrail end unit.

### **Measurement and Payment**

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Article 862-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitGuardrail End Units, Type TL-3Each

# **GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS AND TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS:**

-16-2018)

SP8 R7

Guardrail anchor units will be in accordance with the details in the plans and the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

## Page 8-42, Article 862-6 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, add the following:

Guardrail Anchor Units, Type \_\_\_ and Temporary Guardrail Anchor Units Type \_\_\_ will be measured and paid as units of each completed and accepted. No separate measurement will be made of any rail, terminal sections, posts, offset blocks, concrete, hardware or any other components of the completed unit that are within the pay limits shown in the plans for the unit as all such components will be considered to be part of the unit.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitGuardrail Anchor Units, TypeEachTemporary Guardrail Anchor Units, TypeEach

#### **IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3:**

(4-20-04) (Rev. 12-18-18)

SP8 R75

#### **Description**

Furnish and install impact attenuator units and any components necessary to connect the impact attenuator units in accordance with the manufacturer's requirement, the details in the plans and at locations shown in the plans.

#### **Materials**

Furnish impact attenuator units listed on the <u>Approved Products List</u> at <a href="https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/vendor/approvedproducts/">https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/vendor/approvedproducts/</a> or approved equal. Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer:

(A) FHWA acceptance letter for each impact attenuator unit certifying it meets the requirements of the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH-16), Test Level 3, in accordance with Article 106-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

(B) Certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each impact attenuator unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

No modifications shall be made to the impact attenuator unit without the express written permission from the manufacturer. Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

#### **Construction Methods**

If the median width is 40 feet or less, the Contractor shall supply NON-GATING Impact Attenuator Units.

If the median width is greater than 40 feet, the Contractor may use GATING or NON-GATING Impact Attenuator Units.

## **Measurement and Payment**

Impact Attenuator Unit, Type TL-3 will be measured and paid at the contract unit price per each. Such prices and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including, but not limited to, furnishing, installing and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitImpact Attenuator Units, Type TL-3Each

## FOUNDATIONS AND ANCHOR ROD ASSEMBLIES FOR METAL POLES:

(1-17-12) (Rev. 1-16-18) 9, 14, 17

SP9 R05

#### **Description**

Foundations for metal poles include foundations for signals, cameras, overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) and high mount and light standards supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Foundations consist of footings with pedestals and drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings. Anchor rod assemblies consist of anchor rods (also called anchor bolts) with nuts and washers on the exposed ends of rods and nuts and a plate or washers on the other ends of rods embedded in the foundation.

Construct concrete foundations with the required resistances and dimensions and install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct drilled piers consisting of cast-in-place reinforced concrete cylindrical sections in excavated holes. Provide temporary casings or polymer slurry as needed to stabilize drilled pier excavations. Use a prequalified Drilled Pier Contractor to construct drilled piers for metal poles. Define "excavation" and "hole" as a drilled pier excavation and "pier" as a drilled pier.

This provision does not apply to foundations for signal pedestals; see Section 1743 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1743.01.

#### **Materials**

Refer to the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Conduit	1091-3
Grout, Type 2	1003
Polymer Slurry	411-2(B)(2)
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Rollers and Chairs	411-2(C)
Temporary Casings	411-2(A)

Provide Type 3 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for conduit, rollers, chairs and anchor rod assemblies. Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store foundation and anchor rod assembly materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

Use conduit type in accordance with the contract. Use Class A concrete for footings and pedestals, Class Drilled Pier concrete for drilled piers and Class AA concrete for grade beams and wings including portions of drilled piers above bottom of wings elevations. Corrugated temporary casings may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A list of approved polymer slurry products is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Provide anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract consisting of the following:

- (A) Straight anchor rods,
- (B) Heavy hex top and leveling nuts and flat washers on exposed ends of rods, and
- (C) Nuts and either flat plates or washers on the other ends of anchor rods embedded in foundations.

Do not use lock washers. Use steel anchor rods, nuts and washers that meet ASTM F1554 for Grade 55 rods and Grade A nuts. Use steel plates and washers embedded in concrete with a thickness of at least 1/4". Galvanize anchor rods and exposed nuts and washers in accordance with Article 1076-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. It is not necessary to galvanize nuts, plates and washers embedded in concrete.

#### **Construction Methods**

Install the required size and number of conduits in foundations in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. Construct top of piers, footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings flat, level and within 1" of elevations shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer. Provide an Ordinary Surface finish in accordance with Subarticle 825-6(B) of the 2018 Standard Specifications for portions of foundations exposed above finished grade. Do not remove anchor bolt templates or pedestal or grade beam forms or erect metal poles or upright trusses onto foundations until concrete attains a compressive strength of at least 3,000 psi.

# (A) Drilled Piers

Before starting drilled pier construction, hold a predrill meeting to discuss the installation, monitoring and inspection of the drilled piers. Schedule this meeting after the Drilled Pier Contractor has mobilized to the site. The Resident or Division Traffic Engineer, Contractor and Drilled Pier Contractor Superintendent will attend this predrill meeting.

Do not excavate holes, install piles or allow equipment wheel loads or vibrations within 20 ft of completed piers until 16 hours after Drilled Pier concrete reaches initial set.

Check for correct drilled pier alignment and location before beginning drilling. Check plumbness of holes frequently during drilling.

Construct drilled piers with the minimum required diameters shown in the plans. Install piers with tip elevations no higher than shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Excavate holes with equipment of the sizes required to construct drilled piers. Depending on the subsurface conditions encountered, drilling through rock and boulders may be required. Do not use blasting for drilled pier excavations.

Contain and dispose of drilling spoils and waste concrete as directed and in accordance with Section 802 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Drilling spoils consist of all materials and fluids removed from excavations.

If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, stabilize holes with temporary casings and/or polymer slurry. Do not use telescoping temporary casings. If it becomes necessary to replace a temporary casing during drilling, backfill the excavation, insert a larger casing around the casing to be replaced or stabilize the excavation with polymer slurry before removing the temporary casing.

If temporary casings become stuck or the Contractor proposes leaving casings in place, temporary casings should be installed against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise approved, do not leave temporary casings in place for mast arm poles and cantilever signs. The Engineer will determine if casings may remain in place. If the Contractor proposes leaving temporary casings in place, do not begin drilling until a casing installation method is approved.

Use polymer slurry and additives to stabilize holes in accordance with the slurry manufacturer's recommendations. Provide mixing water and equipment suitable for polymer slurry. Maintain the required slurry properties at all times except for sand content.

Define a "sample set" as slurry samples collected from mid-height and within 2 ft of the bottom of holes. Take sample sets from excavations to test polymer slurry immediately after filling holes with slurry, at least every 4 hours thereafter and immediately before placing concrete. Do not place Drilled Pier concrete until both slurry samples from an excavation meet the required polymer slurry properties. If any slurry test results do not meet the required polymer may suspend drilling until both samples from a sample set meet the required polymer slurry properties.

Remove soft and loose material from bottom of holes using augers to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Assemble rebar cages and place cages and Drilled Pier concrete in accordance with Subarticle 411-4(E) of the 2018 Standard Specifications except for the following:

- (1) Inspections for tip resistance and bottom cleanliness are not required,
- (2) Temporary casings may remain in place if approved, and
- (3) Concrete placement may be paused near the top of pier elevations for anchor rod assembly installation and conduit placement or
- (4) If applicable, concrete placement may be stopped at bottom of grade beam or wings elevations for grade beam or wing construction.

If wet placement of concrete is anticipated or encountered, do not place Drilled Pier concrete until a concrete placement procedure is approved. If applicable, temporary casings and fluids may be removed when concrete placement is paused or stopped in accordance with the exceptions above provided holes are stable. Remove contaminated concrete from exposed Drilled Pier concrete after removing casings and fluids. If holes are unstable, do not remove temporary casings until a procedure for placing anchor rod assemblies and conduit or constructing grade beams or wings is approved.

Use collars to extend drilled piers above finished grade. Remove collars after Drilled Pier concrete sets and round top edges of piers.

If drilled piers are questionable, pile integrity testing (PIT) and further investigation may be required in accordance with Article 411-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. A drilled pier will be considered defective in accordance with Subarticle 411-5(D) of the 2018 Standard Specifications and drilled pier acceptance is based in part on the criteria in Article 411-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications except for the top of pier tolerances in Subarticle 411-6(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

If a drilled pier is under further investigation, do not grout core holes, backfill around the pier or perform any work on the drilled pier until the Engineer accepts the pier. If the drilled pier is accepted, dewater and grout core holes and backfill around the pier with approved material to finished grade. If the Engineer determines a pier is unacceptable, remediation is required in accordance with Article 411-6 of the 2018 Standard

*Specifications*. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

Permanently embed a plate in or mark top of piers with the pier diameter and depth, size and number of vertical reinforcing bars and the minimum compressive strength of the concrete mix at 28 days.

# (B) Footings, Pedestals, Grade Beams and Wings

Excavate as necessary for footings, grade beams and wings in accordance with the plans, accepted submittals and Section 410 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, shore foundation excavations as needed with an approved method. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place concrete or reinforcing steel until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct cast-in-place reinforced concrete footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings with the dimensions shown in the plans and in accordance with Section 825 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Use forms to construct portions of pedestals and grade beams protruding above finished grade. Provide a chamfer with a 3/4" horizontal width for pedestal and grade beam edges exposed above finished grade. Place concrete against undisturbed soil or backfill and fill in accordance with Article 410-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Proper compaction around footings and wings is critical for foundations to resist uplift and torsion forces.

# (C) Anchor Rod Assemblies

Size anchor rods for design and the required projection above top of foundations. Determine required anchor rod projections from nut, washer and base plate thicknesses, the protrusion of 3 to 5 anchor rod threads above top nuts after tightening and the distance of one nut thickness between top of foundations and bottom of leveling nuts.

Protect anchor rod threads from damage during storage and installation of anchor rod assemblies. Before placing anchor rods in foundations, turn nuts onto and off rods past leveling nut locations. Turn nuts with the effort of one workman using an ordinary wrench without a cheater bar. Report any thread damage to the Engineer that requires extra effort to turn nuts.

Arrange anchor rods symmetrically about center of base plate locations as shown in the plans. Set anchor rod elevations based on required projections above top of foundations. Securely brace and hold rods in the correct position, orientation and alignment with a steel template. Do not weld to reinforcing steel, temporary casings or anchor rods.

Install top and leveling (bottom) nuts, washers and the base plate for each anchor rod assembly in accordance with the following procedure:

- (1) Turn leveling nuts onto anchor rods to a distance of one nut thickness between the top of foundation and bottom of leveling nuts. Place washers over anchor rods on top of leveling nuts.
- (2) Determine if nuts are level using a flat rigid template on top of washers. If necessary, lower leveling nuts to level the template in all directions or if applicable, lower nuts to tilt the template so the metal pole or upright truss will lean as shown in the plans. If leveling nuts and washers are not in full contact with the template, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (3) Verify the distance between the foundation and leveling nuts is no more than one nut thickness.
- (4) Place base plate with metal pole or upright truss over anchor rods on top of washers. High mount luminaires may be attached before erecting metal poles but do not attach cables, mast arms or trusses to metal poles or upright trusses at this time.
- (5) Place washers over anchor rods on top of base plate. Lubricate top nut bearing surfaces and exposed anchor rod threads above washers with beeswax, paraffin or other approved lubricant.
- (6) Turn top nuts onto anchor rods. If nuts are not in full contact with washers or washers are not in full contact with the base plate, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (7) Tighten top nuts to snug-tight with the full effort of one workman using a 12" wrench. Do not tighten any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments. Follow a star pattern cycling through each nut at least twice.
- (8) Repeat (7) for leveling nuts.
- (9) Replace washers above and below the base plate with galvanized beveled washers if the slope of any base plate face exceeds 1:20 (5%), any washer is not in firm contact with the base plate or any nut is not in firm contact with a washer. If any washers are replaced, repeat (7) and (8).
- (10) With top and leveling nuts snug-tight, mark each top nut on a corner at the intersection of 2 flats and a corresponding reference mark on the base plate. Mark top nuts and base plate with ink or paint that is not water-soluble. Use the turn-of-nut method for pretensioning. Do not pretension any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments for a total turn that meets the following nut rotation requirements:

NUT ROTATION REQUIREMENTS (Turn-of-Nut Pretensioning Method)					
Anchor Rod Diameter, inch Requirement					
≤ 1 1/2	1/3 turn (2 flats)				
> 1 1/2	1/6 turn (1 flat)				

Follow a star pattern cycling through each top nut at least twice.

- (11) Ensure nuts, washers and base plate are in firm contact with each other for each anchor rod. Cables, mast arms and trusses may now be attached to metal poles and upright trusses.
- (12) Between 4 and 14 days after pretensioning top nuts, use a torque wrench calibrated within the last 12 months to check nuts in the presence of the Engineer. Completely erect mast arm poles and cantilever signs and attach any hardware before checking

top nuts for these structures. Check that top nuts meet the following torque requirements:

TORQUE REQUIREMENTS					
Anchor Rod Diameter, inch Requirement, ft-lb					
7/8	180				
1	270				
1 1/8	380				
1 1/4	420				
≥ 1 1/2	600				

If necessary, retighten top nuts in the presence of the Engineer with a calibrated torque wrench to within  $\pm$  10 ft-lb of the required torque. Do not overtighten top nuts

(13) Do not grout under base plate.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Foundations and anchor rod assemblies for metal poles and upright trusses will be measured and paid for elsewhere in the contract.

No payment will be made for temporary casings that remain in drilled pier excavations. No payment will be made for PIT. No payment will be made for further investigation of defective piers. Further investigation of piers that are not defective will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No payment will be made for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

# **OVERHEAD AND DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN FOUNDATIONS:**

(1-16-18)

SP9 R07

# **Description**

Sign foundations include foundations for overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Sign foundations consist of footings with pedestals or drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings, conduit and anchor rod assemblies. Construct sign foundations in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Define "cantilever sign" as an overhead cantilever sign support in accordance with Figure 1-1 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.

#### **Materials**

Use sign foundation materials that meet the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

# **Subsurface Conditions**

Assume the following soil parameters and groundwater elevation for sign foundations unless these subsurface conditions are not applicable to sign locations:

- (A) Unit weight  $(\gamma) = 120 \text{ pcf}$ ,
- (B) Friction angle  $(\phi) = 30^{\circ}$ ,

- (C) Cohesion (c) = 0 psf and
- (D) Groundwater 7 feet below finished grade.

A subsurface investigation is required if the Engineer determines these assumed subsurface conditions do not apply to a sign location and the sign cannot be moved. Subsurface conditions requiring a subsurface investigation include but are not limited to weathered or hard rock, boulders, very soft or loose soil, muck or shallow groundwater. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for subsurface investigations.

# **Subsurface Investigations**

Use a prequalified geotechnical consultant to perform one standard penetration test (SPT) boring in accordance with ASTM D1586 at each sign location requiring a subsurface investigation. Rough grade sign locations to within 2 feet of finished grade before beginning drilling. Drill borings to 2 drilled pier diameters below anticipated pier tip elevations or refusal, whichever is higher.

Use the computer software gINT version V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide boring logs sealed by a geologist or engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

# **Sign Foundation Designs**

Design sign foundations for the wind zone and clearances shown in the plans and the slope of finished grade at each sign location. Use the assumed soil parameters and groundwater elevation above for sign foundation designs unless a subsurface investigation is required. For sign locations requiring a subsurface investigation, design sign foundations for the subsurface conditions at each sign location. Design footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals. In some instances, conflicts with drainage structures may dictate sign foundation types.

Design footings in accordance with Section 4.4 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. Do not use an allowable bearing pressure of more than 3,000 psf for footings. Design drilled piers for side resistance only in accordance with Section 4.6 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges except reduce ultimate side resistance by 25% for uplift. Use the computer software LPILE version 2016 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Provide drilled pier designs with a horizontal deflection of less than 1" at top of piers. For cantilever signs with single drilled pier foundations supporting metal poles, use wings to resist torsion forces. Provide drilled pier designs with a factor of safety of at least 2.0 for torsion.

For drilled pier sign foundations supporting upright trusses, use dual drilled piers connected with a grade beam having a moment of inertia approximately equal to that of either pier. The Broms' method is acceptable to analyze drilled piers with grade beams instead of LPILE. Use a safety factor of at least 3.5 for the Broms' design method in accordance with C13.6.1.1 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.

Submit boring logs, if any, working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Submit working drawings showing plan views, required foundation dimensions and elevations and typical sections with reinforcement, conduit and anchor rod assembly details. Include all boring logs, design calculations and LPILE output for sign foundation design submittals. Have sign foundations designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

#### **Construction Methods**

Construct footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings and install anchor rod assemblies for sign foundations in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies* for *Metal Poles* provision.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Overhead Footings will be measured and paid in cubic yards. Sign foundations will be measured as the cubic yards of foundation concrete for footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings shown in the accepted submittals. The contract unit price for Overhead Footings will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and foundation materials, stabilizing or shoring excavations, supplying and placing concrete, reinforcing steel, conduit, anchor rod assemblies and any incidentals necessary to construct sign foundations. Subsurface investigations required by the Engineer will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitOverhead FootingsCubic Yard

# PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PRODUCTION AND DELIVERY:

(9-15-20) 1000, 1014, 1024 SP10 R01

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-6, Table 1000-1, REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE, replace with the following:

TABLE 1000-1 REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE											
day sir		mum W Ra	ater-Cement tio		Consistency Maximum Slump		Cement Content				
Class of Concrete	Compr gth at 2		Air-Entrained Concrete  Non-Air- Entrained Concrete		ained	Vibrated	Non- ibrated	Vibrated Non-Vibr		ibrated	
	Min. Streng	Rounded Aggregate	Angular Aggregate	Rounded	Angular Aggregate	Vib	N Z Z				
		8888	8888	8888		•		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
Units	psi					inch	inch	lb/cy	lb/cy	lb/cy	lb/cy
AA	4500	0.381	0.426			3.5 <sup>A</sup>		639	715		

AA Slip Form	4500	0.381	0.426			1.5		639	715		
Drilled Pier	4500			0.450	0.450		5 – 7 dry 7 - 9 wet			640	800
A	3000	0.488	0.532	0.550	0.594	3.5 A	4.0	564		602	
В	2500	0.488	0.567	0.559	0.630	1.5 machine placed 2.5 A hand placed	4.0	508		545	
Sand Light- weight	4500		0.420			4.0 A		715			
Latex Modified	3000 (at 7 days)	0.400	0.400			6.0		658			
Flowable Fill excavatable	150 max. (at 56 days)	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed		Flowable			40	100
Flowable Fill non- excavatable	125	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed		Flowable			100	as needed
Pavement	4500 Design, field 650 flexural, design only	0.559	0.559			1.5 slip form 3.0 hand placed		526			
Precast	See Table 1077-1	as needed	as needed			6.0	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed
Prestressed	per contract	See Table 1078-1	See Table 1078-1			8.0		564	as needed		

The slump may be increased to 6 inches, provided the increase in slump is achieved by adding a chemical admixture conforming to Section 1024-3. In no case shall the water-cement ratio on the approved design be exceeded. Concrete exhibiting segregation and/or excessive bleeding will be rejected. Utilizing an Admixture to modify slump does not relinquish the contractor's responsibility to ensure the final product quality and overall configuration meets design specifications. Caution should be taken when placing these modified mixes on steep grades to prevent unintended changes to the set slope.

HIGH STRENGTH CONCRETE FOR DRIVEWAYS: (11-21-00) (Rev. 1-17-12) 848 SP10 R02

Use high early strength concrete for all driveways shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Provide high early strength concrete that meets the requirements of Article 1000-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Measurement and payment will be in accordance with Section 848 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

# THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL – COLOR TESTING:

-19-19 1087

SP10 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Pages 10-183 and 10-184, Subarticle 1087-7(D)(1)(b) Yellow, lines 9-11, delete and replace with the following:

Obtain Color Values Y,x,y per ASTM E1349 using C/2° illuminant/observer. Results shall be  $Y \ge 45\%$ , and x,y shall fall within PR#1 chart chromaticity limits.

#### MATERIALS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE:

(9-15-20)

1000, 1024

SP10 R24

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-52, Article 1024-4, WATER, lines 3-6, delete and replace with the following: Test water from wells at all locations. Test public water supplies from all out of state locations and in the following counties: Beaufort, Bertie, Brunswick, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Craven, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hyde, New Hanover, Onslow, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Pender, Perquimans, Tyrell and Washington unless the Engineer waives the testing requirements.

Page 10-52, Table 1024-2, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF WATER, replace with the following:

Property	Requirement	Test Method
Compression Strength, minimum percent of control at 3 and 7 days	90%	ASTM C1602
Time of set, deviation from control	From 1:00 hr. earlier to 1:30 hr. later	ASTM C1602
рН	4.5 to 8.5	ASTM D1293 *
Chloride Ion Content, Max.	250 ppm	ASTM D512 *
Total Solids Content (Residue), Max.	1,000 ppm	SM 2540B *
Resistivity, Min.	0.500 kohm-cm	ASTM D1125 *

<sup>\*</sup>Denotes an alternate method is acceptable. Test method used shall be referenced in the test report.

# **TEMPORARY SHORING:**

(2-20-07) (Rev. 1-16-18) SP11 R02

#### **Description**

Temporary shoring includes cantilever, braced and anchored shoring and temporary mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) walls. Temporary shoring does not include trench boxes. At the Contractor's option, use any type of temporary shoring unless noted otherwise in the plans or as directed. Design and construct temporary shoring based on actual elevations and shoring dimensions in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct temporary shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Temporary shoring is required to maintain traffic when a 2:1 (H:V) slope from the top of an embankment or bottom of an excavation will intersect the existing ground line less than 5 feet from the edge of pavement of an open travelway. This provision does not apply to pipe, inlet or utility installation unless noted otherwise in the plans.

Positive protection includes concrete barrier and temporary guardrail. Provide positive protection for temporary shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Positive protection is required if temporary shoring is located in the clear zone in accordance with the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide.

# (A) Cantilever and Braced Shoring

Cantilever shoring consists of steel sheet piles or H-piles with timber lagging. Braced shoring consists of sheet piles or H-piles with timber lagging and bracing such as beams, plates, walers, struts, rakers, etc. Define "piles" as sheet piles or H-piles.

#### (B) Anchored Shoring

Anchored shoring consists of sheet piles with walers or H-piles with timber lagging anchored with ground or helical anchors. Driven anchors may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A ground anchor consists of a grouted steel bar or multi-strand tendon with an anchorage. A helical anchor consists of a lead section with a central steel shaft and at least one helix steel plate followed by extensions with only central shafts (no helixes) and an anchorage. Anchorages consist of steel bearing plates with washers and hex nuts for bars or steel wedge plates and wedges for strands. Use a prequalified Anchored Wall Contractor to install ground anchors. Define "anchors" as ground, helical or driven anchors.

# (C) Temporary MSE Walls

Temporary MSE walls include temporary geosynthetic and wire walls. Define "temporary wall" as a temporary MSE wall and "Temporary Wall Vendor" as the vendor supplying the temporary MSE wall. Define "reinforcement" as geotextile, geogrid, welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement.

Temporary geosynthetic walls consist of geotextile or geogrid reinforcement wrapped behind welded wire facing. Define "temporary geotextile wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geotextile reinforcement and "temporary geogrid wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geogrid reinforcement.

Temporary wire walls consist of welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement connected to welded wire facing. Define "Wire Wall Vendor" as the vendor supplying the temporary wire wall.

# (D) Embedment

Define "embedment" for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring as the pile depth below the grade in front of shoring. Define "embedment" for temporary walls as the wall height below the grade in front of walls.

# (E) Positive Protection

Define "unanchored or anchored portable concrete barrier" as portable concrete barrier (PCB) that meets 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1170.01. Define "concrete barrier" as unanchored or anchored PCB or an approved equal. Define "temporary guardrail" as temporary steel beam guardrail that meets 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 862.02.

#### **Materials**

Refer to the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Concrete Barrier Materials	1170-2
Flowable Fill, Excavatable	1000-6
Geosynthetics	1056
Neat Cement Grout	1003
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Select Materials	1016
Steel Beam Guardrail Materials	862-2
Steel Plates	1072-2
Steel Sheet Piles and H-Piles	1084
Untreated Timber	1082-2
Welded Wire Reinforcement	1070-3

Provide Type 6 material certifications for shoring materials in accordance with Article 106-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Use Class IV select material for temporary guardrail. Use neat cement grout for Type 2 grout for ground anchors. Use Class A concrete that meets Article 450-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications or Type 1 grout for drilled-in piles. Provide untreated timber with a thickness of at least 3 inches and a bending stress of at least 1,000 pounds per square inch for timber lagging. Provide steel bracing that meets ASTM A36.

#### (A) Shoring Backfill

Use Class II, Type 1, Class III, Class V or Class VI select material or material that meets AASHTO M 145 for soil classification A-2-4 with a maximum PI of 6 for shoring backfill except do not use A-2-4 soil for backfill around culverts.

## (B) Anchors

Store anchor materials on blocking a minimum of 12 inches above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store anchor materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

# (1) Ground Anchors

Use high-strength deformed steel bars that meet AASHTO M 275 or seven-wire strands that meet ASTM A886 or Article 1070-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Splice bars in accordance with Article 1070-9 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Do not splice strands. Use bondbreakers, spacers and centralizers that meet Article 6.3.5 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications.

#### (2) Helical Anchors

Use helical anchors with an ICC Evaluation Service, Inc. (ICC-ES) report. Provide couplers, thread bar adapters and bolts recommended by the Anchor Manufacturer to connect helical anchors together and to piles.

# (3) Anchorages

Provide steel plates for bearing plates and steel washers, hex nuts, wedge plates and wedges recommended by the Anchor Manufacturer.

# (C) Temporary Walls

# (1) Welded Wire Facing

Use welded wire reinforcement for welded wire facing, struts and wires. For temporary wire walls, provide welded wire facing supplied by the Wire Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, provide connectors (e.g., bars, clamps, plates, etc.) and fasteners (e.g., bolts, nuts, washers, etc.) required by the Wire Wall Vendor.

# (2) Geotextiles

Provide Type 2 geotextile for separation and retention geotextiles. Provide Type 5 geotextile for geotextile reinforcement with ultimate tensile strengths in accordance with the accepted submittals.

# (3) Geogrid Reinforcement

Use geogrids with a roll width of at least 4 feet and an "approved" or "approved for provisional use" status code. The list of approved geogrids is available from: <a href="mailto:connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Materials/Pages/Materials-Manual-by-Material.aspx">connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Materials/Pages/Materials-Manual-by-Material.aspx</a>

Provide geogrids for geogrid reinforcement with design strengths in accordance with the accepted submittals. Geogrids are typically approved for ultimate tensile strengths in the machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) or short-term design strengths for a 3-year design life in the MD based on material type. Define material type from the website above for shoring backfill as follows:

Material Type	Shoring Backfill
Borrow	A-2-4 Soil
Fine Aggregate	Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material
Coarse Aggregate	Class V or VI Select Material

# (4) Welded Wire Grid and Metallic Strip Reinforcement

Provide welded wire grid and metallic strip reinforcement supplied by the Wire Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. Use welded wire grid reinforcement ("mesh", "mats" and "ladders") that meet Article 1070-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and metallic strip reinforcement ("straps") that meet ASTM A572 or A1011.

# **Preconstruction Requirements**

# (A) Concrete Barrier

Define "clear distance" behind concrete barrier as the horizontal distance between the barrier and edge of pavement. The minimum required clear distance for concrete barrier is shown in the plans. At the Contractor's option or if the minimum required clear distance is not available, set concrete barrier next to and up against traffic side of temporary shoring except for barrier above temporary walls. Concrete barrier with the minimum required clear distance is required above temporary walls.

# (B) Temporary Guardrail

Define "clear distance" behind temporary guardrail as the horizontal distance between guardrail posts and temporary shoring. At the Contractor's option or if clear distance for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring is less than 4 feet, attach guardrail to traffic side of shoring as shown in the plans. Place ABC in clear distance and around guardrail posts instead of pavement. Do not use temporary guardrail above temporary walls.

# (C) Temporary Shoring Designs

Before beginning temporary shoring design, survey existing ground elevations in the vicinity of shoring locations to determine actual design heights (H). Submit PDF files of

working drawings and design calculations for temporary shoring designs in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Submit working drawings showing plan views, shoring profiles, typical sections and details of temporary shoring design and construction sequence. Do not begin shoring construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Have cantilever and braced shoring designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. Use a prequalified Anchored Wall Design Consultant to design anchored shoring. Provide anchored shoring designs sealed by a Design Engineer approved as a Geotechnical Engineer (key person) for an Anchored Wall Design Consultant. Include details in anchored shoring working drawings of anchor locations and lock-off loads, unit grout/ground bond strengths for ground anchors or minimum installation torque and torsional strength rating for helical anchors and if necessary, obstructions extending through shoring or interfering with anchors. Include details in the anchored shoring construction sequence of pile and anchor installation, excavation and anchor testing.

Provide temporary wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina and employed or contracted by the Temporary Wall Vendor. Include details in temporary wall working drawings of geotextile and reinforcement types, locations and directions and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with reinforcement.

# (1) Soil Parameters

Design temporary shoring for the assumed soil parameters and groundwater elevations shown in the plans. Assume the following soil parameters for shoring backfill:

(a) Unit weight  $(\gamma) = 120 \text{ pcf}$ ;

(u)	omit weight (y) 120 per,	
(b)	Friction Angle (φ)	Shoring Backfill
	30°	A-2-4 Soil
	34°	Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material
	38°	Class V or VI Select Material

(c) Cohesion (c) = 0 psf.

# (2) Traffic Surcharge

Design temporary shoring for a traffic surcharge of 250 pounds per square foot if traffic will be above and within H of shoring. This traffic surcharge does not apply to construction traffic. Design temporary shoring for any construction surcharge if construction traffic will be above and within H of shoring. For LRFD shoring designs, apply traffic (live load) surcharge in accordance with Figure C11.5.5-3 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

# (3) Cantilever, Braced and Anchored Shoring Designs

Use shoring backfill for fill sections and voids between cantilever, braced and anchored shoring and the critical failure surface. Use concrete or grout for embedded portions of drilled-in H-piles. Do not use drilled-in sheet piles.

Define "top of shoring" for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring as where the grade intersects the back of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. Design cantilever, braced and anchored shoring for a traffic impact load of 2,000 pounds per foot applied 18 inches above top of shoring if concrete barrier is above and next to shoring or temporary guardrail is above and attached to shoring. For anchored shoring designs, apply traffic impact load as horizontal load (P<sub>H1</sub>) in accordance with Figure 3.11.6.3-2(a) of the AASHTO LRFD specifications.

Extend cantilever, braced and anchored shoring at least 32 inches above top of shoring if shoring is designed for traffic impact. Otherwise, extend shoring at least 6 inches above top of shoring.

Design cantilever, braced and anchored shoring for a maximum deflection of 3 inches if the horizontal distance to the closest edge of pavement or structure is less than H. Otherwise, design shoring for a maximum deflection of 6 inches. Design cantilever and braced shoring in accordance with the plans and AASHTO Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works.

Design anchored shoring in accordance with the plans and Article 11.9 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Use a resistance factor of 0.80 for tensile resistance of anchors with bars, strands or shafts. Extend the unbonded length for ground anchors and the shallowest helix for helical anchors at least 5 feet behind the critical failure surface. Do not extend anchors beyond right-of-way or easement limits. If existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail posts, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with anchors, maintain a clearance of at least 6 inches between obstructions and anchors.

## (4) Temporary Wall Designs

Use shoring backfill in the reinforced zone of temporary walls. Separation geotextiles are required between shoring backfill and backfill, natural ground or culverts along the sides of the reinforced zone perpendicular to the wall face. For Class V or VI select material in the reinforced zone, separation geotextiles are also required between shoring backfill and backfill or natural ground on top of and at the back of the reinforced zone.

Design temporary walls in accordance with the plans and Article 11.10 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Embed temporary walls at least 18 inches except for walls on structures or rock as determined by the Engineer. Use a uniform reinforcement length throughout the wall height of at least 0.7H or 6 feet, whichever is longer. Extend the reinforced zone at least 6 inches beyond end of

reinforcement. Do not locate the reinforced zone outside right-of-way or easement limits.

Use the simplified method for determining maximum reinforcement loads in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For geotextile reinforcement, use geotextile properties approved by the Department or default values in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For geogrid reinforcement, use approved geogrid properties available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision. If the website does not list a short-term design strength for an approved geogrid, use a short-term design strength equal to the ultimate tensile strength divided by 3.5 for the geogrid reinforcement. Use geosynthetic properties for the direction reinforcement will be installed, a 3-year design life and shoring backfill to be used in the reinforced zone.

Do not use more than 4 different reinforcement strengths for each temporary geosynthetic wall. Design temporary geotextile walls for a reinforcement coverage ratio ( $R_c$ ) of 1.0. For temporary geogrid walls with an  $R_c$  of less than 1.0, use a maximum horizontal clearance between geogrids of 3 feet and stagger reinforcement so geogrids are centered over gaps in the reinforcement layer below.

For temporary geosynthetic walls, use "L" shaped welded wire facing with 18 to 24 inch long legs. Locate geotextile or geogrid reinforcement so reinforcement layers are at the same level as the horizontal legs of welded wire facing. Use vertical reinforcement spacing equal to facing height. Wrap geotextile or geogrid reinforcement behind welded wire facing and extend reinforcement at least 3 feet back behind facing into shoring backfill.

For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, attach welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement to welded wire facing with a connection approved by the Department. For temporary geogrid and wire walls, retain shoring backfill at welded wire facing with retention geotextiles and extend geotextiles at least 3 feet back behind facing into backfill.

## (D) Preconstruction Meeting

The Engineer may require a shoring preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction, inspection and testing of the temporary shoring. If required and if this meeting occurs before all shoring submittals have been accepted, additional preconstruction meetings may be required before beginning construction of temporary shoring without accepted submittals. The Resident, District or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Area Construction Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and Shoring Contractor Superintendent will attend preconstruction meetings.

#### **Construction Methods**

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of shoring. Direct run off away from shoring and shoring backfill. Contain and maintain backfill and protect material from erosion.

Install positive protection in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Use PCB in accordance with Section 1170 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1170.01. Use temporary guardrail in accordance with Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 862.01, 862.02 and 862.03.

#### (A) Tolerances

Construct shoring with the following tolerances:

- (1) Horizontal wires of welded wire facing are level in all directions,
- (2) Shoring location is within 6 inches of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals, and
- (3) Shoring plumbness (batter) is not negative and within 2 degrees of vertical.

# (B) Cantilever, Braced and Anchored Shoring Installation

If overexcavation behind cantilever, braced or anchored shoring is shown in the accepted submittals, excavate before installing piles. Otherwise, install piles before excavating for shoring. Install cantilever, braced or anchored shoring in accordance with the construction sequence shown in the accepted submittals. Remove piles and if applicable, timber lagging when shoring is no longer needed.

#### (1) Pile Installation

Install piles with the minimum required embedment and extension in accordance with Subarticles 450-3(D) and 450-3(E) of the 2018 Standard Specifications except that a pile driving equipment data form is not required. Piles may be installed with a vibratory hammer as approved by the Engineer.

Do not splice sheet piles. Use pile excavation to install drilled-in H-piles. After filling holes with concrete or grout to the elevations shown in the accepted submittals, remove any fluids and fill remaining portions of holes with flowable fill. Cure concrete or grout at least 7 days before excavating.

Notify the Engineer if refusal is reached before pile excavation or driven piles attain the minimum required embedment. When this occurs, a revised design submittal may be required.

#### (2) Excavation

Excavate in front of piles from the top down in accordance with the accepted submittals. For H-piles with timber lagging and braced and anchored shoring, excavate in staged horizontal lifts with a maximum height of 5 feet. Remove flowable fill and material in between H-piles as needed to install timber lagging. Position lagging with at least 3 inches of contact in the horizontal direction between

the lagging and pile flanges. Do not excavate the next lift until timber lagging for the current lift is installed and if applicable, bracing and anchors for the current lift are accepted. Backfill behind cantilever, braced or anchored shoring with shoring backfill.

# (3) Anchor Installation

If applicable, install foundations located behind anchored shoring before installing anchors. Fabricate and install ground anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals, Articles 6.4 and 6.5 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications* and the following unless otherwise approved:

- (a) Materials in accordance with this provision are required instead of materials conforming to Articles 6.4 and 6.5.3 of the AASHTO LRFD Specifications,
- (b) Encapsulation-protected ground anchors in accordance with Article 6.4.1.2 of the AASHTO LRFD specifications are not required, and
- (c) Corrosion protection for unbonded lengths of ground anchors and anchorage covers are not required.
- (d) Measure grout temperature, density and flow during grouting with at least the same frequency grout cubes are made for compressive strength. Perform density and flow field tests in the presence of the Engineer in accordance with American National Standards Institute/American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice 13B-1 (Section 4, Mud Balance) and ASTM C939 (Flow Cone), respectively.

Install helical anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals and Anchor Manufacturer's instructions. Measure torque during installation and do not exceed the torsional strength rating of the helical anchor. Attain the minimum required installation torque and penetration before terminating anchor installation. When replacing a helical anchor, embed last helix of the replacement anchor at least 3 helix plate diameters past the location of the first helix of the previous anchor.

# (4) Anchor Testing

Proof test and lock-off anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals and Article 6.5.5 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications* except for the acceptance criteria in Article 6.5.5.5. For the AASHTO LRFD specifications, "ground anchor" refers to a ground or helical anchor and "tendon" refers to a bar, strand or shaft.

# (a) Anchor Acceptance

Anchor acceptance is based in part on the following criteria.

- (i) For ground and helical anchors, total movement is less than 0.04 inches between the 1 and 10 minute readings or less than 0.08 inches between the 6 and 60 minute readings.
- (ii) For ground anchors, total movement at maximum test load exceeds 80% of the theoretical elastic elongation of the unbonded length.

# (b) Anchor Test Results

Submit PDF files of anchor test records including movement versus load plots for each load increment within 24 hours of completing each row of anchors. The Engineer will review the test records to determine if the anchors are acceptable.

If the Engineer determines an anchor is unacceptable, revise the anchor design or installation methods. Submit a revised anchored shoring design for acceptance and provide an acceptable anchor with the revised design or installation methods. If required, replace the anchor or provide additional anchors with the revised design or installation methods.

# (C) Temporary Wall Installation

Excavate as necessary for temporary walls in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. If applicable, install foundations located in the reinforced zone before placing shoring backfill or reinforcement unless otherwise approved. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place shoring backfill or reinforcement until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Erect welded wire facing so the wall position is as shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Set welded wire facing adjacent to each other in the horizontal and vertical direction to completely cover the wall face with facing. Stagger welded wire facing to create a running bond by centering facing over joints in the row below.

Wrap geotextile reinforcement and retention geotextiles behind welded wire facing as shown in the plans and accepted submittals and cover geotextiles with at least 3" of shoring backfill. Overlap adjacent geotextile reinforcement and retention and separation geotextiles at least 18 inches with seams oriented perpendicular to the wall face. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed.

Place reinforcement within 3 inches of locations shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Before placing shoring backfill, pull reinforcement taut so it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Install reinforcement with the direction shown in the plans and accepted submittals. For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, attach welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement to welded wire facing as shown in the accepted submittals. Do not splice or overlap reinforcement

so seams are parallel to the wall face. Contact the Engineer when unanticipated existing or future obstructions such as foundations, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement.

Place shoring backfill in the reinforced zone in 8 to 10 inch thick lifts. Compact A-2-4 soil and Class II, Type 1 and Class III select material in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Use only hand operated compaction equipment to compact backfill within 3 feet of welded wire facing. At a distance greater than 3 feet, compact shoring backfill with at least 4 passes of an 8 to 10 ton vibratory roller in a direction parallel to the wall face. Smooth wheeled or rubber tired rollers are also acceptable for compacting backfill. Do not use sheepsfoot, grid rollers or other types of compaction equipment with feet. Do not displace or damage reinforcement when placing and compacting shoring backfill. End dumping directly on geotextile or geogrid reinforcement is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on reinforcement until it is covered with at least 8 inches of shoring backfill. Replace any damaged reinforcement to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Backfill for temporary walls outside the reinforced zone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Bench temporary walls into the sides of excavations where applicable. For temporary geosynthetic walls with top of wall within 5 feet of finished grade, remove top facing and incorporate top reinforcement layer into fill when placing fill in front of wall. Temporary walls remain in place permanently unless otherwise required.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Temporary Shoring will be measured and paid in square feet. Temporary walls will be measured as the square feet of exposed wall face area. Cantilever, braced or anchored shoring will be measured as the square feet of exposed shoring face area with the shoring height equal to the difference between the top and bottom of shoring elevations. Define "top of shoring" as where the grade intersects the back of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. Define "bottom of shoring" as where the grade intersects front of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. No measurement will be made for any embedment, shoring extension above top of shoring or pavement thickness above temporary walls.

The contract unit price for *Temporary Shoring* will be full compensation for providing shoring designs, submittals and materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials and supplying all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to construct temporary shoring.

No payment will be made for temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience. No value engineering proposals will be accepted based solely on revising or eliminating shoring locations shown in the plans or estimated quantities shown in the bid item sheets as a result of actual field measurements or site conditions.

PCB will be measured and paid in accordance with Section 1170 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No additional payment will be made for anchoring PCB for temporary shoring. Costs for anchoring PCB will be incidental to temporary shoring.

Temporary guardrail will be measured and paid for in accordance with Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitTemporary ShoringSquare Foot

# **EXTRUDED THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING THICKNESS:**

3-19-19 1205 SP12 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 12-6, Subarticle 1205-4(A)(1) General, lines 5-8, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use application equipment that provides multiple width settings ranging from 4 inches to 12 inches and multiple thickness settings to achieve a minimum pavement marking thickness of 0.090 inch above the surface of the pavement.

Page 12-7, Table 1205-3, THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC, replace with the following:

	TABLE 1205-3					
MIN	IMUM THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC					
Thickness	Thickness Location					
240 mils	In-lane and shoulder-transverse pavement markings (rumble strips). May be placed in 2 passes.					
90 mils	Center lines, skip lines, transverse bands, mini-skip lines, characters, bike lane symbols, crosswalk lines, edge lines, gore lines, diagonals, and arrow symbols					

# **ROADWAY LIGHTING FOUNDATIONS:**

(1-16-18) SP14 R04

# **Description**

Roadway lighting foundations include foundations for high mount and light standards. High mount foundations for high mount standards and standard foundations for light standards consist of drilled piers or footings with pedestals, conduit and anchor rod assemblies. Construct roadway lighting foundations in accordance with the contract, 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings and accepted submittals. Define "high mount foundation" as a drilled pier including the conduit and anchor rod assembly that meets 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1402.01. Define "standard foundation" as a drilled pier or footing with pedestal including the conduit and anchor rod assembly that meets 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1405.01.

#### **Materials**

Use roadway lighting foundation materials that meet the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies* for *Metal Poles* provision. Provide metal shrouds for median mounted light standards in accordance with Subarticle 1400-4(I) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

# **Roadway Lighting Foundations**

# (A) High Mount Foundations

Construct high mount foundations for the wind zone and high mount heights shown in the plans unless the following assumed site conditions are not applicable to high mount locations:

- (E) Soil with unit weight  $(\gamma) \ge 120$  pcf and friction angle  $(\phi) \ge 30^{\circ}$ ,
- (F) Groundwater at least 7 feet below finished grade and
- (G) Slope of finished grade 6:1 (H:V) or flatter.

A subsurface investigation and high mount foundation design are required if the Engineer determines these assumed site conditions do not apply to a high mount location and the high mount cannot be moved. Subsurface conditions requiring a high mount foundation design include but are not limited to weathered or hard rock, boulders, very soft or loose soil, muck or shallow groundwater. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for subsurface investigations or high mount foundation designs.

#### (B) Standard Foundations

Construct standard foundation types for the light standard types shown in the plans and the site conditions at each light standard location. When weathered or hard rock, boulders or obstructions conflict with standard foundations, submit an alternate standard foundation design for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for alternate standard foundations.

# **Subsurface Investigations**

Use a prequalified geotechnical consultant to perform one standard penetration test (SPT) boring in accordance with ASTM D1586 at each high mount location requiring a subsurface investigation. Rough grade high mount locations to within 2 ft of finished grade before beginning drilling. Drill borings to 2 drilled pier diameters below anticipated pier tip elevations or refusal, whichever is higher.

Use the computer software gINT version V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide boring logs sealed by a geologist or engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

#### **High Mount Foundation Designs**

Design high mount foundations for the wind zone and high mount heights shown in the plans and the slope of finished grade and subsurface conditions at each high mount location. Design drilled piers, footings and pedestals in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.

Design drilled piers for side resistance only in accordance with Section 4.6 of the *AASHTO* Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. Use the computer software LPILE version 2016 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Provide drilled pier designs with a horizontal deflection of less than 0.5" at top of piers.

Design footings in accordance with Section 4.4 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. Do not use an allowable bearing pressure of more than 3,000 psf for footings. Submit boring logs, working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Submit working drawings showing plan views, required foundation dimensions and elevations and typical sections with reinforcement, conduit and anchor rod assembly details. Include all boring logs, design calculations and LPILE output for high mount foundation design submittals. Have high mount foundations designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

#### **Construction Methods**

Grade around roadway lighting locations with cut and fill slopes as shown on 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1402.01 or 1405.01. Construct drilled piers, footings and pedestals and install anchor rod assemblies for roadway lighting foundations in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

For median mounted light standards, place concrete for median barriers and underlying pedestals in the same pour. Construct concrete barriers in accordance with the contract and make concrete median barriers continuous through standard foundations. Coordinate construction of median mounted light standards with sign structures, concrete barriers, drainage structures, etc. to avoid conflicts.

# **Measurement and Payment**

High Mount Foundations will be measured and paid in cubic yards. High mount foundations will

be measured as the cubic yards of concrete shown on 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1402.01 for the high mount height and wind zone shown in the plans. All other high mount foundations will be measured as the cubic yards of foundation concrete for drilled piers, footings and pedestals shown in the accepted submittals. Subsurface investigations and high mount foundation designs required by the Engineer will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Standard Foundation will be measured and paid in units of each. Standard foundations will be measured as the number of each standard foundation type. Alternate standard foundations will be measured as 1.5 times the number of each standard foundation type replaced.

The contract unit prices for *High Mount Foundations* and *Standard Foundation* will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and foundation materials, stabilizing or shoring excavations, supplying and placing concrete, reinforcing steel, conduit, anchor rod assemblies and any incidentals necessary to construct roadway lighting foundations.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit **High Mount Foundations** Cubic Yard Standard Foundation Each

PERMANENT SEEDING AND MULCHING:
1660

SP16 R02

The Department desires that permanent seeding and mulching be established on this project as soon as practical after slopes or portions of slopes have been graded. As an incentive to obtain an early stand of vegetation on this project, the Contractor's attention is called to the following:

For all permanent seeding and mulching that is satisfactorily completed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1660 in the 2018 Standard Specifications and within the following percentages of elapsed contract times, an additional payment will be made to the Contractor as an incentive additive. The incentive additive will be determined by multiplying the number of acres of seeding and mulching satisfactorily completed times the contract unit bid price per acre for Seeding and Mulching times the appropriate percentage additive.

Percentage of Elapsed Contract Time	Percentage Additive
0% - 30%	30%
30.01% - 50%	15%

Percentage of elapsed contract time is defined as the number of calendar days from the date of availability of the contract to the date the permanent seeding and mulching is acceptably completed divided by the total original contract time.

# STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

(5-20-08)

Z-2

General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. – Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in General Statute 143C-6-11(c). Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Subarticle 108-13(D) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

# STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION NCDOT GENERAL SEED SPECIFICATION FOR SEED QUALITY

(5-17-11) Z-3

Seed shall be sampled and tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory. When said samples are collected, the vendor shall supply an independent laboratory report for each lot to be tested. Results from seed so sampled shall be final. Seed not meeting the specifications shall be rejected by the Department of Transportation and shall not be delivered to North Carolina Department of Transportation warehouses. If seed has been delivered it shall be available for pickup and replacement at the supplier's expense.

Any re-labeling required by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory, that would cause the label to reflect as otherwise specified herein shall be rejected by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Seed shall be free from seeds of the noxious weeds Johnsongrass, Balloonvine, Jimsonweed, Witchweed, Itchgrass, Serrated Tussock, Showy Crotalaria, Smooth Crotalaria, Sicklepod, Sandbur, Wild Onion, and Wild Garlic. Seed shall not be labeled with the above weed species on the seed analysis label. Tolerances as applied by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will NOT be allowed for the above noxious weeds except for Wild Onion and Wild Garlic.

Tolerances established by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will generally be recognized. However, for the purpose of figuring pure live seed, the found pure seed and found germination percentages as reported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory will be used. Allowances, as established by the NCDOT, will be recognized for minimum pure live seed as listed on the following pages.

The specifications for restricted noxious weed seed refers to the number per pound as follows:

Restricted Noxious Weed	Limitations per Lb. Of Seed	Restricted Noxious Weed	Limitations per Lb. of Seed	
Blessed Thistle	4 seeds	Cornflower (Ragged Robin)	27 seeds	
Cocklebur	4 seeds	Texas Panicum	27 seeds	
Spurred Anoda	4 seeds	Bracted Plantain	54 seeds	
Velvetleaf	4 seeds	Buckhorn Plantain	54 seeds	
Morning-glory	8 seeds	Broadleaf Dock	54 seeds	
Corn Cockle	10 seeds	Curly Dock	54 seeds	
Wild Radish	12 seeds	Dodder	54 seeds	
Purple Nutsedge	27 seeds	Giant Foxtail	54 seeds	
Yellow Nutsedge	27 seeds	Horsenettle	54 seeds	
Canada Thistle	27 seeds	Quackgrass	54 seeds	
Field Bindweed	27 seeds	Wild Mustard	54 seeds	
Hedge Bindweed	27 seeds			

Seed of Pensacola Bahiagrass shall not contain more than 7% inert matter, Kentucky Bluegrass, Centipede and Fine or Hard Fescue shall not contain more than 5% inert matter whereas a maximum of 2% inert matter will be allowed on all other kinds of seed. In addition, all seed shall

not contain more than 2% other crop seed nor more than 1% total weed seed. The germination rate as tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture shall not fall below 70%, which includes both dormant and hard seed. Seed shall be labeled with not more than 7%, 5% or 2% inert matter (according to above specifications), 2% other crop seed and 1% total weed seed.

Exceptions may be made for minimum pure live seed allowances when cases of seed variety shortages are verified. Pure live seed percentages will be applied in a verified shortage situation. Those purchase orders of deficient seed lots will be credited with the percentage that the seed is deficient.

#### FURTHER SPECIFICATIONS FOR EACH SEED GROUP ARE GIVEN BELOW:

Minimum 85% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 83% pure live seed will not be approved.

Sericea Lespedeza Oats (seeds)

Minimum 80% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 78% pure live seed will not be approved.

Tall Fescue (all approved varieties)

Kobe Lespedeza

Bermudagrass

Browntop Millet

Carpetgrass

Minimum 78% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 76% pure live seed will not be approved.

# Common or Sweet Sundangrass

Minimum 76% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 74% pure live seed will not be approved.

Rye (grain; all varieties) Kentucky Bluegrass (all approved varieties) Hard Fescue (all approved varieties) Shrub (bicolor) Lespedeza

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 70% pure live seed will not be approved.

Centipedegrass Japanese Millet
Crownvetch Reed Canary Grass

Pensacola Bahiagrass Zoysia

Creeping Red Fescue

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 5% inert matter; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound.

Barnyard Grass Big Bluestem Little Bluestem Bristly Locust Birdsfoot Trefoil Indiangrass Orchardgrass

Switchgrass

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

# **ERRATA**

(10-16-18) (Rev.2-16-21) Z-4

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### **Division 6**

Page 6-7, Article 609-1 DESCRIPTION, line 29, replace article number "609-10" with "609-9".

#### **Division 7**

Page 7-27, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 4, replace article number "725-1" with "724-4".

Page 7-28, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 10, replace article number "725-1" with "725-3".

#### **Division 10**

Page 10-78, Article 1056-4 GEOTEXTILES, TABLE 1056-1, Permittivity, Type 2, replace "Table 6<sup>D</sup>" with "Table 7<sup>D</sup>" and Permittivity, Type 3<sup>B</sup>, replace "Table 7<sup>D</sup>" with "Table 8<sup>D</sup>".

Page 10-121, Article 1076-7, REPAIR OF GALVANIZING, line 8, replace article number "1080-9" with "1080-7".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-50 PAINT FOR VERTICAL MARKERS, line 1, replace article number "1080-50" with "1080-10".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-61 EPOXY RESIN FOR REINFORCING STEEL, line 5, replace article number "1080-61" with "1080-11".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-72 ABRASIVE MATERIALS FOR BLAST CLEANING STEEL, line 22, replace article number "1080-72" with "1080-12".

Page 10-163, Article 1080-83 FIELD PERFORMANCE AND SERVICES, line 25, replace article number "1080-83" with "1080-13".

#### **Division 17**

Page 17-15, Article 1715-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 42-44, replace the second sentence with the following:

An example is an installation of a single 1.25 inch HDPE conduit would be paid as:

Directional Drill (1)(1.25") Linear Foot

#### PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES

(Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, Emerald Ash Borer, Guava Root Knot Nematode, And Other Noxious Weeds)

(3-18-03) (Rev. 5-21-19) Z-04a

# Within Quarantined Area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

# **Originating in a Quarantined County**

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

#### Contact

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-707-3730, or <a href="https://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/Plant/quaran/table2.htm">https://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/Plant/quaran/table2.htm</a> to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

# **Regulated Articles Include**

- 1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
- 2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
- 3. Plant crowns and roots.
- 4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
- 5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
- 6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
- 7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
- 8. Used earth-moving equipment.
- 9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed, emerald ash borer, guava root knot nematode, or other noxious weeds.

# **MINIMUM WAGES**

(7-21-09) Z-5

**FEDERAL:** The Fair Labor Standards Act provides that with certain exceptions every employer shall pay wages at the rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

**STATE:** The North Carolina Minimum Wage Act provides that every employer shall pay to each of his employees, wages at a rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all skilled labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all intermediate labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all unskilled labor on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

This determination of the intent of the application of this act to the contract on this project is the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department of Transportation for any changes in the minimum wage laws, Federal or State. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to keep fully informed of all Federal and State Laws affecting his contract.

#### TITLE VI AND NONDISCRIMINATION:

(6-28-77)(Rev 6/19/2018)

Z-6

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Replace Article 103-4(B) with the following:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is committed to carrying out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts.

The provisions of this section related to United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) Order 1050.2A, Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 21, 23 United States Code (U.S.C.) 140 and 23 CFR part 200 (or 49 CFR 303, 49 U.S.C. 5332 or 49 U.S.C. 47123) are applicable to all North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) contracts and to all related subcontracts, material supply, engineering, architectural and other service contracts, regardless of dollar amount. Any Federal provision that is specifically required not specifically set forth is hereby incorporated by reference.

# (1) Title VI Assurances (USDOT Order 1050.2A, Appendix A)

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

- (a) Compliance with Regulations
  - The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) shall comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- (b) Nondiscrimination
  - The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- (c) Solicitations for Subcontractors, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier shall be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

# (d) Information and Reports

The contractor shall provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and shall permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the FHWA to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts,

Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor shall so certify to the Recipient or the FHWA, as appropriate, and shall set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

# (e) Sanctions for Noncompliance:

In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it and/or the FHWA may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- (i) Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- (ii) Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

# (f) Incorporation of Provisions

The contractor shall include the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (f) in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor shall take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

# (2) Title VI Nondiscrimination Program (23 CFR 200.5(p))

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) has assured the USDOT that, as a condition to receiving federal financial assistance, NCDOT will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and all requirements imposed by Title 49 CFR part 21 and related nondiscrimination authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the ground of race, color, national origin, limited English proficiency, sex, age, or disability (including religion/creed or income-level, where applicable), be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any programs, activities, or services conducted or funded by NCDOT. Contractors and other organizations under contract or agreement with NCDOT must also comply with Title VI and related authorities, therefore:

- (a) During the performance of this contract or agreement, contractors (e.g., subcontractors, consultants, vendors, prime contractors) are responsible for complying with NCDOT's Title VI Program. Contractors are not required to prepare or submit Title VI Programs. To comply with this section, the prime contractor shall:
  - 1. Post NCDOT's Notice of Nondiscrimination and the Contractor's own Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Policy in conspicuous locations accessible to all employees, applicants and subcontractors on the jobsite.
  - 2. Physically incorporate the required Title VI clauses into all subcontracts on federally-assisted and state-funded NCDOT projects, and ensure inclusion by subcontractors into all lower-tier subcontracts.
  - 3. Required Solicitation Language. The Contractor shall include the following notification in all solicitations for bids and requests for work or material, regardless of funding source:

"The North Carolina Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 US.C. §§

2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award. In accordance with other related nondiscrimination authorities, bidders and contractors will also not be discriminated against on the grounds of sex, age, disability, low-income level, creed/religion, or limited English proficiency in consideration for an award."

- 4. Physically incorporate the FHWA-1273, in its entirety, into all subcontracts and subsequent lower tier subcontracts on Federal-aid highway construction contracts only.
- 5. Provide language assistance services (i.e., written translation and oral interpretation), free of charge, to LEP employees and applicants. Contact NCDOT OCR for further assistance, if needed.
- 6. For assistance with these Title VI requirements, contact the NCDOT Title VI Nondiscrimination Program at 1-800-522-0453.
- (b) Subrecipients (e.g. cities, counties, LGAs, planning organizations) may be required to prepare and submit a Title VI Plan to NCDOT, including Title VI Assurances and/or agreements. Subrecipients must also ensure compliance by their contractors and subrecipients with Title VI. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(7))
- (c) If reviewed or investigated by NCDOT, the contractor or subrecipient agrees to take affirmative action to correct any deficiencies found within a reasonable time period, not to exceed 90 calendar days, unless additional time is granted by NCDOT. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(15))
- (d) The Contractor is responsible for notifying subcontractors of NCDOT's External Discrimination Complaints Process.
  - 1. Applicability
    - Title VI and related laws protect participants and beneficiaries (e.g., members of the public and contractors) from discrimination by NCDOT employees, subrecipients and contractors, regardless of funding source.
  - 2. Eligibility
    - Any person—or class of persons—who believes he/she has been subjected to discrimination based on race, color, national origin, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), sex, age, or disability (and religion in the context of employment, aviation, or transit) may file a written complaint. The law also prohibits intimidation or retaliation of any sort.
  - 3. Time Limits and Filing Options
    - Complaints may be filed by the affected individual(s) or a representative and must be filed no later than 180 calendar days after the following:
    - (i) The date of the alleged act of discrimination; or
    - (ii) The date when the person(s) became aware of the alleged discrimination; or
    - (iii) Where there has been a continuing course of conduct, the date on which that conduct was discontinued or the latest instance of the conduct.

Title VI and related discrimination complaints may be submitted to the following entities:

- North Carolina Department of Transportation, Office of Civil Rights, Title VI Program, 1511 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1511; toll free 1-800-522-0453
- Federal Highway Administration, North Carolina Division Office, 310 New Bern Avenue, Suite 410, Raleigh, NC 27601, 919-747-7010
- ➤ US Department of Transportation, Departmental Office of Civil Rights, External Civil Rights Programs Division, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, Washington, DC 20590; 202-366-4070

# 4. Format for Complaints

Complaints must be in writing and signed by the complainant(s) or a representative, and include the complainant's name, address, and telephone number. Complaints received by fax or e-mail will be acknowledged and processed. Allegations received by telephone will be reduced to writing and provided to the complainant for confirmation or revision before processing. Complaints will be accepted in other languages, including Braille.

5. Discrimination Complaint Form Contact NCDOT Civil Rights to receive a full copy of the Discrimination Complaint Form and procedures.

# 6. Complaint Basis

Allegations must be based on issues involving race, color, national origin (LEP), sex, age, disability, or religion (in the context of employment, aviation or transit). "Basis" refers to the complainant's membership in a protected group category.

TABLE 103-1 COMPLAINT BASIS					
Protected Categories	Definition	Examples	Applicable Nondiscrimination Authorities		
Race and Ethnicity	An individual belonging to one of the accepted racial groups; or the perception, based usually on physical characteristics that a person is a member of a racial group	Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, White	Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 49 CFR Part 21; 23 CFR 200; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. (Executive Order 13166)		
Color	Color of skin, including shade of skin within a racial group	Black, White, brown, yellow, etc.			
National Origin (Limited English	Place of birth. Citizenship is not	Mexican, Cuban,			
Proficiency)	a factor. (Discrimination based on language or a person's accent is also covered)	Japanese, Vietnamese, Chinese			
Sex	Gender. The sex of an individual. <i>Note:</i> Sex under this program does not include sexual orientation.	Women and Men	1973 Federal-Aid Highway Act; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123.		
Age	Persons of any age	21-year-old person	Age Discrimination Act of 1975 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123.		
Disability	Physical or mental impairment, permanent or temporary, or perceived.	Blind, alcoholic, para-amputee, epileptic, diabetic, arthritic	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990		

Religion (in the context of employment) (Religion/ Creed in all aspects of any aviation or transit-related construction)	An individual belonging to a religious group; or the perception, based on distinguishable characteristics that a person is a member of a religious group. In practice, actions taken as a result of the moral and ethical beliefs as to what is right and wrong, which are sincerely held with the strength of traditional religious views. <i>Note:</i> Does not have to be associated with a recognized religious group or church; if an individual sincerely holds to the belief, it is a protected religious practice.	Muslim, Christian, Sikh, Hindu, etc.	Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 23 CFR 230; FHWA-1273 Required Contract Provisions. (49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123)
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# (3) Pertinent Nondiscrimination Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- (b) The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- (c) Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex):
- (d) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability) and 49 CFR Part 27;
- (e) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- (f) Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- (g) The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- (h) Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- (i) The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- (j) Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with

- disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- (k) Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- (1) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).
- (m) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., Pub. L. 88-352), (prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin).

# (4) Additional Title VI Assurances

- \*\*The following Title VI Assurances (Appendices B, C and D) shall apply, as applicable
- (a) Clauses for Deeds Transferring United States Property (1050.2A, Appendix B) The following clauses will be included in deeds effecting or recording the transfer of real property, structures, or improvements thereon, or granting interest therein from the United States pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 4.

NOW, THEREFORE, the U.S. Department of Transportation as authorized by law and upon the condition that the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) will accept title to the lands and maintain the project constructed thereon in accordance with the North Carolina General Assembly, the Regulations for the Administration of the Federal-Aid Highway Program, and the policies and procedures prescribed by the Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation in accordance and in compliance with all requirements imposed by Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation pertaining to and effectuating the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252; 42 U.S.C. § 2000d to 2000d-4), does hereby remise, release, quitclaim and convey unto the NCDOT all the right, title and interest of the U.S. Department of Transportation in and to said lands described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.

# (HABENDUM CLAUSE)

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD said lands and interests therein unto the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and its successors forever, subject, however, to the covenants, conditions, restrictions and reservations herein contained as follows, which will remain in effect for the period during which the real property or structures are used for a purpose for which Federal financial assistance is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits and will be binding on the NCDOT, its successors and assigns.

The NCDOT, in consideration of the conveyance of said lands and interests in lands, does hereby covenant and agree as a covenant running with the land for itself, its successors and assigns, that (1) no person will on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination with regard to any facility located wholly or in part on, over, or under such lands hereby conveyed [,] [and]\* (2) that the NCDOT will use the lands and interests in lands and interests in lands so conveyed, in compliance with all requirements imposed by or pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations and Acts may be amended [, and (3) that in the event of breach of any of the above-mentioned nondiscrimination conditions, the Department will have a right to enter or re-enter said lands and facilities on said land, and that above described land and facilities will thereon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the U.S. Department of Transportation and its assigns as such interest existed prior to this instruction].\*

- (\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary in order to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)
- (b) Clauses for Transfer of Real Property Acquired or Improved Under the Activity, Facility, or Program (1050.2A, Appendix C)

  The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar instruments entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation

(NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(a):

- 1. The (grantee, lessee, permittee, etc. as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree [in the case of deeds and leases add "as a covenant running with the land"] that:
  - (i.) In the event facilities are constructed, maintained, or otherwise operated on the property described in this (deed, license, lease, permit, etc.) for a purpose for which a U.S. Department of Transportation activity, facility, or program is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits, the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will maintain and operate such facilities and services in compliance with all requirements imposed by the Acts and Regulations (as may be amended) such that no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities.
- 2. With respect to licenses, leases, permits, etc., in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (lease, license, permit, etc.) and to enter, re-enter, and repossess said lands and facilities thereon, and hold the same as if the (lease, license, permit, etc.) had never been made or issued. \*
- 3. With respect to a deed, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to enter or re-enter the lands and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. \*

- (\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)
- (c) Clauses for Construction/Use/Access to Real Property Acquired Under the Activity, Facility or Program (1050.2A, Appendix D)

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, permits, or similar instruments/ agreements entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b):

- 1. The (grantee, licensee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in the case of deeds and leases add, "as a covenant running with the land") that (1) no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over, or under such land, and the furnishing of services thereon, no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination, (3) that the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Acts and Regulations, as amended, set forth in this Assurance.
- 2. With respect to (licenses, leases, permits, etc.), in the event of breach of any of the above Non¬ discrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) and to enter or re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) had never been made or issued. \*
- 3. With respect to deeds, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. \*

(\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

#### **STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**

#### **ON-THE-JOB TRAINING**

(10-16-07) (Rev. 4-21-15)

Z-10

#### **Description**

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

#### **Minorities and Women**

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

#### **Assigning Training Goals**

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed on-the-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year.\

#### **Training Classifications**

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

Equipment Operators Office Engineers

Truck Drivers Estimators

Carpenters Iron / Reinforcing Steel Workers

Concrete Finishers Mechanics
Pipe Layers Welders

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

#### **Records and Reports**

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

#### **Trainee Interviews**

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

#### **Trainee Wages**

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

60 percent	of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period
75 percent	of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period
90 percent	of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

#### **Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals**

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

# **GEOTECHNICAL**

MSE RETAINING WALLS - (1-16-2018)	GT-1.1	- GT-1.12
STANDARD SHORING - (1/16/2018)	GT-2.1	- GT-2.4
GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STABILIZATION - (5/15/2018)	GT-3.1	- GT-3.2

Geotechnical Engineering Unit

4/15/2020

#### MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS

(1-16-18)

#### 1.0 GENERAL

Construct mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) retaining walls consisting of steel or geosynthetic reinforcement in the reinforced zone connected to vertical facing elements. Use precast concrete panels for vertical facing elements and coarse aggregate in the reinforced zone unless noted otherwise in the plans. Provide reinforced concrete coping and pile sleeves as required. Design and construct MSE retaining walls based on actual elevations and wall dimensions in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Use a prequalified MSE Wall Installer to construct MSE retaining walls.

Define MSE wall terms as follows:

Geosynthetic or Geogrid Reinforcement – Polyester Type (PET), HDPE or Polypropylene (PP) geogrid reinforcement,

Geogrid - PET, HDPE or PP geogrid,

Reinforcement - Steel or geogrid reinforcement,

Aggregate - Coarse or fine aggregate,

Panel – Precast concrete panel,

Coping - Precast or CIP concrete coping,

MSE Wall - Mechanically stabilized earth retaining wall,

MSE Wall Vendor – Vendor supplying the chosen MSE wall system,

MSE Panel Wall – MSE wall with panels,

MSE Segmental Wall – MSE wall with segmental retaining wall (SRW) units and Abutment Wall – MSE wall with bridge foundations in any portion of the reinforced zone or an MSE wall connected to an abutment wall (Even if bridge foundations only penetrate a small part of the reinforced zone, the entire MSE wall is considered an abutment wall).

For bridge approach fills behind end bents with MSE abutment walls, design reinforcement connected to end bent caps in accordance with the plans and this provision. Construct Type III Reinforced Bridge Approach Fills in accordance with the *Bridge Approach Fills* provision and Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

Use an approved MSE wall system in accordance with the plans and any NCDOT restrictions or exceptions for the chosen system. Value engineering proposals for other MSE wall systems will not be considered. Do not use MSE wall systems with an "approved for provisional use" status for abutment walls or MSE walls subject to scour, walls with design heights greater than 35 ft or walls supporting or adjacent to railroads or interstate highways. The list of approved MSE wall systems with approval status is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

#### 2.0 MATERIALS

Refer to the Standard Specifications.

ItemSectionAggregate1014

Corrugated Steel Pipe	1032-3
Epoxy, Type 3A	1081
Geosynthetics	1056
Grout, Type 3	1003
Joint Materials	1028
Portland Cement Concrete, Class A	1000
Precast Retaining Wall Coping	1077
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Retaining Wall Panels	1077
Segmental Retaining Wall Units	1040-4
Select Material, Class V	1016
Shoulder Drain Materials	816-2
Steel Pipe	1036-4(A)

Use galvanized corrugated steel pipe with a zinc coating weight of 2 oz/sf (G200) for pile sleeves. Provide Type 2 geotextile for filtration and separation geotextiles. Use Class A concrete for CIP coping, leveling concrete and pads. Use galvanized steel pipe, threaded rods and nuts for the PET geogrid reinforcement vertical obstruction detail. Provide galvanized Grade 36 anchor rods and Grade A hex nuts that meet AASHTO M 314 for threaded rods and nuts.

Use panels and SRW units from producers approved by the Department and licensed by the MSE Wall Vendor. Provide steel strip connectors embedded in panels fabricated from structural steel that meets the requirements for steel strip reinforcement. Unless required otherwise in the contract, produce panels with a smooth flat final finish that meets Article 1077-11 of the *Standard Specifications*. Accurately locate and secure reinforcement connectors in panels and maintain required concrete cover. Produce panels within 1/4" of the panel dimensions shown in the accepted submittals.

Damaged panels or SRW units with excessive discoloration, chips or cracks as determined by the Engineer will be rejected. Do not damage reinforcement connection devices or mechanisms in handling or storing panels and SRW units.

Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Handle and store geotextiles and geogrids in accordance with Article 1056-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Load, transport, unload and store MSE wall materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

#### A. Aggregate

Use standard size No. 57, 57M, 67 or 78M that meets Table 1005-1 of the *Standard Specifications* for coarse aggregate and the following for fine aggregate:

1. Standard size No. 1S, 2S, 2MS or 4S that meets Table 1005-2 of the *Standard Specifications* or

2. Gradation that meets Class III, Type 3 select material in accordance with Article 1016-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Fine aggregate is exempt from mortar strength in Subarticle 1014-1(E) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use fine aggregate with a maximum organic content of 1.0%. Provide aggregate with electrochemical properties that meet the following requirements:

AGGREGATE pH REQUIREMENTS			
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)  Reinforcement or Connector Material pH			
Coarse or Fine Steel 5 –		5 – 10	
Coarse or Fine PET 5		5 – 8	
Coarse or Fine	Polyolefin (HDPE or Polypropylene) 4.5 – 9		

AGGREGATE CHEMICAL REQUIREMENTS (Steel Reinforcement/Connector Materials Only)				
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone) Resistivity Chlorides Sulfates				
Coarse	$\geq$ 5,000 $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$	< 100 < 200		
Fine	$\geq$ 3,000 $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$	$\leq 100 \text{ ppm}$ $\leq 200 \text{ pp}$		

Use aggregate from sources participating in the Department's Aggregate QC/QA Program as described in Section 1006 of the *Standard Specifications*. Sample and test aggregate in accordance with the *Mechanically Stabilized Earth Wall Aggregate Sampling and Testing Procedures*. Electrochemical testing is only required for coarse aggregate from sources in the Coastal Plain as defined by Subarticle 1018-2(B)(1).

#### B. Reinforcement

Provide steel or geosynthetic reinforcement supplied by the MSE Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. Use reinforcement approved for the chosen MSE wall system. The list of approved reinforcement for each MSE wall system is available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision.

#### 1. Steel Reinforcement

Provide Type 1 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications* for steel reinforcement. Use welded wire grid reinforcement ("mesh", "mats" and "ladders") that meet Article 1070-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and steel strip reinforcement ("straps") that meet ASTM A572, A1011 or A463. Use 10 gauge or heavier structural steel Grade 50 or higher for steel strip reinforcement. Galvanize steel reinforcement in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications* or provide aluminized steel strip reinforcement that meet ASTM A463, Type 2-100.

#### 2. Geosynthetic Reinforcement

Use HDPE or PP geogrid for geogrid reinforcement connected to backwalls of end bent caps. Use PET or HDPE geogrid for geogrid reinforcement connected to SRW units and only HDPE geogrid for geogrid reinforcement connected to panels.

Define machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) for geogrids per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Provide Type 1 material certifications and identify geogrid reinforcement in accordance with Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Provide extruded geogrids manufactured from punched and drawn polypropylene sheets for PP geogrids that meet the following:

PP GEOGRID REQUIREMENTS			
Property	Requirement <sup>1</sup>	<b>Test Method</b>	
Aperture Dimensions <sup>2</sup>	1" x 1.2"	N/A	
Minimum Rib Thickness <sup>2</sup>	0.07" x 0.07"	N/A	
Tensile Strength @ 2% Strain <sup>2</sup>	580 lb/ft x 690 lb/ft	ACTM D6627	
Tensile Strength @ 5% Strain <sup>2</sup>	1,200 lb/ft x 1,370 lb/ft	ASTM D6637, Method A	
Ultimate Tensile Strength <sup>2</sup>	1,850 lb/ft x 2,050 lb/ft	Memou A	
Junction Efficiency <sup>3</sup>	93%	ASTM D7737	
(MD)	9370	ASTM D//3/	
Flexural Rigidity <sup>4</sup>	2,000,000 mg-cm	ASTM D7748	
Aperture Stability Modulus <sup>5</sup>	0.55 lb-ft/degrees	ASTM D7864	
UV Stability	100%	ASTM D4355	
(Retained Strength)	(after 500 hr of exposure)	ASTWI D4333	

- **1.** MARV per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications* except dimensions and thickness are nominal.
- **2.** Requirement for MD x CD.
- 3. Junction Efficiency (%) = (Average Junction Strength ( $X_{jave}$ ) / Ultimate Tensile Strength in the MD from ASTM D6637, Method A) × 100.
- **4.** Test specimens two ribs wide, with transverse ribs cut flush with exterior edges of longitudinal ribs, and sufficiently long to enable measurement of the overhang dimension.
- **5.** Applied moment of 17.7 lb–inch (torque increment).

#### C. Bearing Pads

For MSE panel walls, use bearing pads that meet Section 3.6.1.a of the FHWA Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes – Volume I (Publication No. FHWA-NHI-10-024) except durometer hardness for rubber pads may be 60 or  $80 \pm 5$  and density testing for HDPE pads may be in accordance with ASTM D1505 or D792. Provide bearing pads with thicknesses that meet the following:

BEARING PAD THICKNESS			
Facing Area per Panel Minimum Pad Thickness After Compression			
(A) (based on 2 times panel weight above pads)			

A ≤ 30 sf	1/2"
$30 \text{ sf} < A \le 75 \text{ sf}$	3/4"

#### D. Miscellaneous Components

Miscellaneous components may include connectors (e.g., anchors, bars, clamps, pins, plates, ties, etc.), fasteners (e.g., bolts, nuts, washers, etc.) and any other MSE wall components not included above. Galvanize steel components in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications*. Provide miscellaneous components approved for the chosen MSE wall system. The list of approved miscellaneous components for each MSE wall system is available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision.

#### 3.0 PRECONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

#### A. MSE Wall Surveys

The Retaining Wall Plans show a plan view, typical sections, details, notes and an elevation or profile view (wall envelope) for each MSE wall. Before beginning MSE wall design, survey existing ground elevations shown in the plans and other elevations in the vicinity of MSE wall locations as needed. For proposed slopes above or below MSE walls, survey existing ground elevations to at least 10 ft beyond slope stake points. Based on these elevations, finished grades and actual MSE wall dimensions and details, submit revised wall envelopes for acceptance. Use accepted wall envelopes for design.

#### B. MSE Wall Designs

For MSE wall designs, submit PDF files of working drawings and design calculations at least 30 days before the preconstruction meeting. Note name and NCDOT ID number of the panel or SRW unit production facility on working drawings. Do not begin MSE wall construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Use a prequalified MSE Segmental Wall Design Consultant to design MSE segmental walls. Provide MSE segmental wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer approved as a Geotechnical Engineer (key person) for the MSE Segmental Wall Design Consultant. Provide MSE panel wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina and employed or contracted by the MSE Wall Vendor.

Design MSE walls in accordance with the plans, AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications and any NCDOT restrictions for the chosen MSE wall system unless otherwise required. Design MSE walls for seismic if walls are located in seismic zone 2 based on Figure 2-1 of the Structure Design Manual. Connect reinforcement to panels or SRW units with methods or devices approved for the chosen system. Use a uniform reinforcement length throughout the wall height of at least 0.7H with H as shown in the plans or 6 ft, whichever is longer, unless noted otherwise in the plans. Extend the reinforced zone at least 6" beyond end of reinforcement. Do not locate

drains, the reinforced zone or leveling pads outside right-of-way or easement limits.

Use the simplified method for determining maximum reinforcement loads and design parameters approved for the chosen MSE wall system or default values in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. Design steel components including reinforcement and connectors for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. If an MSE wall system with geogrid reinforcement includes any steel parts for obstructions, bin walls, connections or other components, design steel exposed to aggregate for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. Use "loss of galvanizing" metal loss rates for nonaggressive backfill in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications for galvanized and aluminized steel and metal loss rates for carbon steel in accordance with the following:

CARBON STEEL CORROSION RATES			
Aggregate Type Carbon Steel Loss Rate (in reinforced zone) Carbon Steel Loss Rate			
Coarse	0.47 mil/year		
Fine (except abutment walls)	0.58 mil/year		
Fine (abutment walls)	0.70 mil/year		

For PET or HDPE geogrid reinforcement and geosynthetic connectors, use approved geosynthetic properties for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. For geogrid reinforcement connected to end bent caps, embed geosynthetic reinforcement or connectors in caps as shown in the plans. For PP geogrid reinforcement connected to end bent caps, use the following design parameters for the aggregate type in the reinforced approach fill.

PP GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT DESIGN PARAMETERS						
$\begin{array}{c cccc} Aggregate \ Type & T_{al} & F^* & \alpha & \rho \\ (in \ reinforced \ zone) & (MD) & & & \end{array}$						
Coarse	400 lb/ft	0.70	0.8	32.0°		
Fine	428 lb/ft	0.54	0.8	28.35°		

#### Where,

 $T_{al}$  = long-term design strength (LTDS),

F\* = pullout resistance factor.

 $\alpha$  = scale effect correction factor and

 $\rho$  = soil-geogrid friction angle.

When noted in the plans, design MSE walls for a live load (traffic) surcharge of 250 psf in accordance with Figure C11.5.6-3(b) of the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For steel beam guardrail with 8 ft posts or concrete barrier rail above MSE walls, analyze top 2 reinforcement layers for traffic impact loads in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual shown elsewhere in this provision except use the following for geosynthetic reinforcement rupture:

$$\phi T_{al} R_c \ge T_{max} + (T_I / RF_{CR})$$

Where,

φ = resistance factor for tensile resistance in accordance with Section 7.2.1 of the FHWA MSE wall manual,

T<sub>al</sub> = long-term geosynthetic design strength approved for chosen MSE wall system,

R<sub>c</sub> = reinforcement coverage ratio = 1 for continuous geosynthetic reinforcement,

T<sub>max</sub> = factored static load in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual,

T<sub>I</sub> = factored impact load in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual and

RF<sub>CR</sub> = creep reduction factor approved for chosen MSE wall system.

When shown in the plans for abutment walls, use pile sleeves to segregate piles from aggregate in the reinforced zone. If existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail, fence or handrail posts, moment slabs, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement, maintain a clearance of at least 3" between obstructions and reinforcement unless otherwise approved. Design reinforcement for obstructions and locate reinforcement layers so all of reinforcement length is within 3" of corresponding connection elevations. Modify PET geogrid reinforcement for obstructions as shown in the plans.

Use 6" thick CIP unreinforced concrete leveling pads beneath panels and SRW units that are continuous at steps and extend at least 6" in front of and behind bottom row of panels or SRW units. Unless required otherwise in the plans, embed top of leveling pads in accordance with the following requirements:

EMBEDMENT REQUIREMENTS				
Front Slope <sup>1</sup> Minimum Embedment Depth <sup>2</sup> (H:V) (whichever is greater)				
6:1 or flatter (except abutment walls)	H/20	1 ft for $H \le 10$ ft 2 ft for $H > 10$ ft		
6:1 or flatter (abutment walls)	H/10	2 ft		
> 6:1 to < 3:1	H/10	2 ft		
3:1 to 2:1	H/7	2 ft		

- 1. Front slope is as shown in the plans.
- 2. Define "H" as the maximum design height plus embedment per wall with the design height and embedment as shown in the plans.

When noted in the plans, locate a continuous aggregate shoulder drain along the base of the reinforced zone behind the aggregate. Provide wall drainage systems consisting of drains and outlet components in accordance with Roadway Standard Drawing No. 816.02.

For MSE panel walls, cover joints at back of panels with filtration geotextiles at least 12" wide. If the approval of the chosen MSE wall system does not require a minimum

NUMBER OF BEARING PADS		
Facing Area per Panel (A)	Maximum Wall Height Above Horizontal Panel Joint	Minimum Number of Pads per Horizontal Panel Joint
$A \le 30 \text{ sf}$	25 ft	2
$A \leq 50 \text{ SI}$	35 ft <sup>1</sup>	3
20 af < A < 75 af	25 ft	3
$30 \text{ sf} < A \le 75 \text{ sf}$	35 ft <sup>1</sup>	4

1. Additional bearing pads per horizontal panel joint may be required for wall heights above joints greater than 35 ft.

For MSE segmental walls, coarse aggregate is required in any SRW unit core spaces and between and behind SRW units for a horizontal distance of at least 18". Separation geotextiles are required between the aggregate and overlying fill or pavement sections except when concrete pavement, full depth asphalt or cement treated base is placed directly on aggregate. When noted in the plans, separation geotextiles are also required at the back of the reinforced zone between the aggregate and backfill or natural ground. Unless required otherwise in the plans, use reinforced concrete coping at top of walls that meets the following requirements:

- 1. Coping dimensions as shown in the plans,
- 2. At the Contractor's option, coping that is precast or CIP concrete for MSE panel walls unless CIP coping is required as shown in the plans,
- 3. CIP concrete coping for MSE segmental walls and
- 4. At the Contractor's option and when shown in the plans, CIP concrete coping that extends down back of panels or SRW units or connects to panels or SRW units with dowels.

For MSE segmental walls with dowels, attach dowels to top courses of SRW units in accordance with the following:

- 1. Set dowels in core spaces of SRW units filled with grout instead of coarse aggregate or
- 2. Embed adhesively anchored dowels in holes of solid SRW units with epoxy.

For MSE panel walls with coping, connect CIP concrete coping or leveling concrete for precast concrete coping to top row of panels with dowels cast into panels. When concrete barrier rail is required above MSE walls, use concrete barrier rail with moment slab as shown in the plans.

Submit working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Submit working drawings showing plan views, wall profiles with foundation pressures, typical sections with reinforcement and

connection details, aggregate locations and types, geotextile locations and details of leveling pads, panels or SRW units, coping, bin walls, slip joints, pile sleeves, etc. If necessary, include details on working drawings for concrete barrier rail with moment slab, reinforcement splices if allowed for the chosen MSE wall system, reinforcement connected to end bent caps, curved MSE walls with tight (short) radii and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with reinforcement, leveling pads, barriers or moment slabs. Submit design calculations for each wall section with different surcharge loads, geometry or material parameters. At least one analysis is required for each wall section with different reinforcement lengths. When designing MSE walls with computer software other than MSEW, use MSEW, version 3.0 with update 14.96 or later, manufactured by ADAMA Engineering, Inc. to verify the design. At least one MSEW analysis is required per 100 ft of wall length with at least one analysis for the wall section with the longest reinforcement. Submit electronic MSEW input files and PDF output files with design calculations.

#### C. Preconstruction Meeting

Before starting MSE wall construction, hold a preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction and inspection of the MSE walls. If this meeting occurs before all MSE wall submittals have been accepted, additional preconstruction meetings may be required before beginning construction of MSE walls without accepted submittals. The Resident or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Area Construction Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and MSE Wall Installer Superintendent will attend preconstruction meetings.

#### 4.0 CORROSION MONITORING

Corrosion monitoring is required for MSE walls with steel reinforcement. The Engineer will determine the number of monitoring locations and where to install the instrumentation. Contact M&T before beginning wall construction. M&T will provide the corrosion monitoring instrumentation kits and if necessary, assistance with installation.

#### 5.0 SITE ASSISTANCE

Unless otherwise approved, an MSE Wall Vendor representative is required to assist and guide the MSE Wall Installer on-site for at least 8 hours when the first panels or SRW units and reinforcement layer are placed. If problems are encountered during construction, the Engineer may require the vendor representative to return to the site for a time period determined by the Engineer.

#### **6.0** Construction Methods

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of MSE walls. Direct run off away from MSE walls, aggregate and backfill. Contain and maintain aggregate and backfill and protect material from erosion.

Excavate as necessary for MSE walls in accordance with the accepted submittals. If applicable and at the Contractor's option, use temporary shoring for wall construction

instead of temporary slopes to construct MSE walls. Define "temporary shoring for wall construction" as temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience.

Unless required otherwise in the plans, install foundations and if required, pile sleeves located in the reinforced zone before placing aggregate or reinforcement. Brace piles in the reinforced zone to maintain alignment when placing and compacting aggregate. Secure piles together with steel members near top of piles. Clamp members to piles instead of welding if bracing is at or below pile cut-off elevations.

Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place leveling pad concrete, aggregate or reinforcement until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct CIP concrete leveling pads at elevations and with dimensions shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Cure leveling pads at least 24 hours before placing panels or SRW units.

Erect and support panels and stack SRW units so the final wall position is as shown in the accepted submittals. Stagger SRW units to create a running bond by centering SRW units over joints in the row below as shown in the accepted submittals. Space bearing pads in horizontal panel joints as shown in the accepted submittals and cover all panel joints with filtration geotextiles as shown in the accepted submittals. Attach filtration geotextiles to back of panels with adhesives, tapes or other approved methods.

Construct MSE walls with the following tolerances:

- A. SRW units are level from front to back and between units when checked with a 4 ft long level,
- B. Vertical joint widths are 1/4" maximum for SRW units and 3/4",  $\pm 1/4$ " for panels,
- C. Final wall face is within 3/4" of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals when measured along a 10 ft straightedge and
- D. Final wall plumbness (batter) is not negative (wall face leaning forward) and within 0.5° of vertical unless otherwise approved.

Place reinforcement at locations and elevations shown in the accepted submittals and within 3" of corresponding connection elevations. Install reinforcement with the direction shown in the accepted submittals. Before placing aggregate, pull geogrid reinforcement taut so it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Reinforcement may be spliced once per reinforcement length if shown in the accepted submittals. Use reinforcement pieces at least 6 ft long. Contact the Engineer when unanticipated existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail, fence or handrail posts, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement. To avoid obstructions, deflect, skew or modify reinforcement as shown in the accepted submittals.

Place aggregate in the reinforced zone in 8" to 10" thick lifts. Compact fine aggregate in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use only hand

operated compaction equipment to compact aggregate within 3 ft of panels or SRW units. At a distance greater than 3 ft, compact aggregate with at least 4 passes of an 8 ton to 10 ton vibratory roller in a direction parallel to the wall face. Smooth wheeled or rubber tired rollers are also acceptable for compacting aggregate. Do not use sheepsfoot, grid rollers or other types of compaction equipment with feet. Do not displace or damage reinforcement when placing and compacting aggregate. End dumping directly on geogrids is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on reinforcement until it is covered with at least 8" of aggregate. Replace any damaged reinforcement to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Backfill for MSE walls outside the reinforced zone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *Standard Specifications*. If a drain is required, install wall drainage systems as shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 816 of the *Standard Specifications*. If pile sleeves are required, fill sleeves with loose uncompacted sand before constructing end bent caps.

Install dowels as necessary for SRW units and place and construct coping and leveling concrete as shown in the accepted submittals. Construct leveling concrete in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Construct CIP concrete coping in accordance with Subarticle 452-4(B) of the *Standard Specifications*. When single faced precast concrete barrier is required in front of and against MSE walls, stop coping just above barrier so coping does not interfere with placing barrier up against wall faces. If the gap between a single faced barrier and wall face is wider than 2", fill gap with Class V select material (standard size No. 78M stone). Otherwise, fill gap with backer rod and seal joint between barrier and MSE wall with silicone sealant.

When separation geotextiles are required, overlap adjacent geotextiles at least 18" and hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed. Seal joints above and behind MSE walls between coping and concrete slope protection with silicone sealant.

#### 7.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_ will be measured and paid in square feet. MSE walls will be measured as the square feet of wall face area with the pay height equal to the difference between top of wall and top of leveling pad elevations. Define "top of wall" as top of coping or top of panels or SRW units for MSE walls without coping.

The contract unit price for MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_\_ will be full compensation for providing designs, submittals, labor, tools, equipment and MSE wall materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials and supplying site assistance, leveling pads, panels, SRW units, reinforcement, aggregate, wall drainage systems, geotextiles, bearing pads, coping, miscellaneous components and any incidentals necessary to construct MSE walls. The contract unit price for MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_ will also be full compensation for reinforcement and connector design for reinforcement connected to end bent caps, wall modifications for obstructions, pile sleeves filled with sand, joints sealed with silicone sealant and gaps between barriers and MSE walls filled with backer rod or No. 78M stone, if required.

No separate payment will be made for temporary shoring for wall construction. Temporary shoring for wall construction will be incidental to the contract unit price for MSE Retaining Wall No. .

The contract unit price for MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_\_ does not include the cost for ditches, fences, handrails, barrier or guardrail associated with MSE walls as these items will be paid for elsewhere in the contract. The contract unit price for MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_ also does not include the cost for constructing bridge approach fills behind end bents with MSE abutment walls. See Bridge Approach Fills provision for measurement and payment of Type III Reinforced Bridge Approach Fills.

Where it is necessary to provide backfill material behind the reinforced zone from sources other than excavated areas or borrow sources used in connection with other work in the contract, payment for furnishing and hauling such backfill material will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Placing and compacting such backfill material is not considered extra work but is incidental to the work being performed.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** 

MSE Retaining Wall No.

**Pay Unit**Square Foot



Scott A. Hidden
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12/5/2019

#### **STANDARD SHORING:**

(1-16-18)

#### **Description**

Standard shoring includes standard temporary shoring and standard temporary mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) walls. At the Contractor's option, use standard shoring as noted in the plans or as directed. When using standard shoring, a temporary shoring design submittal is not required. Construct standard shoring based on actual elevations and shoring dimensions in accordance with the contract and Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01 or 1801.02.

Define "standard temporary shoring" as cantilever shoring that meets the standard temporary shoring detail (Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01). Define "standard temporary wall" as a temporary MSE wall with geotextile or geogrid reinforcement that meets the standard temporary wall detail (Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02). Define "standard temporary geotextile wall" as a standard temporary wall with geotextile reinforcement and "standard temporary geogrid wall" as a standard temporary wall with geogrid reinforcement.

Provide positive protection for standard shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. See *Temporary Shoring* provision for positive protection types and definitions.

#### **Materials**

Refer to the Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Concrete Barrier Materials	1170-2
Flowable Fill, Excavatable	1000-6
Geosynthetics	1056
Neat Cement Grout, Type 1	1003
Portland Cement Concrete, Class A	1000
Select Materials	1016
Steel Beam Guardrail Materials	862-2
Steel Sheet Piles and H-Piles	1084
Untreated Timber	1082-2
Welded Wire Reinforcement	1070-3

Provide Type 6 material certifications for shoring materials. Use Class IV select material for temporary guardrail. Use Class A concrete that meets Article 450-2 of the *Standard Specifications* or grout for drilled-in piles.

Based on actual shoring height, positive protection, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case and traffic impact at each standard temporary shoring location, use sheet piles with the minimum required section modulus or H-piles with the sizes shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01. Use untreated timber with a thickness of at least 3" and a bending stress of at least 1,000 psi for timber lagging.

## (A) Shoring Backfill

Use Class II, Type 1, Class III, Class V or Class VI select material or material that meets AASHTO M 145 for soil classification A-2-4 with a maximum PI of 6 for shoring backfill except do not use the following:

(1) A-2-4 soil for backfill around culverts,

- (2) A-2-4 soil in the reinforced zone of standard temporary walls with a back slope and
- (3) Class VI select material in the reinforced zone of standard temporary geotextile walls.

#### (B) Standard Temporary Walls

Use welded wire reinforcement for welded wire facing, struts and wires with the dimensions and minimum wire sizes shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02. Provide Type 2 geotextile for separation and retention geotextiles. Do not use more than 4 different reinforcement strengths for each standard temporary wall.

#### (1) Geotextile Reinforcement

Provide Type 5 geotextile for geotextile reinforcement with a mass per unit area of at least 8 oz/sy in accordance with ASTM D5261. Based on actual wall height, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case and shoring backfill to be used in the reinforced zone at each standard temporary geotextile wall location, provide geotextiles with ultimate tensile strengths as shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02.

# (2) Geogrid Reinforcement

Use geogrids with a roll width of at least 4 ft and an "approved" or "approved for provisional use" status code. The list of approved geogrids is available from: <a href="mailto:connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Materials/Pages/Materials-Manual-by-Material.aspx">connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Materials/Pages/Materials-Manual-by-Material.aspx</a>

Based on actual wall height, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case and shoring backfill to be used in the reinforced zone at each standard temporary geogrid wall location, provide geogrids for geogrid reinforcement with short-term design strengths as shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02. Geogrids are typically approved for ultimate tensile strengths in the machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) or short-term design strengths for a 3-year design life in the MD based on material type. Define material type from the website above for shoring backfill as follows:

Material Type	Shoring Backfill
Borrow	A-2-4 Soil
Fine Aggregate	Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material
Coarse Aggregate	Class V or VI Select Material

If the website does not list a short-term design strength for an approved geogrid, use a short-term design strength equal to the ultimate tensile strength divided by 3.5 for the geogrid reinforcement.

#### **Preconstruction Requirements**

#### (A) Concrete Barrier

Define "clear distance" behind concrete barrier as the horizontal distance between the barrier and edge of pavement. The minimum required clear distance for concrete barrier is shown in the plans. At the Contractor's option or if the minimum required clear

distance is not available, set concrete barrier next to and up against traffic side of standard shoring except for barrier above standard temporary walls. Concrete barrier with the minimum required clear distance is required above standard temporary walls.

#### (B) Temporary Guardrail

Define "clear distance" behind temporary guardrail as the horizontal distance between guardrail posts and standard shoring. At the Contractor's option or if clear distance for standard temporary shoring is less than 4 ft, attach guardrail to traffic side of shoring as shown in the plans. Place ABC in clear distance and around guardrail posts instead of pavement. Do not use temporary guardrail above standard temporary walls.

#### (C) Standard Shoring Selection Forms

Before beginning standard shoring construction, survey existing ground elevations in the vicinity of standard shoring locations to determine actual shoring or wall heights (H). Submit a standard shoring selection form for each location at least 7 days before starting standard shoring construction. Standard shoring selection forms are available from: connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech Forms Details.aspx

#### **Construction Methods**

Construct standard shoring in accordance with the *Temporary Shoring* provision.

#### (A) Standard Temporary Shoring Installation

Based on actual shoring height, positive protection, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case and traffic impact at each standard temporary shoring location, install piles with the minimum required embedment and extension for each shoring section in accordance with Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01. For concrete barrier above and next to standard temporary shoring and temporary guardrail above and attached to standard temporary shoring, use "surcharge case with traffic impact" in accordance with Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01. Otherwise, use "slope or surcharge case with no traffic impact" in accordance with Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.01. If refusal is reached before driven piles attain the minimum required embedment, use drilled-in H-piles with timber lagging for standard temporary shoring.

#### (B) Standard Temporary Walls Installation

Based on actual wall height, groundwater elevation, slope or surcharge case, geotextile or geogrid reinforcement and shoring backfill in the reinforced zone at each standard temporary wall location, construct walls with the minimum required reinforcement length and number of reinforcement layers for each wall section in accordance with Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02. For standard temporary walls with pile foundations in the reinforced zone, drive piles through reinforcement after constructing temporary walls.

For standard temporary walls with interior angles less than 90°, wrap geosynthetics at acute corners as directed by the Engineer. Place geosynthetics as shown in Geotechnical Standard Detail No. 1801.02. Place separation geotextiles between shoring backfill and backfill, natural ground or culverts along the sides of the reinforced zone perpendicular to the wall face. For Class V or VI select material in the reinforced zone, place separation geotextiles between shoring backfill and backfill or natural ground on top of and at the

back of the reinforced zone.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Standard shoring will be measured and paid in accordance with the *Temporary Shoring* provision.



#### **GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STABILIZATION:**

(5-15-18)

#### **Description**

Supply and install geotextile for pavement stabilization in accordance with the contract. Geotextile for pavement stabilization may be required above chemically stabilized subgrades or below Class IV subgrade stabilization to prevent pavement cracking at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Define "subbase" as the portion of the roadbed below the Class IV subgrade stabilization.

#### **Materials**

Refer to Division 10 of the Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Geotextiles	1056
Select Material, Class IV	1016

Use Class IV select material for Class IV subgrade stabilization. Provide Type 5 geotextile for geotextile for pavement stabilization that meets the following tensile strength requirements in the machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD):

GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS		
Tensile Strength	Requirement (MARV <sup>A</sup> )	Test Method
Tensile Strength @ 5% Strain (MD & CD <sup>A</sup> )	1,900 lb/ft	ASTM D4595
Ultimate Tensile Strength (MD & CD <sup>A</sup> )	4,800 lb/ft	ASTM D4595

**A.** MD, CD and MARV per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Construction Methods**

Geotextile for pavement stabilization may be required at locations shown in the plans and other locations as directed. For locations with ABC on chemically stabilized subgrades, use of geotextile for pavement stabilization will be based on sampling and testing for chemical stabilization. For all other locations, notify the Engineer when the embankment is completed to within 2 ft of subgrade elevation and allow 3 days for the Engineer to determine if geotextile for pavement stabilization is required.

Before placing geotextile for pavement stabilization below Class IV subgrade stabilization, proof roll subbases in accordance with Section 260 of the *Standard Specifications*. Place geotextile for pavement stabilization above chemically stabilized subgrades or below Class IV subgrade stabilization as shown in the plans. Pull geotextiles taut so they are in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Install geotextile for pavement stabilization perpendicular to the survey or lane line in the MD and adjacent to each other in the CD as shown in the plans. Continuous geotextiles are required in the MD, i.e., do not splice or overlap geotextiles so seams are parallel to the survey or lane line. Completely cover stabilized subgrades or subbases with geotextile for pavement stabilization. Overlapping geotextiles in the CD is permitted but not required. Overlap geotextiles in the direction that aggregate will be placed to prevent lifting the edge of the top geotextile. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed.

Do not damage geotextile for pavement stabilization when placing ABC or Class IV subgrade stabilization. Place and compact ABC in accordance with the contract and *Standard* 

*Specifications*. Place, compact and maintain Class IV subgrade stabilization in accordance with Article 505-3 of the *Standard Specifications* for a Type 2 aggregate subgrade. Do not operate heavy equipment on geotextiles any more than necessary to construct base courses or subgrades. Replace any damaged geotextiles to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization will be measured and paid in square yards. Geotextiles will be measured along subgrades or subbases as the square yards of exposed geotextiles installed before placing ABC or Class IV subgrade stabilization. No measurement will be made for overlapping geotextiles. The contract unit price for Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization will be full compensation for providing, transporting and installing geotextiles, wire staples and anchor pins.

*Class IV Subgrade Stabilization* will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 505-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. No measurement will be made for any undercut excavation of fill materials from subbases.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item**Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization

Pay Unit Square Yard



# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS GEOENVIRONMENTAL

# <u>DEEP BROWNFIELDS SOIL, CONTAMINATED GROUNDWATER, STOCKPILING, AND CONTAMINATED SOIL (3/6/2020)</u>

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that soil and/or groundwater contaminated with volatile organic compounds are documented to exist and/or petroleum contaminated soil and groundwater may exist within the project area. The Contractor will abide by the Environmental Management Plan as approved by North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) for work conducted on the Brownfields property that is located in the project area. Within the Brownfields property, soil excavated from depths in excess of 15 feet (referred to as Deep Brownfields Soil), and any groundwater encountered, requires special handling, whether contaminated or not.

The Contractor shall only excavate those soils that the Engineer designates necessary to complete a particular task. Contaminated soil not required to be excavated is to remain in place and undisturbed. Undisturbed soil shall remain in place, whether contaminated or not. The Contractor shall stop work and notify the Department's GeoEnvironmental Section if unusual odor or soil staining is discovered in areas not previously identified on the plans.

Workers in areas of concern with contaminated groundwater and/or soil are required to be trained in the OSHA 29 CFR General Industry Standards and the OSHA 29 CFR 1926 Construction Standards that are applicable to the work being performed. Training topics that must be considered to ensure worker protection include, but are not limited to, hazard communication, personal protective equipment, respiratory protection, excavations, confined spaces in construction, and site-specific safety and health hazards.

The Contractor shall develop a Health and Safety Plan and a Hazard Communication Plan in accordance with OSHA 29 Code of Federal Regulations and any other applicable Federal, State, or local regulations with regards to the known contaminated groundwater and soil. These plans shall be reviewed by the Engineer and Safety Engineer prior to any work being performed on the project. The Contractor is responsible for appropriate engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment for their employees and subcontractors.

Information relating to these contaminated areas, sample locations, and investigation reports are available at the following web address by navigating to the correct letting year and month then selecting, "Plans and Proposals", "Guilford R-4707", "Individual Sheets/520 GeoEnvironmental":

## http://dotw-xfer01.dot.state.nc.us/dsplan/

#### **DEEP BROWNFIELDS SOIL**

The Contractor will abide by the Environmental Management Plan as approved by DEQ for the Brownfields Property, in which contaminated groundwater and impacted soil underlie portions of the right of way in Parcels 13, 14 and 15. The Environmental Management Plan specifies handling requirements for soils excavated from depths in excess of 15 feet from the existing ground surface. This Deep Brownfields Soil will be encountered approximately between -Y- Stations 49+50 and

52+50 and -Y2- Stations 13+00 and 19+50. *Removal and Hauling of Deep Brownfields Soil* shall be performed by the Contractor in areas within the Brownfields Property as indicated on corresponding plan sheets and cross sections.

Refer to the Environmental Management Plan that describes options for final destinations for Deep Brownfields Soil that must be removed from the Right of Way, such as (1) transport and disposal to an off-site permitted facility, vs., (2) emplacement as beneficial fill on the Brownfields property, with the consent of the property owner and DEQ. For waste profiling and disposal, the permitted facility may require sampling additional to that already documented in the Phase II investigation. The Department's specialty consultant shall be responsible for sampling and laboratory analysis to fulfill requirements of the permitted facility. The Environmental Management Plan also describes that any soil that is imported into the Brownfields Property must be pre-approved by DEQ and may, or may not, require sampling and laboratory analyses, such that: (1) imported virgin fill material from a borrow source pre- approved by the Brownfields Program will not require sample data, vs. (2) fill material obtained from another off- site property, for which the Contractor must be develop, submit, and conduct a sampling plan with DEQ approval.

#### **CONTAMINATED GROUNDWATER**

Documented areas of contaminated groundwater are indicated on the plan sheets. If dewatering is required for construction in the vicinity of proposed structures to be installed within contaminated groundwater, then the Contractor shall utilize *Trench Dewatering* in lieu of well point dewatering.

The Contractor shall provide sufficient area for storage operation and maintenance in these areas for two storage tanks with an approximate footprint of 8.5'x 45' each. The storage tanks will require one (1) week to set up on each site. One tank is anticipated to be sufficient to receive the water from a single day of dewatering. The Contractor's dewatering shall be limited to 21,000 gallons per day for each storage tank. The second tank is anticipated to be used for holding previously accumulated water awaiting disposal. The storage tanks will be supplied by the Department. The Contractor shall provide the pump and piping to pump water from the site to the storage tanks. The Contractor shall be responsible for any leaks or line ruptures between the site and the storage tanks. The Department retains the right to halt the Contractor's dewatering activities at the site. The Department's specialty consultant shall be responsible for the sampling, treatment (if necessary), and disposal of the water. The Contractor shall provide the Department's specialty consultant a minimum two-week notice prior to beginning excavation/dewatering activities in either of the contaminated groundwater areas that require drainage structure installation (i.e., Parcels 7 and 14).

#### STOCKPILED SOIL

Soil excavation for installation of drainage piping within the documented groundwater plume in Parcel 7 (as shown on the plans) may extend below the groundwater table and soil excavated may be wet with impacted groundwater. The Engineer shall determine if soil is excavated from below the water table and direct the Contractor to stockpile only that soil. The Department's specialty consultant shall be responsible for sampling and laboratory analysis to determine if the material is contaminated. Material that is determined to be contaminated shall be disposed offsite by the Contractor at a permitted facility, i.e., *Hauling and Disposal of Contaminated Soil Stockpiles*. Material that is determined to be non-contaminated shall not be disposed offsite.

In the event that a stockpile is needed, *Stockpiled Soil* shall be placed within the property boundaries where the material originated, in a location approved by the Engineer and in accordance with the Diagram for Temporary Containment and Treatment of Petroleum-Contaminated Soil per DEQ Division of Waste Management UST Section GUIDELINES FOR EX SITU PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL REMEDIATION. If the volume of contaminated material exceeds available space on site, the Contractor shall obtain a permit from the DEQ UST Section's Regional Office for off-site temporary storage.

#### **CONTAMINATED SOIL**

Hauling and Disposal of Contaminated Soil Stockpiles to a facility licensed to accept contaminated soil shall be performed by the Contractor. The Department's specialty consultant shall be responsible for sampling and laboratory analysis as required by the permitted facility to determine if the soil is contaminated. Stockpiled soil that is not contaminated will not require disposal from Parcel 7.

#### PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL

Petroleum contaminated soil may be encountered during any earthwork activities on the project. The Engineer shall determine if soil is contaminated with petroleum by petroleum odors, and unusual soil staining. The Contractor shall transport all petroleum contaminated soil excavated from the project to a facility licensed to accept contaminated soil. The Contractor shall provide copies of disposal manifests completed per the disposal facilities requirements and weigh tickets to the Engineer for *Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil*.

In the event that a stockpile is needed, the stockpile shall be created within the property boundaries of the source material and in accordance with the Diagram for Temporary Containment and Treatment of Petroleum-Contaminated Soil per DEQ Division of Waste Management UST Section GUIDELINES FOR EX SITU PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL REMEDIATION. If the volume of contaminated material exceeds available space on site, the Contractor shall obtain a permit from the DEQ UST Section's Regional Office for off-site temporary storage.

#### MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The quantity of *Removal and Hauling of Deep Brownfields Soil* shall be the actual number of cubic yards of material, which has been acceptably transported.

The quantity of *Trench Dewatering* shall be the actual number of gallons of water which has been acceptably containerized.

The quantity of *Stockpiled Soil* shall be the actual number of cubic yards of material which has been acceptably stockpiled.

The quantity of *Hauling and Disposal of Contaminated Soil Stockpiles* shall be the actual number of tons of material, which has been acceptably, transported, and weighed with certified scales.

The quantity of *Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil* shall be the actual number of tons of material, which has been acceptably, transported, and weighed with certified scales.

The unit bid price for the pay items listed above shall be full compensation for the work listed in this special provision including, but not limited to materials, labor, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as required.

Payment shall be made under:

#### Pay Item

Removal and Hauling of Deep Brownfields Soil Trench Dewatering Stockpiled Soil Hauling and Disposal of Contaminated Soil Stockpiles Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil

# Pay Unit

Cubic Yard
Gallons
Cubic Yard
Ton
Ton



#### SPECIAL SEALED DRAINAGE SYSTEM

(12/18/2020)

A Special Sealed Drainage System has been designated on the plans as "Sealed" and in the Drainage Summary Sheet as "Sealed Pipe System". Most of the special sealed drainage system passes through areas of documented groundwater contamination and with invert elevations potentially below the groundwater table. The work covered by the Special Sealed Drainage System provision consists of constructing a special sealed system of underground storm drainage pipes and structures. The extents of the Special Sealed Drainage System shall be adhered to as shown on the plans and drainage summary sheets, or as directed by the Engineer.

No underdrains will be allowed for any reason within the extents of the Special Sealed Drainage System, as referenced above.

#### **Materials**

Ductile Iron Pipe shall be Type 3, Pressure Classes 150, 200, &250 (as shown on the Drainage Summary Sheets) and shall conform to ANSI A21.51-17 (AWWA C151), Grade 60-42-10 for ductile iron pipe centrifugally cast in metal molds or sand lined molds. All ductile iron pipe shall conform to ANSI A21.50 (AWWA C150) for thickness design and shall be supplied in 18- or 20-foot nominal lengths, unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings. Fittings and specials shall be cast iron or ductile iron, conforming to the requirements of ANSI A21.10 (AWWA C110) and shall have a minimum rated working pressure of 250 psi, and minimum iron strength of 30,000 psi. Joints shall be a push on type conforming to ANSI A21.11 (AWWA C111), unless otherwise specified or shown on the Drawings.

Drainage Structures shall be precast concrete conforming to ASTM C478. Joints between sections shall conform to ASTM C443 and shall be sealed with O-Ring gaskets. O-Ring gaskets shall be made of material resistant to the contaminants identified in the Phase 2 investigation and shall be approved for use with precast drainage structure sections.

Connection of pipe to drainage structure shall be by a flexible, resilient connector conforming to ASTM C923. The drainage structure to pipe connector shall be made of material resistant to the contaminants identified in the Phase 2 investigation.

Non shrink cement grout shall be used in precast drainage structures per the requirements of Article 1040-9 of the *Standard Specifications*.

The contractor shall provide Anti-Seep Collars of excavatable flowable fill with a minimum Compressive strength of 35 PSI in locations shown on the plans as indicated in the Anti-Seep Collar detail in the plans.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer catalog cuts and/or shop drawings for materials proposed to be used on the project. Allow 40 days for the review of each submittal.

Materials which have not been approved shall not be delivered to the project. Eight (8) copies of each catalog cut and/or drawing shall be submitted and each shall show the material description,

brand name, stock number, size, rating, manufacturing specification and the use for which it is intended.

The Engineer shall approve all backfill material.

#### **Construction Methods**

Installation of the sealed drainage system pipe and drainage structures shall meet the requirements of Section 300 and Section 1505 of the *Standard Specifications*.

All materials shall be carefully examined for defects before placing, and any defective materials shall be replaced. As the work progresses, the interior of the pipe shall be cleared of all foreign materials. Obtain approval by the Engineer prior to any cleaning or flushing activities. Any pipeline or drainage structure that contains silt, sedimentation, or other foreign material shall be flushed or otherwise cleaned out of the line and drainage structures. If it is determined by the Engineer to be contaminated, the material shall be handled and disposed of in a manner approved of by the Engineer.

Trenches shall be kept free from water until backfilled and pipe shall not be laid when the condition of the trench or the weather is unsuitable for such work. Handling of contaminated groundwater removed from the excavation and handling of excavated contaminated soil, including any soil that is excavated from below the groundwater table within an area indicated to have groundwater contamination, shall be governed by Special Provision GV-1.

Gasket joints for pipe and drainage structures shall be installed in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer.

#### **Sealed Drainage System Testing**

The sealed drainage system shall be tested in accordance with Article 1520-3 of the *Standard Specifications* for Gravity Sanitary Sewer. Both infiltration and exfiltration tests will be required. For the exfiltration test, the system shall be plugged and filled to the rim of the drainage structure as directed by the Engineer.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Trenching, excavation and backfilling for Special Sealed Drainage System will be considered as included in the contract price for the applicable pay item and no separate measurement will be made, therefore. Such work as shoring, sheeting and dewatering of the excavation will also be considered as incidental to the contract price for the applicable pay item and no separate measurement will be made.

\_\_\_\_" Ductile Iron Pipe for the sealed drainage system will be measured and paid at the contract unit price per linear foot. The quantity of sealed drainage system lines of the various sizes, which has been incorporated into the completed and accepted work, will be measured from end to end by the linear foot in place with no deduction for length through drainage structures. Where two different sizes enter or exit a drainage structure, each size will be measured to the center of the

drainage structure. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, branch connections, ells, or other fixtures will be included in the length measurement.

Sealed Precast Drainage Structures will be measured and paid for in units of each. The quantity of drainage structures above a height of 5 feet to be paid for will be the number of vertical linear feet in which the height of the drainage structure exceeds 5 feet. The height will be measured vertically to the nearest 0.1-feet from the top of the bottom slab to the top of the wall.

Foundation conditioning material will be paid for as stated in Article 300-9 of the Standard Specifications.

Anti-Seep Collars will be paid by the cubic yard of excavatable flowable fill required to construct the collars. The quantity of contaminated soil shall be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard for "Anti-Seep Collar"

Such prices and payments will be full compensation for all work covered by these special provisions, including, but not limited to: materials, labor, equipment, backfilling, compaction, testing, pumping, O-Ring gaskets, pipe connectors, non-shrink cement grout, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as required.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
16" Sealed Ductile Iron Pipe Class 250	Linear Foot
24" Sealed Ductile Iron Pipe Class 200	Linear Foot
30" Sealed Ductile Iron Pipe Class 150	Linear Foot
36" Sealed Ductile Iron Pipe Class 150	Linear Foot
42" Sealed Ductile Iron Pipe Class 150	Linear Foot
Sealed Precast Drainage Structure	Each
Sealed Precast Drainage Structure	Linear Foot
Boots for Sealed Drainage Structures	Each
Anti-Seep Collar	Cubic Yard







## NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS:

(07-23-19)

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Furnish, install, and maintain non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers in accordance with the contract.

#### **MATERIALS**

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Pages 10-177 and 10-178, Subarticle 1086-3 SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS, delete items (A), (B) and (C)(1) and replace with the following:

#### (A) General

Use non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers evaluated by NTPEP. The non-cast iron snowplowable pavement marker shall consist of a housing with one or more glass or plastic face lens type reflective lenses to provide the required color designation. The marker shall be designed or installed in a manner that minimizes damage from snowplow blades. Plastic lens faces shall use an abrasion resistant coating.

#### (B) Housings

(1) Dimensions

The dimension, slope and minimum area of reflecting surface shall conform to dimensions as shown in the plans. The minimum area of each reflecting surface shall be 1.44 sq.in.

(2) Materials

Use non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers that are on the NCDOT Approved Products List.

(3) Surface

The surface of the housing shall be free of scale, dirt, rust, oil, grease or any other contaminant which might reduce its bond to the epoxy adhesive.

#### (4) Identification

Mark the housing with the manufacturer's name and model number of marker.

#### (C) Reflectors

#### (1) General

Laminate the reflector to an elastomeric pad and attach with adhesive to the housing. The thickness of the elastomeric pad shall be 0.04".

# Pages 12-14, Subarticle 1250-3(C) Removal of Existing Pavement Markers, lines 19-29, delete and replace with the following:

Remove the existing raised pavement markers or the snowplowable pavement markers including the housings, before overlaying an existing roadway with pavement. Repair the pavement by filling holes as directed by the Engineer.

When traffic patterns are changed in work zones due to construction or reconstruction, remove all raised pavement markers or snowplowable markers including housings that conflict with the new traffic pattern before switching traffic to the new traffic pattern. Lens removal in lieu of total housing removal is not an acceptable practice for snowplowable markers.

Properly dispose of the removed pavement markers. No direct payment will be made for removal or disposal of existing pavement markers or repair of pavement, as such work will be incidental to other items in the contract.

#### **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

**Pages 12-16 and 12-17, Subarticle 1253-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS,** delete items (A), (B) and (C) and replace with the following:

#### (A) General

Bond marker housings to the pavement with epoxy adhesive. Mechanically mix and dispense epoxy adhesives as required by the manufacturer's specifications. Place the markers immediately after the adhesive has been mixed and dispensed.

If saw cutting, milling, or grooving operations are used, promptly remove all resulting debris from the pavement surface. Install the marker housings within 7 calendar days after saw cutting, milling, or grooving the pavement. Remove and dispose of loose material from the slots by brushing, blow cleaning, or vacuuming. Dry the slots before applying the epoxy adhesive. Install non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Protect the non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers until the epoxy has initially cured and is track free.

#### (B) Reflector Replacement

In the event that a reflector is damaged, replace the damaged reflector by using adhesives and methods recommended by the manufacturer of the markers and approved by the Engineer. This work is considered incidental if damage occurs during the initial installation of the marker housings and maintenance of initial non-cast iron snowplowable markers specified in this section. This work will be paid for under the pay item for the type of reflector replacement if the damage occurred after the initial installation of the non-cast iron snowplowable pavement marker.

Missing housings shall be replaced. Broken housings shall be removed and replaced. In both cases the slot for the housings shall be properly prepared prior to installing the new housing. Removal of broken housings and preparation of slots will be considered incidental to the work of replacing housings.

#### **MAINTENANCE**

Maintain all installed non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers until acceptance.

#### MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*Non-Cast Iron Snowplowable Pavement Markers* will be measured and paid as the actual number of non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers satisfactorily placed and accepted by the Engineer.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitNon-Cast Iron Snowplowable Pavement MarkerEach

# TC-1

R-4707

**Guilford County** 

# WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL Project Special Provisions Table of Contents

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## ADA COMPLIANT PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES:

(10/31/2017)

#### **Description**

Furnish, install, and maintain all ADA compliant pedestrian traffic control devices for existing sidewalks that are disrupted, closed, or relocated by planned work activities. The ADA compliant pedestrian traffic control devices used to either close, redirect, divert or detour pedestrian traffic are Pedestrian Channelizing Devices and Audible Warning Devices.

#### **Construction Methods**

The ADA compliant pedestrian traffic control devices involved in the closing or redirecting of pedestrians as designated on the Transportation Management Plan (TMP) shall be manufactured and assembled in accordance with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and be on the NCDOT approved products list.

Pedestrian Channelizing Devices shall be manufactured and assembled to be connected as to eliminate any gaps that allow pedestrians to stray from the channelizing path. Any Pedestrian Channelizing Devices used to close or block a sidewalk shall have a "SIDEWALK CLOSED" sign affixed to it and any audible warning devices, if designated on the TMP.

Audible Warning Devices shall be manufactured to include a locator tone activated by a motion sensor and have the ability to program a message for a duration of at least 1 minute. The motion sensor shall have the ability to detect pedestrians a minimum of 10' away. The voice module may be automatic, or it may be push button activated. If push button activated, it shall be at the appropriate height to meet the ADA regulations.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

The measurement and payment for the ADA Compliant Pedestrian Traffic Control Devices shall be measured and paid on a per each basis for the Audible Warning Devices. The measurement and payment for the Pedestrian Channelizing Devices will be by the linear foot.

Payment for each of these devices is dependent upon satisfactory installation and acceptance by the Engineer. The unit prices include any costs associated with installation, maintenance and removal of the devices from the project.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Pedestrian Channelizing Devices	Linear Foot
Audible Warning Devices.	Each

#### **SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS:**

(10/08/2016)

#### **Description**

Furnish and install Sequential Flashing Warning Lights on drums used for merging tapers during nightly work activities.

The purpose of these lights is to assist the motorist in determining which direction to merge when approaching a lane closure. It's also designed to reduce the number of late merges resulting in devices being struck and having to be reset to maintain positive guidance at the merge point. The successive flashing of the lights shall occur from the upstream end of the merging taper to the downstream end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path.

#### **Materials**

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall meet all of the requirements for warning lights within the current edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

Each light unit shall be capable of operating fully and continuously for a minimum of 200 hours when equipped with a standard battery set.

Each light in the sequence shall be flashed at a rate of not less than 55 times per minute and not more than 75 times per minute. The flash rate and flash duration shall be consistent throughout the sequence.

Supply a Type 3 Certification (Independent Test Lab results) documenting all actual test results for the specified parameters contained in the Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE's) *Purchase Specification for Flashing and Steady Burn Warning Lights*. The laboratory shall also identify all manufacturer codes and part numbers for the incandescent lamp or LED clusters, lenses, battery, and circuitry, and the total width of the light with the battery in place. The complete assembly shall be certified as crashworthy when firmly affixed to the channelizing device.

All Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be on the NCDOT Work Zone Traffic Control Approved Products List.

#### **Construction Methods**

Sequential Flashing Warning Lights are to be used for night time lane closures.

These lights shall flash sequentially beginning with the first light and continuing until the final light.

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The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall automatically flash in sequence when placed on the drums that form the merging taper.

The number of lights used in the drum taper shall equal the number of drums used in the taper.

Drums are the only channelizing device allowed to mount sequential flashing warning lights.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be weather independent and visual obstructions shall not interfere with the operation of the lights.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall automatically sequence when placed in line in an open area with a distance between lights of 10 to 100 feet. A 10 foot stagger in the line of lights shall have no adverse effect on the operation of the lights.

If one light fails, the flashing sequence shall continue. If more than 1 light fails, all of the lights are to be automatically turned to the "off" mode. Non-sequential flashing is prohibited.

When lane closures are not in effect, the Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be deactivated.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Sequential Flashing Warning Lights will be measured and paid as the maximum number of sequential flashing warning lights satisfactorily installed and properly functioning at any one time during the life of the project.

This includes all materials and labor to install, maintain and remove all the Sequential Flashing Warning Lights.

Pay Item
Sequential Flashing Warning Lights
Each

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# PEDESTRIAN TRANSPORT SERVICE:

(09/07/2018)

# **Description**

The Contractor shall provide a Pedestrian Transport Service through and/or around the project when a traversable, firm, stable, and slip-resistant path for pedestrians cannot be maintained through the work area. At minimum, the Pedestrian Transport Service shall be on-call between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. Monday thru Sunday and operate at no-cost to the users.

### **Construction Methods**

The Contractor shall enlist the services of a registered, licensed, and insured transportation service (which may include ride-sharing or taxi services) during the times listed above.

The Pedestrian Transport Service shall operate on an on-call basis with wait times not exceeding 15 minutes. Pedestrians shall be able to request a ride by calling or text messaging a conspicuously posted number using standard cellular phone. The posted number shall either automatically dispatch a transport vehicle to the pedestrian's location or shall connect to a responsible individual who can manually dispatch a transport vehicle to the pedestrian's location.

Solely requiring pedestrians to use a third-party cellular phone application (smart phone app) to dispatch the transport vehicle shall be considered non-compliant with this section but offering a smart phone app to directly dispatch the service is encouraged as a supplement to the posted number.

Pedestrians shall not be required to present any form of payment for the service and shall not be required to provide any form of identification other than their name.

The Contractor shall install notification signage and Audible Warning Devices at pedestrian path closure points to notify pedestrians of the Pedestrian Transport Service, instruct them how to dispatch the service (by either texting or calling the posted number), and where to wait. Both the Audible Warning Devices and notification signage shall convey the same message and be approved by the Engineer.

The Pedestrian Transport Service shall operate at a prudent speed and have designated, safe, accessible, and traversable areas for pedestrians to wait for the pedestrian transport vehicle. There shall be a location for the Pedestrian Transport Service to safely pull the transport vehicle off the roadway traffic lane or into a closed traffic lane to load or unload passengers. Pedestrians with ADA needs shall not be unloaded in a location where the surface or facility is not accessible or traversable.

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If flaggers are present on the job, the flaggers shall direct pedestrians to use the Pedestrian Transport Service to pass through or around the work zone.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Pedestrian Transport Service (per trip) will be measured and paid as the actual number of completed trips provided to pedestrians. Multiple pedestrians transported using a single trip will be paid as a single trip. No direct payment will be made for the responsible individual dispatching the vehicle the smart phone app, pedestrian loading and unloading areas, or notification signage as these items will be considered incidental to the Pedestrian Transport Service.

Audible Warning Devices will be measured and paid under the ADA Compliant Pedestrian Traffic Control Devices special provision.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Pedestrian Transport Service (per trip)	Each

# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS LIGHTING

### 1.00 DESCRIPTION

The work covered by this Section consists of furnishing, installing, connecting, and placing into satisfactory operating condition roadway lighting at locations shown on the plans. Perform all work in accordance with these Special Provisions, the Plans, the National Electrical Code, and North Carolina Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures" (2018 Standard Specifications).

Perform all work in conformance with Division 14 of the 2018 Standard Specifications except as modified or added to by these Special Provisions. Install all bore pits outside the clear zone, as defined in the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide or as directed by the Engineer.

In addition to the requirements of Division 1400, other specific Sections of the 2018 Standard Specifications applicable to the work on this project are listed below.

Section 1401	High Mount Standard and Portable Drive Unit
Section 1404	Light Standards
Section 1407	Electric Service Pole and Lateral
Section 1408	Light Control System
Section 1409	Electrical Duct
Section 1410	Feeder Circuits
Section 1411	Electrical Junction Boxes
Section 1412	Underpass Lighting

# 2.00 LIGHT STANDARD LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) LUMINAIRES

### 2.10 DESCRIPTION

Furnish, install and place into satisfactory operation luminaire, either on a bracket arm or directly mounted to the standard, complete with all light sources, drivers, wiring inside standard from circuit conductors to luminaire, in-line breakaway fuseholders and fuses and ground wiring at the pole on light standards less than 55 ft. in height.

Туре	HPS Replacement Equivalent	Color Temp	Min. % of initial output at 70k hours	Min. Maintained Delivered Lumens
185W LED	250W	3500K ±500K	83%	15,500
285W LED	400W	3500K ±500K	83%	19,150

Third party certified photometric files in IES format are required to be submitted with the catalog cuts for the proposed LED roadway luminaire. Photometric files must show that proposed luminaire will meet or exceed the design shown in the plans.

The manufacturer shall state the Light Loss Factor (LLF) used in the photometric calculations for the proposed luminaire. LLF shall be calculated as follows:

LLF = Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD) x Luminaire Dirt Depreciation (LDD)

- Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD) shall be the value calculated and reported by the manufacturer based on the LM-80 and TM-21 reports for the proposed fixture for 70,000 hours at 25° C.
- Luminaire Dirt Depreciation (LDD) = 0.90

### 2.20 MATERIALS

# 2.21 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

# A. General Requirements

- LM-79 photometric test reports shall be provided for all LED luminaires. LM-79 luminaire photometric reports shall be produced by an independent test laboratory and include the following:
  - Name of test laboratory. The test laboratory must hold National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accreditation for the IES LM-79 test procedure or must be qualified, verified, and recognized through the U.S. Department of Energy's CALiPER program.
  - Report number
  - Date
  - Complete luminaire catalog number. Catalog number tested must match the catalog number of the luminaire submitted, except for variations which do not affect performance.
  - Description of luminaire, LED light source(s), and LED driver(s)
  - Goniophotometry
  - Colorimetry
- LM-80 lumen maintenance test report shall be provided for each respective LED light source.
- Luminaire shall be constructed of a single piece die cast aluminum housing. Each luminaire shall be finished gray in color unless otherwise noted.
- The luminaire shall have a 7 pin ANSI C136.41 compliant photocontrol receptacle for future expansion capabilities.
- Provide a summary of reliability testing performed for LED driver.
- Luminaires maximum total power consumption shall not exceed the values shown in the table above. Nominal luminaire input wattage shall account for nominal applied voltage and any reduction in driver efficiency due to sub-optimal driver loading.

- Luminaire shall have a maximum Backlight, Uplight & Glare (BUG) rating of 3-0-3 and an IESNA distribution of Type II or Type III as required to meet the spacing, the average maintained footcandle level and the average to minimum uniformity ratio requirements shown on the plans. The same BUG rating and distribution type shall be used throughout the project.
- Minimum Ingress Protection (IP) dust and moisture ratings for the luminaire electrical components (driver and surge protection) and luminaire optical components shall be IP65 and IP66, respectively, as specified in ANSI C136.25.
- Luminaire shall have external and internal labels per ANSI C136.15 and ANSI C136.22, respectively. Internal label shall identify the manufacturer, year and month of manufacture and the manufacturer's part number.
- Luminaire shall have an internal bubble level.
- Luminaires shall start and operate in -20°C to +40°C ambient.
- Luminaires shall be rated for continuous service at an ambient temperature of 40°C (104°F)
- Electrically test fully assembled luminaires before shipment from factory.
- Effective Projected Area (EPA) and weight of the luminaires shall not exceed 1.4 square feet and 46 lbs.
- Luminaires shall be designed for ease of electrical component replacement.
- Luminaires shall be rated for minimum 2G vibration, minimum, per ANSI C136.31.
- LED light sources and drivers shall be RoHS compliant.
- The luminaire manufacturer shall have no less than five (5) years of experience in manufacturing LED-based lighting products and the manufacturing facility must be ISO 9001 certified.
- Luminaire shall have a 1.25" to 2.0" adjustable tenon mount for connection to luminaire bracket arm assembly.
- Pole hardware, nuts, bolts, and washers, etc. shall be made from 18-8 stainless steel, or steel conforming to ASTM A307 galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153.
- Grommets shall be installed in cable entry holes. Cable entry holes shall be free from sharp edges which might cut conductors or an ungloved hand.
- All conductors inside the luminaire shall be neatly secured with tie-wraps as needed to prevent pinch points and assist in trouble shooting.

### B. Driver

- Shall be 0V-10V dimmable.
- Rated case temperature shall be suitable for operation in the luminaire operating in the ambient temperature range of -20°C to +40°C.
- Shall be rated for 480VAC at 50/60 Hz, and shall operate normally for input voltage fluctuations of  $\pm$  10%.
- Shall have a minimum Power Factor (PF) of 0.90 at full input power and across specified voltage range.
- Shall provide UL Class II output.

# C. Surge Suppression

• Integral surge protection shall meet ANSI/IEEE C62.45 procedures based on ANSI/IEEE C62.41.2 definitions for standard and optional waveforms for location category C-High 10kV/10kA test, IEC 61000-4-2 (Electrostatic Discharge) 8kV Air/4kV Contact test and IEC 61000-4-4 (Fast Transients).

## D. Electromagnetic interference

- Luminaires shall have a maximum Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of 20% at full input power and across specified voltage range.
- Luminaires shall comply with FCC 47 CFR part 15 non-consumer RFI/EMI standards.

# E. Electrical safety testing

- Luminaires shall be listed for wet locations.
- Luminaires shall be UL listed and labeled.

#### F. Finish

- Luminaires shall be painted with a corrosion resistant polyester powdered paint with a minimum 2.0 mil thickness.
- Luminaires shall exceed a rating of six per ASTM D1654 after 1000 hours of salt spray fog testing per ASTM B117.
- The coating shall exhibit no greater than 30% reduction of gloss per ASTM D523, after 500 hours of QUV testing at ASTM G154 Cycle 6.
- Exterior surfaces shall be smooth and free of burrs.

# G. Thermal management

- Mechanical design of protruding external surfaces (heat sink fins) on roadway luminaries shall facilitate hose-down cleaning and discourage debris accumulation.
- Liquids or moving parts will not be allowed for thermal management.

# H. Color Quality

 Minimum Color Rendering Index (CRI) of 70 with a Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) of 3000K to 4000K

### I. Optics

- Transmissive optical components shall be applied in accordance with OEM design guidelines to ensure suitability for the thermal/mechanical/chemical environment.
- J. The following shall be in accordance with corresponding sections of ANSI C136.37
  - All internal components shall be assembled and pre-wired using modular electrical connections.
  - Terminal blocks shall be used for incoming AC lines. Terminal blocks shall be
    easily accessible to installers or repair personnel. Wire nuts are prohibited inside
    the luminaire housing.

- K. Latching and hinging
  - Refractor and housing door holders and hinges shall be designed to maintain
    positive control of door to the luminaire body so as not to allow the accidental
    disengagement of either door.
  - Drivers shall be mounted to a housing door designed to be opened from the bottom of the luminaire. Housing door shall allow easy removal for troubleshooting/repair on the ground.
- L. Manufacturer or local sales representative shall provide installation and troubleshooting support via telephone and/or email.

# 2.30 WARRANTY

Provide a minimum ten-year warranty covering maintained integrity and functionality of the luminaire housing, wiring, and connections, LED light source(s) and LED driver. Negligible light output from more than 10 percent of the LED packages constitutes luminaire failure.

Warranty period shall begin after project acceptance by the Department. Supplier shall furnish documentation of warranty procedures to the Contractor stating that warranty is for NCDOT.

### 2.40 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Level and secure each luminaire in all directions. Adjust any luminaires, as directed by the Engineer, to provide optimal illumination distribution.

All LED packages on all luminaires must be operating normally at contract completion. Any luminaire displaying improper operating characteristics prior to contract completion will be replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Department.

### 2.50 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The roadway luminaries measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per each "Roadway Light Standard Luminaire – \_\_\_\_LED". Such price and payment will be considered full compensation for providing and installing the LED roadway luminaire on the bracket arm, wiring inside the standard from the circuit conductors to the LED roadway luminaire, in-line breakaway fuseholders with fuses and ground wiring at the pole on the light standard.

Payment will be made under:	
Roadway Light Standard Luminaire –LED	. Each

# 3.00 HIGH MAST LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) LUMINAIRES

### 3.10 DESCRIPTION

Furnish, install and place into satisfactory operation, LED luminaires on high mount standards as detailed in these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall supply Holophane or Cooper LED high mount luminaires as specified below or approved equal.

Mounting Height	# of Fixtures	Holophane Part Number	Cooper Part Number
120'	8	HMLED3-PK3-40K-HVOLT-G-AW-P7	GAN-AF-10-LED-8-5WQ-AP-MA-4N7
100'	6	HMLED3-PK3-40K-HVOLT-G- AW-P7	GAN-AF-10-LED-8-5WQ-AP-MA-4N7
80'	8	HMLED3-PK1-40K-HVOLT-G- AW-P7	GAN-AF-06-LED-8-5WQ-AP-MA-4N7
60'	4	HMLED3-PK1-40K-HVOLT-G- AW-P7	GAN-AF-06-LED-8-5WQ-AP-MA-4N7

Any alternate luminaire submitted for approval must meet the minimum requirements in the table and sections below.

Mounting Height	Max. LED Fixture Wattage	Number & HPS Replacement Equivalent	Color Temp	Min. % of initial output at 70k hours	Min. Maintained Delivered Lumens (per fixture)
120'	560W	8 x 750W	3500K ±500K	87%	54,000
100'	560W	6 x 750W	3500K ±500K	87%	54,000
80'	335W	8 x 400W	3500K ±500K	87%	27,000
60'	335W	4 x 400W	3500K ±500K	87%	27,000

The Contractor shall supply the Department with current catalog cuts and 3<sup>rd</sup> party certified photometric data files in Illuminating Engineering Society (IES) format for any alternate high mount luminaire submitted for approval. The Department will thoroughly evaluate alternate luminaires to determine if proposed alternate high mount luminaire meets or exceeds design criteria.

The manufacturer shall state the Light Loss Factor (LLF) used in the photometric calculations for the proposed luminaire. LLF shall be calculated as follows:

LLF = Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD) x Luminaire Dirt Depreciation (LDD)

- Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD) shall be the value calculated and reported by the manufacturer based on the LM-80 and TM-21 reports for the proposed fixture for 70,000 hours at 25° C.
- Luminaire Dirt Depreciation (LDD) = 0.90

High mount luminaire retrofit LED kits are not an acceptable alternative.

# 3.20 MATERIALS

# 3.21 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

# A. General Requirements

- LM-79 photometric test reports shall be provided for all LED luminaires. LM-79 luminaire photometric reports shall be produced by an independent test laboratory and include the following:
  - Name of test laboratory. The test laboratory must hold National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accreditation for the IES LM-79 test procedure or must be qualified, verified, and recognized through the U.S. Department of Energy's CALiPER program.
  - Report number
  - Date
  - Complete luminaire catalog number. Catalog number tested must match the catalog number of the luminaire submitted, except for variations which do not affect performance.
  - Description of luminaire, LED light source(s), and LED driver(s)
  - Goniophotometry
  - Colorimetry
- LM-80 lumen maintenance test report shall be provided for each respective LED light source.
- Luminaire shall be constructed of aluminum. Each luminaire shall be finished gray in color unless otherwise noted.
- The luminaire shall have a 7 pin ANSI C136.41 compliant photocontrol receptacle for future expansion capabilities.
- Provide a summary of reliability testing performed for LED driver.
- Luminaires maximum total power consumption shall not exceed the values shown
  in the table above. Nominal luminaire input wattage shall account for nominal
  applied voltage and any reduction in driver efficiency due to sub-optimal driver
  loading.
- Luminaire shall have a maximum Backlight, Uplight & Glare (BUG) rating of 5-0-5 and an IESNA distribution of Type V as required to meet the spacing, the average maintained footcandle level and the average to minimum uniformity ratio requirements shown on the plans. The same BUG rating and distribution type shall be used throughout the project.
- Luminaire LED modules shall meet dust and moisture rating of IP-66, minimum.
- Luminaire shall have an external label per ANSI C136.15.
- Luminaires shall have an internal label per ANSI C136.22.
- Luminaires shall start and operate in -20°C to +40°C ambient.
- Electrically test fully assembled luminaires before shipment from factory.

- Effective Projected Area (EPA) and weight of the luminaires shall not exceed 1.3 square feet and 65 lbs.
- Luminaires shall be designed for ease of electrical component replacement.
- Luminaires shall be rated for minimum 2G vibration, minimum, per ANSI C136.31-2010
- LED light sources and drivers shall be RoHS compliant.
- The luminaire manufacturer shall have no less than five (5) years of experience in manufacturing LED-based lighting products and the manufacturing facility must be ISO 9001 certified.
- Pole hardware, nuts, bolts, and washers, etc. shall be made from 18-8 stainless steel, or steel conforming to ASTM A307 galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153.

#### B. Driver

- Shall be 0V-10V dimmable.
- Rated case temperature shall be suitable for operation in the luminaire operating in the ambient temperature range of -20°C to +40°C.
- Shall be rated for 480VAC at 50/60 Hz, and shall operate normally for input voltage fluctuations of  $\pm$  10%.
- Shall have a minimum Power Factor (PF) of 0.90 at full input power and across specified voltage range.

### C. Surge Suppression

• Integral surge protection shall meet ANSI/IEEE C62.45 procedures based on ANSI/IEEE C62.41.2 definitions for standard and optional waveforms for location category C-High 10kV/10kA test, IEC 61000-4-2 (Electrostatic Discharge) 8kV Air/4kV Contact test and IEC 61000-4-4 (Fast Transients).

# D. Electromagnetic interference

- Luminaires shall have a maximum Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of 20% at full input power and across specified voltage range.
- Luminaires shall comply with FCC 47 CFR part 15 non-consumer RFI/EMI standards.

# E. Electrical safety testing

- Luminaires shall be listed for wet locations.
- Luminaires shall be UL listed and labeled.

### F. Finish

- Luminaires shall be painted with a corrosion resistant polyester powdered paint with a minimum 2.0 mil thickness.
- Luminaires shall exceed a rating of six per ASTM D1654 after 1000 hours of salt spray fog testing per ASTM B117.
- The coating shall exhibit no greater than 30% reduction of gloss per ASTM D523, after 500 hours of QUV testing at ASTM G154 Cycle 6.

# G. Thermal management

• Mechanical design of protruding external surfaces (heat sink fins) shall facilitate hose-down cleaning and discourage debris accumulation.

# H. Color Quality

• Minimum Color Rendering Index (CRI) of 70 with a Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) of 3000K to 4000K

### I. Optics

- Transmissive optical components shall be applied in accordance with OEM design guidelines to ensure suitability for the thermal/mechanical/chemical environment.
- J. The following shall be in accordance with corresponding sections of ANSI C136.37
  - All internal components shall be assembled and pre-wired using modular electrical connections.
  - Terminal blocks shall be used for incoming AC lines
  - Latching and hinging
- K. Manufacturer or local sales representative shall provide installation and troubleshooting support via telephone and/or email.

### 3.30 WARRANTY

Provide a minimum ten-year warranty covering maintained integrity and functionality of the luminaire housing, wiring, and connections, LED light source(s) and LED driver. Negligible light output from more than 10 percent of the LED packages constitutes luminaire failure.

Warranty period shall begin after project acceptance by the Department.

# 3.40 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Level and secure each luminaire in all directions. Securely terminate the wiring for each high mount luminaire and include an equipment grounding conductor to bond the housing to the supply cord grounding conductor.

Adjust any luminaires, as directed by the Engineer, to provide optimal illumination distribution.

All LED packages on all luminaires must be operating normally at contract completion. Any luminaire displaying improper operating characteristics prior to contract completion will be replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Department.

### 3.50 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The high mount luminaires measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per each "(height) High Mount Luminaire – LED". Such price and payment will be considered full

compensation for providing and installing the LED high mount luminaire on the carrier ring tenon arm and connecting the LED high mount luminaire to the supply cord on the carrier ring.

Payment will be made under:

(height) High Mount Luminaire – LED ..... Each

### 4.00 LIGHTING CONTROL SYSTEM

### 4.10 DESCRIPTION

The work covered under this section consists of furnishing and installing an entire control system, including enclosure, control panel, breakers, terminal blocks, wiring, conduits, lightning arrester, a concrete foundation, metal pole and galvanized slotted channel is also included.

The control system will be standard electrical components in a stainless steel enclosure mounted on a metal pole with a concrete foundation as shown in the contract.

### 4.20 MATERIALS

Refer to Division 10 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Conduit	1091-3
Portland Cement Concrete, Class A	1000-4
Wire and Cable	1091-2, 1400-2

Provide concrete foundations and wire in accordance with the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Use a piece of 4" rigid galvanized steel conduit (RGC), embedded in concrete as shown in the plans, for mounting the control system.

Provide a NEMA type 3R stainless steel enclosure with external stainless mounting flanges, drip shield, back panel and continuous hinge door with a print pocket. Provide a door closing mechanism interlocked with a flange mounted operator handle to prevent the opening of the door with the service circuit breaker in the ON position, except by use of safety override devices.

Provide an enclosure approximately 36" (h) x 30" (w) x 10" (d) unless noted otherwise in the plans. Provide only openings necessary for the entrance of conduits as shown in the plans. Do not use knockouts. Ensure the enclosure conforms with NEC Article 312 and mount the devices so the NEC clearances will be provided, except use 1.5" where not specified or noted in the tables for minimum wire bending space.

Use minimum 1-5/8" x 1-5/8" galvanized slotted steel framing channel with straps and bolts for the mounting brackets and hardware for attaching the enclosure. Use galvanized finish on the brackets and hardware and coat all field cuts or scratches with organic zinc repair paint.

Provide a neutral bar, bonded to the panel, with sufficient box lug type terminals to accept the required number of wires.

Mount components to the back panel with manufacturer supplied mounting brackets or permanently attached screw studs.

Use a service circuit breaker providing an minimum interrupting rating of 22,000 A. Provide thermal magnetic, molded case, permanent trip breakers. Provide multi-tap, solderless, load side box lugs or distribution terminal blocks of the appropriate size. Use insulating material approved for NEMA 3R applications. Provide a breaker with a voltage and amperage rating as indicated in the plans.

Use feeder circuit breakers which are rated 14,000 A minimum interrupting capacity and have an open type molded case with a non-adjustable thermal magnetic trip setting as noted in the plans.

Where Communication Gateways are required, provide a single pole, open type gateway circuit breaker rated at 240 VAC phase to ground with a minimum interrupting current capacity of 5,000 A and a high magnetic trip setting of 15 A.

Use a Type 1 surge protection device (SPD) meeting UL 1449 and UL 96A, designed to contain and arrest an arc of 20,000 A. Install the SPD on the load side of the service breaker.

Use terminals and lugs rated for the connection of the appropriate size copper conductors. All conductors shall be made of copper and neatly wrapped in bundles or run in plastic raceways.

Perform all galvanizing in accordance with Section 1076.

Provide a drawing to scale showing the location, brand and catalog number of each component of the control system for approval. The completed light control system shall be marked "Suitable for Use as Service Equipment", in a prominent location in the enclosure, in accordance with NEC Article 409.110. If the control system is not made in a certified UL 508A Panel Shop, a third party, recognized by the Department of Insurance as having the authority, shall label the control systems.

### 4.30 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Construct the new control system foundation at the new location as shown in Standard Drawing 1408 of the Roadway Standard Drawings, with the top of the foundation 3 inches above finished grade.

Fasten the enclosure to the pole by means of a galvanized bracket assembly as shown in the plans. Make all cuts square and remove all rough edges. Have mounting holes match existing mounting holes of the enclosure.

Arrange all conduits entering the enclosure in a neat symmetrical manner and extend directly downward into the foundation. Install six RGC feeder circuit conduits as shown in the Roadway Standard Drawings.

Install a Control System Junction Box as shown in the plans. Stub all feeder circuit conduits and spare conduits from Control System in the Control System Junction Box. See Section 1412 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for junction box construction methods. See plans for conduit sizes. Place pull cord in any unused conduits and cap unused conduit in junction box.

To prevent the creation of electrically parallel paths, install a bonded conduit choke on the underground termination point of the system grounding conductor conduit in accordance with NEC Article 250.64(E). Do not terminate the system grounding conduit under the concrete foundation pad.

Install a grounding electrode system consisting of a minimum of two ground rods spaced not less than 6 feet apart at all new lighting control system panels. Connect ground rods with an appropriately sized bonding jumper.

Apply two coats of organic zinc repair paint to all field cut metal and conduit threads as specified in Article 1076-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Install a 4" to 2" galvanized reducing bushing to the top of the 4" RGC the control system enclosure is mounted to. Install a 10' section of 2" RGC on the reducing bushing and install a cap on the top of the 2" RGC.

# 4.40 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Lighting Control System will be measured and paid for as the actual number of the lighting control systems that have been provided, installed and accepted. Such price and payment shall be considered full compensation for the foundation, conduits, enclosure with components and mounting hardware.

Payment will be made under:

Light Control Equipment, Type RW, 240/480V..... Each

### 5.00 COMMUNICATION GATEWAY

### 5.10 DESCRIPTION

The Contractor shall provide and install a communication gateway at the lighting control panels noted on the plans. The communication gateway will be used to provide communication from the control nodes on the luminaires to a centralized monitoring software package. The communication gateway will be mounted on a piece of rigid galvanized conduit installed above the lighting control panel.

### 5.20 MATERIAL

The communication gateway shall be a GE LightGrid gateway rated for the voltage shown in the plans.

Use conduit and conductors as specified in Article 1400-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Provide stainless steel straps, galvanized conduit hangers, galvanized bolts, washers and nuts, and liquid-tight flexible metallic conduit (LFMC).

### 5.30 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Mount the communication gateway to the 2" RGC pole, installed as part of the control system special provision, using the bands included with the gateway. Remove an existing cable gland in the bottom of the gateway enclosure and replace with a ½" RGC fitting. Install ½" RGC and appurtenances required to route conduit to bottom of lighting control panel enclosure. Transition RGC to LFMC to make the turn into the bottom of the enclosure. Secure LFMC to bottom of enclosure using a weatherproof fitting. Install a bonding bushing on the LFMC fitting inside the enclosure and attach to bonding jumper inside the enclosure.

Strap standoffs with rigid conduit hangers to the 2" RGC and secure ½" conduit to the conduit hanger. Install #12 THWN conductors inside the ½" RGC for power from the gateway circuit breaker in the control system enclosure to the gateway. Use a UV resistant cable tie to secure the magnetic GPS antenna to the frame.

See Section 7.00 below for commissioning requirements.

### 5.40 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Communication Gateway will be measured and paid as the actual number of communication gateways installed and accepted. Such price and payment includes mounting of the communication gateway on the 2" RGC pipe, installation of the RGC conduit from the gateway into the control system and installation of the conductors.

Payment will be made under:

Communication Gatewayl	E	ac	h
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# 6.00 CONTROL NODE

### 6.10 DESCRIPTION

The Contractor shall provide and install a communication node with each LED luminaire on the project. The communication node will be used to interface with the Department's Statewide lighting control system.

#### 6.20 MATERIALS

The communication node shall be a GE LightGrid version 2.0 (or higher) node rated for the same service voltage as the luminaire. No other materials are required for this section.

### 6.30 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Install communication node on the seven-pin photocell receptacle of the luminaire. The communication node utilizes a twist-lock connection to ensure positive connection to the luminaire.

See Section 7.00 below for commissioning requirements.

### 6.40 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Control Node will be measured and paid for as the actual number of control nodes provided, installed and accepted.

Payment will be made under:

Control Node ..... Each

# 7.00 SMART CONTROL SYSTEM INITILIZATION AND COMMISSIONING

### 7.10 DESCRIPTION

The Communication Gateway(s) and Control Nodes as described in the prior sections require commissioning to enable communication with the existing Statewide lighting control system.

The Contractor shall coordinate with Brady/Trane Services (Brady) at 919-232-5764 or warranty.request@bradyservices.com to have Brady commission the smart controls system, incorporate new gateways and smart nodes into the LightGrid infrastructure and troubleshoot communication issues. Brady shall bill the contractor directly for these services.

# 7.20 MATERIALS

No materials are required for this section.

### 7.30 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

As part of this contract, the Contractor shall provide new GE LightGrid gateways and control nodes. See Sections 5.00 and 6.00, respectfully, of these Project Special Provisions for gateway and control node requirements.

As a function of the LightGrid system, the Contractor is unable to turn the lights on for testing during the day. The luminaires installed as part of this project are powered 24/7; however, the

control node installed on each luminaire has an integral photocontrol, preventing the luminaire from operating during daylight hours.

The Contractor shall notify Brady at least two weeks prior to beginning the construction work. Brady will remotely commission the new LightGrid system, override the internal control node photocontrol and turn all of the control nodes on for 24/7 operation for the duration of the lighting construction. This will allow the Contractor to turn the lighting circuits on and off during the day via the breakers in the lighting control panel.

The Contractor shall notify Brady again when lighting work is complete. At that point Brady will remotely confirm that there is communication between the control nodes and the gateway, and will place the system to normal dusk to dawn operation.

In the event that a communication failure of some, or all, smart nodes or the gateway is encountered, the Contractor shall coordinate with Brady to troubleshoot and resolve the failure.

### 7.40 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The Contractor will be reimbursed by the Department for the actual verified cost of charges by Brady for LightGrid service charges. The service charges may include efforts by Brady to: commission the newly installed gateways and control nodes; place the GE LightGrid system into 24/7 operation; place the system in normal dusk to dawn operation; troubleshoot communication issues with the LightGrid system.

### 8.00 UNDERPASS LIGHTING

### 8.10 DESCRIPTION

Same as Article 1412-1 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, except include a photocell receptacle.

### 8.20 MATERIALS

Same as Article 1412-2 except as amended below:

- Modify the last sentence of lines 1 and 2 of page 14-23 of the 2018 Standard Specifications to read "Provide sealed, directional LED light engines covered by a glass refractor."
- Add the following to the last paragraph of Article 1412-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. "Provide a 7-pin photocontrol receptacle securely mounted to the enclosure."

### 8.30 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

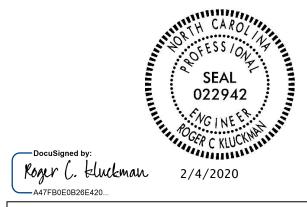
Same as Article 1412-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, except add the following:

Install the photocontrol receptacle either directly to the top of the enclosure, or use a standoff bracket. If a standoff bracket is used, the conductor from the photocontrol receptacle to the disconnect panel shall be enclosed and secured in liquidight flexible metallic conduit.

Install a GE LightGrid smart node, as described in Section 5.00 of these Special Provisions, on the photocontrol receptacle and integrate with the existing Statewide lighting control system, as described in Section 7.00 above.

### 8.40 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Same as Article 1412-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. The GE LightGrid smart node and integration shall be paid for in other Sections of these Special Provisions.



DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

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# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

**Utility Construction** 





DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

### **Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:**

Page 15-1, Sub-article 1500-2 Cooperation with the Utility Owner, paragraph 2: add the following sentences:

The utility owner is the City of Greensboro. For work involving Greensboro's facilities, the Contractor shall contact the City of Greensboro Service Center at (336) 373-2033, the City of Greensboro Water Resources Department Administration at (336) 373-2055, and the City of Greensboro Water and Sewer Inspections Department at (336) 373-2377.

A representative from the City of Greensboro shall witness all tests performed on their water facilities. Test results shall be provided to the City of Greensboro for any tests involving their facilities.

# Page 10-61, Sub-article 1034-4 Ductile Iron Pipe, (A) Gravity Flow Sewer Pipe: Add the following:

The interior wall of ductile iron sewer pipe shall be lined with ceramic epoxy coating. The lining shall meet the manufacturer's recommendations and the following requirements as a minimum.

Ductile pipe and fittings shall be delivered to the application facility without asphalt, cement lining, or any other lining on the interior surface. Because removal of old linings may not be possible, the entire interior of the ductile iron pipe and fittings shall not have been lined with any substance prior to the application of the specified lining material, and no coating shall have been applied to the first six inches of the exterior of the spigot ends.

The material shall be an amine cured novalac epoxy containing at least 20% by volume of ceramic quartz pigment.

Permeability rating of 0.00 when tested according to Method A of ASTM E-96-66, Procedure A with a test duration of 30 days.

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The following tests must be run on coupons from factory lined ductile iron pipe:

- 1. ASTM B-117 Salt Spray (scribed panel) Results to equal 0.0 undercutting after two years.
- 2. ASTM G-95 Cathodic Disbondment 1.5 volts @ 77°F. Results to equal no more than 0.5mm undercutting after 30 days.
- 3. Immersion testing rated on using ASTM D-714.
  - a. 20% Sulfuric Acid No effect after two years.
  - b. 140°F 25% Sodium Hydroxide No affect after two years.
  - c. 160°F Distilled Water No effect after two years.
  - d. 120°F Tap Water (scribed panel) -0.0 undercutting after two years with no effect.
- 4. ASTM G-22: Standard practice for determining resistance of Synthetic Polymeric materials to bacteria. The test should determine the resistance to growth of Acidithiobacillus Bacteria and should be conducted at 30°C for a period of 7 days on a minimum of 4 panels. The growth must be limited only to trace amounts of bacteria.

An abrasion resistance of no more than 3 mils (0.075mm) loss after one million cycles using European Standard EN 598: 1994 section 7.8 Abrasion Resistance.

The lining shall be applied by a certified firm with a successful history of applying linings to the interior of ductile iron pipe and fittings. All applicators must be independently inspected at least two times per year to insure compliance with the requirements of this specification. This inspection must be coordinated and reviewed by the manufacturer of the lining material and any deviation from the application and/or quality requirements shall be corrected by the applicator. All inspections shall be in writing and a permanent record maintained.

Prior to abrasive blasting, the entire area to receive the protective compound shall be inspected for oil, grease, etc. Any areas with oil, grease, or any substance that can be removed by solvent, shall be solvent cleaned to remove those substances. After the surface has been made free of grease, oil or other substances, all areas to receive the protective compounds shall be abrasive blasted using sand or grit abrasive media. The entire surface to be lined shall be struck with the blast media so that all rust, loose oxides, etc., are removed from the surface. Only slight stains and tightly adhering oxide may be left on the surface. Any area where rust re-appears before lining must be re-blasted.

After surface preparation and within 12 hours of surface preparation, the interior of the pipe shall receive 40 mils nominal dry film thickness of ceramic epoxy. No lining shall take place when the substrate or ambient temperature is below 40 °F. The surface also must be dry and dust free. If flange pipe or fittings are included in the project, the lining shall not be used on the face of the flange.

Due to the tolerances involved, the gasket area and spigot end up to 6 inches back from the end of the spigot end must be coated with 6 mils nominal, 10 mils maximum using ceramic epoxy joint compound. The joint compound shall be applied by brush to ensure coverage. Care should be taken that the joint compound is smooth without excess buildup in the gasket seat or on the spigot ends. Coating of the gasket seat and spigot ends shall be done after the application of the lining.

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The number of coats of lining material applied shall be as recommended by the lining manufacturer. However, in no case shall this material be applied above the dry thickness per coat recommended by the lining manufacturer in printed literature. The maximum or minimum time between coats shall be that time recommended by the lining material manufacturer. To prevent delamination between coats, no material shall be used for lining which is not indefinitely recoatable with itself without roughening of the surface.

Ceramic epoxy joint compound shall be used for touch-up or repair in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

All ductile iron pipe and fitting linings shall be checked for thickness using a magnetic film thickness gauge. The thickness testing shall be done using the method outlined in SSPC PA-2 Film Thickness Rating. The interior lining of all pipe barrels and fittings shall be tested for pinholes with a non-destructive 2,500 volt test. Any defects found shall be repaired prior to shipment. Each pipe joint and fitting shall be marked with the date of application of the lining system along with its numerical sequence of application on that date and records maintained by the applicator of his work.

The pipe or fitting manufacturer must supply a certificate attesting to the fact that the applicator met the requirements of this specification, and that the material used was as specified.

Ceramic epoxy lined pipe and fittings must be handled only from the outside of the pipe and fittings. No forks, chains, straps, hooks, etc. shall be placed inside the pipe and fittings for lifting, positioning, or laying. The pipe shall not be dropped or unloaded by rolling. Care should be taken not to let the pipe strike sharp objects while swinging or being off loaded. Ductile iron pipe should never be placed on grade by use of hydraulic pressure from an excavator bucket or by banging with heavy hammers.

The cost for interior ceramic epoxy lining for ductile iron sanitary sewer pipe, where noted on the plans, shall be incidental to the contract.

### **Plan Sheet UC-6**

A section of the proposed 20" water line, PW300, will be installed within an area identified as having contaminated soil/groundwater. From STA 6+12 to STA 9+62 on PW300, the contractor shall use D.I. pipe with exterior zinc coating and fluoroelastomer (FKM) gaskets. The gaskets shall be furnished by the D.I. pipe manufacturer, and the gaskets shall be printed with the type of gasket material. The cost for fluoroelastomer (FKM) gaskets for 20" water pipe, where noted on the plans, shall be incidental to the contract.

The proposed 8" sewer line, PS200, will be installed within an area identified as having contaminated soil/groundwater. For the entire length of PS200, the contractor shall use D.I. pipe with exterior zinc coating and interior ceramic epoxy lining, and nitrile (NBR) gaskets. The gaskets shall be furnished by the D.I. pipe manufacturer, and the gaskets shall be printed with the type of gasket material. The cost for nitrile (NBR) gaskets for 8" sanitary sewer pipe, where noted on the plans, shall be incidental to the contract.

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Plan Sheets UC-3A, UC-5A, UC-5B, UC-8, and UC-9; Concrete Anti-Seep Pipe Collars. For the proposed 36" sanitary gravity sewer line, install Concrete Anti-Seep Pipe Collars per the City of Greensboro Standard Detail No. 219 on Sheet UC-3B. The locations of the proposed Concrete Anti-Seep Pipe Collars are shown on Sheets UC-5A, UC-5B, UC-8, and UC-9.

### **Measurement and Payment:**

The quantity of Concrete Anti-Seep Pipe Collars, installed in accordance with the plans and Special Provisions herein and accepted, will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for "Concrete Anti-Seep Pipe Collars". Such price and payment will be full compensation for all materials, labor, installation, excavation, equipment, backfilling, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as required.

Pay Item:Pay UnitConcrete Anti-Seep Pipe CollarsEach

Plan Sheets UC-5A, UC-5B, UC-8, and UC-9; Polymer Concrete Manholes. For the proposed 36" sanitary gravity sewer line, corrosion-resistant polymer concrete manholes shall be used due to corrosive characteristics of the wastewater which will flow through the sewer line once it is completed. The following specifications for polymer concrete manholes shall be used:

# 6' Diameter Polymer Concrete Utility Manhole:

### A. References

- 1. ASTM D6783 Standard specification for polymer concrete pipe
- 2. ASTM C478 Standard specification for precast reinforced concrete manhole sections
- 3. ASTM C443 Standard specification for joints for concrete pipe and manholes using rubber gaskets
- 4. ASTM C923 Standard Specifications for Resilient Connectors between Concrete Manholes Structures and Pipe.
- 5. ASTM C990 Standard Specification for Joints for Concrete Pipe, Manholes and Precast Box Sections using Preformed Flexible Joint Sealants.
- 6. ACI 440.1R-15 Guide for the Design and Construction of Structural Concrete Reinforced with Fiber-Reinforced Polymer (FRP) Bars

# **B.** Submittals

- 1. Submit shop drawings for each manhole. Drawings shall include manhole number, location, rim and invert elevations, dimensions, reinforcing details, joint details, and component parts.
- 2. Submit summary of criteria used in manhole design including, material properties, loading criteria, and dimensions assumed. Include certification from manufacturer that polymer concrete manhole design meets or exceeds the load and strength requirements of ASTM C478. Design calculations shall be prepared by a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of North Carolina
- 3. Submit Manufacturer's certification and load test data for manhole steps (if applicable).

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4. Submit Manufacturer's certification for each type of cast iron frame, grate/cover and pipe connections.

### C. Materials

- 1. Resin: The manufacturer shall use only polyester or vinyl ester resin, suitable for applications in the corrosive conditions to which the polymer concrete manhole structure will be exposed. Resin content shall be a minimum of 7% by weight.
- 2. Filler: All aggregate, sand and quartz powder shall be inert in an acidic environment.
- 3. Additives: Resin additives, such as curing agents, pigments, dyes, fillers and thixotropic agents, when used, shall not be detrimental to the manhole.
- 4. Elastomeric Gaskets: Gaskets shall be suitable for the service intended. All gaskets shall meet the requirement of ASTM C443.
- 5. Reinforcement: Reinforcement shall be steel per ASTM C478, or acid resistant FRP bar per ACI 440.1R-06 as applicable for polymer concrete design.

# D. Manufacturing and Product Construction

- 1. Manholes: Manhole components shall be manufactured by the vibratory vertical casting process resulting in a dense, non-porous, corrosion-resistant, homogeneous, composite structure. Manholes shall have a monolithic base slab unless otherwise approved. Manholes shall have engineered and rated lifting devices that shall not penetrate through the wall.
- 2. Section Joints: Round manhole components shall be connected with an elastomeric sealing gasket as the sole means to maintain joint water-tightness and both the gasket material and the manhole joint shall meet the requirements of ASTM C443. Round manholes shall utilize spigot and bell type joints incorporating either a confined o-ring or single step profile joint. Square and rectangular structures shall utilize a ship-lap joint and be sealed with a butyl rope sealant per ASTM C990 as recommended by the structure manufacturer.
- 3. Pipe to Manhole Connections: Pipes shall be directly connected to all structures using resilient flexible pipe to manhole connector per ASTM C923. Cold joint pipe stub grouting shall not be allowed unless shown on plans as such. In cases where cold joint pipe stubs are shown, they shall be grouted using a corrosion resistant grout and rubber water stop grout ring.
- 4. Fittings: Cones, reducer slabs, base slabs and adjusting rings shall be of the same material as adjoining riser sections.
- 5. Invert Channels: Invert channels shall be factory built with polymer concrete. Portland cement concrete shall not be allowed for channel construction.
- 6. Marking & Identification: Each structure shall be marked with the following information: Manufacturer's name or trademark, Manufacturer's location, and Production Date.
- 7. Each polymer concrete manhole component shall be free of all defects, including indentations, cracks, foreign inclusions and resin starved areas that, due to their nature and degree or extent, detrimentally affect the strength and serviceability of the component part. Cosmetic defect shall not be cause for rejection. The nominal internal diameter of manhole components shall not vary more than 2%. Variations in height of

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two opposite sides of risers and cones shall not be more the 5/8 inch. The under run in height of a riser or cone shall not be more than ½ in/ft of height with a maximum of ½ inch in any one section

# E. Design

- 1. Manholes shall be designed to withstand all live loads and dead loads as described in project plans and specifications. Dead loads shall include overburden load, soil side pressure and hydrostatic loading conditions
- 2. Manholes wall thickness shall be designed to resist hydrostatic pressures with a minimum safety factor of 2.0 for full depth conditions from grade to invert.
- 3. Manholes shall be designed with sufficient bottom anchorage and side friction to resist buoyancy. Field cast floatation collars are acceptable.
- 4. The manhole shall be manufactured in one class of load rating. This class shall be H-20 wheel load (minimum 16,000 pounds dynamic wheel load).
- 5. Compressive strength: Polymer concrete shall have a minimum unconfined compressive strength of 9,000 psi when measured in accordance with ASTM C497.

# F. Testing

- 1. Manholes: Manholes shall be manufactured in accordance with ASTM C478.
- 2. Joints: Joints shall meet the requirements of ASTM C443.

# G. Handling and Shipping

1. Handling and shipping shall be performed in accordance with the Manufacturer's instructions.

### H. Installation

- 1. Installation: The installation of manholes shall be in accordance with the project plans and specifications and the manufacturer's recommended practices. Manholes should be installed per ASTM C1821 or per plans and specifications.
- 2. Handling: Properly rated slings and spreader bar shall be used for lifting. The type of rigging used shall be per the manufacturer's recommendation.

### 3. Jointing:

- a. Sealing surfaces and joint components shall be inspected for damage and cleaned of all debris.
- b. Apply joint lubricant to elastomeric seals. Use only lubricants approved by the manufacturer.
- c. Use suitable equipment handle and set manholes.
- d. Joints between components shall be externally sealed with a butyl adhesive band (6" minimum width). The band shall have an outer layer of rubber or polyethylene with and under layer of rubberized mastic (with protective film), meeting the requirements of ASTM C-877, Type II or III.
- e. Placement and compaction of surrounding backfill material shall be applied so as to provide sufficient and equal side pressure on the manhole.

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# **Measurement** and Payment:

The height of the manhole will be measured and paid to the nearest tenth of a foot from the inside bottom (invert) of the manhole to the final finished top of the manhole ring.

Polymer Concrete Utility Manholes will be measured and paid by appropriate diameter per each for manholes of 0 to 6 feet height and per linear foot of height over 6 feet. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all materials, labor, installation, excavation, equipment, backfilling, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as required.

Pay Item:Pay Unit6' Dia. Polymer Concrete Utility ManholeEachPolymer Concrete Utility Manhole Wall, 6' Dia.Linear Foot

Plan Sheet UC-3B; 8" Pressure Relief Valve in 7' Diameter Manhole. The Contractor's attention is directed to this detail:

# **8" Pressure Relief Valve in 7' Diameter Manhole:**

8" Pressure Relief Valve in 7' Diameter Manhole shall be installed in accordance with the applicable Special Provisions herein, as shown on the Utility Plans, and/or as directed by the Engineer.

# **Pressure Relief Valve**

### Function

The valve shall maintain a constant upstream pressure by bypassing or relieving excess pressure and shall maintain close pressure limits without causing surges. If upstream pressure decreases below the spring setting, the valve shall close.

### Main Valve

The valve shall be hydraulically operated, single diaphragm-actuated, globe pattern. The valve shall consist of three major components: the body with seat installed, the cover with bearings installed, and the diaphragm assembly. The diaphragm assembly shall be the only moving part and shall form a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure. Packing glands and/or stuffing boxes are not permitted and there shall be no pistons operating the main valve or pilot controls.

### Main Valve Body

No separate chambers shall be allowed between the main valve cover and body. Valve body and cover shall be of cast ductile iron. No fabrication or welding shall be used in the manufacturing process.

The valve shall contain a resilient, synthetic rubber disc with a rectangular cross-section contained on three and one-half sides by a disc retainer and forming a tight seal against a single removable seat insert. No O-ring type discs (circular, square, or quad type) shall be permitted as the seating surface. The disc guide shall be of the contoured type to permit smooth transition of flow and shall hold the disc firmly in place. The disc retainer shall be of a sturdy one-piece design capable of withstanding opening and closing shocks. It must have straight edge sides and a radius at the top edge to prevent excessive diaphragm wear as the diaphragm flexes across this

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surface. No hourglass-shaped disc retainers shall be permitted and no V-type or slotted type disc guides shall be used.

The diaphragm assembly containing a non-magnetic 303 stainless steel stem of sufficient diameter to withstand high hydraulic pressures shall be fully guided at both ends by a bearing in the valve cover and an integral bearing in the valve seat. The seat shall be a solid, one-piece design and shall have a minimum of a five-degree taper on the seating surface for a positive, drip-tight shutoff. No center guides shall be permitted. The stem shall be drilled and tapped in the cover end to receive and affix such accessories as may be deemed necessary. The diaphragm assembly shall be the only moving part and shall form a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve separating operating pressure from line pressure.

The flexible, non-wicking, FDA approved diaphragm shall consist of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber compatible with the operating fluid. The center hole for the main valve stem must be sealed by the vulcanized process or a rubber grommet sealing the center stem hole from the operating pressure. The diaphragm must withstand a Mullins Burst Test of a minimum of 600 psi per layer of nylon fabric and shall be cycle tested 100,000 times to insure longevity. The diaphragm shall not be used as the seating surface. The diaphragm shall be fully supported in the valve body and cover by machined surfaces which support no less than one-half of the total surface area of the diaphragm in either the fully open or fully closed position.

The main valve seat and the stem bearing in the valve cover shall be removable. The cover bearing and seat in 6" and smaller size valves shall be threaded into the cover and body. Valve seat in 8" and larger size valves shall be retained by flat head machine screws for ease of maintenance. The lower bearing of the valve stem shall be contained concentrically within the seat and shall be exposed to the flow on all sides to avoid deposits. To insure proper alignment of the valve stem, the valve body and cover shall be machined with a locating lip. No "pinned" covers to the valve body shall be permitted. Cover bearing, disc retainer, and seat shall be made of the same material. All necessary repairs and/or modifications other than replacement of the main valve body shall be possible without removing the valve from the pipeline. Packing glands and/or stuffing boxes shall not be permitted.

The body of the pressure relief valve shall be ductile iron conforming to ASTM A536. The end connections shall be Class 150 flanges, conforming to ANSI B16.42. The main valve trim shall be bronze in accordance with ASTM B-61.

The valve manufacturer shall warrant the valve to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from date of shipment provided the valve is installed and used in accordance with all applicable instructions. Electrical components shall have a one (1) year warranty.

### Pilot Control System

The pressure relief pilot shall be a direct-acting, adjustable, spring-loaded, diaphragm valve designed to permit flow when controlling pressure exceeds the adjustable spring setting. The pilot control is normally held closed by the force of the compression on the spring above the diaphragm and it opens when the pressure acting on the underside of the diaphragm exceeds the spring setting. Pilot control sensing shall be upstream of the pilot system strainer so accurate

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control may be maintained if the strainer is partially blocked. A full range of spring settings shall be available in ranges from 0 - 450 psi.

### **Gate Valves**

Gate valves inside the Pressure Relief Valve Manhole shall meet the requirements of Section 1036-7(A) of the NCDOT Standard Specifications, and shall be resilient-seated type gate valves with hand-wheel operators and flanged ends.

# **Precast Concrete Manhole**

The pressure relief valve manhole shall be an approved precast concrete manhole conforming to ASTM C-478. The precast manhole top slab shall be H-20 rated and shall be installed flush with the ground. Steps shall be cast into the interior wall of the manhole as shown on the plans.

# **Access Hatch**

The double-leaf aluminum access hatch shall have a 1/4 inch thick, one-piece, mill finish, extruded aluminum frame, incorporating a continuous concrete anchor. The inside of the frame shall have a door-support ledge on two (2) sides. Both frame and ledge must be supported by a full bed of Class A concrete. The door panels shall be 1/4" aluminum diamond plate, reinforced to withstand a live H-20 uniform load. Doors shall open to 90° and automatically lock with a T-316 stainless steel hold open arms with release handles. For ease of operation, doors shall incorporate enclosed stainless steel compression spring assists. Doors shall close flush with the frame. Hinges and all fastening hardware shall be T-316 stainless steel. Unit shall lock with a T-316 stainless steel slam lock with removable keys and have a non-corrosive handle. Unit shall carry a lifetime guarantee against defects in material and/or workmanship.

# **Measurement and Payment:**

The quantity of 8" Pressure Relief Valve in 7' Diameter Manhole, installed in accordance with the plans and Special Provisions herein and accepted, will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for "8" Pressure Relief Valve in 7' Diameter Manhole". Such price and payment will be full compensation for all materials, labor, installation, excavation, equipment, backfilling, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as required.

Pay Item:Pay Unit8" Pressure Relief Valve in 7' Diameter ManholeEach

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# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS Utilities by Others



### General:

The following utility companies have facilities that will be in conflict with the construction of this project:

- A) Piedmont Natural Gas Gas (Distribution)
- B) Duke Energy Power (Distribution)
- C) AT&T Communications
- D) Charter Communications
- E) Century Link Communications

The conflicting facilities of these concerns will be adjusted prior to the date of availability, unless otherwise noted and are therefore listed in these special provisions for the benefit of the Contractor. All utility work listed herein will be done by the utility owners. All utilities are shown on the plans from the best available information.

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

### **Utilities Requiring Adjustment:**

Utility relocations are shown on the Utilities by Others Plans.

- A) Piedmont Natural Gas Gas (Distribution)
  - 1) PNG will have all relocations within the project limits completed by the date of availability.
  - 2) Contact person for Piedmont Natural Gas is Mr. Matt Bare at 704-334-5348.
- B) Duke Energy Power (Distribution)
  - 1) Duke will have all relocations within the project limits completed by the date of availability
  - 2) Contact person for Duke Energy is Cindi Ball at 919-278-2529.

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# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others

# C) AT&T – Communications

- 1) AT&T relocations are contingent upon the completion of Duke, then Century Link, and then Charter relocations. AT&T relocations will be completed 120 days after Charter relocations have been completed.
- 2) Contact person for AT&T is Butch Bunton at 336-379-5936.

# D) Charter – Communications

- Charter relocations are contingent upon the completion of Duke and then Century Link relocations. Charter relocations will be completed 120 days after CenturyLink relocations have been completed.
- 2) Contact person for Charter is Roger Stanfield at 336-217-3460.

# E) Century Link – Communications

- 1) Century Link relocations are contingent upon the completion of Duke relocations. Century Link relocations will be completed 15 days after Duke relocations have been completed.
- 2) Contact person for Century Link is Brian Walker at 919-710-8893.

2/19/21

# Project Special Provisions Erosion Control

# **STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS:**

(4-30-2019)

Stabilization for this project shall comply with the time frame guidelines as specified by the NCG-010000 general construction permit effective April 1, 2019 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources. Temporary or permanent ground cover stabilization shall occur within 7 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity, with the following exceptions in which temporary or permanent ground cover shall be provided in 14 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity:

- Slopes between 2:1 and 3:1, with a slope length of 10 ft. or less
- Slopes 3:1 or flatter, with a slope of length of 50 ft. or less
- Slopes 4:1 or flatter

The stabilization timeframe for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones shall be 7 calendar days with no exceptions for slope grades or lengths. High Quality Water Zones (HQW) Zones are defined by North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 04A.0105 (25). Temporary and permanent ground cover stabilization shall be achieved in accordance with the provisions in this contract and as directed.

# **SEEDING AND MULCHING:**

(East)

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

# All Roadway Areas

March 1 - August 31		September 1 - February 28		
50#	Tall Fescue	50#	Tall Fescue	
10#	Centipede	10#	Centipede	
25#	Bermudagrass (hulled)	35#	Bermudagrass (unhulled)	
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer	
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone	

### Waste and Borrow Locations

March 1 – August 31		September 1 - February 28		
75#	Tall Fescue	75#	Tall Fescue	
25#	Bermudagrass (hulled)	35#	Bermudagrass (unhulled)	
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer	
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone	

Note: 50# of Bahiagrass may be substituted for either Centipede or Bermudagrass only upon Engineer's request.

# Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

06 Dust Escalade Justice Serengeti 2<sup>nd</sup> Millennium Essential Kalahari Shelby 3<sup>rd</sup> Millennium Evergreen 2 Kitty Hawk 2000 Sheridan Apache III Falcon IV Legitimate Signia Avenger Falcon NG Lexington Silver Hawk Barlexas Falcon V LSD Sliverstar Barlexas II Faith Shenandoah Elite Magellan Bar Fa Matador Sidewinder Fat Cat Millennium SRP Skyline Barrera Festnova Barrington **Fidelity** Monet Solara Barrobusto Finelawn Elite Southern Choice II Mustang 4 Finelawn Xpress Barvado Ninja 2 Speedway Finesse II Biltmore Ol' Glory Spyder LS Bingo Firebird Olympic Gold Sunset Gold Firecracker LS Padre Bizem Taccoa Blackwatch Firenza Patagonia Tanzania Blade Runner II Five Point Pedigree Trio Picasso Bonsai Focus Tahoe II Braveheart Forte **Piedmont** Talladega Bravo **Plantation** Tarheel Garrison Bullseye Gazelle II Proseeds 5301 Terrano Gold Medallion Titan ltd Cannavaro **Prospect** Catalyst Grande 3 Pure Gold Titanium LS Cayenne Greenbrooks **Ouest** Tracer Traverse SRP Cessane Rz Greenkeeper Raptor II Gremlin Chipper Rebel Exeda Tulsa Time Cochise IV Greystone Rebel Sentry Turbo Guardian 21 Turbo RZ Constitution Rebel IV Guardian 41 Corgi Regiment II Tuxedo RZ Regenerate Corona Hemi Ultimate Coyote Honky Tonk Rendition Venture Rhambler 2 SRP Darlington Hot Rod Umbrella Davinci Hunter Rembrandt Van Gogh Desire Inferno Reunion Watchdog Dominion Innovator Riverside Wolfpack II Dynamic Integrity **RNP** Xtremegreen Dynasty Jaguar 3 Rocket Endeavor Jamboree Scorpion

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper Centipede shall be applied at the rate of 5 pounds per acre and add 20# of Sericea Lespedeza from January 1 - December 31.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

# **NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT TRAINING REQUIREMENTS:**

The person(s) responsible for applying fertilizer or person(s) conducting the application of fertilizer on this project within the Jordan Lake or Falls Lake Watershed shall complete the following web-based training prior to performing this work:

# http://www.jordanlake.org/web/jordanlake/fertilizer-management

A certificate of completion must be presented by the person(s) responsible for fertilizer application or person(s) conducting the application of fertilizer prior to performing fertilizer application on the project within the limits of the Jordan Lake or Fall Lake Watershed.

# **Native Grass Seeding And Mulching**

(West)

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed on the disturbed areas of wetlands and riparian areas, and adjacent to Stream Relocation and/or trout stream construction within a 50 foot zone on both sides of the stream or depression, measured from top of stream bank or center of depression. The stream bank of the stream relocation shall be seeded by a method that does not alter the typical cross section of the stream bank. Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall also be performed in the permanent soil reinforcement mat section of preformed scour holes, and in other areas as directed.

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

August 1 - June 1		May 1 -	- September 1
18#	Creeping Red Fescue	18#	Creeping Red Fescue
8#	Big Bluestem	8#	Big Bluestem
6#	Indiangrass	6#	Indiangrass
4#	Switchgrass	4#	Switchgrass
35#	Rye Grain	25#	German or Browntop Millet
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone

# Approved Creeping Red Fescue Cultivars:

A 1 1	D 1	Dai:	C:1 T
Aberdeen	Boreal	Enic	Cindy Lou

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications* and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Native Grass *Seeding and Mulching* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **TEMPORARY SEEDING:**

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for *Seeding and Mulching* and applied at the rate of 400 pounds and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre. Sweet Sudan Grass, German Millet or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and Rye Grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

### **FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING:**

Fertilizer used for topdressing on all roadway areas except slopes 2:1 and steeper shall be 10-20-20 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Fertilizer used for topdressing on slopes 2:1 and steeper and waste and borrow areas shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis and as directed.

### **SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING:**

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*, with the exception that no centipede seed will be used in the seed mix for supplemental seeding. The rate of application for supplemental seeding may vary from 25# to 75# per acre. The actual rate per acre will be determined prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre, total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

### **MOWING:**

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be 4 inches.

### **LAWN TYPE APPEARANCE:**

All areas adjacent to lawns must be hand finished as directed to give a lawn type appearance. Remove all trash, debris, and stones <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" and larger in diameter or other obstructions that could interfere with providing a smooth lawn type appearance. These areas shall be reseeded to match their original vegetative conditions, unless directed otherwise by the Field Operations Engineer.

# **REFORESTATION:**

### **Description**

*Reforestation* will be planted within interchanges and along the outside borders of the road, and in other areas as directed. *Reforestation* is not shown on the plan sheets. See the Reforestation Detail Sheet.

All non-maintained riparian buffers impacted by the placement of temporary fill or clearing activities shall be restored to the preconstruction contours and revegetated with native woody species.

The entire *Reforestation* operation shall comply with the requirements of Section 1670 of the *Standard Specifications*.

### **Materials**

Reforestation shall be bare root seedlings 12"-18" tall.

### **Construction Methods**

Reforestation shall be planted as soon as practical following permanent Seeding and Mulching. The seedlings shall be planted in a 16-foot wide swath adjacent to mowing pattern line, or as directed.

Root dip: The roots of reforestation seedlings shall be coated with a slurry of water, and either a fine clay (kaolin) or a superabsorbent that is designated as a bare root dip. The type, mixture ratio, method of application, and the time of application shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

With the approval of the Engineer, seedlings may be coated before delivery to the job or at the time of planting, but at no time shall the roots of the seedlings be allowed to dry out. The roots shall be moistened immediately prior to planting.

Seasonal Limitations: *Reforestation* shall be planted from November 15 through March 15.

### **Measurement and Payment**

Reforestation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1670-17 of the Standard Specifications.

# **RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL:**

# **Description**

Furnish the labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to move personnel, equipment, and supplies to the project necessary for the pursuit of any or all of the following work as shown herein, by an approved subcontractor.

Section	Erosion Control Item	Unit
1605	Temporary Silt Fence	LF
1606	Special Sediment Control Fence	LF/TON
1615	Temporary Mulching	ACR
1620	Seed - Temporary Seeding	LB
1620	Fertilizer - Temporary Seeding	TN
1631	Matting for Erosion Control	SY
SP	Coir Fiber Mat	SY
1640	Coir Fiber Baffles	LF
SP	Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat	SY
1660	Seeding and Mulching	ACR
1661	Seed - Repair Seeding	LB
1661	Fertilizer - Repair Seeding	TON
1662	Seed - Supplemental Seeding	LB
1665	Fertilizer Topdressing	TON
SP	Safety/Highly Visible Fencing	LF
SP	Response for Erosion Control	EA

### **Construction Methods**

Provide an approved subcontractor who performs an erosion control action as described in the NPDES Inspection Form SPPP30. Each erosion control action may include one or more of the above work items.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Response for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for by counting the actual number of times the subcontractor moves onto the project, including borrow and waste sites, and satisfactorily completes an erosion control action described in Form 1675. The provisions of Article 104-5 of the Standard Specifications will not apply to this item of work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Response for Erosion Control
Each

# **ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS:**

#### **Description**

This project is located in an *Environmentally Sensitive Area*. This designation requires special procedures to be used for clearing and grubbing, temporary stream crossings, and grading operations within the Environmentally Sensitive Areas identified on the plans and as designated by the Engineer. This also requires special procedures to be used for seeding and mulching and staged seeding within the project.

The Environmentally Sensitive Area shall be defined as a 50-foot buffer zone on both sides of the stream or depression measured from top of streambank or center of depression.

#### **Construction Methods**

# (A) Clearing and Grubbing

In areas identified as Environmentally Sensitive Areas, the Contractor may perform clearing operations, but not grubbing operations until immediately prior to beginning grading operations as described in Article 200-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. Only clearing operations (not grubbing) shall be allowed in this buffer zone until immediately prior to beginning grading operations. Erosion control devices shall be installed immediately following the clearing operation.

# (B) Grading

Once grading operations begin in identified Environmentally Sensitive Areas, work shall progress in a continuous manner until complete. All construction within these areas shall progress in a continuous manner such that each phase is complete and areas are permanently stabilized prior to beginning of next phase. Failure on the part of the Contractor to complete any phase of construction in a continuous manner in Environmentally Sensitive Areas will be just cause for the Engineer to direct the suspension of work in accordance with Article 108-7 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# (C) Temporary Stream Crossings

Any crossing of streams within the limits of this project shall be accomplished in accordance with the requirements of Subarticle 107-12 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# (D) Seeding and Mulching

Seeding and mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications* and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

Seeding and mulching shall be performed on the areas disturbed by construction immediately following final grade establishment. No appreciable time shall lapse into the contract time without stabilization of slopes, ditches and other areas within the Environmentally Sensitive Areas.

# (E) Stage Seeding

The work covered by this section shall consist of the establishment of a vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as grading progresses. Seeding and mulching shall be done in stages on cut and fill slopes that are greater than 20 feet in height measured along the slope, or greater than 2 acres in area. Each stage shall not exceed the limits stated above.

Additional payments will not be made for the requirements of this section, as the cost for this work shall be included in the contract unit prices for the work involved.

# **MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION:**

The Contractor shall minimize removal of vegetation within project limits to the maximum extent practicable. Vegetation along stream banks and adjacent to other jurisdictional resources outside the construction limits shall only be removed upon approval of Engineer. No additional payment will be made for this minimization work.

# **STOCKPILE AREAS:**

The Contractor shall install and maintain erosion control devices sufficient to contain sediment around any erodible material stockpile areas as directed.

# **ACCESS AND HAUL ROADS:**

At the end of each working day, the Contractor shall install or re-establish temporary diversions or earth berms across access/haul roads to direct runoff into sediment devices. Silt fence sections that are temporarily removed shall be reinstalled across access/haul roads at the end of each working day.

# **CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS MANAGEMENT**

(3-19-19) (rev. 04-27-19)

# **Description**

The requirements set forth shall be adhered to in order to meet the applicable materials handling requirements of the NCG010000 permit. Structural controls installed to manage construction materials stored or used on site shall be shown on the E&SC Plan. Requirements for handling materials on construction sites shall be as follows:

# Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and Flocculants

Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and flocculants shall be stored in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures designed to protect adjacent surface waters. PAMS or other flocculants used shall be selected from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants The concentration of PAMS and other flocculants used shall not exceed those specified in the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants is available at:

https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/Water%20Quality/Environmental%20Sciences/ATU/ApprovedPAMS 4 1 2017.pdf

# **Equipment Fluids**

Fuels, lubricants, coolants, and hydraulic fluids, and other petroleum products shall be handled and disposed of in a manner so as not to enter surface or ground waters and in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations. Equipment used on the site must be operated and maintained properly to prevent discharge of fluids. Equipment, vehicle, and other wash waters shall not be discharged into E&SC basins or other E&SC devices. Alternative controls should be provided such that there is no discharge of soaps, solvents, or detergents.

#### **Waste Materials**

Construction materials and land clearing waste shall be disposed of in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 130A, Article 9 - Solid Waste Management, and rules governing the disposal of solid waste (15A NCAC 13B). Areas dedicated for managing construction material and land clearing waste shall be at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. Paint and other liquid construction material waste shall not be dumped into storm drains. Paint and other liquid construction waste washouts should be located at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets unless there is no alternative. Other options are to install lined washouts or use portable, removable bags or bins. Hazardous or toxic waste shall be managed in accordance with the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and NC Hazardous Waste Rules at 15A NCAC, Subchapter 13A. Litter and sanitary waste shall be managed in a manner to prevent it from entering jurisdictional waters and shall be disposed of offsite.

#### Herbicide, Pesticide, and Rodenticides

Herbicide, pesticide, and rodenticides shall be stored and applied in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, North Carolina Pesticide Law of 1971 and labeling restrictions.

#### **Concrete Materials**

Concrete materials onsite, including excess concrete, must be controlled and managed to avoid contact with surface waters, wetlands or buffers. No concrete or cement slurry shall be discharged from the site. (Note that discharges from onsite concrete plants require coverage under a separate NPDES permit – NCG140000.) Concrete wash water shall be managed in accordance with the *Concrete Washout Structure* provision. Concrete slurry shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with *NCDOT DGS and HOS DCAR Distribution of Class A Residuals Statewide* (Permit No. WQ0035749). Any hardened concrete residue will be disposed of, or recycled on site, in accordance with state solid waste regulations.

#### **Earthen Material Stock Piles**

Earthen material stock piles shall be located at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Conditions set within the *Construction Materials Management* provision are incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

# **WASTE AND BORROW SOURCES:**

Payment for temporary erosion control measures, except those made necessary by the Contractor's own negligence or for his own convenience, will be paid for at the appropriate contract unit price for the devices or measures utilized in borrow sources and waste areas.

No additional payment will be made for erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in any commercial borrow or waste pit. All erosion and sediment control practices that may be required on a commercial borrow or waste site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

All offsite Staging Areas, Borrow and Waste sites shall be in accordance with "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" located at:

 $\frac{https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/ContractedReclamation}{Procedures.pdf}$ 

All forms and documents referenced in the "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" shall be included with the reclamation plans for offsite staging areas, and borrow and waste sites.

#### **TEMPORARY DIVERSION:**

This work consists of installation, maintenance, and cleanout of *Temporary Diversions* in accordance with Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*. The quantity of excavation for installation and cleanout will be measured and paid for as *Silt Excavation* in accordance with Article 1630-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **SAFETY FENCE AND JURISDICTIONAL FLAGGING:**

# **Description**

Safety Fence shall consist of furnishing materials, installing and maintaining polyethylene or polypropylene fence along the outside riparian buffer, wetland, or water boundary, or other boundaries located within the construction corridor to mark the areas that have been approved to infringe within the buffer, wetland, endangered vegetation, culturally sensitive areas or water. The fence shall be installed prior to any land disturbing activities.

Interior boundaries for jurisdictional areas noted above shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits, whether considered outside or interior boundaries shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

#### **Materials**

# (A) Safety Fencing

Polyethylene or polypropylene fence shall be a highly visible preconstructed safety fence approved by the Engineer. The fence material shall have an ultraviolet coating.

Either wood posts or steel posts may be used. Wood posts shall be hardwood with a wedge or pencil tip at one end, and shall be at least 5 ft. in length with a minimum nominal 2" x 2" cross section. Steel posts shall be at least 5 ft. in length, and have a minimum weight of 0.85 lb/ft of length.

# (B) Boundary Flagging

Wooden stakes shall be 4 feet in length with a minimum nominal 3/4" x 1-3/4" cross section. The flagging shall be at least 1" in width. The flagging material shall be vinyl and shall be orange in color and highly visible.

#### **Construction Methods**

No additional clearing and grubbing is anticipated for the installation of this fence. The fence shall be erected to conform to the general contour of the ground.

# (A) Safety Fencing

Posts shall be set at a maximum spacing of 10 ft., maintained in a vertical position and hand set or set with a post driver. Posts shall be installed a minimum of 2 ft. into the ground. If hand set, all backfill material shall be thoroughly tamped. Wood posts may be sharpened to a dull point if power driven. Posts damaged by power driving shall be removed and replaced prior to final acceptance. The tops of all wood posts shall be cut at a 30-degree angle. The wood posts may, at the option of the Contractor, be cut at this angle either before or after the posts are erected.

The fence geotextile shall be attached to the wood posts with one 2" galvanized wire staple across each cable or to the steel posts with wire or other acceptable means.

Place construction stakes to establish the location of the safety fence in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for the staking of the safety fence. All stakeouts for safety fence shall be considered incidental to the work being paid for as "Construction Surveying", except that where there is no pay item for construction surveying, all safety fence stakeout will be performed by state forces.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain the safety fence in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

# (B) Boundary Flagging

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Interior boundaries may be staked on a tangent that runs parallel to buffer but must not encroach on the buffer at any location. Interior boundaries of hand clearing shall be identified with a different colored flagging to distinguish it from mechanized clearing.

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries will be placed in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for delineation of the interior boundaries. This delineation will be considered incidental to the work being paid for as *Construction Surveying*, except that where there is no pay item or construction surveying the cost of boundary flagging delineation shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract. Installation for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Additional flagging may be placed on overhanging vegetation to enhance visibility but does not substitute for installation of stakes.

Installation of boundary flagging for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall be performed in accordance with Subarticle 230-4(B)(5) or Subarticle 802-2(F) of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for this delineation, as the cost of same shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain alternative stakes and highly visible flagging in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Safety Fence will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of polyethylene or polypropylene fence installed in place and accepted. Such payment will be full compensation including but not limited to furnishing and installing fence geotextile with necessary posts and post bracing, staples, tie wires, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitSafety FenceLinear Foot

# **PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT:**

# **Description**

This work consists of furnishing and placing *Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat*, of the type specified, over previously prepared areas as directed.

#### **Materials**

The product shall be a permanent erosion control reinforcement mat and shall be constructed of synthetic or a combination of coconut and synthetic fibers evenly distributed throughout the mat between a bottom UV stabilized netting and a heavy duty UV stabilized top net. The matting shall be stitched together with UV stabilized polypropylene thread to form a permanent three-dimensional structure. The mat shall have the following minimum physical properties:

Property	<b>Test Method</b>	Value	Unit
Light Penetration	ASTM D6567	9	<b>%</b>
Thickness	ASTM D6525	0.40	in
Mass Per Unit Area	ASTM D6566	0.55	lb/sy
Tensile Strength	ASTM D6818	385	lb/ft
Elongation (Maximum)	ASTM D6818	49	%
Resiliency	ASTM D1777	>70	%
UV Stability *	ASTM D4355	≥80	%
Porosity (Permanent Net)	ECTC Guidelines	≥85	%
Maximum Permissible Shear	Performance Bench	$\geq \! 8.0$	$lb/ft^2$
Stress (Vegetated)	Test		
Maximum Allowable Velocity	Performance Bench	≥16.0	ft/s
(Vegetated)	Test		

<sup>\*</sup>ASTM D1682 Tensile Strength and % strength retention of material after 1000 hours of exposure.

Submit a certification (Type 1, 2, or 3) from the manufacturer showing:

- (A) the chemical and physical properties of the mat used, and
- (B) conformance of the mat with this specification.

#### **Construction Methods**

Matting shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1631-3(B) of the Standard Specifications.

All areas to be protected with the mat shall be brought to final grade and seeded in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications*. The surface of the soil shall be smooth, firm, stable and free of rocks, clods, roots or other obstructions that would prevent the mat from lying in direct contact with the soil surface. Areas where the mat is to be placed will not need to be mulched.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat is installed and accepted. Overlaps will not be included in the measurement, and will be considered as incidental to the work. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the mat, including overlaps, and for all required maintenance.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat

Square Yard

# **SKIMMER BASIN WITH BAFFLES:**

# **Description**

Provide a skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown in the erosion control plans. See the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet provided in the erosion control plans. Work includes constructing sediment basin, installation of temporary slope drain pipe and coir fiber baffles, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, providing and placing a geotextile spillway liner, providing coir fiber mat stabilization for the skimmer outlet, disposing of excess materials, removing temporary slope drain, coir fiber baffles, geotextile liner and skimmer device, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

#### **Materials**

Item	Section
Stone for Erosion Control, Class B	1042
Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4	1056
Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding	1060-2
Seed for Temporary Seeding	1060-4
Seeding and Mulching	1060-4
Matting for Erosion Control	1060-8
Staples	1060-8
Coir Fiber Mat	1060-14
Temporary Slope Drain	1622-2
Coir Fiber Baffle	1640

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

Anchors: Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors.

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

#### Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

# Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Excavate basin according to the erosion control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Install temporary slope drain pipe and construct the primary spillway according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet in the erosion control plans. Temporary slope drain pipe at inlet of basin may be replaced by geotextile as directed. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install 4" Schedule 40 PVC pipe into dam on the lower side of basin 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and according to the detail, and extend the pipe so the basin will drain. Attach a 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. The coupling shall be rigid and non-buoyant and not exceed a diameter of 4" and 12" in length. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in skimmer basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

Line primary spillway with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of geotextile in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp firmly. If geotextile for the primary spillway is not one continuous piece of material, make horizontal overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile. Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a *u* shape with a length of not less than 12" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically. Geotextile shall be placed to the bottom and across the entire width of the basin according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles detail. Place sealant inside basin around barrel pipe on top of geotextile with a minimum width of 6 in.

At the skimmer outlet, provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent contact of the coir fiber matting with the soil. Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Wooden stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the details in the plans and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the matting 3 ft. apart.

All bare side slope sections of the skimmer basin shall be seeded with a temporary or permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1620-3, 1620-4, 1620-5, 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Silt Excavation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the Standard Specifications, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Coir Fiber Baffles will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1640-4 of the Standard Specifications.

\_\_" Skimmer will be measured in units of each.\_" Skimmer will be measured and paid for as the maximum number of each size skimmer acceptably installed and in use at any one time during the life of the project. Barrel and arm pipe, cleanout, relocation and reinstallation of\_" Skimmer is considered incidental to the measurement of the quantity of\_" Skimmer and no separate payment will be made. No separate payment shall be made if\_" Skimmer, barrel and/or arm pipe(s) are damaged by ice accumulation.

Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

*Temporary Slope Drain* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1622-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Stone for Erosion Control, Class will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the Standard Specifications.

*Seeding and Mulching* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Seed for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

*Matting for Erosion Control* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
" Skimmer	Each
Coir Fiber Mat	Square Yard

#### **TIERED SKIMMER BASIN WITH BAFFLES:**

# **Description**

Provide a tiered skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown in the erosion control plans. See the Tiered Skimmer Basin Detail sheet provided in the erosion control plans. Tiered Skimmer Basins shall be installed in areas where topography creates a large elevation difference between the inlet and outlet of a single skimmer basin. Work includes constructing sediment basins, installation of coir fiber baffles, installation of temporary slope drain pipe, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, providing and placing geotextile spillway liners, providing coir fiber mat stabilization for the skimmer outlet, disposing of excess materials, removing temporary slope drain pipe, coir fiber baffles, geotextile liner and skimmer device, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

#### **Materials**

Item	Section
Stone for Erosion Control, Class B	1042
Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4	1056
Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding	1060-2
Seed for Temporary Seeding	1060-4
Seeding and Mulching	1060-4
Matting for Erosion Control	1060-8
Staples	1060-8
Coir Fiber Mat	1060-14
Temporary Slope Drain	1622-2
Coir Fiber Baffle	1640

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

Anchors: Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors.

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

#### Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

#### Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Excavate basins according to the erosion control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Install temporary slope drain pipe and construct the primary spillways according to the Tiered Skimmer Basin Detail sheet in the erosion control plans. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*. Multiple upper basins, or Modified Silt Basins Type 'B' as labeled on the detail, may be required based on site conditions and as directed.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install 4" Schedule 40 PVC pipe into dam on the lower side of basin 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and according to the detail, and extend the pipe so the basin will drain. Attach a 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. The coupling shall be rigid and non-buoyant and not exceed a diameter of 4" and 12" in length. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in skimmer basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

Line primary spillways with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of geotextile in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp firmly. If geotextile for primary spillways is not one continuous piece of material, make horizontal overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile. Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a *u* shape with a length of not less than 12" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically. Geotextile shall be placed to the bottom and across the entire width of the basin according to the Tiered Skimmer Basin with Baffles detail.

At the skimmer outlet, provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent contact of the coir fiber matting with the soil. Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Wooden stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the details in the plans

and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the matting 3 ft. apart. Place sealant inside basin around barrel pipe on top of geotextile with a minimum width of 6 in.

All bare side slope sections of the skimmer basin shall be seeded with a temporary or permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1620-3, 1620-4, 1620-5, 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Silt Excavation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the Standard Specifications, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Coir Fiber Baffles will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1640-4 of the Standard Specifications.

\_\_" Skimmer will be measured in units of each.\_" Skimmer will be measured and paid for as the maximum number of each size skimmer acceptably installed and in use at any one time during the life of the project. Barrel and arm pipe, cleanout, relocation and reinstallation of\_" Skimmer is considered incidental to the measurement of the quantity of\_" Skimmer and no separate payment will be made. No separate payment shall be made if\_" Skimmer, barrel and/or arm pipe(s) are damaged by ice accumulation.

Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

*Temporary Slope Drain* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1622-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Stone for Erosion Control, Class will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the Standard Specifications.

Seed for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Matting for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the Standard Specifications.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
\_\_" Skimmer
Coir Fiber Mat

Pay Unit
Each
Square Yard

# **COIR FIBER WATTLES WITH POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):**

# **Description**

Coir Fiber Wattles are tubular products consisting of coir fibers (coconut fibers) encased in coir fiber netting. Coir Fiber Wattles are used on slopes or channels to intercept runoff and act as a velocity break. Coir Fiber Wattles are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of coir fiber wattles, matting installation, PAM application, and removing wattles.

#### **Materials**

Coir Fiber Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

100% Coir (Coconut) Fibers Minimum Diameter 12 in.

Minimum Density  $3.5 \text{ lb/ft}^3 +/- 10\%$ 

Net Material Coir Fiber
Net Openings 2 in. x 2 in.
Not Strangth 00 lbs

Net Strength 90 lbs.

Minimum Weight 2.6 lbs./ft. +/- 10%

Anchors: Stakes shall be used as anchors.

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft. long with a 2 in. x 2 in. nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Article 1060-8 of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the wattles will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each wattle. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

#### **Construction Methods**

Coir Fiber Wattles shall be secured to the soil by wire staples approximately every 1 linear foot and at the end of each section of wattle. A minimum of 4 stakes shall be installed on the downstream side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet along the wattle, and according to the detail. Install a minimum of 2 stakes on the upstream side of the wattle according to the detail provided in the plans. Stakes shall be driven into the ground a minimum of 10 in. with no more than 2 in. projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

Only install coir fiber wattle(s) to a height in ditch so flow will not wash around wattle and scour ditch slopes and according to the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Overlap adjoining sections of wattles a minimum of 6 in.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Apply PAM over the lower center portion of the coir fiber wattle where the water is going to flow over at a rate of 2 ounces per wattle, and 1 ounce of PAM on matting on each side of the wattle. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the coir fiber wattles until the project is accepted or until the wattles are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattles when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Coir Fiber Wattles will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the Coir Fiber Wattles.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

*Polyacrylamide(PAM)* will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the coir fiber wattles. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the *Polyacrylamide(PAM)*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitPolyacrylamide(PAM)PoundCoir Fiber WattleLinear Foot

# **COIR FIBER WATTLE BARRIER:**

(5-20-13)

1630

# **Description**

Coir fiber wattle barriers are tubular products consisting of coir fibers (coconut fibers) encased in coir fiber or synthetic netting and used at the toe of fills or on slopes to intercept runoff. Coir fiber wattle barriers are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation, maintenance and removing coir fiber wattle barriers.

#### **Materials**

Coir fiber wattle shall meet the following specifications:

Inner Material	100% Coir (Coconut) Fibers
Minimum Diameter	18"
Minimum Length	10 ft.
Minimum Density	5 lb./c.f. ± 10%
Net Material	Coir (Coconut) or Synthetic
Net Openings	2" x 2"
Net Strength	90 lb.
Minimum Weight	10 lb./ft. ± 10%

Stakes shall be used as anchors. Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake shall be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a U-shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Align coir fiber wattle barriers in an overlapping and alternating pattern. Excavate a trench the entire length of each wattle with a depth of 2" to 3" for the wattle to be placed. Secure coir fiber

wattle barriers to the soil by wire staples approximately every linear foot and at the end of each wattle. Install at least 4 stakes on the downslope side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet and according to the detail. Install at least 2 stakes on the upslope side of the coir fiber wattle barriers according to the detail provided in the plans. Drive stakes into the ground at least 10" with no more than 2" projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

For coir fiber wattle barriers used to reduce runoff velocity for large slopes, use a maximum spacing of 25 ft. for the barrier measured along the slope.

Maintain the coir fiber wattle barriers until the project is accepted or until the coir fiber wattle barriers are removed, and remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the coir fiber wattle barriers when so directed in accordance with Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Coir Fiber Wattle Barrier will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of coir fiber wattle barrier installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the coir fiber wattle barrier.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item**Coir Fiber Wattle Barrier

**Pay Unit** Linear Foot

# TEMPORARY ROCK SILT CHECK TYPE A WITH EXCELSIOR MATTING AND POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):

# **Description**

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and Polyacrylamide (PAM) are devices utilized in temporary and permanent ditches to reduce runoff velocity and incorporate PAM into the construction runoff to increase settling of sediment particles and reduce turbidity of runoff. Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A, matting installation, PAM application, and removing Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM.

#### **Materials**

Structural stone shall be class B stone that meets the requirements of Section 1042 of the *Standard Specifications* for Stone for Erosion Control, Class B.

Sediment control stone shall be #5 or #57 stone, which meets the requirements of Section 1005 of the *Standard Specifications* for these stone sizes.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Excelsior Matting in Subarticle 1060-8(B) of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each Temporary Rock Silt Check Type A. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

#### **Construction Methods**

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1633-3(A) of the *Standard Specifications*, Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1633.01 and the detail provided in the plans.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and anchored by placing Class B stone on top of the matting at the upper and lower ends.

Apply PAM at a rate of 4 ounces over the center portion of the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A and matting where the water is going to flow over. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities and after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM until the project is accepted or until the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1633-5 of the Standard Specifications, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

*Polyacrylamide(PAM)* will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the *Polyacrylamide(PAM)*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Polyacrylamide(PAM)
Pound

# **CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL:**

# **Description**

This work consists of providing a *Culvert Diversion Channel* to detour the existing stream around the culvert construction site at locations shown on the plans. Work includes constructing the diversion channel, disposing of excess materials, providing and placing geotextile liner, maintaining the diversion area in an acceptable condition, removing geotextile liner, backfilling diversion channel area with suitable material, and providing proper drainage when diversion channel area is abandoned.

#### **Materials**

Refer to Division 10

ItemSectionGeotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 41056

#### **Construction Methods**

Grade channel according to the plans with channel surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Utilize suitable material and provide disposal area for unsuitable material.

Line channel with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury top of slope geotextile edge in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp securely. Make vertical overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile.

Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a u shape with a length of not less than 6" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Culvert Diversion Channel will be measured and paid for as the actual number of cubic yards excavated, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the diversion channel as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Such price and payment shall be considered full compensation for all work covered by this section including all materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of *Culvert Diversion Channel*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Culvert Diversion Channel
Cubic Yard

# **IMPERVIOUS DIKE:**

# **Description**

This work consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing an *Impervious Dike* for the purpose of diverting normal stream flow around the construction site. The Contractor shall construct an impervious dike in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The impervious dike shall not permit seepage of water into the construction site or contribute to siltation of the stream. The impervious dike shall be constructed of an acceptable material in the locations noted on the plans or as directed.

#### **Materials**

Acceptable materials shall include but not be limited to sheet piles, sandbags, and/or the placement of an acceptable size stone lined with polypropylene or other impervious geotextile.

Earth material shall not be used to construct an impervious dike when it is in direct contact with the stream unless vegetation can be established before contact with the stream takes place.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Impervious Dike will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of impervious dike(s) constructed, measured in place from end to end of each separate installation that has been completed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work including but not limited to furnishing materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of the impervious dike.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Impervious Dike
Linear Foot

#### **TEMPORARY PIPE FOR CULVERT CONSTRUCTION:**

# **Description**

This work consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining and removing any and all temporary pipe used on this project in conjunction with the culvert construction.

#### **Construction Methods**

The Contractor shall install temporary pipe in locations shown on the plans in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The temporary pipe shall provide a passageway for the stream through the work-site. The minimum size requirements will be as stated on the erosion control plans.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

\_\_" Temporary Pipe will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot of temporary pipe approved by the Engineer and measured in place from end to end. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section including but not limited to furnishing all materials required for installation, construction, maintenance, and removal of temporary pipe.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit
Temporary Pipe Linear Foot

#### **COIR FIBER MAT:**

# **Description**

Furnish material, install and maintain coir fiber mat in locations shown on the plans or in locations as directed. Work includes providing all materials, excavating and backfilling, and placing and securing coir fiber mat with stakes, steel reinforcement bars or staples as directed.

#### **Materials**

ItemSectionCoir Fiber Mat1060-14

Anchors: Stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples shall be used as anchors.

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

#### Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Place the coir fiber mat immediately upon final grading. Provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent the contact of the mat with the soil. Unroll the mat and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface.

For stream relocation applications, take care to preserve the required line, grade, and cross section of the area covered. Bury the top slope end of each piece of mat in a narrow trench at least 6 in. deep and tamp firmly. Where one roll of matting ends and a second roll begins, overlap the end of the upper roll over the buried end of the second roll so there is a 6 in. overlap. Construct check trenches at least 12 in. deep every 50 ft. longitudinally along the edges of the mat or as directed. Fold over and bury mat to the full depth of the trench, close and tamp firmly. Overlap mat at least 6 in. where 2 or more widths of mat are installed side by side.

Place anchors across the mat at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the mat 3 ft. apart.

Adjustments in the trenching or anchoring requirements to fit individual site conditions may be required.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made for anchor items.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitCoir Fiber MatSquare Yard

# **STREAM CHANNEL RELOCATION LIMITATIONS:**

The following sequence of construction shall be followed in the areas designated on the plans as stream relocations. Failure on the part of the Contractor to follow this sequence, and complete each step prior to proceeding in this area as specified, will be just cause for the Engineer to direct the suspension of work in accordance with Article 108-7 of the *Standard Specifications*.

(A) Clear, but do not grub area within the Environmentally Sensitive Area on the existing stream to be relocated.

- (B) Construct and stabilize, with vegetation or erosion control materials sufficient to restrain erosion, the proposed stream channel relocation as shown on the plans.
- (C) Divert water into newly constructed channel only after it has been stabilized and approved.
- (D) Begin grubbing and/or grading within the Environmentally Sensitive Area of the existing stream.

The Contractor shall perform seeding and mulching and install erosion control matting to all cut/fill slopes adjacent to stream relocations in accordance with the contract.

The above requirements apply to the stream channels being constructed at the following stations:

Approx. Sta. 57+00 to 59+06 -L- RT

# **STREAMBANK REFORESTATION:**

# **Description**

Streambank Reforestation will be planted in areas designated on the plans and as directed. See the Streambank Reforestation Detail Sheets.

The entire *Streambank Reforestation* operation shall comply with the requirements of Section 1670 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Materials**

ItemSectionCoir Fiber Mat1060-14

Live Stakes:

*Type I Streambank Reforestation* shall be live stakes, planted along both streambanks. Live stakes shall be ½"- 2" in diameter. Stakes shall also be 2 ft. - 3 ft. in length.

Live staking plant material shall consist of a random mix made up of 50% Black Willow (*Salix nigra*) and 50% Silky Dogwood (*Cornus amomum*). Other species may be substituted upon approval of the Engineer. All plant material shall be harvested locally (within the same physiographic ecoregion and plant hardiness zone) or purchased from a local nursery, with the approval of the Engineer. All live stakes shall be dormant at time of acquisition and planting.

Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors and shall meet the following requirements:

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber

mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

#### Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

#### Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### Bare Root Seedlings:

Type II Streambank Reforestation shall be bare root seedlings 12"-18" tall.

#### **Construction Methods**

Coir fiber matting shall be installed on the streambanks where live staking is to be planted as shown on the Streambank Reforestation Detail Sheets and in locations as directed. Work includes providing all materials, excavating and backfilling, and placing and securing coir fiber mat.

Provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent the contact of the matting with the soil. Place the matting immediately upon final grading and permanent seeding. Take care to preserve the required line, grade, and cross section of the area covered.

Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Bury the top slope end of each piece of matting in a narrow trench at least 6" deep and tamp firmly. Where one roll of matting ends and a second roll begins, overlap the end of the upper roll over the buried end of the second roll so there is a 6" overlap. Construct checktrenches at least 12" deep every 50 ft. longitudinally along the edges of the matting, or as directed. Fold over and bury matting to the full depth of the trench, close and tamp firmly. Overlap matting at least 6" where 2 or more widths of matting are installed side by side.

Wooden stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the Streambank Reforestation Detail Sheets and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at ends, junctions, and check trenches approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors down the center of each strip of matting 3 ft. apart. Place anchors along all lapped edges 1 ft. apart. Refer to the Streambank Reforestation Detail Sheets for anchoring pattern. The Engineer may require adjustments in the trenching or anchoring requirements to fit individual site conditions.

During preparation of the live stakes, the basal ends shall be cleanly cut at an angle to facilitate easy insertion into the soil, while the tops shall be cut square or blunt for tamping. All limbs shall be removed from the sides of the live cutting prior to installation.

Live stakes shall be installed within 48 hours of cutting. Outside storage locations should be continually shaded and protected from wind and direct sunlight. Live cut plant material shall remain moist at all times before planting.

Stakes shall be spaced approximately 4 ft. on center. Live stakes shall be installed according to the configuration presented on the Streambank Reforestation Detail Sheets.

Tamp live stakes perpendicularly into the finished bank slope with a dead blow hammer, with buds oriented in an upward direction. Stakes should be tamped until approximately <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the stake length is within the ground. The area around each live stake shall be compacted by foot after the live stake has been installed.

1"- 2" shall be cut cleanly off of the top of each live stake with loppers at an angle of approximately 15 degrees following installation. Any stakes that are split or damaged during installation shall be removed and replaced.

The bare root seedlings shall be planted as soon as practical following permanent *Seeding and Mulching*. The seedlings shall be planted from top of bank out, along both sides of the stream, as designated on the plans.

Root dip: The roots of reforestation seedlings shall be coated with a slurry of water, and either a fine clay (kaolin) or a superabsorbent that is designated as a bare root dip. The type, mixture ratio, method of application, and the time of application shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

With the approval of the Engineer, seedlings may be coated before delivery to the job or at the time of planting, but at no time shall the roots of the seedlings be allowed to dry out. The roots shall be moistened immediately prior to planting.

Seasonal Limitations: Streambank reforestation shall be planted from November 15 through March 15.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Streambank Reforestation will be measured and paid for as the actual number of acres of land measured along the surface of the ground, which has been acceptably planted in accordance with this section.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Streambank Reforestation
Acre

# **CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE:**

(12-10-20)

# **Description**

Concrete washout structures are enclosures above or below grade to contain concrete waste water and associated concrete mix from washing out ready-mix trucks, drums, pumps, or other equipment. Concrete washouts must collect and retain all the concrete washout water and solids, so that this material does not migrate to surface waters or into the ground water. These enclosures are not intended for concrete waste not associated with wash out operations.

The concrete washout structure may include constructed devices above or below ground and or commercially available devices designed specifically to capture concrete wash water.

#### **Materials**

ItemSectionTemporary Silt Fence1605

Safety Fence shall meet the specifications as provided elsewhere in this contract.

Geomembrane basin liner shall meet the following minimum physical properties for low permeability; it shall consist of a polypropylene or polyethylene 10 mil think geomembrane. If the minimum setback dimensions can be achieved the liner is not required. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

#### **Construction Methods**

Build an enclosed earthen berm or excavate to form an enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed.

Install temporary silt fence around the perimeter of the enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed if structure is not located in an area where existing erosion and sedimentation control devices are capable to containing any loss of sediment.

Post a sign with the words "Concrete Washout" in close proximity of the concrete washout area, so it is clearly visible to site personnel. Install safety fence as directed for visibility to construction traffic.

The construction details for the above grade and below grade concrete washout structures can be found on the following web page link:

 $\underline{https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/SoilWaterDocuments/ConcreteWashoutStructurede} \\ \underline{tail.pdf}$ 

Alternate details for accommodating concrete washout may be submitted for review and approval.

The alternate details shall include the method used to retain and dispose of the concrete waste water within the project limits and in accordance with the minimum setback requirements. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

#### Maintenance and Removal

Maintain the concrete washout structure(s) to provide adequate holding capacity plus a minimum freeboard of 12 inches. Remove and dispose of hardened concrete and return the structure to a functional condition after reaching 75% capacity.

Inspect concrete washout structures for damage and maintain for effectiveness.

Remove the concrete washout structures and sign upon project completion. Grade the earth material to match the existing contours and permanently seed and mulch area.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Concrete Washout Structure will be paid for per each enclosure installed in accordance with the details. If alternate details or commercially available devices are approved, then those devices will also be paid for per each approved and installed device.

Temporary Silt Fence will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1605-5 of the Standard Specifications.

Safety Fence shall be measured and paid for as provided elsewhere in this contract.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Unit Pay Item Each

Concrete Washout Structure

# **STRUCTURE STONE:**

#### **Description**

This work consists of furnishing, stockpiling, placing and maintaining approved stone used to construct rock cross-vanes, rock vanes, j-hook vanes, w-rock cross vanes, log vanes, root wad/log vanes, log cross vanes, root wad structures, rock cross vanes for step pools, channel blocks, double wing deflectors, single wing deflectors, stream crossings, rock energy dissipaters, constructed riffles, and for use in other locations as directed.

The quantity of stone to be installed will be affected by the actual conditions that occur during the construction of the project. The quantity of stone may be increased, decreased, or eliminated entirely as directed. Such variations in quantity will not be considered as alterations in the details of construction or a change in the character of the work.

#### Materials

Refer to Division 10 of NCDOT 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures

Item	Section
No. 57 Stone	1005
Riprap, Class A, B, 1, and 2	1042
Boulders	1042
Geotextile for Drainage, Type 2	1056

Boulders shall meet the requirements of Section 1042 of the *Standard Specifications*. Boulders of minimum dimension 2' x 3' x 2.5' shall be individually picked for use in the structures. Boulders shall be relatively flat on either side in the same dimension, preferably the long dimension.

#### **Construction Methods**

The Contractor shall place Geotextile, Type 2 and stone in locations and to the thickness, widths, and lengths as shown on the plans or as directed. All stone shall be placed to form a sediment and erosion control device, an in-stream structure, or a channel lining neatly and uniformly with an even surface in accordance with the contract and shall meet the approval of the Engineer.

# **Measurement and Payment**

*No. 57 Stone* will be measured and paid as the actual number of tons that have been incorporated into the work or have been delivered to and stockpiled on the project as directed. No. 57 stone that has been stockpiled will not be measured a second time.

*Riprap, Class* \_\_ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 876-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Geotextile for Drainage* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 876-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Boulders* will be measured and paid for as the actual number of tons that have been incorporated into the work or have been delivered to and stockpiled on the project as directed. Stone that has been stockpiled will not be measured a second time.

Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including but not limited to furnishing, weighing, stockpiling, re-handling, placing, and maintaining the stone and disposal of any materials not incorporated into the project.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
No. 57 Stone	Ton
Boulder	Ton
	3/16/2020

#### **ROCK CROSS VANE FOR STEP POOLS:**

#### **Description**

This work consists of the construction and maintenance of physical barriers placed in and along the stream at locations designated on the plans to direct the stream flow (thalweg) toward the center of the channel and to provide grade control.

The quantity of rock cross vanes to be installed for step pools will be affected by the actual conditions that occur during the construction of the project. The quantity of rock cross vanes for step pools may be increased, decreased, or eliminated entirely as directed. Such variations in quantity will not be considered as alterations in the details of construction or a change in the character of the work.

#### Materials

Refer to Division 10 of NCDOT 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures

Item	Section
Boulder	1042 and SP for Structure Stone
No. 57 Stone	1005
Riprap, Class A	1042
Geotextile for Drainage, Type 2	1056

Boulders shall be used as header and footer rocks for this device.

#### **Construction Methods**

Rock cross vanes for step pools shall be constructed according to the Rock Cross Vane for Step Pools Detail shown on the plans or as directed. Two vanes each approximately 1/3 of the stream channel's bankfull width will form a 20°– 30° angle out from the streambank toward upstream. The top elevation of both vanes will decrease from bankfull elevation toward the center of the channel at a slope of 4 to 10 percent. A vane running perpendicular to the stream's flow will connect the two outside vanes on the upstream end. Install header and footer rocks according to the detail and plate the upstream side with Geotextile Type 2 and No. 57 stone. Voids between the header and footer rocks can be filled with hand-placed Class A riprap as directed. Footer rocks shall be placed such that the header rock is at streambed elevation. The rock cross vane shall be keyed into the bank at the downstream end as shown on the Rock Cross Vane detail. The spacing of the rock cross vanes used to create the step pools shall be as shown on the Step Pool detail or as directed. The excavated pools shall be lined with No. 57 stone and backfill as shown on the Step Pool Detail.

# **Measurement and Payment**

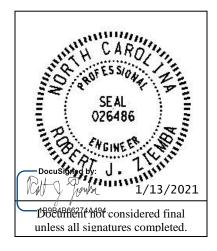
Boulders will be measured and paid for as provided in the Structure Stone Special Provision.

No. 57 Stone will be measured and paid for as provided in the Structure Stone Special Provision.

Riprap, Class \_\_ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 876-4 of the Standard Specifications.

*Geotextile for Drainage* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 876-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to construct the rock cross vanes for step pools.



# R-4707

# Signals and Intelligent Transportation Systems Project Special Provisions (Version 18.5)

Prepared By: RJZ 13-Jan-21

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#### 1. 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES

The 2018 Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

# **1.1.** GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Construction Methods (1700-3(K))

Page 17-4, revise sentence starting on line 14 to read "Modify existing electrical services, as necessary, to meet the grounding requirements of the NEC, these *Standard Specifications, Standard Drawings*, and the project plans."

Page 17-4, revise sentence beginning on line 21 to read "Furnish and install additional ground rods to grounding electrode system as necessary to meet the *Standard Specifications*, *Standard Drawings*, and test requirements."

# 1.2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Construction Methods (1700-3(M))

Page 17-4, Replace the sentence beginning on line 41 with "Prior to placing signal in the steady (stop-and-go) mode, the signal should be placed in the flashing mode for up to 7 days or as directed by the Engineer. The signal should not be placed in the steady (stop-and-go) mode on a Saturday or Sunday without prior approval from the Engineer. Do not place the signal in steady (stop-and-go) mode until inspected and without the prior approval of the Engineer."

# 1.3. WOOD POLES – Construction Methods (1720-3)

Page 17-18, revise sentence starting on line 13 to read "On new Department-owned poles, install a grounding system consisting of #6 AWG solid bare copper wire that is mechanically crimped using an irreversible compression tool with die to a single ground rod installed at base of pole or to the electrical service grounding electrode system located within 10 feet of the pole."

#### 2. SIGNAL HEADS

#### 2.1. MATERIALS

#### A. General:

Fabricate vehicle signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Fabricate 16-inch pedestrian signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Provide visor mounting screws, door latches, and hinge pins fabricated from stainless steel. Provide interior screws, fasteners, and metal parts fabricated from stainless steel.

Fabricate tunnel and traditional visors from sheet aluminum.

Paint all surfaces inside and outside of signal housings and doors. Paint outside surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors, wire outlet bodies, wire entrance fitting brackets and end caps when supplied as components of messenger cable mounting assemblies, pole and pedestal mounting assemblies, and pedestrian pushbutton housings. Have electrostatically-applied, fused-polyester paint in highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip Number 13538) a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils thick. Do not apply paint to the latching hardware, rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets for mast-arm attachments, messenger cable hanger components or balance adjuster components.

Have the interior surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors painted an alkyd urea black synthetic baking enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, "Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black."

Where required, provide polycarbonate signal heads and visors that comply with the provisions pertaining to the aluminum signal heads listed on the QPL with the following exceptions:

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Fabricate signal head housings, end caps, and visors from virgin polycarbonate material. Provide UV stabilized polycarbonate plastic with a minimum thickness of  $0.1 \pm 0.01$  inches that is highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip 13538). Ensure the color is incorporated into the plastic material before molding the signal head housings and end caps. Ensure the plastic formulation provides the following physical properties in the assembly (tests may be performed on separately molded specimens):

Test	Required	Method
Specific Gravity	1.17 minimum	ASTM D 792
Flammability	Self-extinguishing	ASTM D 635
Tensile Strength, yield, PSI	8500 minimum	ASTM D 638
Izod impact strength, ft-lb/in [notched, 1/8 inch]	12 minimum	ASTM D 256

For pole mounting, provide side of pole mounting assemblies with framework and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the signal heads to the poles and pedestals. Fabricate the mounting assemblies and frames from aluminum with all necessary hardware, screws, washers, etc. to be stainless steel. Provide mounting fittings that match the positive locking device on the signal head with the serrations integrally cast into the brackets. Provide upper and lower pole plates that have a 1 ¼-inch vertical conduit entrance hubs with the hubs capped on the lower plate and 1 ½-inch horizontal hubs. Ensure that the assemblies provide rigid attachments to poles and pedestals so as to allow no twisting or swaying of the signal heads. Ensure that all raceways are free of sharp edges and protrusions, and can accommodate a minimum of ten Number 14 AWG conductors.

For pedestal mounting, provide a post-top slipfitter mounting assembly that matches the positive locking device on the signal head with serrations integrally cast into the slipfitter. Provide stainless steel hardware, screws, washers, etc. Provide a minimum of six 3/8 X 3/4-inch long square head bolts for attachment to pedestal. Provide a center post for multi-way slipfitters.

For light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules, provide the following requirements for inclusion on the Department's Qualified Products List for traffic signal equipment.

- 1. Sample submittal,
- 2. Third-party independent laboratory testing results for each submitted module with evidence of testing and conformance with all of the Design Qualification Testing specified in section 6.4 of each of the following Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) specifications:
  - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement
  - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement
  - Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications –Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules.

(Note: The Department currently recognizes two approved independent testing laboratories. They are Intertek ETL Semko and Light Metrics, Incorporated with Garwood Laboratories. Independent laboratory tests from other laboratories may be considered as part of the QPL submittal at the discretion of the Department,

3. Evidence of conformance with the requirements of these specifications,

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- 4. A manufacturer's warranty statement in accordance with the required warranty, and
- 5. Submittal of manufacturer's design and production documentation for the model, including but not limited to, electrical schematics, electronic component values, proprietary part numbers, bill of materials, and production electrical and photometric test parameters.
- 6. Evidence of approval of the product to bear the Intertek ETL Verified product label for LED traffic signal modules.

In addition to meeting the performance requirements for the minimum period of 60 months, provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the modules for a period of 60 months after installation of the modules. During the warranty period, the manufacturer must provide new replacement modules within 45 days of receipt of modules that have failed at no cost to the State. Repaired or refurbished modules may not be used to fulfill the manufacturer's warranty obligations. Provide manufacturer's warranty documentation to the Department during evaluation of product for inclusion on Qualified Products List (QPL).

# **B.** Vehicle Signal Heads:

Comply with the ITE standard "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads". Provide housings with provisions for attaching backplates.

Provide visors that are 10 inches in length for 12-inch vehicle signal heads.

Provide a termination block with one empty terminal for field wiring for each indication plus one empty terminal for the neutral conductor. Have all signal sections wired to the termination block. Provide barriers between the terminals that have terminal screws with a minimum Number 8 thread size and that will accommodate and secure spade lugs sized for a Number 10 terminal screw.

Mount termination blocks in the yellow signal head sections on all in-line vehicle signal heads. Mount the termination block in the red section on five-section vehicle signal heads.

Furnish vehicle signal head interconnecting brackets. Provide one-piece aluminum brackets less than 4.5 inches in height and with no threaded pipe connections. Provide hand holes on the bottom of the brackets to aid in installing wires to the signal heads. Lower brackets that carry no wires and are used only for connecting the bottom signal sections together may be flat in construction.

For messenger cable mounting, provide messenger cable hangers, wire outlet bodies, balance adjusters, bottom caps, wire entrance fitting brackets, and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the messenger cable. Fabricate messenger cable hanger components, wire outlet bodies and balance adjuster components from stainless steel or malleable iron galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153 (Class A) or ASTM A123. Provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide messenger cable hangers with U-bolt clamps. Fabricate washers, screws, hex-head bolts and associated nuts, clevis pins, cotter pins, U-bolt clamps and nuts from stainless steel.

For mast-arm mounting, provide rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the mast arms and to provide a means for vertically adjusting the vehicle signal heads to proper alignment. Fabricate the mounting assemblies from aluminum, and provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide stainless steel cable attachment assemblies to secure the brackets to the mast arms. Ensure all fastening hardware and fasteners are fabricated from stainless steel.

Provide LED vehicular traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal sections. Use LEDs that are aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for red and

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yellow indications and indium gallium nitride (InGaN) for green indications. Install the ultra bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

For the modules, provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard signal head. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Tint the red, yellow and green lenses to correspond with the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED. Transparent tinting films are unacceptable. Provide a lens that is integral to the unit with a smooth outer surface.

# 1. LED Circular Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch circular sections. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement" dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red circular	17	11
12-inch green circular	15	15

For yellow circular signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 22 Watts or less for the 12-inch circular module.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

## 2. LED Arrow Signal Modules

Provide 12-inch omnidirectional arrow signal modules. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the requirements for 12-inch omnidirectional modules specified in the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic

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Signal Supplement" dated July 1, 2007 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Arrow Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red arrow	12	9
12-inch green arrow	11	11

For yellow arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 12 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of an arrow traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

# C. Pedestrian Signal Heads:

Provide pedestrian signal heads with international symbols that meet the MUTCD. Do not provide letter indications.

Comply with the ITE standard for "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications" and the following sections of the ITE standard for "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads" in effect on the date of advertisement:

- Section 3.00 "Physical and Mechanical Requirements"
- Section 4.01 "Housing, Door, and Visor: General"
- Section 4.04 "Housing, Door, and Visor: Materials and Fabrication"
- Section 7.00 "Exterior Finish"

Provide a double-row termination block with three empty terminals and number 10 screws for field wiring. Provide barriers between the terminals that accommodate a spade lug sized for number 10 terminal screws. Mount the termination block in the hand section. Wire all signal sections to the terminal block.

Where required by the plans, provide 16-inch pedestrian signal heads with traditional three-sided, rectangular visors, 6 inches long.

Provide 2-inch diameter pedestrian push-buttons with weather-tight housings fabricated from die-cast aluminum and threading in compliance with the NEC for rigid metal conduit. Provide a weep hole in the housing bottom and ensure that the unit is vandal resistant.

Provide push-button housings that are suitable for mounting on flat or curved surfaces and that will accept 1/2-inch conduit installed in the top. Provide units that have a heavy duty push-button assembly with a sturdy, momentary, normally-open switch. Have contacts that are electrically insulated from the housing and push-button. Ensure that the push-buttons are rated for a minimum of 5 mA at 24 volts DC and 250 mA at 12 volts AC.

Provide standard R10-3 signs with mounting hardware that comply with the MUTCD in effect on the date of advertisement. Provide R10-3E signs for countdown pedestrian heads and R10-3B for non-countdown pedestrian heads.

Design the LED pedestrian traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) for installation into standard pedestrian traffic signal sections that do not contain the incandescent signal section reflector, lens, eggcrate visor, gasket, or socket. Provide modules that consist of an assembly

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that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp. Use LEDs that are of the latest aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for the Portland Orange hand and countdown displays. Use LEDs that are of the latest indium gallium nitride (InGaN) technology for the Lunar White walking man displays. Install the ultra-bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

Design all modules to operate using a standard 3 - wire field installation. Provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard pedestrian signal housing. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Provide modules in the following configuration: 16-inch displays which have the solid hand/walking man overlay on the left and the countdown on the right. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indicators - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules" dated August 04, 2010 (hereafter referred to as PTCSI Pedestrian Standard) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the PTCSI Pedestrian Standard:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
Hand Indication	16	13
Walking Man Indication	12	9
Countdown Indication	16	13

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

Provide module lens that is hard coated or otherwise made to comply with the material exposure and weathering effects requirements of the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) J576. Ensure all exposed components of the module are suitable for prolonged exposure to the environment, without appreciable degradation that would interfere with function or appearance.

Ensure the countdown display continuously monitors the traffic controller to automatically learn the pedestrian phase time and update for subsequent changes to the pedestrian phase time.

Ensure the countdown display begins normal operation upon the completion of the preemption sequence and no more than one pedestrian clearance cycle.

# D. Signal Cable:

Furnish 16-4 and 16-7 signal cable that complies with IMSA specification 20-1 except provide the following conductor insulation colors:

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- For 16-4 cable: white, yellow, red, and green
- For 16-7 cable: white, yellow, red, green, yellow with black stripe tracer, red with black stripe tracer, and green with black stripe tracer. Apply continuous stripe tracer on conductor insulation with a longitudinal or spiral pattern.

Provide a ripcord to allow the cable jacket to be opened without using a cutter. IMSA specification 19-1 will not be acceptable. Provide a cable jacket labeled with the IMSA specification number and provide conductors constructed of stranded copper.

### 3. CONTROLLERS WITH CABINETS

## 3.1. MATERIALS – GENERAL CABINETS

Provide a moisture resistant coating on all circuit boards.

Provide one 20 mm diameter radial lead UL-recognized metal oxide varistor (MOV) between each load switch field terminal and equipment ground. Electrical performance is outlined below.

PROPERTIES OF MOV SURGE PROTECTOR			
Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage at	150 VAC (RMS)		
185° F	200 VDC		
Maximum Peak 8x20µs Current at 185° F	6500 A		
Maximum Energy Rating at 185° F	80 J		
Voltage Range 1 mA DC Test at 77° F	212-268 V		
Max. Clamping Voltage 8x20µs, 100A at 77° F	395 V		
Typical Capacitance (1 MHz) at 77° F	1600 pF		

Provide a power line surge protector that is a two-stage device that will allow connection of the radio frequency interference filter between the stages of the device. Ensure that a maximum continuous current is at least 10A at 120V. Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 20 peak surge current occurrences at 20,000A for an 8x20 microsecond waveform. Provide a maximum clamp voltage of 395V at 20,000A with a nominal series inductance of 200µh. Ensure that the voltage does not exceed 395V. Provide devices that comply with the following:

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Frequency (Hz)	Minimum Insertion Loss (dB)
60	0
10,000	30
50,000	55
100,000	50
500,000	50
2,000,000	60
5,000,000	40
10,000,000	20
20,000,000	25

### 3.2. MATERIALS – TYPE 170E CABINETS

# A. Type 170 E Cabinets General:

Conform to the city of Los Angeles' Specification No. 54-053-08, *Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly Specification* (dated July 2008), except as required herein.

Furnish model 332 base mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. When overlaps are required, provide auxiliary output files for the overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details.

Provide model 200 load switches, model 222 loop detector sensors, model 252 AC isolators, and model 242 DC isolators according to the electrical details. As a minimum, provide one (1) model 2018 conflict monitor, one (1) model 206L power supply unit, two (2) model 204 flashers, one (1) DC isolator (located in slot I14), and four (4) model 430 flash transfer relays (provide seven (7) model 430 flash transfer relays if auxiliary output file is installed) with each cabinet.

## **B.** Type 170 E Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide a cabinet assembly designed to ensure that upon leaving any cabinet switch or conflict monitor initiated flashing operation, the controller starts up in the programmed start up phases and start up interval.

Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the cabinet drawer.

All AC+ power is subject to radio frequency signal suppression.

Provide surge suppression in the cabinet for each type of cabinet device. Provide surge protection for the full capacity of the cabinet input file. Provide surge suppression devices that operate properly over a temperature range of -40° F to +185° F. Ensure the surge suppression devices provide both common and differential modes of protection.

Provide a pluggable power line surge protector that is installed on the back of the PDA (power distribution assembly) chassis to filter and absorb power line noise and switching transients. Ensure the device incorporates LEDs for failure indication and provides a dry relay contact closure for the purpose of remote sensing. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

- Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)......20,000A
- Occurrences (8x20μs waveform)......10 minimum @ 20,000A

Maximum Clamp Voltage......395VAC

Operating Current......15 amps

• Response Time.....< 5 nanoseconds

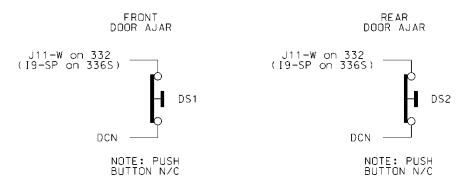
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- Discharge Voltage.....<200 Volts @ 1,000A
- Insulation Resistance.... $\geq$ 100 M $\Omega$

Provide conductors for surge protection wiring that are of sufficient size (ampacity) to withstand maximum overcurrents which could occur before protective device thresholds are attained and current flow is interrupted.

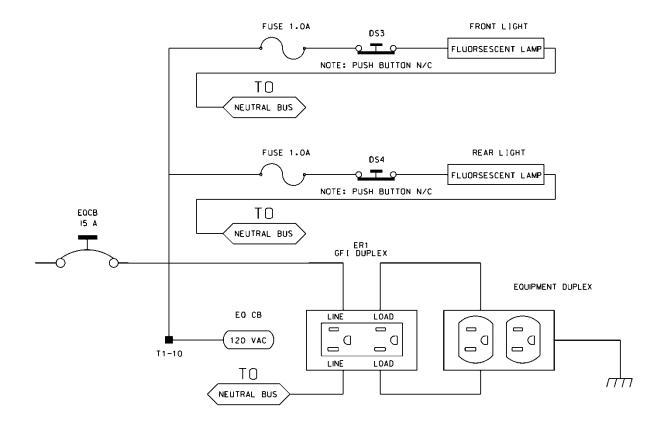
If additional surge protected power outlets are needed to accommodate fiber transceivers, modems, etc., install a UL listed, industrial, heavy-duty type power outlet strip with a minimum rating of 15~A / 125~VAC, 60~Hz. Provide a strip that has a minimum of 3 grounded outlets. Ensure the power outlet strip plugs into one of the controller unit receptacles located on the rear of the PDA. Ensure power outlet strip is mounted securely; provide strain relief if necessary.

Provide a door switch in the front and a door switch in the rear of the cabinet that will provide the controller unit with a Door Ajar alarm when either the front or the rear door is open. Ensure the door switches apply DC ground to the Input File when either the front door or the rear door is open.



Furnish a fluorescent fixture in the rear across the top of the cabinet and another fluorescent fixture in the front across the top of the cabinet at a minimum. Ensure that the fixtures provide sufficient light to illuminate all terminals, labels, switches, and devices in the cabinet. Conveniently locate the fixtures so as not to interfere with a technician's ability to perform work on any devices or terminals in the cabinet. Provide a protective diffuser to cover exposed bulbs. Install 16 watt T-4 lamps in the fluorescent fixtures. Provide a door switch to provide power to each fixture when the respective door is open. Wire the fluorescent fixtures to the 15 amp ECB (equipment circuit breaker).

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Furnish a police panel with a police panel door. Ensure that the police panel door permits access to the police panel when the main door is closed. Ensure that no rainwater can enter the cabinet even with the police panel door open. Provide a police panel door hinged on the right side as viewed from the front. Provide a police panel door lock that is keyed to a standard police/fire call box key. In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to switch the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go operation (AUTO) and manual operation (MANUAL). Ensure that manual control can be implemented using inputs and software such that the controller provides full programmed clearance times for the yellow clearance and red clearance for each phase while under manual control.

Provide a 1/4-inch locking phone jack in the police panel for a hand control to manually control the intersection. Provide sufficient room in the police panel for storage of a hand control and cord.

For model 332 base mounted cabinets, ensure terminals J14-E and J14-K are wired together on the rear of the Input File. Connect TB9-12 (J14 Common) on the Input Panel to T1-2 (AC-) on the rear of the PDA.

Provide detector test switches mounted at the top of the cabinet rack or other convenient location which may be used to place a call on each of eight phases based on the chart below. Provide three positions for each switch: On (place call), Off (normal detector operation), and Momentary On (place momentary call and return to normal detector operation after switch is released). Ensure that the switches are located such that the technician can read the controller display and observe the intersection.

Connect detector test switches for cabinets as follows:

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332 Cabinet		
<b>Detector Call Switches</b>	Terminals	
Phase 1	I1-W	
Phase 2	I4-W	
Phase 3	I5-W	
Phase 4	I8-W	
Phase 5	J1-W	
Phase 6	J4-W	
Phase 7	J5-W	
Phase 8	J8-W	

Provide the PCB 28/56 connector for the conflict monitor unit (CMU) with 28 independent contacts per side, dual-sided with 0.156 inch contact centers. Provide the PCB 28/56 connector contacts with solder eyelet terminations. Ensure all connections to the PCB 28/56 connector are soldered to the solder eyelet terminations.

Ensure that all cabinets have the CMU connector wired according to the 332 cabinet connector pin assignments (include all wires for auxiliary output file connection). Wire pins 13, 16, R, and U of the CMU connector to a separate 4 pin plug, P1, as shown below. Provide a second plug, P2, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the auxiliary output file as shown below. Provide an additional plug, P3, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the pedestrian yellow circuits as shown below. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for the green and yellow inputs for channels 11, 12, 17, and 18, the red inputs for channels 17 and 18, and the wires for the P2 plug. Terminate the two-foot wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

_	P	1	P2		P3	
PIN	<b>FUNCTION</b>	CONN TO	<b>FUNCTION</b>	CONN TO	<b>FUNCTION</b>	CONN TO
1	CH-9G	CMU-13	OLA-GRN	A123	2P-YEL	114
2	CH-9Y	CMU-16	OLA-YEL	A122	4P-YEL	105
3	CH-10G	CMU-R	OLB-GRN	A126	6P-YEL	120
4	CH-10Y	CMU-U	OLB-YEL	A125	8P-YEL	111

Do not provide the P20 terminal assembly (red monitor board) or red interface ribbon cable as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Provide a P20 connector that mates with and is compatible with the red interface connector mounted on the front of the conflict monitor. Ensure that the P20 connector and the red interface connector on the conflict monitor are center polarized to ensure proper connection. Ensure that removal of the P20 connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

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Wire the P20 connector to the output file and auxiliary output file using 22 AWG stranded wires. Ensure the length of these wires is a minimum of 42 inches in length. Provide a durable braided sleeve around the wires to organize and protect the wires.

Wire the P20 connector to the traffic signal red displays to provide inputs to the conflict monitor as shown below. Ensure the pedestrian Don't Walk circuits are wired to channels 13 through 16 of the P20 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for channels 9 through 12 reds. Provide a wire for special function 1. Terminate the unused wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

	P20 Connector				
PIN	FUNCTION CONN TO PIN		PIN	FUNCTION	CONN TO
1	Channel 15 Red	119	2	Channel 16 Red	110
3	Channel 14 Red	104	4	Chassis GND	01-9
5	Channel 13 Red	113	6	N/C	
7	Channel 12 Red	AUX 101	8	Spec Function 1	
9	Channel 10 Red	AUX 124	10	Channel 11 Red	AUX 114
11	Channel 9 Red	AUX 121	12	Channel 8 Red	107
13	Channel 7 Red	122	14	Channel 6 Red	134
15	Channel 5 Red	131	16	Channel 4 Red	101
17	Channel 3 Red	116	18	Channel 2 Red	128
19	Channel 1 Red	125	20	Red Enable	01-14

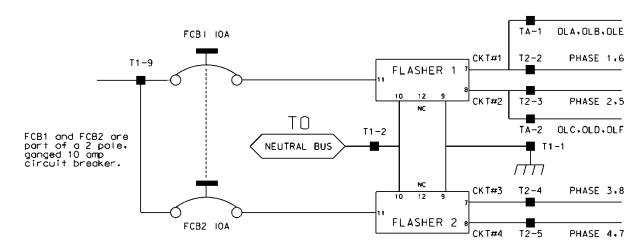
Ensure the controller unit outputs to the auxiliary output file are pre-wired to the C5 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, connect the C5 connector to a storage socket located on the Input Panel or on the rear of the PDA.

Do not wire pin 12 of the load switch sockets.

In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, ensure relay K1 on the Power Distribution Assembly (PDA) is a four pole relay and K2 on the PDA is a two pole relay.

Provide a two pole, ganged circuit breaker for the flash bus circuit. Ensure the flash bus circuit breaker is an inverse time circuit breaker rated for 10 amps at 120 VAC with a minimum of 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Do not provide the auxiliary switch feature on the flash bus circuit breaker. Ensure the ganged flash bus circuit breaker is certified by the circuit breaker manufacturer to provide gang tripping operation.

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Ensure auxiliary output files are wired as follows:

AUXILIARY OUTPUT FILE TERMINAL BLOCK TA ASSIGNMENTS		
POSITION	FUNCTION	
1	Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 1/FTR1 (OLA, OLB)/FTR3 (OLE)	
2	Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 2/FTR2 (OLC, OLD)/FTR3 (OLF)	
3	Flash Transfer Relay Coils	
4	AC -	
5	Power Circuit 5	
6	Power Circuit 5	
7	Equipment Ground Bus	
8	NC	

Provide four spare load resistors mounted in each cabinet. Ensure each load resistor is rated as shown in the table below. Wire one side of each load resistor to AC-. Connect the other side of each resistor to a separate terminal on a four (4) position terminal block. Mount the load resistors and terminal block either inside the back of Output File No. 1 or on the upper area of the Service Panel.

ACCEPTABLE LOAD RESISTOR VALUES		
VALUE (ohms) WATTAGE		
1.5K – 1.9 K	25W (min)	
2.0K – 3.0K	10W (min)	

Provide Model 200 load switches, Model 204 flashers, Model 242 DC isolators, Model 252 AC isolators, and Model 206L power supply units that conform to CALTRANS' "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

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# C. Type 170 E Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Do not mold, cast, or scribe the name "City of Los Angeles" on the outside of the cabinet door as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide a Communications Terminal Panel as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide terminal block TBB on the Service Panel. Do not provide Cabinet Verification Test Program software or associated test jigs as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells. Ensure that all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved non-corrosive alternate.

Ensure the lifting eyes, gasket channels, police panel, and all supports welded to the enclosure and doors are fabricated from 0.125 inch minimum thickness aluminum sheet and meet the same standards as the cabinet and doors.

Provide front and rear doors with latching handles that allow padlocking in the closed position. Furnish 0.75 inch minimum diameter stainless steel handles with a minimum 0.5 inch shank. Place the padlocking attachment at 4.0 inches from the handle shank center to clear the lock and key. Provide an additional 4.0 inches minimum gripping length.

Provide Corbin #2 locks on the front and rear doors. Provide one (1) Corbin #2 and one (1) police master key with each cabinet. Ensure main door locks allow removal of keys in the locked position only.

Provide a surge protection panel with 16 loop surge protection devices and designed to allow sufficient free space for wire connection/disconnection and surge protection device replacement. For model 332 cabinets, provide an additional 20 loop surge protection devices. Provide an additional two AC+ interconnect surge devices to protect one slot and eight DC surge protection devices to protect four slots. Provide no protection devices on slot I14.

For base mounted cabinets, mount surge protection panels on the left side of the cabinet as viewed from the rear. Attach each panel to the cabinet rack assembly using bolts and make it easily removable. Mount the surge protection devices in vertical rows on each panel and connect the devices to one side of 12 position, double row terminal blocks with #8 screws. For each surge protection panel, terminate all grounds from the surge protection devices on a copper equipment ground bus attached to the surge protection panel. Wire the terminals to the rear of a standard input file using spade lugs for input file protection.

Provide permanent labels that indicate the slot and the pins connected to each terminal that may be viewed from the rear cabinet door. Label and orient terminals so that each pair of inputs is next to each other. Indicate on the labeling the input file (I or J), the slot number (1-14) and the terminal pins of the input slots (either D & E for upper or J & K for lower).

Provide a minimum 14 x 16 inch pull out, hinged top shelf located immediately below controller mounting section of the cabinet. Ensure the shelf is designed to fully expose the table surface outside the controller at a height approximately even with the bottom of the controller. Ensure the shelf has a storage bin interior which is a minimum of 1 inch deep and approximately the same dimensions as the shelf. Provide an access to the storage area by lifting the hinged top of the shelf. Fabricate the shelf and slide from aluminum or stainless steel and ensure the assembly can support the 2070L controller plus 15 pounds of additional weight. Ensure shelf has a locking mechanism to secure it in the fully extended position and does not inhibit the removal of the 2070L controller or removal of cards inside the controller when fully extended. Provide a locking mechanism that is easily released when the shelf is to be returned to its non-use position directly under the controller.

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## D. Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitor:

Furnish Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitors that provide monitoring of 18 channels. Ensure each channel consists of a green, yellow, and red field signal input. Ensure that the conflict monitor meets or exceeds CALTRANS' Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications dated March 12, 2009, with Erratum 1 (hereafter referred to as CALTRANS' 2009 TEES) for a model 210 monitor unit and other requirements stated in this specification.

Ensure the conflict monitor is provided with an 18 channel conflict programming card. Pin EE and Pin T of the conflict programming card shall be connected together. Pin 16 of the conflict programming card shall be floating. Ensure that the absence of the conflict programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger (enter into fault mode), and remain in the triggered state until the programming card is properly inserted and the conflict monitor is reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that incorporates LED indicators into the front panel to dynamically display the status of the monitor under normal conditions and to provide a comprehensive review of field inputs with monitor status under fault conditions. Ensure that the monitor indicates the channels that were active during a conflict condition and the channels that experienced a failure for all other per channel fault conditions detected. Ensure that these indications and the status of each channel are retained until the Conflict Monitor is reset. Furnish LED indicators for the following:

- AC Power (Green LED indicator)
- VDC Failed (Red LED indicator)
- WDT Error (Red LED indicator)
- Conflict (Red LED indicator)
- Red Fail (Red LED indicator)
- Dual Indication (Red LED indicator)
- Yellow/Clearance Failure (Red LED indicator)
- PCA/PC Ajar (Red LED indicator)
- Monitor Fail/Diagnostic Failure (Red LED indicator)
- 54 Channel Status Indicators (1 Red, 1 Yellow, and 1 Green LED indicator for each of the 18 channels)

Provide a switch to set the Red Fail fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 1350 +/- 150 ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 850 +/- 150 ms (210 mode).

Provide a switch to set the Watchdog fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to 1.0 + - 0.1 s (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to 1.5 + - 0.1 s (210 mode).

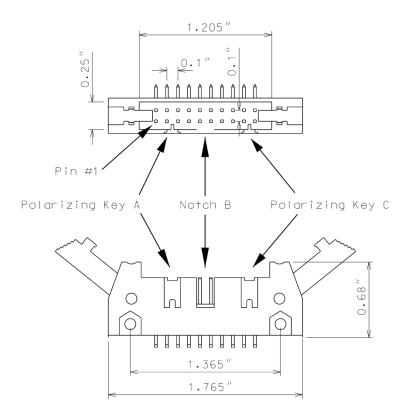
Provide a jumper or switch to set the AC line brown-out levels. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is  $98 \pm 2 \text{ Vrms}$ , the AC line restore voltage threshold is  $103 \pm 2 \text{ Vrms}$ , and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $400 \pm 50 \text{ ms}$  (2018 mode). Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is  $92 \pm 2 \text{ Vrms}$ , the AC line restore voltage threshold is  $98 \pm 2 \text{ Vrms}$ , and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 1 \text{ Trms}$  (210 mode).

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Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Watchdog Latch function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog Latch function is disabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be reset following a power loss, brownout, or power interruption. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog Latch function is enabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be retained until a Reset command is issued.

Provide a jumper that will reverse the active polarity for pin #EE (output relay common). Ensure that when the jumper is not present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms (Caltrans mode). Ensure that when the jumper is present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms (Failsafe mode).

In addition to the connectors required by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES, provide the conflict monitor with a red interface connector mounted on the front of the monitor. Ensure the connector is a 20 pin, right angle, center polarized, male connector with latching clip locks and polarizing keys. Ensure the right angle solder tails are designed for a 0.062" thick printed circuit board. Keying of the connector shall be between pins 3 and 5, and between 17 and 19. Ensure the connector has two rows of pins with the odd numbered pins on one row and the even pins on the other row. Ensure the connector pin row spacing is 0.10" and pitch is 0.10". Ensure the mating length of the connector pins is 0.24". Ensure the pins are finished with gold plating  $30\mu$ " thick.



Ensure the red interface connector pins on the monitor have the following functions:

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Pin #	Function	Pin #	Function
1	Channel 15 Red	2	Channel 16 Red
3	Channel 14 Red	4	Chassis Ground
5	Channel 13 Red	6	Special Function 2
7	Channel 12 Red	8	Special Function 1
9	Channel 10 Red	10	Channel 11 Red
11	Channel 9 Red	12	Channel 8 Red
13	Channel 7 Red	14	Channel 6 Red
15	Channel 5 Red	16	Channel 4 Red
17	Channel 3 Red	18	Channel 2 Red
19	Channel 1 Red	20	Red Enable

Ensure that removal of the P20 cable connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Provide Special Function 1 and Special Function 2 inputs to the unit which shall disable only Red Fail Monitoring when either input is sensed active. A Special Function input shall be sensed active when the input voltage exceeds 70 Vrms with a minimum duration of 550 ms. A Special Function input shall be sensed not active when the input voltage is less than 50 Vrms or the duration is less than 250 ms. A Special Function input is undefined by these specifications and may or may not be sensed active when the input voltage is between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or the duration is between 250 ms and 550 ms.

Ensure the conflict monitor recognizes field signal inputs for each channel that meet the following requirements:

- consider a Red input greater than 70 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Red input less than 50 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition (no valid signal);
- consider a Red input between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications;
- consider a Green or Yellow input greater than 25 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition:
- consider a Green or Yellow input less than 15 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition; and
- consider a Green or Yellow input between 15 Vrms and 25 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the faults specified by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES and the following additional faults. Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger upon detection of a fault and will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input for the following failures:

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- 1. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** A condition in which no "on" voltage signal is detected on any of the green, yellow, or red inputs to a given monitor channel. If a signal is not detected on at least one input (R, Y, or G) of a conflict monitor channel for a period greater than 1000 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1500 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure monitor will trigger and put the intersection into flash. If the absence of any indication condition lasts less than 700 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1200 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure conflict monitor will not trigger. Red fail monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. Have red monitoring occur when all of the following input conditions are in effect:
  - a) Red Enable input to monitor is active (Red Enable voltages are "on" at greater than 70 Vrms, off at less than 50 Vrms, undefined between 50 and 70 Vrms), and
  - b) Neither Special Function 1 nor Special Function 2 inputs are active.
  - c) Pin #EE (output relay common) is not active
- 2. **Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error):** Yellow indication following a green is missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with ± 0.1-second accuracy). If a channel fails to detect an "on" signal at the Yellow input for a minimum of 2.7 seconds (± 0.1 second) following the detection of an "on" signal at a Green input for that channel, ensure that the monitor triggers and generates a clearance/short yellow error fault indication. Short/missing yellow (clearance) monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the channel is programmed for Yellow Inhibit, when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
- 3. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** In this condition, more than one indication (R,Y,G) is detected as "on" at the same time on the same channel. If dual indications are detected for a period greater than 500 ms, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and displays the proper failure indication (Dual Ind fault). If this condition is detected for less than 200 ms, ensure that the monitor does not trigger. G-Y-R dual indication monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. G-Y dual indication monitoring shall be enabled for all channels by use of a switch located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
- 4. Configuration Settings Change: The configuration settings are comprised of (as a minimum) the permissive diode matrix, dual indication switches, yellow disable jumpers, any option switches, any option jumpers, and the Watchdog Enable switch. Ensure the conflict monitor compares the current configuration settings with the previous stored configuration settings on power-up, on reset, and periodically during operation. If any of the configuration settings are changed, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and causes the program card indicator to flash. Ensure that configuration change faults are only reset by depressing and holding the front panel reset button for a minimum of three seconds. Ensure the external remote reset input does not reset configuration change faults.

Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger and the AC Power indicator will flash at a rate of  $2 \text{ Hz} \pm 20\%$  with a 50% duty cycle when the AC Line voltage falls below the "drop-out" level. Ensure the conflict monitor will resume normal operation when the AC Line voltage returns above the "restore" level. Ensure the AC Power indicator will remain illuminated when the AC voltage returns above

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the "restore" level. Should an AC Line power interruption occur while the monitor is in the fault mode, then upon restoration of AC Line power, the monitor will remain in the fault mode and the correct fault and channel indicators will be displayed.

Provide a flash interval of at least 6 seconds and at most 10 seconds in duration following a power-up, an AC Line interruption, or a brownout restore. Ensure the conflict monitor will suspend all fault monitoring functions, close the Output relay contacts, and flash the AC indicator at a rate of 4 Hz  $\pm$  20% with a 50% duty cycle during this interval. Ensure the termination of the flash interval after at least 6 seconds if the Watchdog input has made 5 transitions between the True and False state and the AC Line voltage is greater than the "restore" level. If the watchdog input has not made 5 transitions between the True and False state within  $10 \pm 0.5$  seconds, the monitor shall enter a WDT error fault condition.

Ensure the conflict monitor will monitor an intersection with a minimum of four approaches using the four-section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) vehicle traffic signal as outlined by the NCHRP 3-54 research project for protected-permissive left turn signal displays. Ensure the conflict monitor will operate in the FYA mode and FYAc (Compact) mode as specified below to monitor each channel pair for the following fault conditions: Conflict, Flash Rate Detection, Red Fail, Dual Indication, and Clearance. Provide a switch to select between the FYA mode and FYAc mode. Provide a switch to select each FYA phase movement for monitoring.

### FYA mode

FYA Signal Head	Phase 1	Phase 3	Phase 5	Phase 7
Red Arrow	Channel 9 Red	Channel 10 Red	Channel 11 Red	Channel 12 Red
Yellow Arrow	Channel 9 Yellow	Channel 10 Yellow	Channel 11 Yellow	Channel 12 Yellow
Flashing Yellow Arrow	Channel 9 Green	Channel 10 Green	Channel 11 Green	Channel 12 Green
Green Arrow	Channel 1 Green	Channel 3 Green	Channel 5 Green	Channel 7 Green

# FYAc mode

FYA Signal Head	Phase 1	Phase 3	Phase 5	Phase 7
Red Arrow	Channel 1 Red	Channel 3 Red	Channel 5 Red	Channel 7 Red
Yellow Arrow	Channel 1 Yellow	Channel 3 Yellow	Channel 5 Yellow	Channel 7 Yellow
Flashing Yellow Arrow	Channel 1 Green	Channel 3 Green	Channel 5 Green	Channel 7 Green
Green Arrow			Channel 10 Green	Channel 10 Yellow

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If a FYA channel pair is enabled for FYA operation, the conflict monitor will monitor the FYA logical channel pair for the additional following conditions:

- 1. **Conflict:** Channel conflicts are detected based on the permissive programming jumpers on the program card. This operation remains unchanged from normal operation except for the solid Yellow arrow (FYA clearance) signal.
- 2. Yellow Change Interval Conflict: During the Yellow change interval of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active. These conflicting channels shall be determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). During the Yellow change interval of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active as determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow).
- 3. **Flash Rate Detection:** The conflict monitor unit shall monitor for the absence of a valid flash rate for the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period greater than 1600 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor triggers and puts the intersection into flash. If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period less than 1400 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor does not trigger. Ensure the conflict monitor will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input. Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Flash Rate Detection function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Flash Rate Detection function is enabled. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Flash Rate Detection function is disabled.
- 4. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a red failure if there is an absence of voltage on all four of the inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA).
- 5. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a dual indication if two or more inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA) are "on" at the same time.
- 6. **Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error):** The conflict monitor unit shall monitor the solid Yellow arrow for a clearance fault when terminating both the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) interval and the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) interval.

Ensure that the conflict monitor will log at least nine of the most recent events detected by the monitor in non-volatile EEPROM memory (or equivalent). For each event, record at a minimum the time, date, type of event, status of each field signal indication with RMS voltage, and specific channels involved with the event. Ensure the conflict monitor will log the following events: monitor reset, configuration, previous fault, and AC line. Furnish the signal sequence log that shows all channel states (Greens, Yellows, and Reds) and the Red Enable State for a minimum of 2 seconds prior to the current fault trigger point. Ensure the display resolution of the inputs for the signal sequence log is not greater than 50 ms.

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For conflict monitors used within an Ethernet communications system, provide a conflict monitor with an Ethernet 10/100 Mbps, RJ-45 port for data communication access to the monitor by a local notebook computer and remotely via a workstation or notebook computer device connected to the signal system local area network. The Ethernet port shall be electrically isolated from the conflict monitor's electronics and shall provide a minimum of 1500 Vrms isolation. Integrate monitor with Ethernet network in cabinet. Provide software to retrieve the time and date from a network server in order to synchronize the on-board times between the conflict monitor and the controller. Furnish and install the following Windows based, graphic user interface software on workstations and notebook computers where the signal system client software is installed: 1) software to view and retrieve all event log information, 2) software that will search and display a list of conflict monitor IP addresses and IDs on the network, and 3) software to change the conflict monitor's network parameters such as IP address and subnet mask.

For non-Ethernet connected monitors, provide a RS-232C/D compliant port (DB-9 female connector) on the front panel of the conflict monitor in order to provide communications from the conflict monitor to the 170/2070 controller or to a Department-furnished laptop computer. Electrically isolate the port interface electronics from all monitor electronics, excluding Chassis Ground. Ensure that the controller can receive all event log information through a controller Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (Type 170E) or Async Serial Comm Module (2070). Furnish and connect a serial cable from the conflict monitor's DB-9 connector to Comm Port 1 of the 2070 controller. Ensure conflict monitor communicates with the controller. Provide a Windows based graphic user interface software to communicate directly through the same monitor RS-232C/D compliant port to retrieve and view all event log information to a Department-furnished laptop computer. The RS-232C/D compliant port on the monitor shall allow the monitor to function as a DCE device with pin connections as follows:

Conflict Monitor RS-232C/D (DB-9 Female) Pinout			
Pin Number	Function	I/O	
1	DCD	О	
2	TX Data	О	
3	RX Data	I	
4	DTR	I	
5	Ground	-	
6	DSR	О	
7	CTS	I	
8	RTS	О	
9	NC	-	

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MONITOR BOARD EDGE CONNECTOR	
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Pin #	Function (Back Side)	Pin #	Function (Component Side)
1	Channel 2 Green	A	Channel 2 Yellow
2	Channel 13 Green	В	Channel 6 Green
3	Channel 6 Yellow	C	Channel 15 Green
4	Channel 4 Green	D	Channel 4 Yellow
5	Channel 14 Green	E	Channel 8 Green
6	Channel 8 Yellow	F	Channel 16 Green
7	Channel 5 Green	H	Channel 5 Yellow
8	Channel 13 Yellow	J	Channel 1 Green
9	Channel 1 Yellow	K	Channel 15 Yellow
10	Channel 7 Green	L	Channel 7 Yellow
11	Channel 14 Yellow	M	Channel 3 Green
12	Channel 3 Yellow	N	Channel 16 Yellow
13	Channel 9 Green	P	Channel 17 Yellow
14	Channel 17 Green	R	Channel 10 Green
15	Channel 11 Yellow	S	Channel 11 Green
16	Channel 9 Yellow	T	Channel 18 Yellow
17	Channel 18 Green	U	Channel 10 Yellow
18	Channel 12 Yellow	V	Channel 12 Green
19	Channel 17 Red	W	Channel 18 Red
20	Chassis Ground	X	Not Assigned
21	AC-	Y	DC Common
22	Watchdog Timer	Z	External Test Reset
23	+24VDC	AA	+24VDC
24	Tied to Pin 25	BB	Stop Time (Output)
25	Tied to Pin 24	CC	Not Assigned
26	Not Assigned	DD	Not Assigned
27	Relay Output, Side #3, N.O.	EE	Relay Output,Side #2,Common
28	Relay Output, Side #1, N.C.	FF	AC+

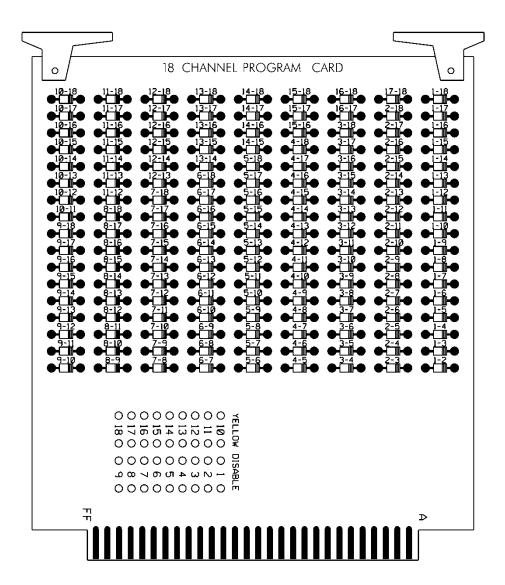
<sup>--</sup> Slotted for keying between Pins 17/U and 18/V

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CONFLICT PROGRAM CARD PIN ASSIGNMENTS			
Pin #	Function (Back Side)	Pin #	Function (Component Side)
1	Channel 2 Green	A	Channel 1 Green
2	Channel 3 Green	В	Channel 2 Green
3	Channel 4 Green	C	Channel 3 Green
4	Channel 5 Green	D	Channel 4 Green
5	Channel 6 Green	E	Channel 5 Green
6	Channel 7 Green	F	Channel 6 Green
7	Channel 8 Green	Н	Channel 7 Green
8	Channel 9 Green	J	Channel 8 Green
9	Channel 10 Green	K	Channel 9 Green
10	Channel 11 Green	L	Channel 10 Green
11	Channel 12 Green	M	Channel 11 Green
12	Channel 13 Green	N	Channel 12 Green
13	Channel 14 Green	P	Channel 13 Green
14	Channel 15 Green	R	Channel 14 Green
15	Channel 16 Green	S	Channel 15 Green
16	N/C	T	PC AJAR
17	Channel 1 Yellow	U	Channel 9 Yellow
18	Channel 2 Yellow	V	Channel 10 Yellow
19	Channel 3 Yellow	W	Channel 11 Yellow
20	Channel 4 Yellow	X	Channel 12 Yellow
21	Channel 5 Yellow	Y	Channel 13 Yellow
22	Channel 6 Yellow	Z	Channel 14 Yellow
23	Channel 7 Yellow	AA	Channel 15 Yellow
24	Channel 8 Yellow	BB	Channel 16 Yellow
25	Channel 17 Green	CC	Channel 17 Yellow
26	Channel 18 Green	DD	Channel 18 Yellow
27	Channel 16 Green	EE	PC AJAR (Program Card)
28	Yellow Inhibit Common	FF	Channel 17 Green

<sup>--</sup> Slotted for keying between Pins 24/BB and 25/CC

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## 3.3. MATERIALS – TYPE 170 DETECTOR SENSOR UNITS

Furnish detector sensor units that comply with Chapter 5 Section 1, "General Requirements," and Chapter 5 Section 2, "Model 222 & 224 Loop Detector Sensor Unit Requirements," of the CALTRANS "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

## 3.4. MATERIALS – TYPE 2070LX CONTROLLERS

Furnish model 2070LX controller units that conform to CALTRANS *Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications* (TEES) (dated March 12, 2009, plus Errata 1 dated January 21, 2010 and Errata 2 dated December 5, 2014) except as required herein.

The Department will provide software at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice before needing software. Program software provided by the Department.

Provide model 2070LX controllers with Linux kernel 2.6.18 or higher and device drivers, composed of the unit chassis and at a minimum the following modules and assemblies:

• MODEL 2070-1C, CPU Module, Single Board, with 8Mb Datakey (blue in color)

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- MODEL 2070-2E+, Field I/O Module (FI/O)
  - Note: Configure the Field I/O Module to disable both the External WDT Shunt/Toggle Switch and SP3 (SP3 active indicator is "off")
- MODEL 2070-3B, Front Panel Module (FP), Display B (8x40)
- MODEL 2070-4A, Power Supply Module, 10 AMP

Provide a Board Support Package (BSP) to the state and to any specified applications software manufacturer when requested by the state to facilitate the porting of application software.

## 4. VIDEO IMAGING LOOP EMULATOR DETECTOR SYSTEMS

## 4.1. DESCRIPTION

Design, furnish, provide training, and install video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all loop emulator detection equipment will remain the property of the contractor.

## 4.2. MATERIALS

### A. General:

Material and equipment furnished under this section must be pre-approved on the Department's QPL by the date of installation except miscellaneous hardware such as cables and mounting hardware do not need to be pre-approved.

Used equipment will be acceptable provided the following conditions have been met:

- Equipment is listed on the current QPL.
- Equipment is in good working condition.
- Equipment is to remain the property of the contractor.

Ensure that software is licensed for use by the Department and by any other agency responsible for maintaining or operating the loop emulation system. Provide the Department with a license to duplicate and distribute the software as necessary for design and maintenance support.

Design and furnish video imaging loop emulator detection systems that detect vehicles at signalized intersections by processing video images and providing detection outputs to the signal controller in real time (within 112 milliseconds of vehicle arrival).

Furnish all required camera sensor units, loop emulator processor units, hardware and software packages, cabling, poles, mast arms, harnesses, camera mounting assemblies, surge protection panels, grounding systems, messenger cable and all necessary hardware. Furnish systems that allow the display of detection zones superimposed on an image of the roadway on a Department-furnished monitor or laptop computer screen. Ensure detection zones can be defined and data entered using a simple keyboard or mouse and monitor, or using a laptop PC with software.

Provide design drawings showing design details and camera sensor unit locations for review and acceptance before installation. Provide mounting height and location requirements for camera sensor units on the design based on site survey. Design video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware. Indicate all necessary poles, spans, mast arms, luminaire arms, cables, camera mounting assemblies and hardware to achieve the required detection zones where Department owned poles are not adequate to locate the camera sensor units. Do not design for the installation of poles in medians.

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Obtain the Engineer's approval before furnishing video imaging loop emulator detection systems. The contractor is responsible for the final design of video imaging loop emulator detection systems. Review and acceptance of the designs by the Department does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility to provide fully functional systems and to ensure that the required detection zones can be provided.

Provide the ability to program each detection call (input to the controller) with the following functions:

- Full Time Delay Delay timer is active continuously,
- Normal Delay Delay timer is inhibited when assigned phase is green (except when used with TS 2 and 170/2070L controllers),
- Extend Call is extended for this amount of time after vehicle leaves detection area,
- Delay Call/Extend Call This feature uses a combination of full time delay and extend time on the same detection call. Ensure operation is as follows: Vehicle calls are received after the delay timer times out. When a call is detected, it is held until the detection area is empty and the programmed extend time expires. If another vehicle enters the detection area before the extend timer times out, the call is held and the extend time is reset. When the extend timer times out, the delay timer has to expire before another vehicle call can be received.

Provide the ability to program each detection zone as one of the following functions:

- Presence detector.
- Directional presence detector,
- Pulse detector,
- Directional pulse detector.

Ensure previously defined detector zones and configurations can be edited.

Provide each individual system with all the necessary equipment to focus and zoom the camera lenses without the need to enter the camera enclosure.

Provide systems that allow for the placement of at least 8 detection zones within the combined field of view of a single camera sensor unit. Provide a minimum of 8 detection outputs per camera.

Provide detection zones that can be overlapped. Ensure systems reliably detect vehicles when the horizontal distance from the camera sensor unit to the detection zone area is less than ten times the mounting height of the sensor. Ensure systems detect vehicles in multiple travel lanes.

Ensure systems can detect vehicle presence within a 98 to 102 percent accuracy (up to 2 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 2 percent of false detection) for clear, dry, daylight conditions, a 96 to 105 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 5 percent false detection) for dawn and dusk conditions, and a 96 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed) for night and adverse conditions (fog, snow, rain, etc.) using standard sensor optics and in the absence of occlusion.

Repair and replace all failed components within 72 hours.

The Department may conduct field-testing to ensure the accuracy of completed video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

# **B.** Loop Emulator System:

Furnish loop emulator systems that receive and simultaneously process information from camera sensor units, and provides detector outputs to signal controllers.

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Ensure systems provide the following:

- Operate in a typical roadside environment and meet the environmental specifications and are fully compatible with NEMA TS 1, NEMA TS 2, or Type 170/2070L controllers and cabinets.
- provide a "fail-safe" mode whereby failure of one or more of the camera sensor units or power failure of the loop emulator system will cause constant calls to be placed on the affected vehicle detection outputs to the signal controller,
- provide compensation for minor camera movement of up to 2 percent of the field of view at 400 feet without falsely detecting vehicles,
- process the video at a minimum rate of 30 times per second,
- provide separate wired connectors inside the controller cabinet for video recording each camera,
- provide remote video monitoring with a minimum refresh rate at 1 frame per second over a standard dial-up telephone line,
- provide remote video detection monitoring.

Furnish camera sensor units that comply with the following:

- have an output signal conforming to EIA RS-170 standard,
- have a nominal output impedance of 75 ohms,
- be immune to bright light sources, or have built in circuitry or protective devices to prevent damage to the sensor when pointed directly at strong light sources,
- be housed in a light colored environmental enclosure that is water proof and dust tight, and that conforms to NEMA-4 specifications or better,
- simultaneously monitor at least five travel lanes when placed at the proper mounting location with a zoom lens,
- have a sunshield attached to the environmental enclosure to minimize solar heating,
- meet FCC class B requirements for electromagnetic interference emissions,
- have a heater attached to the viewing window of the environmental enclosure to prevent ice and condensation in cold weather.

Where coaxial video cables and other cables are required between the camera sensor and other components located in the controller cabinet, furnish surge protection in the controller cabinet.

If furnishing coaxial communications cable comply with the following, as recommended by the approved loop emulator manufacturer:

- Number 20 AWG, solid bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor to the signal controller cabinet.
- Number 22 AWG, stranded bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor unit to the junction box, and within the signal controller cabinet.

Furnish power cable appropriately sized to meet the power requirements of the sensors. At a minimum, provide three conductor 120 VAC field power cable.

As determined during the site survey, furnish sensor junction boxes with nominal 6 x 10 x 6 inches dimensions at each sensor location. Provide terminal blocks and tie points for coaxial cable.

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# C. Video Imaging Loop Emulator System Support:

Furnish video imaging loop emulator systems with either a simple keyboard or a mouse with monitor and appropriate software, or with system software for use on department-owned laptop PCs. Ensure the system is Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible.

Provide Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible personal computer software, if needed, to provide remote video and video detection monitoring.

Ensure systems allow the user to edit previously defined detector configurations. When a vehicle is within a detection zone, provide for a change in color or intensity of the detection zone perimeter or other appropriate display changes on the Department-furnished monitor or laptop computer screen.

Provide cabling and interconnection hardware with 6-foot minimum length interconnection cable to interface with the system.

Provide all associated equipment manuals and documentation.

## 4.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Arrange and conduct site surveys with the system manufacturer's representative and Department personnel to determine proper camera sensor unit selection and placement. Provide the Department at least 3 working days notice before conducting site surveys. Upon completion of the site surveys the Department will provide revised plans reflecting the findings of the site survey.

Before beginning work at locations requiring video imaging loop emulator detection systems, furnish system software. Upon activation of detection zones, provide detector configuration files. Ensure that up-to-date detection configuration files are furnished for various detection zone configurations that may be required for construction phasing.

Place into operation loop emulator detection systems. Configure loop emulator detection systems to achieve required detection in designated zones. Have a certified manufacturer's representative on site to supervise and assist with installation, set up, and testing of the system.

Install the necessary processing and communications equipment in the signal controller cabinet. Make all necessary modifications to install equipment, cabling harnesses, and camera sensor interface panels with surge suppression.

Perform modifications to camera sensor unit gain, sensitivity, and iris limits necessary to complete the installation.

Do not install camera sensor units on signal poles unless approved by the Engineer.

Install the necessary cables from each sensor to the signal controller cabinet along signal cabling routes. Install surge protection and terminate all cable conductors.

Relocate camera sensor units and reconfigure detection zones as necessary according to the plans for construction phases.

Provide at least 8 hours of training on the set up, operation, troubleshooting, and maintenance of the loop emulator detection system to a maximum of ten Department personnel. Arrange for training to be conducted by the manufacturer's representative at an approved site within the Division responsible for administration of the project. Thirty days before conducting training submit a detailed course curriculum, draft manuals and materials, and resumes. Obtain approval of the submittal before conducting the training. At least one week before beginning training, provide three sets of complete documentation necessary to maintain and operate the system. Do not perform training until installation of loop emulator detection systems is complete.

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### 4.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of site surveys, arranged, conducted, and accepted.

Actual number of luminaire arms for video systems furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of cameras without internal loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of external loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of camera sensor units relocated with detection zones reconfigured installed, and accepted.

No measurement will be made of video imaging loop emulator system support or training, power and video cables, and trenching as these items will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

Payment will be made under:

Site Survey	Each
Luminaire Arm for Video System	
Camera without Internal Loop Emulator Processing Unit	
External Loop Emulator Processing Unit	
Relocate Camera Sensor Unit	

### 5. METAL POLE SUPPORTS

## 5.1. METAL POLES

## A. General:

Furnish and install metal poles, grounding systems, and all necessary hardware. Work covered under this special provision includes requirements for design, fabrication, and installation of standard and custom/site-specific designed metal pole supports and associated foundations.

Comply with applicable sections of the 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES, hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications. Provide designs of completed assemblies with hardware equaling or exceeding AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013 (hereinafter called 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO), including the latest interim specifications. Provide assemblies with a round or near-round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or a multi-sided cross section with no less than six sides. The sides may be straight, convex, or concave.

For bid purposes, pole heights shown on plans are estimated from available data. Prior to furnishing metal poles, use field measurements and adjusted cross-sections to determine whether pole heights will meet required clearances. If pole heights do not meet required clearances, the Contractor should immediately notify the Engineer of the required revised pole heights.

Standard Drawings for Metal Poles are available that supplement these project special provisions. The drawings are located on the Department's website:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx

Comply with article 1098-1B of the *Standard Specifications* for submittal requirements. Furnish shop drawings for approval. Provide copies of detailed shop drawings for each type of structure as summarized below. Ensure shop drawings include material specifications for each component. Ensure shop drawings identify welds by type and size on the <u>detail drawing only</u>, not in table format. **Do not release structures for fabrication until shop drawings have been approved by NCDOT**.

Ensure shop drawings contain an itemized bill of materials for all structural components and associated connecting hardware.

Comply with article 1098-1A of the *Standard Specifications* for Qualified Products List (QPL) submittals. All shop drawings must include project location description, signal or asset inventory number(s) and project number or work order number.

Summary of information required for metal pole review submittal:

Item	Electronic Submittal	Comments / Special Instructions
Sealed, Approved Signal or ITS Plan/Loading Diagram	1 set	All structure design information needs to reflect the latest approved Signal or ITS plans
Custom Pole Shop Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project.
Standard Strain Pole Shop Drawings (from the QPL)	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a unique drawing number for each project.
Structure Calculations	1 set	Not required for Standard QPL Poles
Standard Strain Pole Foundation Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Submit a completed Standard Foundation Selection form for each pole using foundation table on Metal Pole Drawing M8.
Custom Foundation Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media.  Show NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a unique drawing number for each project.  If QPL Poles are used, include the corresponding
		QPL pole shop drawings with this submittal.
Foundation Calculations	1 set	Submit copies of LPILE input, output, and pile tip deflection graph per Section titled Drilled Pier Foundations for Metal Poles of this specification for each foundation.  Not required for Standard Strain Poles (from the QPL)
Soil Boring Logs and Report	1 set	Report shall include a location plan and a soil classification report including soil capacity, water level, hammer efficiency, soil bearing pressure, soil density, etc. for each pole.

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**NOTE** – All shop drawings and custom foundation design drawings must be sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. All geotechnical information must be sealed by either a Professional Engineer or Geologist licensed in the state of North Carolina. Include a title block and revision block on the shop drawings and foundation drawings showing the NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s).

Shop drawings and foundation drawings may be submitted together or separately for approval. However, shop drawings must be approved before foundations can be reviewed. Foundation designs will be returned without review if the associated shop drawing has not been approved. Boring reports shall include the following: Engineer's summary, boring location maps, soil classification per AASHTO Classification System, hammer efficiency, and Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form. Incomplete submittals will be returned without review. The Reviewer has the right to request additional analysis and copies of the calculations to expedite the approval process.

## **B.** Materials:

Fabricate metal pole from coil or plate steel that meet the requirements of ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. For structural steel shapes, plates, and bars use, as a minimum, ASTM A572 Gr 50, AASHTO M270 Gr 50, ASTM A709 Gr 50, or an approved equivalent. Provide pole shafts of round or near round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or multi-sided tubular cross-section with no less than six sides, having a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single-ply plate or coil. For anchor base fabrication, conform to the applicable bolt pattern and orientation as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2.

Use the submerged arc process, or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for shafts, to continuously weld pole shafts along their entire length. Finish the longitudinal seam weld flush with the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure shaft has no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the pole base. Use full penetration groove welds with backing ring for all tube-to-transverse-plate connections in accordance with 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specifications*. No field welding on any part of the pole will be permitted unless approved by a qualified Engineer.

After fabrication, hot-dip galvanize steel poles and all assembly components in accordance with section 1076-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Design structural assemblies with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during the galvanization process. Galvanize hardware in accordance with section 1076-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. Ensure threaded material is brushed and retapped as necessary after galvanizing. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing in accordance with section 1076-7 of the Standard *Specifications*. *Ensure* all hardware is galvanized steel or stainless steel. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the Designer/Fabricator specifies connecting hardware and/or materials that prevent a dissimilar metal corrosive reaction.

Ensure each anchor rod is 2-inch minimum diameter and 60-inch length. Provide 10-inch minimum thread projection at the top of the rod, and 8-inch minimum at the bottom of the rod. Use anchor rod assembly and drilled pier foundation materials complying with SP09\_R005, hereinafter referred to as *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles*.

Ensure anchor bolt hole diameters are ¼-inch larger than the anchor bolt diameters in the base plate.

Provide a circular anchor bolt lock plate securing the anchor bolts at the embedded end with two (2) washers and two (2) nuts. Provide a base plate template matching the bolt circle diameter of the

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anchor bolt lock plate. Construct plates and templates from ¼-inch minimum thick steel with a minimum width of 4 inches. Hot-dip galvanizing is not required for both plates.

Provide four (4) heavy hex nuts and four (4) flat washers for each anchor bolt. For nuts, use AASHTO M291 grade 2H, DH, or DH3 or equivalent material. For flat washers, use AASHTO M293 or equivalent material. Ensure anchor bolts have required diameters, lengths, and positions, and will develop strengths comparable to their respective poles.

For each pole, provide a grounding lug with a ½-inch minimum thread diameter, coarse thread stud and nut that will accommodate #4 AWG ground wire. Ensure the lug is electrically bonded to the pole and is conveniently located inside the pole at the hand hole.

Provide a removable pole cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the top of each pole. Ensure cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to the pole with a sturdy stainless-steel chain that is long enough to permit cap to hang clear of the pole-top opening when cap is removed.

Where required by the plans, furnish couplings 42 inches above bottom of the pole base for mounting of pedestrian pushbuttons. Provide mounting points consisting of 1½-inch internally threaded half-couplings complying with the NEC, mounted within the poles. Ensure that couplings are essentially flush with the outside surfaces of the poles and are installed before any required hot-dip galvanizing. Provide a threaded plug in each mounting point. Ensure the surface of the plug is essentially flush with the outer end of the mounting point when installed and has a recessed slot that will accommodate a ½ "drive standard socket wrench.

Metal poles may be erected and fully loaded after concrete has attained a minimum allowable compressive strength of 3,000 psi.

Connect poles to grounding electrodes and bond them to the electrical service grounding electrodes

When field drilling is necessary for wire or cable entrances into the pole, comply with the following requirements:

- Do not drill holes within 2 inches of any welds.
- Do not drill any holes larger than 3 inches in diameter without checking with the ITS & Signals Structure Engineers.
- Avoid drilling multiple holes along the same cross section of tube shafts.
- Install rubber grommets in all field drilled holes that wire, or cable will directly enter unless holes are drilled for installation of weather heads or couplings.
- Treat the inside of the drilled holes and repair all galvanized surfaces in accordance with Section 1076-7 of the latest edition of the *Standard Specification prior to installing grommets*, *caps*, *or plugs*.
- Cap or plug any existing field drilled holes that are no longer used with rubber, aluminum, or stainless-steel hole plugs.

When street lighting is installed on metal signal structures, isolate the conductors feeding the luminaires inside the pole shaft using liquid tight flexible metal conduit (Type LFMC), liquid tight flexible nonmetallic conduit (Type LFNC), high density polyethylene conduit (Type HDPE), or approved equivalent. All conductors supplying power for luminaires must run through an external disconnect prior to entrance into the structure. Comply with applicable National Electrical Safety Codes (NESC). Refer to Article "G" Luminaire Arms.

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Install a ¼-inch thick plate for a concrete foundation tag to include the following information: concrete grade, depth, diameter, and reinforcement sizes of the installed foundation. Install galvanized wire mesh to cover gap between the base plate and top of foundation for debris and pest control. Refer to standard drawing M7 for further details.

Immediately notify the Engineer of any structural deficiency that becomes apparent in any assembly, or member of any assembly, because of the design requirements imposed by these specifications, the plans, or the typical drawings.

# C. Design:

Unless otherwise specified, design all metal pole support structures using the following 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO specifications:

- Design for a 50-year service life as recommended by Table 3.8.3-2.
- Use wind pressure map developed from 3-second gust speeds, as provided in Section 3.8.
- Assume wind loads as shown in Figures 3.9.4.2-2 and 3.9.4.2-3 of the 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO for Group III loading with Ice.
- Ensure metal pole support structures include natural wind gust loading and truck-induced gust loading for fatigue design, as provided in Sections 11.7.1.2 and 11.7.1.3, respectively. Designs need not consider periodic galloping forces.
- Assume 11.2 mph natural wind gust speed in North Carolina. For natural wind fatigue stress
  calculations, utilize a drag coefficient (C<sub>d</sub>) based on the yearly mean wind velocity of 11.2
  mph.
- When selecting Fatigue Importance Factors, utilize Fatigue Importance Category II, as provided for in Table 11.6-1, unless otherwise specified.
- Calculate all stresses using applicable equations from Section 5. The Maximum allowable stress ratio for all metal pole support designs is 0.9.
- Conform to Sections 10.4.2 and 11.8 for deflection requirements. For CCTV support structures, ensure maximum deflection at top of pole does not exceed 2.0 percent of pole height.
- Assume the combined minimum weight of a messenger cable bundle (including messenger cable, signal cable and detector lead-in cables) is 1.3 lbs/ft. Assume the combined minimum diameter of the cable bundle is 1.3 inches.

Unless otherwise specified by special loading criteria, the following computed surface area for ice load on signal heads shall be used:

- 3-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 26.0 ft<sup>2</sup>
- 4-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 32.0 ft<sup>2</sup>
- 5-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 42.0 ft<sup>2</sup>

Design a base plate for each pole. The minimum base plate thickness for all poles is determined by the following criteria:

<u>Case 1</u> Circular or rectangular solid base plate with the upright pole welded to the top surface of base plate with full penetration butt weld, where no stiffeners are provided. A base plate with a small center hole, which is less than 1/3 of the upright diameter, and located concentrically with the upright pole, may be considered as a solid base plate.

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The magnitude of bending moment in the base plate, induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is  $M = (P \times D_1) / 2$ , where

M = bending moment at the critical section of the base plate induced by one (1) anchor bolt

P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 $D_1$  = horizontal distance between the anchor bolt center and the outer face of the upright, or the difference between the bolt circle radius and the outside radius of the upright

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt and perpendicular to the bolt circle radius. The overlapped part of two (2) adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective.

<u>Case 2</u> Circular or rectangular base plate with the upright pole socketed into and attached to the base plate with two (2) lines of fillet weld, and where no stiffeners are provided, or any base plate with a center hole that is larger in diameter than 1/3 of the upright diameter.

The magnitude of bending moment induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is  $M = P \times D_2$ ,

where P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 $D_2$  = horizontal distance between the face of the upright and the face of the anchor bolt

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt top nut and perpendicular to the radius of the bolt circle. The overlapped part of two (2) adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective. If the base plate thickness calculated for Case 2 is less than Case 1, use the thickness calculated

The following additional requirements apply concerning pole base plates.

- Ensure that whichever case governs as defined above, the anchor bolt diameter is set to match the base plate thickness. If the minimum diameter required for the anchor bolt exceeds the thickness required for the base plate, set the base plate thickness equal to the required bolt diameter.
- For all metal poles, use a full penetration groove weld with a backing ring to connect the pole upright component to the base. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 or M4.

The Professional Engineer is wholly responsible for the design of all poles. Review and acceptance of these designs by the Department does not relieve the said Professional Engineer of his or her responsibility.

## **D.** Mast Arm Poles:

for Case 1.

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 through M5 for fabrication details.

Fabricate metal arm shaft from coil or plate steel that meet the requirements of ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. Provide arm shafts of round or near round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or multisided tubular cross-section with no less than six sides, having a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single-ply plate or coil, eliminating circumferential weld splices.

Use the submerged arc process, or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for arm shafts, to continuously weld arm shafts along their entire length. The longitudinal seam weld shall be finished flush to the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure arm shaft has no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the arm flange plate. Use full penetration groove welds with backing ring for all tube-to-transverse-plate connections in accordance with 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specifications*, except

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no field welding on any part of the arm shaft will be permitted unless approved by a qualified Engineer.

After fabrication, hot-dip galvanize steel arm shafts and all assembly components per section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications*. Design arm shafts with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during the galvanization process. Provide hot-dip galvanizing on steel arm shafts that meets or exceeds ASTM Standard A-123, AASHTO M111, or an approved equivalent. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing that complies with the following *Standard Specifications* article:

Repair of Galvanizing ......Article 1076-7

Ensure metal arm shafts permit cables to be installed inside arm shafts. For holes in arm shafts used to accommodate cables, provide full-circumference grommets. Wire access holes for arm flange plates should be deburred, non-grommeted, and oversized to fit around 4-inch diameter grommeted wire access holes for shaft flange plates.

Provide a minimum of four (4) 1-1/2" diameter high strength bolts for connection between arm plate and pole plate. Increase number of bolts to a minimum of six (6) 1-1/2" diameter high strength bolts when arm lengths are greater than 50'-0" long.

Provide designs with a 6" x 12" hand hole with reinforcing frame for each pole.

Provide a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole encompassing the hand hole and containing a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block. Provide two (2) terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them for each termination. Furnish terminal compartment covers attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when cover is removed and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure chain or cable will not interfere with service to cables in the pole base.

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M4.

Provide a removable end cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the end of each mast arm. Ensure cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to arm with a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cap to hang clear of arm end opening when cap is removed.

Provide pole flange plates and associated gussets and fittings for attachment of required mast arms. As part of each mast arm attachment, provide a cable passage hole in pole to allow passage of cables from pole to arm. Provide a grommeted 4-inch diameter cable passage hole on the shaft side of the connection to allow passage of cables from pole to arm.

Furnish all arm plates and necessary attachment hardware, including bolts and brackets.

Provide two (2) extra bolts for each arm.

Provide arms with weatherproof connections for attaching to the pole shaft.

Provide hardware that is galvanized steel, stainless steel, or corrosive-resistant aluminum.

Install metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer's installation drawings. Ensure the installed pole, when fully loaded, is within 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40') of vertical. Install poles with the manufacturer's recommended "rake." Where required, use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake.

Install horizontal-type arms with a manufactured rise preventing arm from deflecting below arm attachment height.

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Ensure maximum angular rotation of the top of mast arm pole does not exceed 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40'). Ensure allowable mast arm deflection does not exceed that allowed per 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. For all group load combinations specified under Section 3 of 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO, restrict tip of fully loaded arm from going below arm attachment point with the pole.

# 5.2. DRILLED PIER FOUNDATIONS FOR METAL POLES

Analysis procedures and formulas shall be based on AASHTO 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, latest ACI-318 code and the *Drilled Shafts: Construction Procedures and Design Methods* FHWA-NHI-10-016 manual. Design methods based on engineering publications or research papers must have prior approval from NCDOT. The Department reserves the right to accept or reject any method used for the analysis.

Use the following Safety Factors for the foundation design:

- 1.0 x Service (Unfactored) Loads for LPile Shaft Lateral Deflection
- 1.3 x Torsion (Unfactored) Load for Drilled Shaft Concrete and Steel Strength
- (1.3 / 1.33) x Torsion (Unfactored) Load for Shaft Soil-to-Concrete Torsion Capacity
- (2.0 / 1.33) x Axial (Unfactored) Load for Shaft Axial Capacity in Soil

Ensure deflection at top of foundation does not exceed 1 inch for worst-case lateral load.

Use LPILE Plus V6.0 or later for lateral analysis. Submit inputs, results and corresponding graphs with the design calculations.

Calculate skin friction using the  $\alpha$ -method for cohesive soils and the  $\beta$ -method for cohesion-less soils (**Broms method will not be accepted**). Detailed descriptions of the " $\alpha$ " and " $\beta$ " methods can be found in *FHWA-NHI-10-016*.

Omit first 2.5 feet for cohesive soils when calculating skin friction.

Assume a hammer efficiency of 0.70 unless value is provided.

Design custom foundations to carry maximum capacity of each metal pole. For standard case strain poles with custom design, use actual shear, axial and moment reactions from the Standard Strain Pole Foundation Selection Table shown on Standard Drawing No. M8.

When poor soil conditions are encountered, which could create an excessively large foundation design, consideration may be given to allow an exemption to the maximum capacity design. The Contractor must gain approval from the Engineer before reducing a foundation's capacity. On projects where poor soil is known to be present, the Contractor should have foundation designs approved before releasing poles for fabrication.

Have the Contractor notify the Engineer if the proposed foundation is to be installed on a slope other than 8H: 1V or flatter.

# A. Description:

Furnish and install foundations for NCDOT metal poles with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Metal Pole Standards have been developed and implemented by NCDOT for use at signalized intersections in North Carolina. If the plans call for a standard strain pole, then a standard foundation may be selected from the plans. However, the Contractor is not required to use a standard foundation. If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard site-specific foundation for a standard strain pole or if the plans call for a non-standard site-specific pole, design the foundation to conform to the applicable provisions in the NCDOT Metal Pole Standard Drawings and Section B4 (Non-Standard Foundation Design) below. If non-standard site-specific foundations are designed for standard QPL approved strain poles, the foundation designer must use the design moment

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specified by load case on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M8. Failure to conform to this requirement will be grounds for rejection of the design.

If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard foundation for a standard strain pole and the soil test results indicate a standard foundation is feasible for the site, the Contractor will be paid the cost of the standard foundation. Any additional cost associated with a non-standard site-specific foundation including additional materials, labor and equipment will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation. All costs for the non-standard foundation design will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation.

### **B.** Soil Test and Foundation Determination:

### 1. General:

Drilled piers are reinforced concrete sections, cast-in-place against in situ, undisturbed material. Drilled piers are of straight shaft type and vertical.

## 2. Soil Test:

Perform a soil test at each proposed metal pole location. Complete all required fill placement and excavation at each pole location to finished grade before drilling each boring. Soil tests performed that are not in compliance with this requirement may be rejected and will not be paid. Drill one boring to a depth of 26 feet within a 25-foot radius of each proposed foundation.

Perform standard penetration tests (SPT) in accordance with ASTM D 1586 at depths of 1, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20 and 26 feet. Discontinue the boring if one of the following occurs:

- A total of 100 blows have been applied in any two consecutive 6-inch intervals.
- A total of 50 blows have been applied with < 3-inch penetration.

Describe each pole location along the project corridor in a manner that is easily discernible to both the Contractor's Designer and NCDOT Reviewers. If the pole is at an intersection, label the boring the "Intersection of (*Route or SR #*), (*Street Name*) and (*Route or SR #*), (*Street Name*),

\_\_\_\_\_\_ County, Signal or Asset Inventory No. \_\_\_\_\_\_ ". Label borings with "B- N, S, E, W, NE, NW, SE or SW" corresponding to the quadrant location within the intersection.

If the pole location is located between intersections, provide a coordinate location and offset, or milepost number and offset. Pole numbers should be made available to the Drill Contractor. Include pole numbers in the boring label if they are available. If they are not available, ensure the boring labels can be cross-referenced to corresponding pole numbers. For each boring, submit a legible (hand-written or typed) boring log signed and sealed by a licensed Geologist or Professional Engineer registered in North Carolina. Include on each boring the SPT blow counts and N-values at each depth, depth of the boring, hammer efficiency, depth of water table and a general description of the soil types encountered using the AASHTO Classification System.

Borings that cannot be easily correlated to their specific pole location will be returned to the Contractor for clarification; or if approved by the Engineer, the foundation may be designed using the worst-case soil condition obtained as part of this project.

## 3. Standard Foundation Determination:

Use the following method for determining the Design N-value:

$$\begin{split} N_{AVG} &= \frac{N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + \dots + N_{@Deepest\ Boring\ Depth}}{Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values} \\ Y &= (N_{@1'})^2 + (N_{@2.5'})^2 + \dots + (N_{@Deepest\ Boring\ Depth})^2 \end{split}$$

$$Z = N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + \dots + N_{@Deeepest\ Boring\ Depth}$$

$$N_{STD\ DEV} = \sqrt{\frac{(Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values\ \times Y) - Z^2}{(Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values) \times (Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values - 1)}}$$

**Design N-value** equals lesser of the following two conditions:

$$N_{AVG}-(N_{STD\ DEV}\times 0.45)$$
 
$$OR$$
 
$$Average\ of\ First\ Four\ (4)N\ values=\frac{N_{@1'}+N_{@2.5'}+N_{@5'}+N_{@7.5'}}{4}$$

Note: If less than four (4) N-values are obtained because of criteria listed in Section 2 above, use average of N-values collected for second condition. Do not include the N-value at the deepest boring depth for above calculations if the boring is discontinued at or before the required boring depth because of criteria listed in Section 2 above. Use N-value of zero (0) for weight of hammer or weight of rod. If N-value is greater than fifty (50), reduce N-value to fifty (50) for calculations.

If standard NCDOT strain poles are shown on the plans and the Contractor chooses to use standard foundations, determine a drilled pier length, "L," for each signal pole from the Standard Strain Pole Foundations Chart (sheet M8) based on the Design N-value and the predominant soil type. For each standard pole location, submit a completed "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" signed by the Contractor's representative. Signature on form is for verification purposes only. Include the Design N-value calculation and resulting drilled pier length, "L," on each form.

If non-standard site-specific poles are shown on the plans, submit completed boring logs collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test) along with pole loading diagrams from the plans to the Contractor-selected pole Fabricator to assist in the pole and foundation design.

If one of the following occurs, the Standard Foundations Chart shown on the plans may not be used and a non-standard foundation may be required. In such case, contact the Engineer.

- The Design N-value is less than four (4).
- The drilled pier length, "L", determined from the Standard Foundations Chart, is greater than the depth of the corresponding boring.

In the case where a standard foundation cannot be used, the Department will be responsible for the additional cost of the non-standard foundation.

Foundation designs are based on level ground around the traffic signal pole. If the slope around the edge of the drilled pier is steeper than 8:1 (H:V) or the proposed foundation will be less than 10 feet from the top of an embankment slope, the Contractor is responsible for providing slope information to the foundation Designer and to the Engineer so it can be considered in the design.

The "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" may be found at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/Pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx

If assistance is needed, contact the Engineer.

## 4. Non-Standard Foundation Design:

Design non-standard foundations based upon site-specific soil test information collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test). Design drilled piers for side resistance in accordance with Section 4.6 of the 2002 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges, 17<sup>th</sup> Edition. Use computer software LPILE version-6.0 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Use computer software gINT V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide a drilled pier foundation for each pole with a length and diameter resulting in horizontal lateral movement less than 1 inch at top of the pier, and horizontal rotational movement less than 1 inch at the edge of pier. Contact the Engineer for pole loading diagrams of standard poles used for non-standard foundation designs. Submit non-standard foundation designs including drawings, calculations, and soil boring logs to the Engineer for review and approval, before construction.

## **C. Drilled Pier Construction:**

Construct drilled pier foundation and Install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* Standard Special Provision SP09-R005 located at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Specifications/Pages/2018-Specifications-and-Special-Provisions.aspx

## 5.3. POLE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Attach an identification tag to each pole shaft section as shown on Metal Pole Standard Sheet M2 "Typical Fabrication Details for All Metal Poles."

## 5.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of metal poles with single mast arms furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of metal poles with dual mast arms furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of designs for mast arms with metal poles furnished and accepted.

Actual number of soil tests with SPT borings drilled furnished and accepted.

Actual volume of concrete poured in cubic yards of drilled pier foundation furnished, installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made for foundation designs prepared with metal pole designs, as these will be considered incidental to designing Traffic Signal or CCTV support structures.

## Payment will be made under:

Metal Pole with Single Mast Arm	Each
Metal Pole with Dual Mast Arm	
Mast Arm with Metal Pole Design	
Soil Test	
Drilled Pier Foundation	Cubic Yard

Project R-4707 ST-1 Guilford County

# **Project Special Provisions**

# **Structure & Culverts**

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Project R-4707 ST-2 Guilford County

# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS STRUCTURE & CULVERTS

## <u>MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC</u> <u>BENEATH PROPOSED STRUCTURE AT STATION 41+39.51 -Y-,</u> 61+03.00 -L-

(8-13-04)

#### 1.0 GENERAL

Maintain traffic on US 29 (-L-) as shown in Traffic Control Plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Provide a minimum temporary vertical clearance of 16'-0" at all times during construction.

Submit plans and calculations for review and approval for protecting traffic and bracing girders, as described herein, at the above station before beginning work at this location. Have the drawings and design calculations prepared, signed, and sealed by a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer. The approval of the Engineer will not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the safety of the method or equipment.

## 2.0 PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC

Protect traffic from any operation that affords the opportunity for construction materials, equipment, tools, etc. to be dropped into the path of traffic beneath the structure. Based on Contractor means and methods determine and clearly define all dead and live loads for this system, which, at a minimum, shall be installed between beams or girders over any travelway or shoulder area where traffic is maintained. Install the protective system before beginning any construction operations over traffic. In addition, for these same areas, keep the overhang falsework in place until after the rails have been poured.

#### 3.0 Bracing Girders

Brace girders to resist wind forces, weight of forms and other temporary loads, especially those eccentric to the vertical axis of the member during all stages of erection and construction. Before casting of intermediate diaphragms, decks, or connecting steel diaphragms do not allow the horizontal movement of girders to exceed ½ inch.

#### 4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items will be full compensation for the above work.

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## STEEL REINFORCED ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS

(6-22-16)

The 2018 Standard Specifications shall be revised as follows: In **Section 1079-2(A)** – **Elastomeric Bearings** add the following after the second paragraph:

Internal holding pins are required for all shim plates when the contract plans indicate the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection for a corrosive site.

Repair laminated (reinforced) bearing pads utilizing external holding pins via vulcanization. Submit product data for repair material and a detailed application procedure to the Materials and Tests Unit for approval before use and annually thereafter.

Project R-4707 ST-4 Guilford County

## THERMAL SPRAYED COATINGS (METALLIZATION)

(12-1-2017)

#### 1.0 DESCRIPTION

Apply a thermal sprayed coating (TSC) and sealer to metal surfaces in accordance with the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program and as specified herein when called for on the plans or by other Special Provisions. Use only Arc Sprayed application methods to apply TSC. The Engineer must approve other methods of application.

The Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program is available on the Materials and Tests Unit website.

## 2.0 QUALIFICATIONS

Only use NCDOT approved TSC Contractors meeting the requirements outlined in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

#### 3.0 MATERIALS

Use only materials meeting the requirements of Section 7 of the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

## 4.0 SURFACE PREPARATION AND TSC APPLICATION

Surface preparation of TSC surfaces shall meet the requirements of Section 8 of the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program. Apply TSC with the alloy to the thickness specified on the plans or as required by Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

## 5.0 Inspection and Testing

The TSC Contractor must conduct inspections and tests listed in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

## 6.0 REPAIRS

Perform all shop repairs in accordance with the procedures outlined in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

Repairs associated with field welding shall be made by removing the existing metallizing by blast or power tool cleaning. Affected areas shall be addressed as follows:

• For Marine Environments, incorporate a minimum surface preparation in accordance with SSPC SP-11 (Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal) and require an approved epoxy mastic coating applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. Apply a minimum of two (2) coats at a rate of 5-7 (WFT) per coat to the affected area.

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- For Non-Marine Environments, incorporate a minimum surface preparation in accordance with SSPC SP-11 (Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal) and require an approved organic zinc-rich coating applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. Apply a minimum of two (2) coats at a rate of 5-7 (WFT) per coat to the affected area.
  - 1. Minor localized areas less than or equal to 0.1 ft<sup>2</sup> with exposed substrate shall be repaired as outlined above for marine and non-marine environments.
  - 2. Large localized areas greater than 0.1 ft<sup>2</sup> with exposed substrate shall require the Contractor to submit a detailed repair procedure to the Engineer for review and approval.
- Repair methods for areas where the substrate has not been exposed shall be mutually agreed upon between the Contractor and TSC Contractor as approved by the Engineer.

#### 7.0 TWELVE MONTH OBSERVATION PERIOD

All TSC materials applied under the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program shall be evaluated twelve (12) months after project acceptance for defective materials and workmanship.

## 8.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

The contract price bid for the metal component to which the TSC is applied will be full compensation for the thermal sprayed coating.

Project R-4707 ST-6 Guilford County

## **EXPANSION JOINT SEALS**

(9-30-11)

#### 1.0 GENERAL

The work covered by this Special Provision consists of furnishing and installing the expansion joint seals as shown on the contract drawings. All materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary for the proper installation of the expansion joint seals are included.

#### 2.0 MATERIAL

Provide expansion joint seals capable of accommodating a total movement measured parallel to the centerline of the roadway as shown on plans.

Provide an elastomeric component for each expansion joint seal that is a continuous unit for the entire length of the joint. Do not field splice the elastomeric component. Only vulcanized shop splicing of the elastomeric component is permitted. The minimum length of an elastomeric component before shop splicing is 20 feet. However, one piece shorter than 20 feet is permitted. Provide an elastomeric component that is clearly shop marked to indicate the top side and joint location of the elastomeric component. On skewed bridges, or under unsymmetrical conditions, clearly mark the left side of the elastomeric component. Left is defined as being on the left when facing in the direction of increasing station. Inspect the seals upon receipt to ensure that the marks are clearly visible upon installation.

Make sure the convolution of the gland does not project above the top of the hold-down plates when the joint opening is in the most compressed condition. Use either elastic polychloroprene (neoprene) or ethyl propylene diene monomer (EPDM) for the elastomer that meets the following minimum properties:

	ASTM TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENTS
Hardness, Durometer - Shore A	D2240	60 ± 5, Neoprene (upward corrugated shape - fabric reinforced)
		75 ± 5, EPDM and Neoprene (upward non-corrugated shape)
		80 ± 5, EPDM (upward corrugated shape-fabric reinforced)
Tensile Strength	D412	2000 psi (min.)
Elongation at Break	D412	250% (min.)
Width of Gland in Relaxed Condition	N/A	10" ± 0.25"

Thickness of Upturned portion of gland	N/A	0.25" non-corrugated shape, -0.032" to +0.032"
Thickness of Upturned portion of gland	N/A	0.1875" corrugated shape, -0.032" to +0.032"
Thickness of Flat portion of gland	N/A	0.1563", -0.032" to +0.032"

For fabric reinforced glands, submit one unreinforced sample per lot number, up to 500 feet of Expansion Joint Seal, to the Engineer for testing.

Only field splice hold-down plates at crown points, at abrupt changes in the deck slab cross slope, and on lane lines. Splicing within travel lanes is not permitted and splicing on edge lines is not required. Field splice hold-down plates between the edge line and gutter upturn and where necessary for proper installation and alignment is permitted. Show all splice locations on the working drawings for approval. For the location of lane markings at the expansion joint seal, see the Structure plans. At the splice locations, locate the hold-down bolts 3 inches from the end of the hold-down plate. At splice locations where changes in deck slab cross slope occur, cut the ends of hold-down plates parallel to the bridge centerline for skews less than 80° and greater than 100°.

Do not use welded shop splices in hold-down plates.

## 3.0 SHOP DRAWINGS

Submit nine sets of working drawings to the Engineer for review, comments and acceptance. Show complete details drawn to scale and include:

- The proposed template details including the makeup of the template
- The proposed method of holding the base angle assembly in place while concrete is cast around it
- The proposed procedure to correct for the effects of beam movement and rotation when setting width of joint opening
- The proposed chronology of installation including the sequence and direction of the concrete casting
- The details of cross connectors between base angles, such as steel bars with slots bolted to angles, to maintain evenness between the adjacent base angles while accommodating movement that occurs when concrete is cast. Indicate when bolts are loosened to allow movement.
- The proposed method for removing the hold-down plate
- A section detail through the joint showing horizontal offset dimensions of the base angles from the centerline joint. This detail is required when the vertical face of the joint opening is not perpendicular to the roadway surface (e.g. when the roadway grade is significant).

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Have someone other than the one who prepares the drawing check all detailed drawings and include the signatures of both the drafter and checker on each sheet of the drawings. The Engineer returns unchecked drawings to the Contractor. Provide all completed drawings well in advance of the scheduled installation time for the expansion joint seal.

#### 4.0 INSTALLATION

Provide supports for the base angle assembly at a maximum spacing of 9 feet. Place supports near field splices of base angles to ensure that field splices are straight and even. Provide base angles with  $\frac{1}{2}$ " diameter weep holes at 12 inch centers to allow bleeding of trapped air and/or water. Do not obstruct the weep holes with falsework. Make the bottom of the trough parallel to grade and the sides parallel to the sides of the expansion joint seal.

For damaged areas, depressions, spalls, cracks, or irregularities of curbs or decks adjacent to the expansion joint, submit a proposed method of repair and repair material specifications for approval.

If the Engineer deems any aspects of the expansion joint seals unacceptable, make necessary corrections.

#### 5.0 INSPECTION

When concrete is cast, use a non-aluminum, 10 foot, true to line straight edge to check and grade the top of the slab on each side of the joint to ensure smooth transition between spans.

Watertight Integrity Test

- Upon completion of an expansion joint seal, perform a water test on the top surface to detect any leakage. Cover the roadway section of the joint from curb to curb, or barrier rail to barrier rail, with water, either ponded or flowing, not less than 1 inch above the roadway surface at all points. Block sidewalk sections and secure an unnozzled water hose delivering approximately 1 gallon of water per minute to the inside face of the bridge railing, trained in a downward position about 6 inches above the sidewalks, such that there is continuous flow of water across the sidewalk and down the curb face of the joint.
- Maintain the ponding or flowing of water on the roadway and continuous flow across sidewalks and curbs for a period of 5 hours. At the conclusion of the test, the underside of the joint is closely examined for leakage. The expansion joint seal is considered watertight if no obvious wetness is visible on the Engineer's finger after touching a number of underdeck areas. Damp concrete that does not impart wetness to the finger is not a sign of leakage.
- If the joint system leaks, locate the place(s) of leakage and take any repair measures necessary to stop the leakage at no additional cost to the Department. Use repair measures recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Engineer prior to beginning corrective work.
- If measures to eliminate leakage are taken, perform a subsequent water integrity test subject to the same conditions as the original test. Subsequent tests carry the same

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responsibility as the original test and are performed at no extra cost to the Department.

## **6.0** BASIS OF PAYMENT

Basis of payment for all expansion joint seals will be at the lump sum contract price for "Expansion Joint Seals" which price and payment will be full compensation for furnishing all material, including any steel accessory plates for sidewalks, medians and rails, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary for installing the expansion joint seal in place and including all materials, labor, tools and incidentals for performing the original watertight integrity test.

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## FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

(4-5-12)

## 1.0 DESCRIPTION

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the Standard Specifications or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

#### 2.0 MATERIALS

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

## 3.0 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

## A. Working Drawings

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints. Submit the number of copies as called for by the contract.

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When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint takeup, and deflection of beams or girders.

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

Member Type (PCG)	Member Depth, (inches)	Max. Overhang Width, (inches)	Max. Slab Edge Thickness, (inches)	Max. Screed Wheel Weight, (lbs.)	Bracket Min. Vertical Leg Extension, (inches)
II	36	39	14	2000	26
III	45	42	14	2000	35
IV	54	45	14	2000	44
MBT	63	51	12	2000	50
MBT	72	55	12	1700	48

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab.

For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member,  $1'-2\frac{1}{2}$ " from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the Engineer of hanger type and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

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Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than 3/4".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

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Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the 1995 AASHTO *Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

## 1. Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

**Table 2.2 - Wind Pressure Values** 

Height Zone	Pressur	Pressure, lb/ft² for Indicated Wind Velocity, mph				
feet above ground	70	80	90	100	110	
0 to 30	15	20	25	30	35	
30 to 50	20	25	30	35	40	
50 to 100	25	30	35	40	45	
over 100	30	35	40	45	50	

## 2. Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent damage to the surface.

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Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina

COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)
Alamance	70	Franklin	70	Pamlico	100
Alexander	70	Gaston	70	Pasquotank	100
Alleghany	70	Gates	90	Pender	100
Anson	70	Graham	80	Perquimans	100
Ashe	70	Granville	70	Person	70
Avery	70	Greene	80	Pitt	90
Beaufort	100	Guilford	70	Polk	80
Bertie	90	Halifax	80	Randolph	70
Bladen	90	Harnett	70	Richmond	70
Brunswick	100	Haywood	80	Robeson	80
Buncombe	80	Henderson	80	Rockingham	70
Burke	70	Hertford	90	Rowan	70
Cabarrus	70	Hoke	70	Rutherford	70
Caldwell	70	Hyde	110	Sampson	90
Camden	100	Iredell	70	Scotland	70
Carteret	110	Jackson	80	Stanley	70
Caswell	70	Johnston	80	Stokes	70
Catawba	70	Jones	100	Surry	70
Cherokee	80	Lee	70	Swain	80
Chatham	70	Lenoir	90	Transylvania	80
Chowan	90	Lincoln	70	Tyrell	100
Clay	80	Macon	80	Union	70
Cleveland	70	Madison	80	Vance	70
Columbus	90	Martin	90	Wake	70
Craven	100	McDowell	70	Warren	70
Cumberland	80	Mecklenburg	70	Washington	100
Currituck	100	Mitchell	70	Watauga	70
Dare	110	Montgomery	70	Wayne	80
Davidson	70	Moore	70	Wilkes	70
Davie	70	Nash	80	Wilson	80
Duplin	90	New Hanover	100	Yadkin	70
Durham	70	Northampton	80	Yancey	70
Edgecombe	80	Onslow	100		
Forsyth	70	Orange	70		

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## B. Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

## 4.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

All requirements of Section 420 of the Standard Specifications apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works. Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast-in-place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

## A. Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

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## B. Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

## 5.0 REMOVAL

Unless otherwise permitted, remove and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

#### **6.0** METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise specified, temporary works will not be directly measured.

## 7.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

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## SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS

(1-29-21)

## 1.0 GENERAL

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the Standard Specifications and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Engineer. Either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit or both units will jointly review submittals.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the Engineer, Structures Management Unit contacts or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit contacts noted below.

In order to facilitate in-plant inspection by NCDOT and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

## 2.0 ADDRESSES AND CONTACTS

For submittals to the Structures Management Unit, use the following addresses:

Via US mail:

Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E. State Structures Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation Structures Management Unit 1581 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1581

Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

Submittals may also be made via email.

Send submittals to:

ilbolden@ncdot.gov (James Bolden)

Send an additional e-copy of the submittal to the following address:

eomile@ncdot.gov (Emmanuel Omile) Via other delivery service:

Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E. State Structures Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation Structures Management Unit 1000 Birch Ridge Drive Raleigh, NC 27610

Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

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mrorie@ncdot.gov (Madonna Rorie)

For submittals to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit, use the following addresses:

For projects in Divisions 1-7, use the following Eastern Regional Office address:

Via US mail: Via other delivery service:

Mr. David Hering, L. G., P. E.
Eastern Regional Geotechnical

Mr. David Hering, L. G., P. E.
Eastern Regional Geotechnical

Manager Manager

North Carolina Department North Carolina Department

of Transportation of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Eastern Regional Office Eastern Regional Office

1570 Mail Service Center 3301 Jones Sausage Road, Suite 100

Raleigh, NC 27699-1570 Garner, NC 27529

Via Email: EastGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

For projects in Divisions 8-14, use the following Western Regional Office address:

Via US mail or other delivery service:

Mr. Eric Williams, P. E.

Western Regional Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Western Regional Office

5253 Z Max Boulevard

Harrisburg, NC 28075

Via Email: WestGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

The status of the review of structure-related submittals sent to the Structures Management Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "Drawing Submittal Status" link.

The status of the review of geotechnical-related submittals sent to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "Geotechnical Construction Submittals" link.

Direct any questions concerning submittal review status, review comments or drawing markups to the following contacts:

Primary Structures Contact: James Bolden (919) 707 – 6408

(919) 250 - 4082 facsimile

ilbolden@ncdot.gov

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Secondary Structures Contacts: Emmanuel Omile (919) 707 – 6451

Madonna Rorie (919) 707 – 6508

Eastern Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 1-7):

David Hering (919) 662 – 4710

dthering@ncdot.gov

Western Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 8-14):

Eric Williams (704) 455 – 8902

ewilliams3@ncdot.gov

## 3.0 SUBMITTAL COPIES

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Engineer. At the same time, submit the number of hard copies shown below of the same complete submittal directly to the Structures Management Unit and/or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

The first table below covers "Structure Submittals". The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Structures Management Unit. The second table in this section covers "Geotechnical Submittals". The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit unless both units require submittal copies in which case submit a set of supporting calculations to each unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed.

## **STRUCTURE SUBMITTALS**

Submittal	Copies Required by Structures Management Unit	Copies Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal <sup>1</sup>
Arch Culvert Falsework	5	0	Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"
Box Culvert Falsework <sup>7</sup>	5	0	Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"
Cofferdams	6	2	Article 410-4
Foam Joint Seals <sup>6</sup>	9	0	"Foam Joint Seals"

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Expansion Joint Seals (hold down plate type with base angle)	9	0	"Expansion Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (modular)	2, then 9	0	"Modular Expansion Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (strip seals)	9	0	"Strip Seals"
Falsework & Forms <sup>2</sup> (substructure)	8	0	Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"
Falsework & Forms (superstructure)	8	0	Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"
Girder Erection over Railroad	5	0	<b>Railroad Provisions</b>
Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure	8	0	"Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure at Station"
Metal Bridge Railing	8	0	Plan Note
Metal Stay-in-Place Forms	8	0	Article 420-3
Metalwork for Elastomeric Bearings <sup>4,5</sup>	7	0	Article 1072-8
Miscellaneous Metalwork <sup>4,5</sup>	7	0	Article 1072-8
Disc Bearings <sup>4</sup>	8	0	"Disc Bearings"
Overhead and Digital Message Signs (DMS) (metalwork and foundations)	13	0	Applicable Provisions
Placement of Equipment on Structures (cranes, etc.)	7	0	Article 420-20
Precast Concrete Box Culverts	2, then 1 reproducible	0	"Optional Precast Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert at Station"
Prestressed Concrete Cored Slab (detensioning sequences) <sup>3</sup>	6	0	Article 1078-11
Prestressed Concrete Deck Panels	6 and 1 reproducible	0	Article 420-3

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Prestressed Concrete Girder (strand elongation and detensioning sequences)	6	0	Articles 1078-8 and 1078-11
Removal of Existing Structure over Railroad	5	0	Railroad Provisions
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to prestressed deck panels)	2, then 1 reproducible	0	Article 420-3
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to modular expansion joint seals)	2, then 1 reproducible	0	"Modular Expansion Joint Seals"
Sound Barrier Wall (precast items)	10	0	Article 1077-2 & "Sound Barrier Wall"
Sound Barrier Wall Steel Fabrication Plans <sup>5</sup>	7	0	Article 1072-8 & "Sound Barrier Wall"
Structural Steel <sup>4</sup>	2, then 7	0	Article 1072-8
Temporary Detour Structures	10	2	Article 400-3 & "Construction, Maintenance and Removal of Temporary Structure at Station"
TFE Expansion Bearings <sup>4</sup>	8	0	Article 1072-8

#### **FOOTNOTES**

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Articles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submittals for these items are necessary only when required by a note on plans.
- 3. Submittals for these items may not be required. A list of pre-approved sequences is available from the producer or the Materials & Tests Unit.
- 4. The fabricator may submit these items directly to the Structures Management Unit.
- 5. The two sets of preliminary submittals required by Article 1072-8 of the *Standard Specifications* are not required for these items.
- 6. Submittals for Fabrication Drawings are not required. Submittals for Catalogue Cuts of Proposed Material are required. See Section 5.A of the referenced provision.
- 7. Submittals are necessary only when the top slab thickness is 18" or greater.

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## **GEOTECHNICAL SUBMITTALS**

Submittal	Copies Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Copies Required by Structures Management Unit	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal <sup>1</sup>
Drilled Pier Construction Plans <sup>2</sup>	1	0	Subarticle 411-3(A)
Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL) Reports <sup>2</sup>	1	0	Subarticle 411-5(A)(2)
Pile Driving Equipment Data Forms <sup>2,3</sup>	1	0	Subarticle 450-3(D)(2)
Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) Reports <sup>2</sup>	1	0	Subarticle 450-3(F)(3)
Retaining Walls <sup>4</sup>	1 drawings, 1 calculations	2 drawings	Applicable Provisions
Temporary Shoring <sup>4</sup>	1 drawings, 1 calculations	2 drawings	"Temporary Shoring" & "Temporary Soil Nail Walls"

## **FOOTNOTES**

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Subarticles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submit one hard copy of submittal to the Engineer. Submit a second copy of submittal electronically (PDF via email), US mail or other delivery service to the appropriate Geotechnical Engineering Unit regional office. Electronic submission is preferred.
- 3. The Pile Driving Equipment Data Form is available from: <a href="https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech\_Forms\_Details.aspx">https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech\_Forms\_Details.aspx</a> See second page of form for submittal instructions.
- 4. Electronic copy of submittal is required. See referenced provision.

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CRANE SAFETY (6-20-19)

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

## **CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST**

- A. <u>Competent Person:</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.
- B. <u>Riggers:</u> Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.
- C. <u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.
- D. <u>Certifications:</u> Crane operators shall be certified by the National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators (NCCCO) or the National Center for Construction Education and Research (NCCER). Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. In addition, crane operators shall have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of crane operator(s) and include current certification for each type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

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## **GROUT FOR STRUCTURES**

(12-1-17)

#### 1.0 DESCRIPTION

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, decks, end bent caps, or bent caps. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

## 2.0 MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, use a Type 3 Grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the Standard Specifications.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

#### 3.0 SAMPLING AND PLACEMENT

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

#### 4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

Project R-4707 ST-25 Guilford County

# ASBESTOS ASSESSMENT FOR BRIDGE DEMOLITION AND RENOVATION ACTIVITIES

(12-30-15)

#### 1.0 Inspection for Asbestos Containing Material

Prior to conducting bridge demolition or renovation activities, the Contractor shall thoroughly inspect the bridge or affected components for the presence of asbestos containing material (ACM) using a firm prequalified by NCDOT to perform asbestos surveys. The inspection must be performed by a N.C. accredited asbestos inspector with experience inspecting bridges or other industrial structures. The N.C. accredited asbestos inspector must conduct a thorough inspection, identifying all asbestos-containing material as required by the Environmental Protection Agency National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 40 CFR, Part 61, Subpart M.

The Contractor shall submit an inspection report to the Engineer, which at a minimum must include information required in 40 CFR 763.85 (a)(4) vi)(A)-(E), as well as a project location map, photos of existing structure, the date of inspection and the name, N.C. accreditation number, and signature of the N.C. accredited asbestos inspector who performed the inspection and completed the report. The cover sheet of the report shall include project identification information. Place the following notes on the cover sheet of the report and check the appropriate box:

ACM was found	
ACM was not foun	d

#### 2.0 REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL

If ACM is found, notify the Engineer. Compensation for removal and disposal of ACM is considered extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the Standard Specifications.

An Asbestos Removal Permit must be obtained from the Health Hazards Control Unit (HHCU) of the N.C. Department of Health & Human Services, Division of Public Health, if more than 35 cubic feet, 160 square feet, or 260 linear feet of regulated ACM (RACM) is to be removed from a structure and this work must be completed by a contractor prequalified by NCDOT to perform asbestos abatement. RACM is defined in 40 CFR, Part 61, Subpart M. Note: 40 CFR 763.85 (a)(4) vi)(D) defines ACM as surfacing, TSI and Miscellaneous which does not meet the NESHAP RACM.

## 3.0 DEMOLITION NOTIFICATION

Even if no ACM is found (or if quantities are less than those required for a permit), a Demolition Notification (DHHS-3768) must be submitted to the HHCU. Notifications and Asbestos Permit applications require an original signature and must be submitted to the HHCU 10 working days prior to beginning demolition activities. The 10 working day period starts based on the post-marked date or date of hand delivery. Demolition that does not begin as originally notified requires submission of a separate revision form HHCU 3768-R to HHCU. Reference the North Carolina Administrative Code, Chapter 10A, Subchapter 41C, Article .0605 for directives on revision submissions.

Project R-4707 ST-26 Guilford County

## **Contact Information**

Health Hazards Control Unit (HHCU) N.C. Department of Health and Human Services 1912 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1912 Telephone: (919) 707-5950

Fax: (919) 870-4808

## 4.0 SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Buncombe, Forsyth, and Mecklenburg counties also have asbestos permitting and NESHAP requirements must be followed. For projects involving permitted RACM removals, both the applicable county and the state (HHCU) must be notified.

For demolitions with no RACM, only the local environmental agencies must be notified. Contact information is as follows:

## Buncombe County

WNC Regional Air Pollution Control Agency 49 Mt. Carmel Road Asheville, NC 28806 (828) 250-6777

## Forsyth County

Environmental Affairs Department 537 N. Spruce Street Winston-Salem, NC 27101 (336) 703-2440

## Mecklenburg County

Land Use and Environmental Services Agency Mecklenburg Air Quality 700 N. Tryon Street Charlotte, NC 28202 (704) 336-5430

## 5.0 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information may be found on N.C. asbestos rules, regulations, procedures and N.C. accredited inspectors, as well as associated forms for demolition notifications and asbestos permit applications at the N.C. Asbestos Hazard Management Program website:

www.epi.state.nc.us/epi/asbestos/ahmp.html

Project R-4707 ST-27 Guilford County

# 6.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment for the work required in this provision will be at the lump sum contract unit price for "Asbestos Assessment". Such payment will be full compensation for all asbestos inspections, reports, permitting and notifications.

Project R-4707 ST-28 Guilford County

SCOPE OF WORK (SPECIAL)

This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials to construct the reinforced concrete box culvert extension as directed on the plans, and repair and treat the existing reinforced concrete box culvert with Shotcrete or other concrete repair materials as allowed herein, and to apply epoxy resin injection as directed on the plans. Repair work includes: partial demolition of cracked or spalled concrete; concrete repair due to partial removal of existing abandoned utility; preparation of concrete for repair methods; shotcrete, concrete, and crack injection of existing culvert; disposal of waste material; temporary work platforms; and all incidental items or other required tools necessary to complete the project as specified and shown on the plans.

Work will be performed on the existing reinforced concrete box culvert, Structure #355 in Guilford County, US 29 over Reedy Fork Tributary 9.

Contractor shall provide all necessary access; understructure platforms, scaffolding, ladders, etc.; provide all staging areas, material storage, waste disposal, provide environmental controls to limit loss of materials from sawing, chipping, or other demolition operations; and all else necessary to complete the work.

The contractor shall be responsible for fulfilling all requirements of the NCDOT Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures dated January 2018, except as otherwise specified herein.

Project R-4707 ST-29 Guilford County

## **EPOXY RESIN INJECTION**

(2-11-19)

#### **GENERAL**

For repairing cracks, an applicator certified by the manufacturer of epoxy injection system to be used is required to perform the epoxy resin injection. The Contractor shall submit documentation that indicates the firm, supervisor and the workmen have completed an instruction program in the methods of restoring concrete structures utilizing the epoxy injection process and have five (5) years of relative experience with a record of satisfactory performance on similar projects.

The Contractor furnishes all materials, tools, equipment, appliances, labor and supervision required when repairing cracks with the injection of an epoxy resin adhesive.

#### **SCOPE OF WORK**

Using Epoxy Resin Injection, repair all cracks 5 mils (125  $\mu$ m) wide or greater in the reinforced concrete culvert walls and slabs as indicated on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Repair the column cracks above the waterline as recommended by the manufacturer. Make the underwater repairs when water surface elevation is low and the water is still. For underwater repairs, use manufacturer recommended materials.

Repair any crack, void, honeycomb or spall area unsuitable for repair by injection with epoxy mortar.

## **COOPERATION**

Cooperate and coordinate with the Technical Representative of the epoxy resin manufacturer for satisfactory performance of the work.

Have the Technical Representative present when the job begins and until the Engineer is assured that his service is no longer needed.

The expense of having this representative on the job is the Contractor's responsibility and no direct payment will be made for this expense.

#### **TESTING**

The North Carolina Department of Transportation Materials and Tests Unit will obtain cores from the repaired concrete for testing. If the failure plane is located at the repaired crack, a minimum compressive strength of 3,000 psi is required of these cores.

#### **MATERIAL PROPERTIES**

Provide a two-component structural epoxy adhesive for injection into cracks or other voids. Provide modified epoxy resin (Component "A") that conforms to the following requirements:

Project R-4707 ST-30 Guilford County

	Test Method	Specification Requirements	
Viscosity @ 40 ± 3°F, cps	Brookfield RVT Spindle No. 4 @ 20 rpm	6,000 – 8,000	
Viscosity @ 77 ± 3°F, cps	Brookfield RVT Spindle No. 2 @ 20 rpm	400 - 700	
Epoxide Equivalent Weight	ASTM D1652	152 - 168	
Ash Content, %	ASTM D482	1 max.	

Provide the amine curing agent (Component "B") used with the epoxy resin that meets the following requirements:

	Test Method	Specification Requirements			
Viscosity @ 40 ± 3°F, cps	Brookfield RVT Spindle No. 2 @ 20 rpm	700 - 1400			
Viscosity @ 77 ± 3°F, cps	Brookfield RVT Spindle No. 2 @ 20 rpm	105 - 240			
Amine Value, mg KOH/g	ASTM D664*	490 - 560			
Ash Content, %	ASTM D482	1 max.			
* Method modified to use perchloric acid in acetic acid.					

Certify that the Uncured Adhesive, when mixed in the mix ratio that the material supplier specifies, has the following properties:

Pot Life (60 gram mass)

- @  $77 \pm 3$ °F 15 minutes minimum
- $\bigcirc$  100 ± 3°F 5 minutes minimum

Certify that the Adhesive, when cured for seven (7) days at  $77 \pm 3$ °F unless otherwise specified, has the following properties:

	Test Method	Specification Requirements	
Ultimate Tensile Strength	ASTM D638	7,000 psi (min.)	
Tensile Elongation at Break	ASTM D638	4% max.	
Flexural Strength	ASTM D790	10,000 psi (min.)	
Flexural Modulus	ASTM D790	3.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup> psi	
Compressive Yield Strength	ASTM D695	11,000 psi (min.)	
Compressive Modulus	ASTM D695	2.0 - 3.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup> psi	
Heat Deflection Temperature Cured 28 days @ 77 ± 3°F	ASTM D648*	125°F min. 135°F min.	
Slant Shear Strength, 5,000 psi (34.5 MPa) compressive strength concrete	AASHTO T237		
Cured 3 days @ 40°F wet concrete		3,500 psi (min.)	
Cured 7 days @ 40°F wet concrete		4,000 psi (min.)	
Cured 1 day @ 77°F		5,000 psi (min.)	

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dry concrete
 \* Cure test specimens so the peak exothermic temperature does not exceed 77°F.

Use an epoxy bonding agent, as specified for epoxy mortar, as the surface seal (used to confine the epoxy resin during injection).

## **EQUIPMENT FOR INJECTION**

Use portable positive displacement type pumps with interlock to provide positive ratio control of exact proportions of the two (2) components at the nozzle to meter and mix the two (2) injection adhesive components and inject the mixed adhesive into the crack. Use electric or air powered pumps that provide in-line metering and mixing.

Use injection equipment with automatic pressure control capable of discharging the mixed adhesive at any pre-set pressure up to  $200 \pm 5$  psi and equipped with a manual pressure control override.

Use equipment capable of maintaining the volume ratio for the injection adhesive as prescribed by the manufacturer. A tolerance of  $\pm$  5% by volume at any discharge pressure up to 200 psi is permitted.

Provide injection equipment with sensors on both the Component A and B reservoirs that automatically stop the machine when only one component is being pumped to the mixing head.

## **PREPARATION**

Follow these steps prior to injecting the epoxy resin:

- (A) Remove all dirt, dust, grease, oil, efflorescence and other foreign matter detrimental to the bond of the epoxy injection surface seal system from the surfaces adjacent to the cracks or other areas of application. Acids and corrosives are not permitted.
- (B) Provide entry ports along the crack at intervals not less than the thickness of the concrete at that location, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- (C) Apply surface seal material to the face of the crack between the entry ports. For through cracks, apply surface seal to both faces.
- (D) Allow enough time for the surface seal material to gain adequate strength before proceeding with the injection.

#### **EPOXY INJECTION**

Before epoxy adhesive injection occurs, the Contractor shall test discharge one pint of epoxy to calibrate the equipment and to demonstrate that the workmen and equipment are working properly.

Begin epoxy adhesive injection in vertical cracks at the lower entry port and continue until the epoxy adhesive appears at the next higher entry port adjacent to the entry port being pumped.

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Begin epoxy adhesive injection in horizontal cracks at one end of the crack and continue as long as the injection equipment meter indicates adhesive is being dispensed or until adhesive shows at the next entry port.

When epoxy adhesive appears at the next adjacent port, stop the current injection and transfer the epoxy injection to the next adjacent port where epoxy adhesive appeared.

Perform epoxy adhesive injection continuously until cracks are completely filled. Any stoppage of injection for more than 15 minutes shall result in the injection equipment being cleaned, at no additional cost to the Department, before resuming injection.

If port to port travel of epoxy adhesive is not indicated, immediately stop the work and notify the Engineer.

#### **FINISHING**

When cracks are completely filled, allow the epoxy adhesive to cure for sufficient time to allow the removal of the surface seal without any draining or runback of epoxy material from the cracks.

Drill 4" diameter cored holes of the cured epoxy to the full depth of the crack to verify the cracks has been completely filled with epoxy. Three (3) cored holes are required for every 100 linear feet of crack to be injected, or as directed by the Engineer. The cored holes will be filled with Type 3 grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Remove the surface seal material and injection adhesive runs or spills from concrete surfaces.

Finish the face of the crack flush to the adjacent concrete, removing any indentations or protrusions caused by the placement of entry ports.

## **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

*Epoxy Resin Injection* will be paid at the contract unit price per linear foot. Such payment will be full compensation for all materials, tools, equipment, labor, and for all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Pay ItemPay UnitEpoxy Resin InjectionLinear Foot

Project R-4707 ST-33 Guilford County

## **SHOTCRETE REPAIRS**

(2-11-19)

#### GENERAL

The work covered by this special provision consists of removing deteriorated concrete from the structure in accordance with the limits, depth and details shown on the plans, described herein and as established by the Engineer. This work also includes removing and disposing all loose debris, cleaning and repairing reinforcing steel and applying structural shotcrete.

The location and extent of repairs shown on the plans are general in nature. The Engineer shall determine the extent of removal in the field based on an evaluation of the condition of the exposed surfaces.

Any portion of the structure that is damaged from construction operations shall be repaired to the Engineer's satisfaction, at no extra cost to the Department.

## **MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS**

Use prepackaged shotcrete conforming to the requirements of ASTM C1480, the applicable sections of the *Standard Specifications* and the following:

Test Description	Test Method	Age (Days)	Specified Requirements
Silica Fume (%)	ASTM C1240	-	10 (Max.)
Water/Cementitious Materials Ratio	-	-	0.40 (Max.)
Air Content - As Shot (%)	ASTM C231	-	4 ± 1
Slump - As Shot (Range in inches)	ASTM C143	-	2 - 3
Minimum Compressive Strength (psi)	ASTM C39	7 28	3,000 5,000
Minimum Bond Pull-off Strength (psi)	ASTM C1583	28	145
Rapid Chloride Permeability Tests (range in coulombs)	ASTM C1202	-	100 - 1000

Admixtures are not allowed unless approved by the Engineer. Store shotcrete in an environment where temperatures remain above 40°F and less than 95°F

All equipment must operate in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and material must be placed within the recommended time.

Project R-4707 ST-34 Guilford County

## **QUALITY CONTROL**

## (A) Qualification of Shotcrete Contractor

The shotcrete Contractor shall provide proof of experience by submitting a description of jobs similar in size and character that have been completed within the last five (5) years. The name, address and telephone number of references for the submitted projects shall also be furnished. Failure to provide appropriate documentation will result in the rejection of the proposed shotcrete contractor.

## (B) Qualification of Nozzleman

The shotcrete Contractor's nozzleman shall be certified by the American Concrete Institute (ACI). Submit proof of certification to the Engineer prior to beginning repair work. The nozzleman shall maintain certification at all times while work is being performed for the Department. Failure to provide and maintain certification will result in the rejection of the proposed nozzleman.

## **TEMPORARY WORK PLATFORM**

Prior to beginning any repair work, provide details for a sufficiently sized temporary work platform at each repair location. Design steel members to meet the requirements of the American Institute of Steel Construction Manual. Design timber members in accordance with the *National Design Specification for Stress-Grade Lumber and Its Fastenings* of the National Forest Products Association. Submit the platform design and plans for review and approval. The design and plans shall be sealed and signed by a North Carolina registered Professional Engineer. Do not install the platform until the design and plans are approved. Drilling holes in the superstructure for the purpose of attaching the platform is prohibited. Upon completion of work, remove all anchorages in the substructure and repair the substructure at no additional cost to the Department.

## **SURFACE PREPARATION**

Prior to starting the repair operation, delineate all surfaces and areas assumed to be deteriorated by visually examining and sounding the concrete surface with a hammer or other approved method. The Engineer is the sole judge in determining the limits of deterioration.

Prior to removal, introduce a shallow saw cut approximately ½" in depth around the repair area at right angles to the concrete surface. Remove all deteriorated concrete 1 inch below the reinforcing steel with a 17 lb (maximum) pneumatic hammer with points that do not exceed the width of the shank or with hand picks or chisels as directed by the Engineer. Do not cut or remove the existing reinforcing steel. Unless specifically directed by the Engineer, do not remove concrete deeper than 1 inch below the reinforcing steel.

Abrasive blast all exposed concrete surfaces and existing reinforcing steel in repair areas to remove all debris, loose concrete, loose mortar, rust, scale, etc. After sandblasting examine the reinforcing steel to ensure at least 90% of the original diameter remains. If there is

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more than 10% reduction in the rebar diameter, splice in and securely tie supplemental reinforcing bars as directed by the Engineer.

Provide stainless welded wire fabric at each repair area larger than one square foot if the depth of the repair exceeds 2 inches from the "As Built" outside face. Provide a minimum 4" x 4" - 12 gage stainless welded wire fabric unless otherwise shown on the plans. Rigidly secure the welded wire fabric to existing steel or to  $\frac{3}{16}$  "diameter stainless hook fasteners adequately spaced to prevent sagging. Encase the welded wire fabric in shotcrete a minimum depth of  $\frac{11}{2}$  inches.

The contractor has the option to use synthetic fiber reinforcement as an alternate to welded wire fabric if attaching welded wire fabric is impractical or if approved by the Engineer. Welded wire fabric and synthetic fiber reinforcement shall not be used in the same repair area.

Thoroughly clean the repair area of all dirt, grease, oil or foreign matter, and remove all loose or weakened material before applying shotcrete. Saturate the repair area with clean water the day before applying shotcrete. Bring the wetted surface to a saturated surface dry (SSD) condition prior to applying shotcrete and maintain this condition until the application begins. Use a blowpipe to facilitate removal of free surface water. Only oil-free compressed air is to be used in the blowpipe.

The time between removal of deteriorated concrete and applying shotcrete shall not exceed five (5) calendar days. If the time allowance exceeds (5) calendar days, prepare the surface at the direction of the Engineer before applying shotcrete.

## APPLICATION AND SURFACE FINISH

Apply shotcrete only when the surface temperature of the repair area is greater than 40°F and less than 95°F. Do not apply shotcrete to frosted surfaces. Maintain shotcrete at a minimum temperature of 40°F for three (3) calendar days after placement.

Apply shotcrete in layers. The properties of the applied shotcrete determine the proper thickness of each layer or lift.

The nozzleman should hold the nozzle three (3) to four (4) feet from the surface being covered in a position that ensures the shotcrete strikes at right angles to the surface being covered without excessive impact. The nozzleman shall maintain the water amount at a practicable minimum, so the mix properly adheres to the repair area. Water content should not become high enough to cause the mix to sag or fall from vertical or inclined surfaces, or to separate in horizontal layers.

Use shooting wires or guide strips that do not entrap rebound sand. Use guide wires to provide a positive means of checking the total thickness of the shotcrete applied. Remove the guide wires prior to the final finish coat.

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To avoid leaving sand pockets in the shotcrete, blow or rake off sand that rebounds and does not fall clear of the work, or which collects in pockets in the work. Do not reuse rebound material in the work.

If a work stoppage longer than two (2) hours takes place on any shotcrete layer prior to the time it has been built up to required thickness, saturate the area with clean water and use a blowpipe as outlined previously, prior to continuing with the remaining shotcrete course. Do not apply shotcrete to a dry surface.

Finish all repaired areas, including chamfered edges, as close as practicable to their original "As Built" dimensions and configuration. Provide a minimum 2" of cover for reinforcing steel exposed during repair. Slightly build up and trim shotcrete to the final surface by cutting with the leading edge of a sharp trowel. Use a rubber float to correct any imperfections. Limit work on the finished surface to correcting imperfections caused by trowel cutting.

Immediately after bringing shotcrete surfaces to final thickness, thoroughly check for sags, bridging, and other deficiencies. Repair any imperfections at the direction of the Engineer.

Prevent finished shotcrete from drying out by maintaining 95% relative humidity at the repair and surrounding areas by fogging, moist curing or other approved means for seven (7) calendar days.

# MATERIAL TESTING & ACCEPTANCE

Each day shotcreting takes place, the nozzleman shall shoot one 18" x 18" x 3" test panel in the same position as the repair work that is being done to demonstrate the shotcrete is being applied properly. Store, handle and cure the test panel in the same manner as the repaired substructure.

Approximately 72 hours after completing the final shotcrete placement, thoroughly test the surface with a hammer. At this time, the repair area should have sufficient strength for all sound sections to ring sharply. Remove and replace any unsound portions prior to the final inspection of the work. No additional compensation will be provided for removal and replacement of unsound shotcrete.

After seven (7) calendar days, core three (3) 3" diameter samples from each test panel and from the repaired structure as directed by the Engineer. Any cores taken from the structure shall penetrate into the existing structure concrete at least two (2) inches. Cores shall be inspected for delamination, sand pockets, tested for bond strength and compressive strength. If a core taken from a repaired structure unit indicates unsatisfactory application or performance of the shotcrete, take additional cores from the applicable structure unit(s) for additional evaluation and testing as directed by the Engineer. Any repair work failing to meet the requirements of this provision will be rejected and the Contractor shall implement a remediation plan to correct the deficiency at no additional cost to the Department. No extra payment will be provided for drilling extra cores. Patch all core holes in repaired structure units to the satisfaction of the Engineer. All material testing, core testing and sampling will be done by the Materials and Tests Unit of North Carolina Department of Transportation.

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## MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Shotcrete Repairs will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per cubic foot and will be full compensation for removal, containment and disposal off-site of unsound concrete including the cost of materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the repair work. Depth will be measured from the original outside concrete face. The Contractor and Engineer will measure quantities after removal of unsound concrete and before application of repair material. Payment will also include the cost of sandblasting, surface cleaning and preparation, cleaning of reinforcing steel, placement of new steel, cost of temporary work platform, testing for soundness, curing of shotcrete and taking core samples from the test panels and substructure units.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

Shotcrete Repairs Cubic Feet

Project R-4707 ST-38 Guilford County

## **CONCRETE REPAIRS**

(2-11-19)

## **DESCRIPTION**

Work includes removal of concrete in spalled, delaminated and/or cracked areas of the existing bent caps, bent columns, underside of bridge decks, deck slabs, girders, and bridge rails in reasonably close conformity with the lines, depth, and details shown on the plans, described herein and as established by the Engineer. This work also includes straightening, cleaning, and replacement of reinforcing steel, doweling new reinforcing steel, removing all loose materials, removing and disposing of debris, formwork, applying repair material, and protecting adjacent areas of the bridge and environment from material leakage. Any cleaning and removal of trash and debris required to complete concrete repair work shall be considered incidental. The repair material shall be one of the materials described in this Special Provision, unless otherwise noted in the plans or special provisions.

The location and extent of repairs shown on the plans described herein are general in nature. The Engineer shall determine the extent of removal in the field based on an evaluation of the condition of the exposed surfaces. The Contractor shall coordinate removal operations with the Engineer. No more than 30% of a round or square column or 30% of the bearing area under a beam shall be removed without a temporary support system and approval from the Engineer.

Repair, to the Engineer's satisfaction, any portion of the structure that is damaged from construction operations. No extra payment is provided for these repairs.

# **SURFACE PREPARATION**

Adhere to the following surface preparation requirements or the repair material manufacturer's requirements, whichever is more stringent.

Prior to starting the repair operation, delineate all surfaces and areas assumed to be deteriorated by visually examining and sounding the concrete surface with a hammer or other approved method. The Engineer is the sole judge in determining the limits of deterioration.

Prior to concrete removal, introduce a shallow saw cut, ½" in depth, around the repair area at right angles to the concrete surface. Sawcut should be located a minimum 2" beyond the perimeter of the deteriorated concrete area to be repaired. Remove all concrete within the sawcut to a minimum depth of ½". If concrete removal exposes reinforcing steel, remove all deteriorated concrete 1" below the reinforcing steel with a 17 lb (maximum) pneumatic hammer, with points that do not exceed the width of the shank, or with hand picks or chisels, as directed by the Engineer. Do not cut or remove the existing reinforcing steel. Unless specifically directed by the Engineer, do not remove concrete deeper than 1" below the reinforcing steel.

Abrasive blast all exposed concrete surfaces and existing reinforcing steel in repair areas to remove all debris, loose concrete, loose mortar, rust, scale, etc. After blasting, examine the reinforcing steel to ensure at least 90% of the original diameter remains. If there is more than 10% reduction in the rebar diameter, splice in and securely tie supplemental reinforcing bars as directed by the Engineer. This might require additional removal of concrete, in order to achieve an appropriate splice length of the reinforcing steel.

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Thoroughly clean the repair area of all dirt, grease, oil, or foreign matter, and remove all loose or weakened material by abrasive blasting before applying concrete repair material. Acid etch with 15% hydrochloric acid, only if approved by the Engineer. Follow acid etching by scrubbing and flushing with copious amounts of clean water. Check the cleaning using moist pH paper. Water cleaning is complete when the paper reads ten (10) or higher.

Follow all abrasive blasting with vacuum cleaning.

The time between removal of deteriorated concrete and applying concrete repair material shall not exceed 72 hours. If the time allowance exceeds 72 hours, prepare the surface at the direction of the Engineer before applying concrete repair material.

### APPLICATION AND SURFACE FINISH

Apply repair material to damp surfaces only when allowed by repair material recommendations and approved by the Engineer. Prepare damp surfaces in accordance with the *Standard Specifications* and/ or repair material manufacturer's recommendations. Use a blowpipe to facilitate removal of free surface water. Only oil-free compressed air is to be used in the blowpipe.

When surface preparation is completed, mix and apply repair material in accordance with the *Standard Specifications* and/ or repair material manufacturer's recommendations.

Use aggregate that is washed, kiln-dried, and bagged. Maximum size of aggregate shall not exceed 2/3 of the minimum depth of the repair area, or 3/4 of the depth of excavation behind the reinforcing steel, whichever is smaller.

Unless otherwise required by the repair material manufacturer, apply bonding agent to all repair areas immediately prior to placing repair material.

Repair areas shall be formed unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Form and finish all repaired areas, including chamfered edges, as close as practicable to their original "As Built" dimensions and configuration. After applying the repair material, remove excessive material and provide a smooth, flush surface, unless directed otherwise.

Cure finished Class A concrete repair material by maintaining 95% relative humidity at the repair and surrounding areas by fogging, moist curing, or other approved means for seven (7) days. Cure polymer modified concrete repair material in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

## REPAIR MATERIAL OPTIONS

# (A) Polymer Modified Concrete Repair Material

Repair material shall be polymer modified cement mortar for vertical or overhead applications and shall be suitable for applications in marine environments. Material shall be approved for use by NCDOT. Submit repair material to the Engineer for review and approval prior to beginning the work. Color of repair material shall be concrete gray.

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# (B) Class A Concrete Repair Material

Repair material shall be Class A Portland Cement Concrete as described in Article 1000-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

## TEMPORARY WORK PLATFORM

Prior to beginning any repair work, provide details for a sufficiently sized temporary work platform at each repair location. Design steel members to meet the requirements of the *American Institute of Steel Construction Manual*. Design timber members in accordance with the *National Design Specification for Stress-Grade Lumber and Its Fastenings* of the National Forest Products Association. Submit the platform design and plans for review and approval. The design and plans shall be sealed and signed by a North Carolina registered Professional Engineer. Do not install the platform until the design and plans are approved. Drilling holes in the superstructure for the purpose of attaching the platform is prohibited. Upon completion of work, remove all anchorages in the substructure and repair the substructure at no additional cost to the Department.

# MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Concrete Repairs will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per cubic foot and will be full compensation for removal, containment and disposal off-site of unsound concrete including the cost of materials, reinforcing steel, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the repair work. Depth will be measured from the original outside concrete face. The Contractor and Engineer will measure quantities after removal of unsound concrete and before application of repair material. Payment will also include the cost of abrasive blasting, surface cleaning and preparation, blast cleaning of reinforcing steel, placement of new reinforcing steel, cost of temporary work platform, testing of the soundness of the exposed concrete surface, furnishing and installation of repair mortar material, curing and sampling of concrete, and protection/cleaning of adjacent areas from splatter or leakage.

Reinforcing Steel that is required for the repairs will be in accordance with Section 425 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitConcrete RepairsCubic Feet

## PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISION

(10-18-95) (Rev. 3-21-17))

# **PERMITS**

Z-1a

The Contractor's attention is directed to the following permits, which have been issued to the Department of Transportation by the authority granting the permit.

<u>PERMIT</u>	AUTHORITY GRANTING THE PERMIT
Dredge and Fill and/or Work in Navigable Waters (404)	U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
Water Quality (401)	Division of Environmental Management, DEQ State of North Carolina
Buffer Certification	Division of Environmental Management, DEQ State of North Carolina

The Contractor shall comply with all applicable permit conditions during construction of this project. Those conditions marked by \* are the responsibility of the Department and the Contractor has no responsibility in accomplishing those conditions.

Agents of the permitting authority will periodically inspect the project for adherence to the permits.

The Contractor's attention is also directed to Articles 107-10 and 107-13 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and the following:

Should the Contractor propose to utilize construction methods (such as temporary structures or fill in waters and/or wetlands for haul roads, work platforms, cofferdams, etc.) not specifically identified in the permit (individual, general, or nationwide) authorizing the project it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with the Engineer to determine what, if any, additional permit action is required. The Contractor shall also be responsible for initiating the request for the authorization of such construction method by the permitting agency. The request shall be submitted through the Engineer. The Contractor shall not utilize the construction method until it is approved by the permitting agency. The request normally takes approximately 60 days to process; however, no extensions of time or additional compensation will be granted for delays resulting from the Contractor's request for approval of construction methods not specifically identified in the permit.

Where construction moratoriums are contained in a permit condition which restricts the Contractor's activities to certain times of the year, those moratoriums will apply only to the portions of the work taking place in the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones, provided that activities outside those areas is done in such a manner as to not affect the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones.

## **DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PERMIT**

Permittee NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ATTN: MR. PHILIP S. HARRIS III, P.E., C.P.M.

Permit No. <u>SAW-2016-00981</u>

Issuing Office <u>CESAW-RG-R</u>

NOTE: The term "you" and its derivatives, as used in this permit, means the permittee or any future transferee. The term "this office" refers to the appropriate district or division office of the Corps of Engineers having jurisdiction over the permitted activity or the appropriate official of that office acting under the authority of the commanding officer.

You are authorized to perform work in accordance with the terms and conditions specified below.

Project Description: The project involves construction of TIP R-4707, U.S. 29 Interchange Improvements at SR 2790 (Eckerson Road)/SR 2526 (Summit Avenue) in Greensboro, Guilford County, including replacing on new location the existing deficient Bridge No. 360 that connects Reedy Fork Parkway (SR 4771) to Summit Avenue, west of US 29 and construct a new interchange for Reedy Fork Parkway over US 29 on new location to the south of the existing interchange. The improvements also include upgrades to Summit Avenue from 0.2 mile south of Bryan Park Road to the proposed interchange, and enhancements to Reedy Fork Parkway from Eckerson Road to Summit Avenue. The project involves the permanent discharge of dredged or fill material into 1,691 linear feet of stream channel (1,589 linear feet of permanent loss and 102 linear feet of bank stabilization) and 0.56 acre of wetlands (0.35 acre of permanent fill, 0.04 acre of excavation, and 0.17 acre of mechanized clearing), as well as the temporary discharge of fill material into 60 linear feet of stream channel.

Project Location: The project area is located approximately 8 miles northeast of downtown Greensboro, in northeastern Guilford County, North Carolina. (36.173055° N, -79.713599° W)

Permit Conditions:

**General Conditions:** 

- 1. The time limit for completing the work authorized ends on <u>December 31, 2025.</u> If you find that you need more time to complete the authorized activity, submit your request for a time extension to this office for consideration at least one month before the above date is reached.
- 2. You must maintain the activity authorized by this permit in good condition and in conformance with the terms and conditions of this permit. You are not relieved of this requirement if you abandon the permitted activity, although you may make a good faith transfer to a third party in

compliance with General Condition 4 below. Should you wish to cease to maintain the authorized activity or should you desire to abandon it without a good faith transfer, you must obtain a modification of this permit from this office, which may require restoration of the area.

- 3. If you discover any previously unknown historic or archeological remains while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify this office of what you have found. We will initiate the Federal and state coordination required to determine if the remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.
- 4. If you sell the property associated with this permit, you must obtain the signature of the new owner in the space provided and forward a copy of the permit to this office to validate the transfer of this authorization.
- 5. If a conditioned water quality certification has been issued for your project, you must comply with the conditions specified in the certification as special conditions to this permit. For your convenience, a copy of the certification is attached if it contains such conditions.
- 6. You must allow representatives from this office to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to ensure that it is being or has been accomplished in accordance with the terms and conditions of your permit,

**Special Conditions:** 

# SEE ATTACHED SPECIAL CONDITIONS

### Further Information:

	_	essional Authorities: You have been authorized to undertake the activity described pursuant to:
(	)	Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403).
( )	X )	Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344).
(	)	Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1413).

- 2. Limits of this authorization.
  - a. This permit does not obviate the need to obtain other Federal, state, or local authorizations required by law.
  - b. This permit does not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

- c. This permit does not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.
- d. This permit does not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.
- 3. Limits of Federal Liability. In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following:
  - a. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes.
  - b. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the United States in the public interest.
  - c. Damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit.
  - d. Design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work.
  - e. Damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.
- 4. Reliance on Applicant's Data: The determination of this office that issuance of this permit is not contrary to the public interest was made in reliance on the information you provided.
- 5. Reevaluation of Permit Decision. This office may reevaluate its decision on this permit at any time the circumstances warrant. Circumstances that could require a reevaluation include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. You fail to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.
  - b. The information provided by you in support of your permit application proves to have been false, incomplete, or inaccurate (See 4 above).
  - c. Significant new information surfaces which this office did not consider in reaching the original public interest decision.

Such a reevaluation may result in a determination that it is appropriate to use the suspension, modification, and revocation procedures contained in 33 CFR 325.7 or enforcement procedures such as those contained in 33 CFR 326.4 and 326.5. The referenced enforcement procedures provide for the issuance of an administrative order requiring you to comply with the terms and conditions of your permit and for the initiation of legal action where appropriate. You will be required to pay for any corrective measures ordered by this office, and if you fail to comply with such directive, this office may in certain situations (such as those specified in 33 CFR 209.170) accomplish the corrective measures by contract or otherwise and bill you for the cost.

6. Extensions. General condition 1 establishes a time limit for the completion of the activity authorized by this permit, Unless there are circumstances requiring either a prompt completion of the authorized activity or a reevaluation of the public interest decision, the Corps will normally give favorable consideration to a request for an extension of this time limit.

Your signature below, as permittee, indicates that you accept and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.

Carla Dagnino

April 15, 2020

For/\_\_

(PERMITTEE) NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION for MR. PHILIP S. HARRIS III, P.E., C.P.M.

(DATE)

This permit becomes effective when the Federal official, designated to act for the Secretary of the Army, has signed below.

Monte Matthews

Date: 2020.04.15 15:46:57 -04'00'

For/

(DISTRICT COMMANDER) ROBERT J. CLARK, COLONEL

(DATE)

When the structures or work authorized by this permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this permit will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below.

(TRANSFEREE)

(DATE)

# **WORK LIMITS / NOTIFICATION**

- 1. Work Limits: All work authorized by this permit shall be performed in strict compliance with the attached permit plans entitled <u>Permit Drawing Sheets 1</u> through 23 and <u>Utility Permit Drawings Sheet No. 6</u>, <u>Inset:6</u>, <u>UC-XX-A</u>, and <u>Wetland and Surface Water Impacts Summary</u>. The Permittees shall ensure that the construction design plans for this project do not deviate from the permit plans attached to this authorization. Any modification to the attached permit plans must be approved by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) prior to any active construction in waters or wetlands.
- 2. Unauthorized Dredge and/or Fill: Except as authorized by this permit or any Corps approved modification to this permit, no excavation, fill, or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project, within waters or wetlands, or shall any activities take place that cause the degradation of waters or wetlands. There shall be no excavation from, waste disposal into, or degradation of, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification of this permit, including appropriate compensatory mitigation. This prohibition applies to all borrow and waste activities connected with this project. In addition, except as specified in the plans attached to this permit, no excavation, fill or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project, in such a manner as to impair normal flows and circulation patterns within, into, or out of waters or wetlands or to reduce the reach of waters or wetlands.
- 3. Permit Distribution: The Permittees shall require its contractors and/or agents to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit in the construction and maintenance of this project, and shall provide each of its contractors and/or agents associated with the construction or maintenance of this project with a copy of this permit. A copy of this permit, including all conditions and drawings shall be available at the project site during construction and maintenance of this project.
- 4. Preconstruction Meeting: The Permittee shall schedule and attend a preconstruction meeting between its representatives, the contractors representatives, and the Corps, Raleigh Field Office, NCDOT Regulatory Project Manager, prior to any work within jurisdictional waters and wetlands to ensure that there is a mutual understanding of all the terms and conditions contained with this Department of Army Permit. The Permittee shall provide the Corps, Raleigh Field Office, NCDOT Project Manager, with a copy of the final permit plans at least two weeks prior to the preconstruction meeting along with a

description of any changes that have been made to the project's design, construction methodology or construction timeframe. The Permittee shall schedule the preconstruction meeting for a time frame when the Corps and North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) Project Managers can attend. The Permittee shall invite the Corps and NCDWR Project Managers a minimum of thirty (30) days in advance of the scheduled meeting in order to provide those individuals with ample opportunity to schedule and participate in the required meeting. The thirty (30) day requirement can be waived with the concurrence of the Corps.

- 5. **Notification of Construction Commencement and Completion:** The Permittees shall notify the Corps in writing prior to beginning the work authorized by this permit and again upon completion of the work authorized by this permit.
- 6. Reporting Address: All reports, documentation, and correspondence required by the conditions of this permit shall be submitted to the following: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District Raleigh Field Office, Attn: David E. Bailey at 919-554-4884 Ext. 30 / <u>David.E.Bailey2@usace.army.mil</u>. The Permittees shall reference the following permit number, SAW-2017-00103, on all submittals.
- 7. Permit Revocation: The Permittees, upon receipt of a notice of revocation of this permit or upon its expiration before completion of the work will, without expense to the United States and in such time and manner as the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative may direct, restore the water or wetland to its pre-project condition.
- 8. **Reporting Violations:** Violation of these permit conditions or violation of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act shall be reported to the Corps in writing and by telephone at: 919-554-4884 Ext. 30 / <a href="mailto:David.E.Bailey2@usace.army.mil">David.E.Bailey2@usace.army.mil</a> within 24 hours of the Permittee's discovery of the violation.
- 9. Endangered Species Act: The Permittees shall implement all necessary measures to ensure the authorized activity does not kill, injure, capture, harass, or otherwise harm any federally-listed threatened or endangered species. While accomplishing the authorized work, if the Permittees discover or observe an injured or dead threatened or endangered species, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District Raleigh Field Office, Attn: David E. Bailey at 919-554-4884 Ext. 30 / <a href="David.E.Bailey2@usace.army.mil">David.E.Bailey2@usace.army.mil</a> will be immediately notified to initiate the required Federal coordination.
- 10. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS's) Programmatic Biological Opinion (BO) titled "Northern Long-eared Bat (NLEB) Programmatic Biological Opinion for

North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) Activities in Eastern North Carolina (Divisions 1-8)," dated March 25, 2015, and adopted on April 10, 2015, contains mandatory terms and conditions to implement the reasonable and prudent measures that are associated with "incidental take" that are specified in the BO. Your authorization under this Department of the Army permit is conditional upon your compliance with all the mandatory terms and conditions associated with incidental take of the BO, which terms and conditions are incorporated by reference in this permit. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions associated with incidental take of the BO, where a take of the listed species occurs, would constitute an unauthorized take, and it would also constitute non-compliance with your Department of the Army permit. The USFWS is the appropriate authority to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of its BO, and with the ESA.

11. **National Historic Preservation Act:** While accomplishing the authorized work, if the Permittees discover any previously unknown cultural resources, the District Engineer will be immediately notified so that required coordination can be initiated with the North Carolina Division of Natural and Cultural Resources.

### 12. Culverts:

- a. Unless otherwise requested in the application and depicted on the approved permit plans, culverts greater than 48 inches in diameter shall be buried at least one foot below the bed of the stream. Culverts 48 inches in diameter and less shall be buried or placed on the stream bed as practicable and appropriate to maintain aquatic passage, and every effort shall be made to maintain existing channel slope. The bottom of the culvert shall be placed at a depth below the natural stream bottom to provide for passage during drought or low flow conditions. Culverts shall be designed and constructed in a manner that minimizes destabilization and head cutting.
- b. Measures shall be included in the construction/installation that will promote the safe passage of fish and other aquatic organisms. The dimension, pattern, and profile of the stream above and below a pipe or culvert shall not be modified by widening the stream channel or by reducing the depth of the stream in connection with the construction activity. The width, height, and gradient of a proposed opening shall be such as to pass the average historical low flow and spring flow without adversely altering flow velocity. Spring flow should be determined from gauge data, if available. In the absence of such data, bankfull flow can be used as a comparable level.

- c. The Permittee shall implement all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure that equipment, structures, fill pads, work, and operations associated with this project do not adversely affect upstream and/or downstream reaches. Adverse effects include, but are not limited to, channel instability, flooding, and/or stream bank erosion. The Permittee shall routinely monitor for these effects, cease all work when detected, take initial corrective measures to correct actively eroding areas, and notify this office immediately. Permanent corrective measures may require additional authorization by the Corps.
- d. Culverts placed within wetlands must be installed in a manner that does not restrict the flows and circulation patterns of waters of the United States. Culverts placed across wetland fills purely for the purposes of equalizing surface water shall not be buried, but the culverts must be of adequate size and/or number to ensure unrestricted transmission of water.
- 13. Maintain Flows and Circulation Patterns of Waters: Except as specified in the plans attached to this permit, no excavation, fill or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project, in such a manner as to impair normal flows and circulation patterns within waters or wetlands or to reduce the reach of waters and/or wetlands.

# 14. Sediment and Erosion Control:

- a. During the clearing phase of the project, heavy equipment shall not be operated in surface waters or stream channels. Temporary stream crossings will be used to access the opposite sides of stream channels. All temporary diversion channels and stream crossings will be constructed of non-erodible materials. Grubbing of riparian vegetation will not occur until immediately before construction begins on a given segment of stream channel.
- b. No fill or excavation impacts for the purposes of sedimentation and erosion control shall occur within jurisdictional waters, including wetlands, unless the impacts are included on the plan drawings and specifically authorized by this permit. This includes, but is not limited to, sediment control fences and other barriers intended to catch sediment losses.
- c. The Permittees shall remove all sediment and erosion control measures placed in waters and/or wetlands, and shall restore natural grades on those areas, prior to project completion.

# SPECIAL CONDITIONS ACTION ID: SAW-2016-00981 NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION R-4707, U.S. 29 INTERCHANGE IMPROVEMENTS AT SR 2790 (ECKERSON ROAD)/SR 2526 (SUMMIT AVENUE) GUILFORD COUNTY

- d. The Permittees shall use appropriate sediment and erosion control practices which equal or exceed those outlined in the most recent version of the "North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual" to ensure compliance with the appropriate turbidity water quality standard. Erosion and sediment control practices shall be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to ensure compliance with the appropriate turbidity water quality standards. This shall include, but is not limited to, the immediate installation of silt fencing or similar appropriate devices around all areas subject to soil disturbance or the movement of earthen fill, and the immediate stabilization of all disturbed areas. Additionally, the project shall remain in full compliance with all aspects of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act of 1973 (North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 113A Article 4). Adequate sedimentation and erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to any ground disturbing activities to minimize impacts to downstream aquatic resources. These measures shall be inspected and maintained regularly, especially following rainfall events. All fill material shall be adequately stabilized at the earliest practicable date to prevent sediment from entering adjacent waters or wetlands.
- 15. Clean Fill: The Permittees shall use only clean fill material for this project. The fill material shall be free of items such as trash, construction debris, metal and plastic products, and concrete block with exposed metal reinforcement bars. Soils used for fill shall not be contaminated with any toxic substance in concentrations governed by Section 307 of the Clean Water Act. Unless otherwise authorized by this permit, all fill material placed in waters or wetlands shall be generated from an upland source.
- 16. **Temporary Fills:** Within thirty (30) days of the date of completing the authorized work, the Permittee shall remove all temporary fills in waters of the United States and restore the affected areas to pre-construction contours and elevations. The affected areas shall be re-vegetated with native, non-invasive vegetation as necessary to minimize erosion and ensure site stability.
- 17. **Borrow and Waste:** To ensure that all borrow and waste activities occur on high ground and do not result in the degradation of adjacent waters and wetlands, except as authorized by this permit, the Permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to identify all areas to be used as borrow and/or waste sites associated with this project. The Permittee shall provide the Corps with appropriate maps indicating the locations of proposed borrow and/or waste sites as soon as such information is available. The Permittee shall submit to the Corps site-specific information needed to ensure that borrow and/or waste sites

# SPECIAL CONDITIONS ACTION ID: SAW-2016-00981 NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION R-4707, U.S. 29 INTERCHANGE IMPROVEMENTS AT SR 2790 (ECKERSON ROAD)/SR 2526 (SUMMIT AVENUE) GUILFORD COUNTY

comply with all applicable Federal requirements, to include compliance with the Endangered Species Act and the National Historic Preservation Act, such as surveys or correspondence with agencies (e.g., the USFWS, the NC-HPO, etc.). The required information shall also include the location of all aquatic features, if any, out to a distance of 400 feet beyond the nearest boundary of the site. The Permittee shall not approve any borrow and/or waste sites before receiving written confirmation from the Corps that the proposed site meets all Federal requirements, whether or not waters of the U.S., including wetlands, are located in the proposed borrow and/or waste site. All delineations of aquatic sites on borrow and/or waste sites shall be verified by the Corps and shown on the approved reclamation plans. The Permittee shall ensure that all borrow and/or waste sites comply with Special Condition 2 of this permit. Additionally, the Permittee shall produce and maintain documentation of all borrow and waste sites associated with this project. This documentation will include data regarding soils, vegetation, hydrology, any delineation(s) of aquatic sites, and any jurisdictional determinations made by the Corps to clearly demonstrate compliance with Special Condition 2. All information will be available to the Corps upon request. The Permittee shall require its contractors to complete and execute reclamation plans for each borrow and/or waste site and provide written documentation that the reclamation plans have been implemented and all work is completed. This documentation will be provided to the Corps within 30 days of the completion of the reclamation work.

18. Water Contamination: All mechanized equipment shall be regularly inspected and maintained to prevent contamination of waters and wetlands from fuels, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or other toxic materials. In the event of a spill of petroleum products or any other hazardous waste, the Permittees shall immediately report it to the N.C. Division of Water Resources at (919) 733-3300 or (800) 858-0368 and provisions of the North Carolina Oil Pollution and Hazardous Substances Control Act shall be followed.

## **AQUATIC LIFE**

- 19. Aquatic Life Movement: No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area. All discharges of dredged or fill material within waters of the United States shall be designed and constructed, except as authorized as indirect impacts, to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of aquatic species.
- 20. Prohibitions on Concrete: The Permittees shall take measures necessary to prevent live or fresh concrete, including bags of uncured concrete, from coming into contact with any water in or entering waters of the United States. Water

# SPECIAL CONDITIONS ACTION ID: SAW-2016-00981 NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION R-4707, U.S. 29 INTERCHANGE IMPROVEMENTS AT SR 2790 (ECKERSON ROAD)/SR 2526 (SUMMIT AVENUE) GUILFORD COUNTY

inside coffer dams or casings that has been in contact with concrete shall only be returned to waters of the United States when it no longer poses a threat to aquatic organisms (concrete is set and cured).

## **COMPENSATORY MITIGATION**

\* 21. In order to compensate for impacts associated with this permit, mitigation shall be provided in accordance with the provisions outlined on the most recent version of the attached Compensatory Mitigation Responsibility Transfer Forms. The requirements of these forms, including any special conditions listed on these forms, are hereby incorporated as special conditions of this permit.

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ROY COOPER
Governor
MICHAEL S. REGAN
Secretary
S. DANIEL SMITH
Director

March 19, 2020

Mr. Philip S. Harris, III, P.E., CPM Natural Environment Section Head Project Development and Environmental Analysis North Carolina Department of Transportation 1598 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina, 27699-1598

Subject:

401 Water Quality Certification Pursuant to Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act and Jordan Lake Buffer Rules with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS for U.S. 29 Interchange Improvements at SR 2790 (Eckerson Road)/SR 2526 (Summit Avenue) in Greensboro, Guilford County, Federal Aid Project No. NHS-2526(3), Division 7, TIP No. R-4707; WBS No. 36599.1.5. NCDWR Project No. 20200065

Dear Mr. Harris:

Attached hereto is a copy of Certification No. WQC004220 issued to the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) dated March 19, 2020.

If additional assistance is requested, please contact April Norton at april.norton@nedenr.gov.

Sincerely,

Omy Chapman

Daniel Smith, Director Division of Water Resources

Electronic copy only distribution:
Carla Dagnino, NCDOT, Environmental Analysis Unit
Michael Turchy, NCDOT, Environmental Analysis Unit
April Norton, Division of Water Resource, Central Office
David Bailey, US Army Corps of Engineers, Raleigh Field Office
Jerry Parker, Division 7 Environmental Supervisor
Gary Jordan, US Fish and Wildlife Service
Travis Wilson, NC Wildlife Resource Commission
Beth Harmon, Ecosystem Enhancement Program



## 401 Water Quality Certification Pursuant to Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act and Jordan Lake Buffer Rules with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

THIS CERTIFICATION is issued in conformity with the requirements of Section 401 Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 of the United States and subject to the North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) Regulations in 15 NCAC 2H .0500 and 15A NCAC 2B .0267. This certification authorizes the NCDOT to impact <u>0.88</u> acres of jurisdictional wetlands, <u>1,741</u> linear feet of jurisdictional streams and <u>106,937</u> (Zone )1 and <u>73,930</u> (Zone 2) square feet of protected riparian buffers in Guilford County. The project shall be constructed pursuant to the application dated and received January 14, 2020. The authorized impacts are as described below:

Stream Impacts in the Cape Fear River Basin

Site	Permanent Fill in Perennial Stream (linear ft)	Temporary Fill in Perennial Stream (linear ft)	Permanent Fill in Intermittent Stream (linear ft)	Temporary Fill in Intermittent Stream (linear ft)	Bank Stabilization (linear ft)	Total Stream Impact (linear ft)	Stream Impacts Requiring Mitigation (linear ft)
1	0	0	79	10	10	99	0
3A	314	5	0	0	73	392	314
3B	1040	15	0	0	19	1074	1040
3B (Utilities)	31	10	0	0	0	0	0
3C	0	8	0	0	0	8	0
5	156	12	0	0	0	168	0
TOTAL	1510	40	79	10	102	1741	1354

Total Stream Impacts for Project: 1,741 linear feet.

Wetland Impacts in the Cape Fear River Basin

Site	Fill (ac)	Excavation (ac)	Mechanized Clearing (ac)	Total Wetland Impact (ac)
2/WF	0.01	0	0.01	0.02
4/WJ	0.34	0.02	0.15	0.51
6/WI	0	0.02	0	0.02
4/WJ (Utilities)	0	0	0.01	0.01
TOTAL	0.35	0.04	0.17	0.56

Total Wetland Impact for Project: 0.88 acres.



Loudon	alen	Riparian	Duffer	Immante
Jordan	Lake	Kibarian	Duner	impacts

Site	Zone 1 Impact (sq ft)	minus Wetlands in Zone 1 (sq ft)	= Zone 1 Buffers (not wetlands) (sq ft)	Zone 1 Buffer Mitigation Required (3:1 ratio)	Zone 2 Impact (sq ft)	minus Wetlands in Zone 2 (sq ft)	= Zone 2 Buffers (not wetlands) (sq ft)	Zone 2 Buffer Mitigation Required (1.5:1 ratio)
1	8009	320	7689	23067	6593	281	6312	9468
3A	23468	.0	23468	70404	15429	0	15429	23144
3A (Utilities)	0	0	0	0	204	0	204	306
3B	60989	0	60989	182967	43187	743	42444	63666
3B (Utilities)	4162	0	4162	12486	1932	0	1932	2898
5	9800	2988	6812	20436	5161	1976	3185	4778
5 (Utilities)	509	315	194	582	1424	81	1343	2015
TOTAL	106937	3623	103314	309942	73930	3081	70849	106275

Total Buffer Impact for Project: 106,937 for Zone 1 and 73,930 for Zone 2

The application provides adequate assurance that the discharge of fill material into the waters of the Cape Fear River Basin in conjunction with the proposed development will not result in a violation of applicable Water Quality Standards and discharge guidelines. Therefore, the State of North Carolina certifies that this activity will not violate the applicable portions of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306, 307 of PL 92-500 and PL 95-217 if conducted in accordance with the application and conditions hereinafter set forth.

This approval is only valid for the purpose and design that you submitted in your application dated and received January 14, 2020. Should your project change, you are required to notify the NCDWR and submit a new application. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and approval letter and is thereby responsible for complying with all the conditions. If any additional wetland impacts, or stream impacts, for this project (now or in the future) exceed one acre or 300 linear feet, respectively, additional compensatory mitigation may be required as described in 15A NCAC 2H .0506 (h) (6) and (7). Additional buffer impacts may require additional compensatory mitigation as described in 15A NCAC 2B .0267. For this approval to remain valid, you are required to comply with all the conditions listed below.

In addition, you should obtain all other federal, state or local permits before proceeding with your project including (but not limited to) Sediment and Erosion control, Coastal Stormwater, Non-discharge and Water Supply watershed regulations. This Certification shall expire on the same day as the expiration date of the corresponding Corps of Engineers Permit.

## Condition(s) of Certification:

### **Project Specific Conditions**

- All stormwater runoff shall be directed as sheet flow through stream buffers at non-erosive velocities, unless otherwise approved by this certification. [15A NCAC 2B .0267]
- 2. All riparian buffers impacted by the placement of temporary fill or clearing activities shall be restored to the preconstruction contours and revegetated. Maintained buffers shall be permanently revegetated with non-woody species by the end of the growing season following completion of construction. For the purpose of this condition, maintained buffer areas are defined as areas within the transportation corridor that will be subject to regular NCDOT maintenance activities including mowing. The area with non-maintained buffers



shall be permanently revegetated with native woody species before the next growing season following completion of construction.

- 3. Pursuant to 15A NCAC 2B,067 sediment and erosion control devices shall not be placed in Zone 1 of any Jordan Lake Buffer without prior approval by the NCDWR. At this time, the NCDWR has approved no sediment and erosion control devices in Zone 1, outside of the approved project impacts, anywhere on this project. Moreover, sediment and erosion control devices shall be allowed in Zone 2 of the buffers if Zone 1 is not compromised, and that discharge is released as diffuse flow.
- 4. Any modifications to this 401 Water Quality Certification that propose additional stream impacts or increased impervious surface requiring additional stormwater management may be subject the Jordan Water Supply Nutrient Strategy (15A NCAC 2B .0267). The NCDOT shall coordinate with the NCDWR prior to submitting a modification request to determine the applicability of the Jordan Water Supply Nutrient Strategy. This condition does not apply to major modifications for additional sections of the project that were covered under the Finding of No Significant Impact or approved in the Avoidance and Minimization stage of the project.

### **General Conditions**

- Unless otherwise approved in this certification, placement of culverts and other structures in open waters and streams shall be placed below the elevation of the streambed by one foot for all culverts with a diameter greater than 48 inches, and 20 percent of the culvert diameter for culverts having a diameter less than 48 inches, to allow low flow passage of water and aquatic life. Design and placement of culverts and other structures including temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in a manner that may result in dis-equilibrium of wetlands or streambeds or banks, adjacent to or upstream and downstream of the above structures. The applicant is required to provide evidence that the equilibrium is being maintained if requested in writing by NCDWR. If this condition is unable to be met due to bedrock or other limiting features encountered during construction, please contact NCDWR for guidance on how to proceed and to determine whether a permit modification will be required. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- If concrete is used during construction, a dry work area shall be maintained to prevent direct contact
  between curing concrete and stream water. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete shall not
  be discharged to surface waters due to the potential for elevated pH and possible aquatic life and fish
  kills. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
- During the construction of the project, no staging of equipment of any kind is permitted in waters of the U.S. or protected riparian buffers. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- The dimension, pattern and profile of the stream above and below the crossing shall not be modified.
   Disturbed floodplains and streams shall be restored to natural geomorphic conditions. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- The use of rip-rap above the Normal High Water Mark shall be minimized. Any rip-rap placed for stream stabilization shall be placed in stream channels in such a manner that it does not impede aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- \* 6. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the permit and to the permit drawings submitted for approval. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
  - All work in or adjacent to stream waters shall be conducted in a dry work area. Approved BMP
    measures from the most current version of NCDOT Construction and Maintenance Activities manual
    such as sandbags, rock berms, cofferdams and other diversion structures shall be used to prevent
    excavation in flowing water. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]



- Heavy equipment shall be operated from the banks rather than in the stream channel in order to minimize sedimentation and reduce the introduction of other pollutants into the stream. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- All mechanized equipment operated near surface waters must be regularly inspected and maintained to
  prevent contamination of stream waters from fuels, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or other toxic materials.
  [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- No rock, sand or other materials shall be dredged from the stream channel except where authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- Discharging hydroseed mixtures and washing out hydroseeders and other equipment in or adjacent to surface waters is prohibited. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 12. The Permittee and its authorized agents shall conduct its activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act) and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal law. If the NCDWR determines that such standards or laws are not being met (including the failure to sustain a designated or achieved use) or that State or federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, the NCDWR may reevaluate and modify this certification. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
- All fill slopes located in jurisdictional wetlands shall be placed at slopes no flatter than 3:1, unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 14. A copy of this Water Quality Certification shall always be maintained on the construction site. In addition, the Water Quality Certification and all subsequent modifications, if any, shall be maintained with the Division Engineer and the on-site project manager. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 15. The outside buffer, wetland or water boundary located within the construction corridor approved by this authorization shall be clearly marked by highly visible fencing prior to any land disturbing activities. Impacts to areas within the fencing are prohibited unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0501 and .0502]
- 16. The issuance of this certification does not exempt the Permittee from complying with any and all statutes, rules, regulations, or ordinances that may be imposed by other government agencies (i.e. local, state, and federal) having jurisdiction, including but not limited to applicable buffer rules, stormwater management rules, soil erosion and sedimentation control requirements, etc.
- The Permittee shall report any violations of this certification to the Division of Water Resources within 24 hours of discovery. [15A NCAC 02B.0506(b)(2)]
- \* 18. Upon completion of the project (including any impacts at associated borrow or waste sites), NCDOT or authorized agent shall complete and return the enclosed "Certification of Completion Form" to notify the NCDWR when all work included in the 401 Certification has been completed. [15A NCAC 02H.0502(f)]
- Native riparian vegetation must be reestablished in the riparian areas within the construction limits of the project by the end of the growing season following completion of construction. [15A NCAC 02B. 0267]
- 20. There shall be no excavation from, or waste disposal into, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification. Should waste or borrow sites, or access roads to waste or borrow sites, be located in wetlands or streams, compensatory mitigation will be required since that is a direct impact from road construction activities. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]



- Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the
  proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to
  protect surface waters standards [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3]):
  - a. The erosion and sediment control measures for the project must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual.
  - b. The design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
  - c. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the North Carolina Surface Mining Manual.
  - The reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act.
- Sediment and erosion control measures shall not be placed in wetlands or waters unless otherwise approved by this Certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]

If you wish to contest any statement in the attached Certification you must file a petition for an administrative hearing. You may obtain the petition form from the office of Administrative hearings. You must file the petition with the office of Administrative Hearings within sixty (60) days of receipt of this notice. A petition is considered filed when it is received in the office of Administrative Hearings during normal office hours. The Office of Administrative Hearings accepts filings Monday through Friday between the hours of 8:00am and 5:00pm, except for official state holidays. The original and one (1) copy of the petition must be filed with the Office of Administrative Hearings.

The petition may be faxed-provided the original and one copy of the document is received by the Office of Administrative Hearings within five (5) business days following the faxed transmission.

The mailing address for the Office of Administrative Hearings is:

Office of Administrative Hearings 6714 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-6714 Telephone: (919) 431-3000, Facsimile: (919) 431-3100

A copy of the petition must also be served on DEQ as follows:

Mr. Bill F. Lane, General Counsel Department of Environmental Quality 1601 Mail Service Center

> 19th day of March 2020 DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

Sincerely,

Omy Chapman

S. Daniel Shiftlif, Director Division of Water Resources

WQC004220



# R-4707 Stream Impact Total Revision (WBS 36599.1.5)

# Norton, April R <april.norton@ncdenr.gov>

Sat 3/21/2020 10:33 AM

To: Turchy, Michael A <maturchy@ncdot.gov>

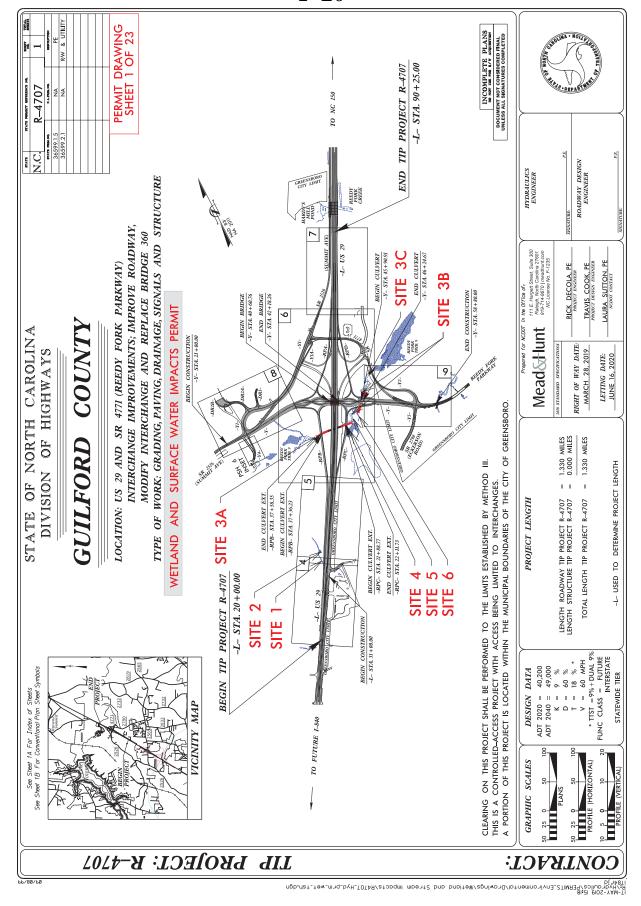
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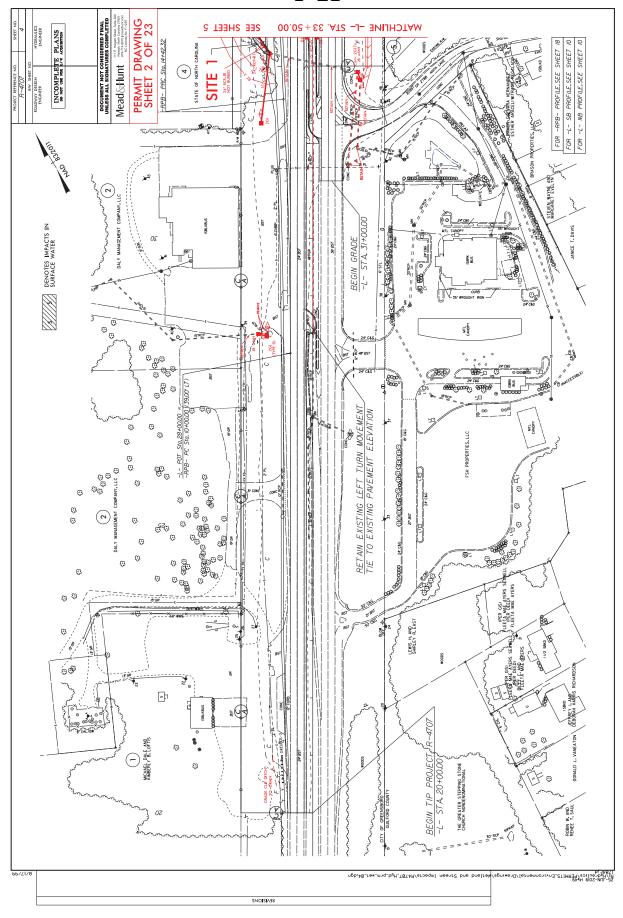
David.E.Bailey2@usace.army.mil <david.e.bailey2@usace.army.mil>; Carpenter,Kristi <kristilynn.carpenter@ncdenr.gov>

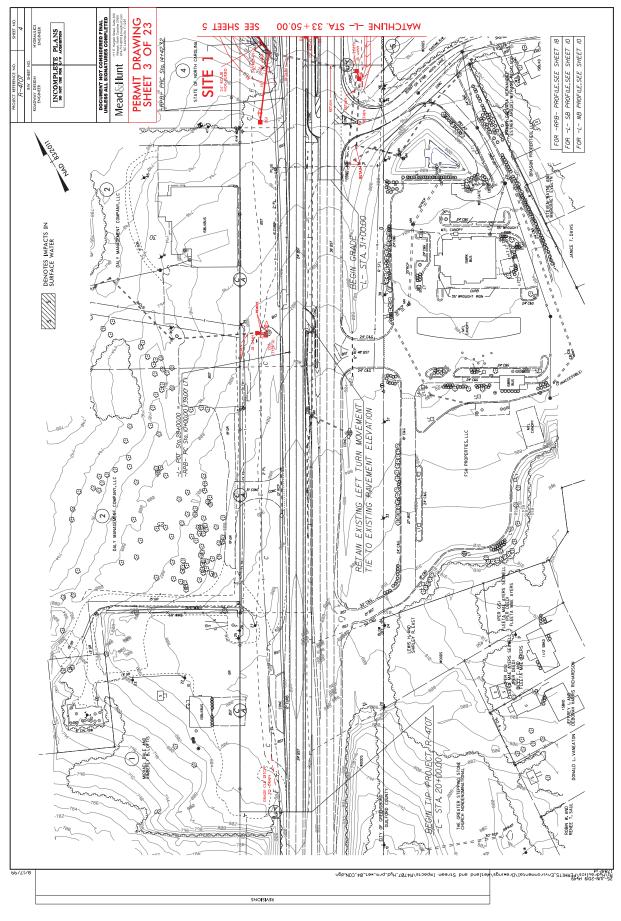
Hi Michael. The stream impacts listed on R-4707 are correct, however, the totals did not include the Utility impacts. Please see the below table with the correct total impacts. The below changes do not impact mitigation requirements. Please let me know if you have any questions, or if you prefer a complete revision to the 401.

Site	Permanent Fill in Perennial Stream (linear ft)	Temporary Fill in Perennial Stream (linear ft)	Permanent Fill in Intermittent Stream (linear ft)	Temporary Fill in Intermittent Stream (linear ft)	Bank Stabilization (linear ft)	Total Stream Impact (linear ft)	Stream Impacts Requiring Mitigation (linear ft)
1	0	0	79	10	10	99	0
3A	314	5	0	0	73	392	314
3B	1040	15	0	0	19	1074	1040
3B (Utilities)	31	10	0	0	0	41	0
3C	0	8	0	0	0	8	0
5	156	12	0	0	0	168	0
TOTAL	1541	50	79	10	102	1782	1354

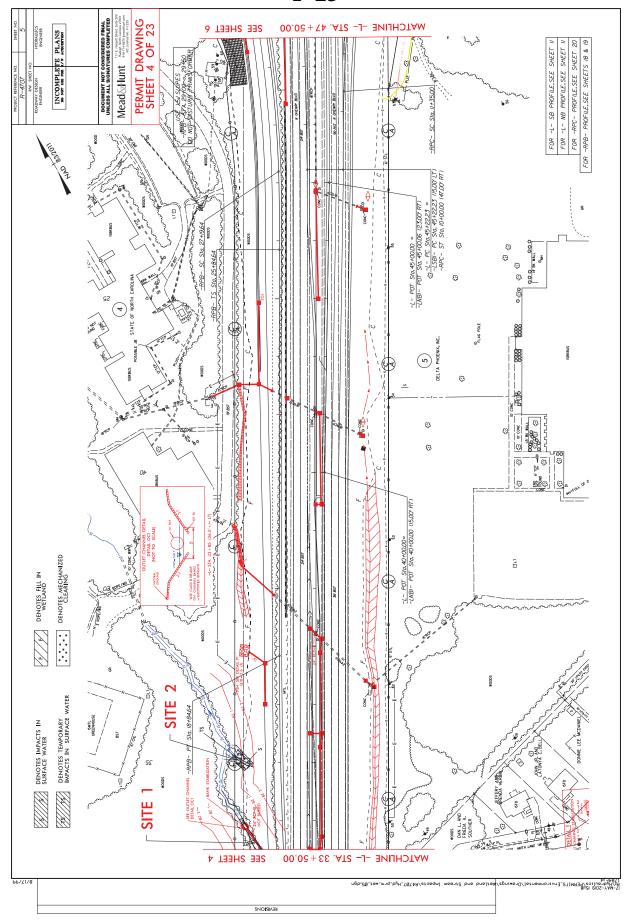
Total Stream Impacts for Project: 1,782

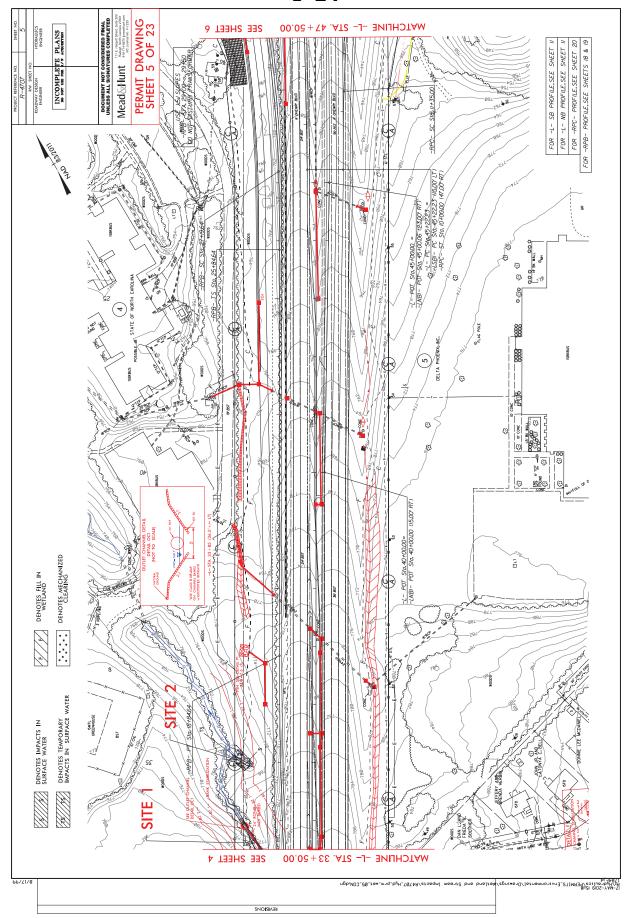


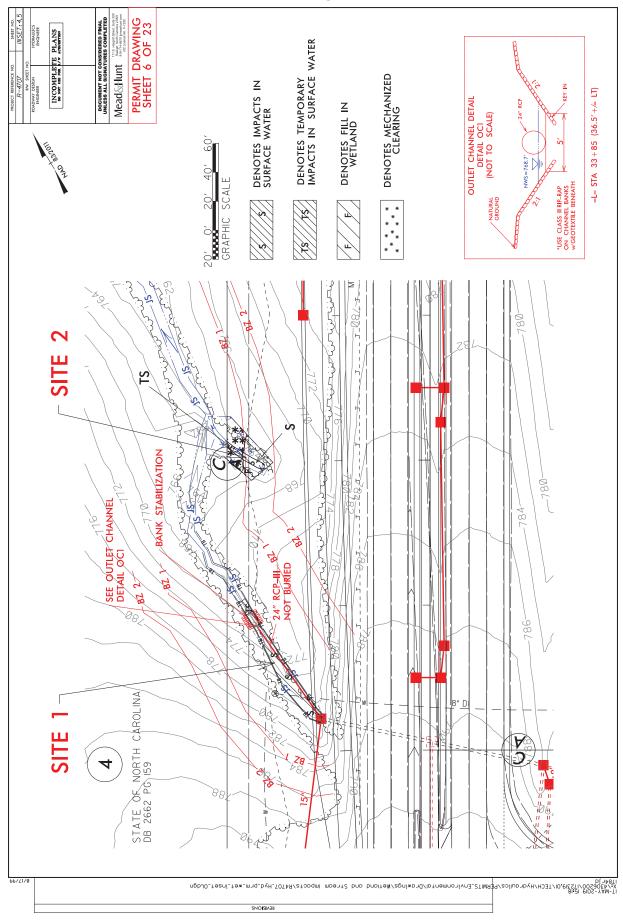




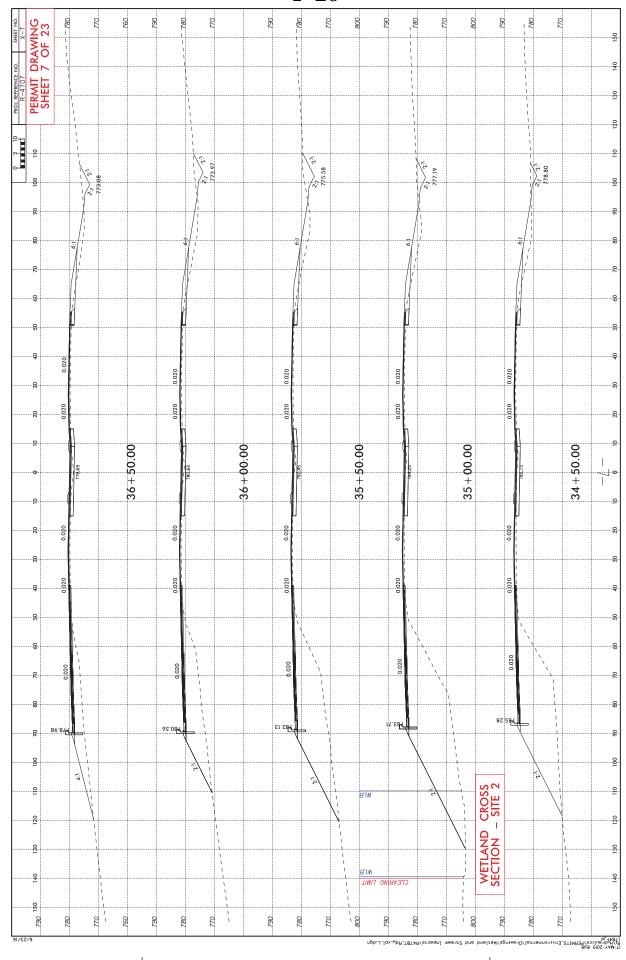
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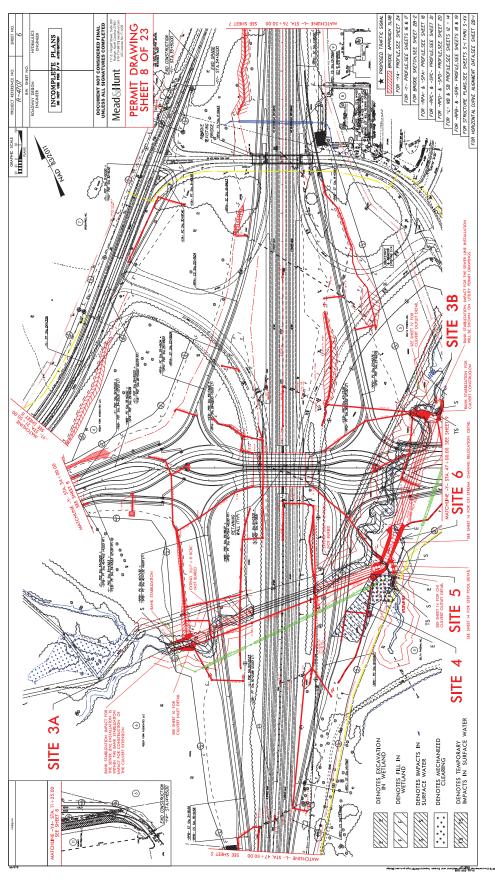


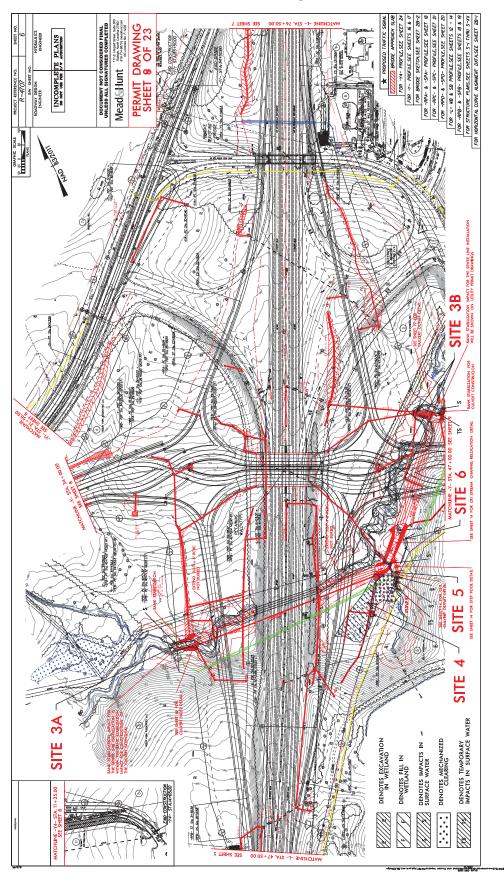


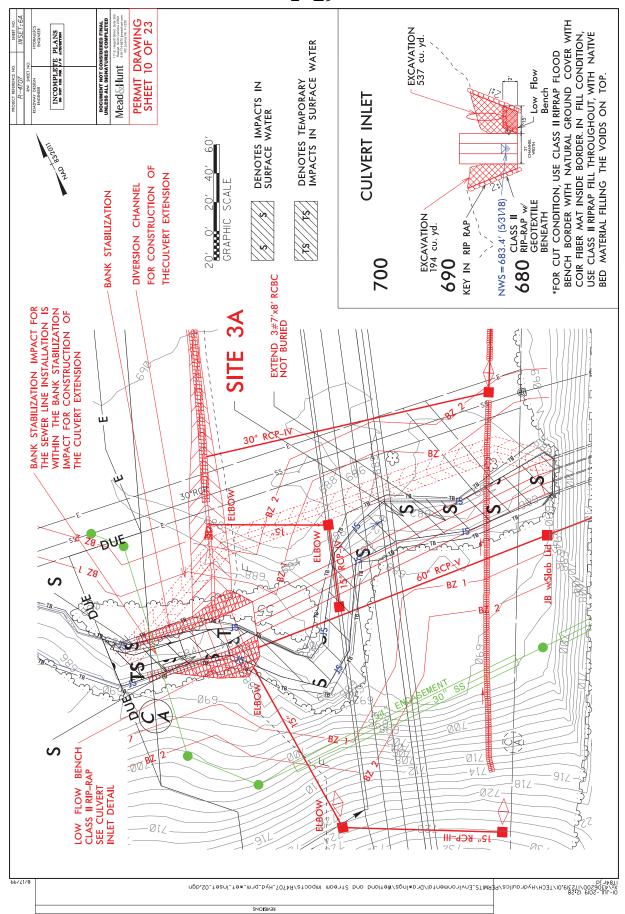


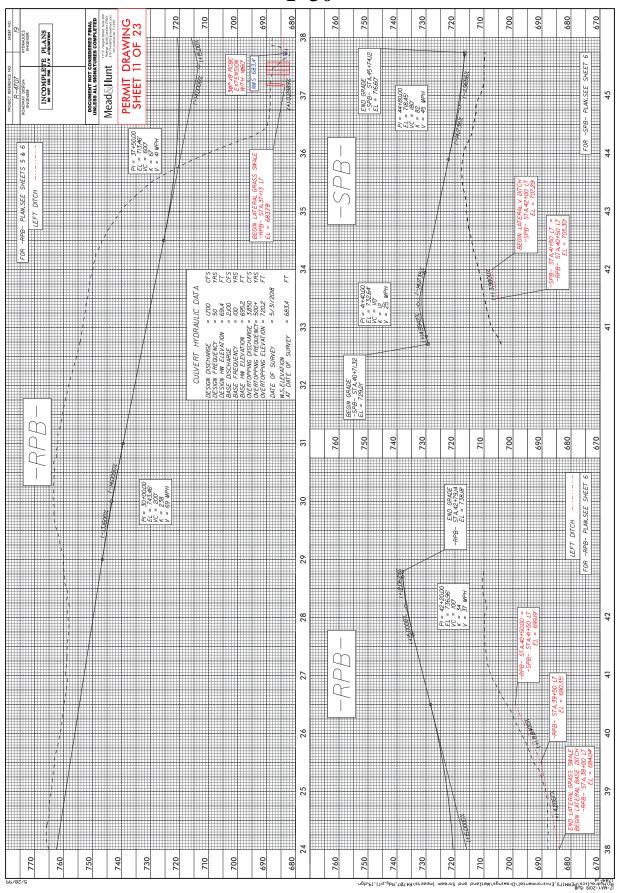
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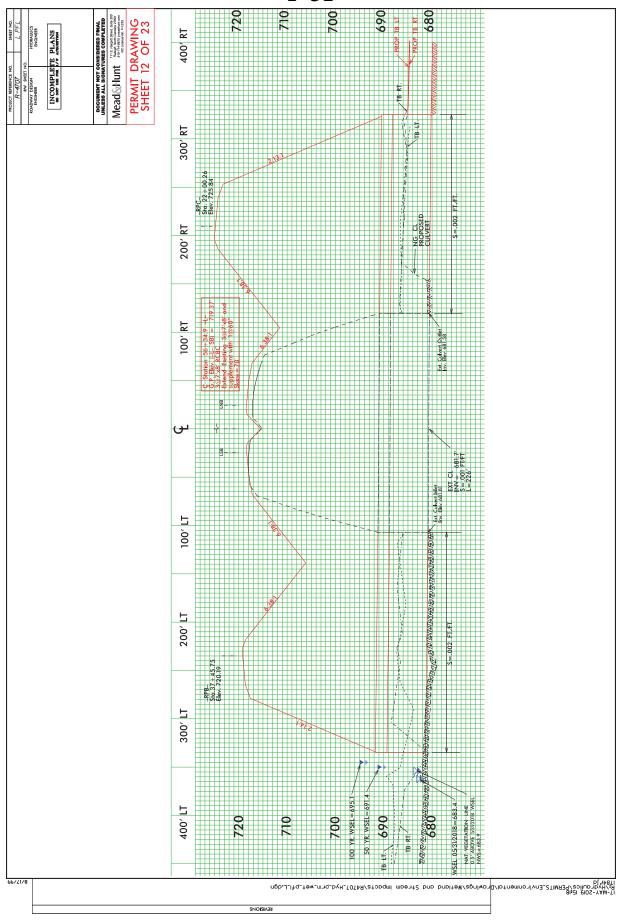


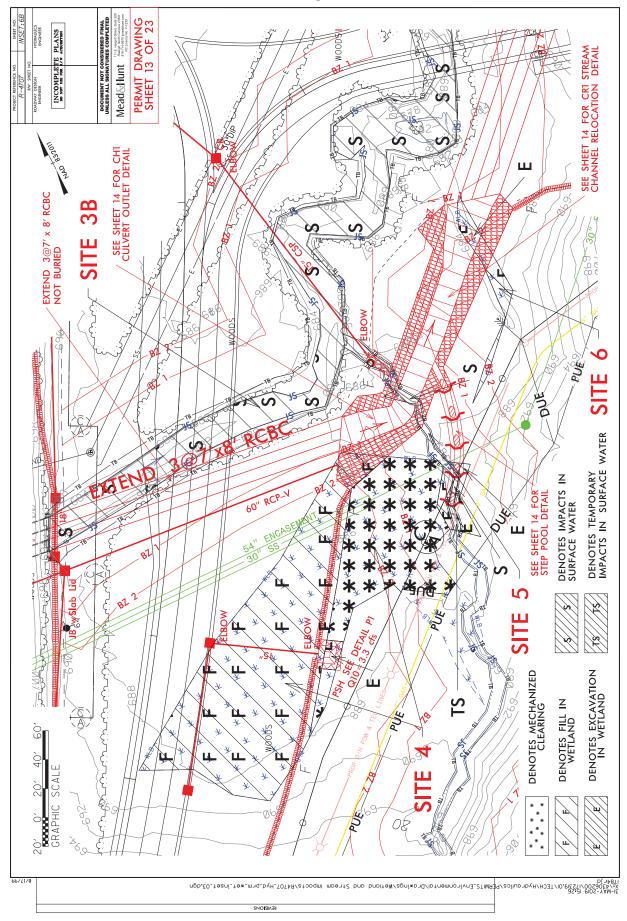


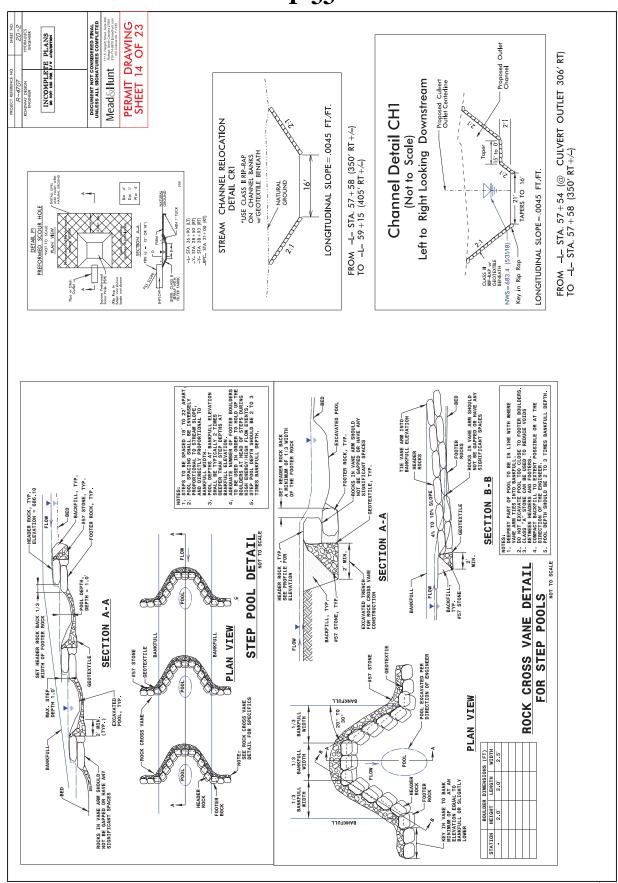


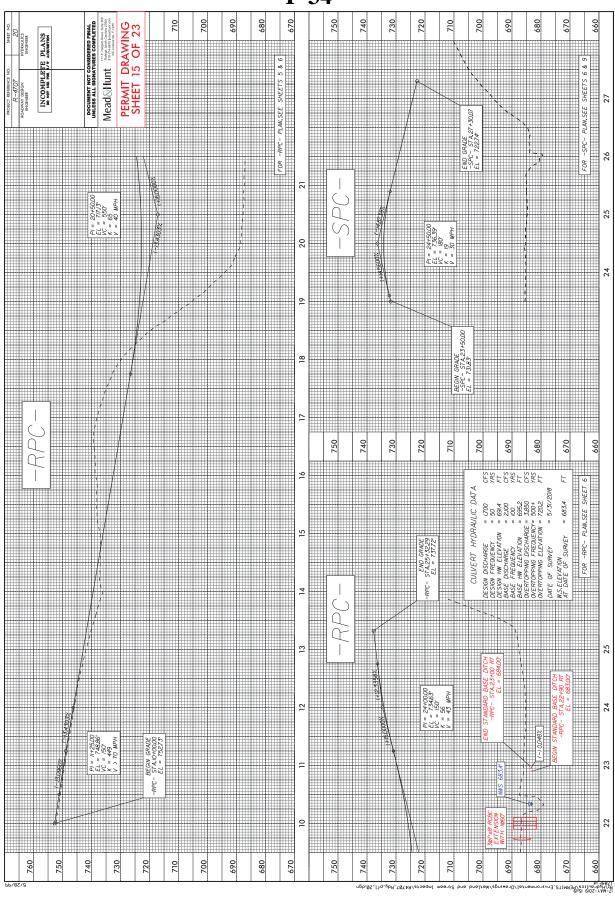


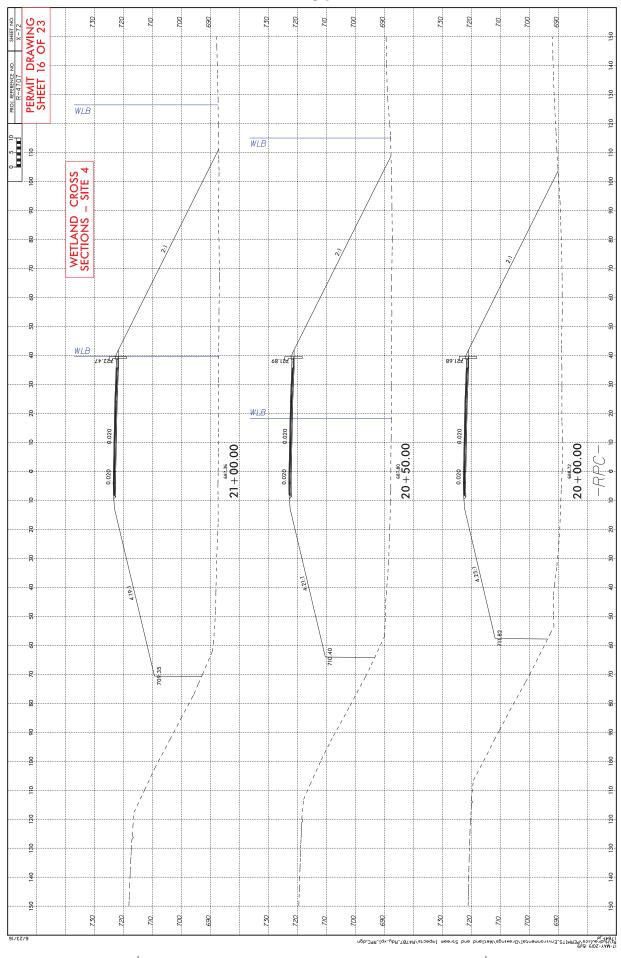
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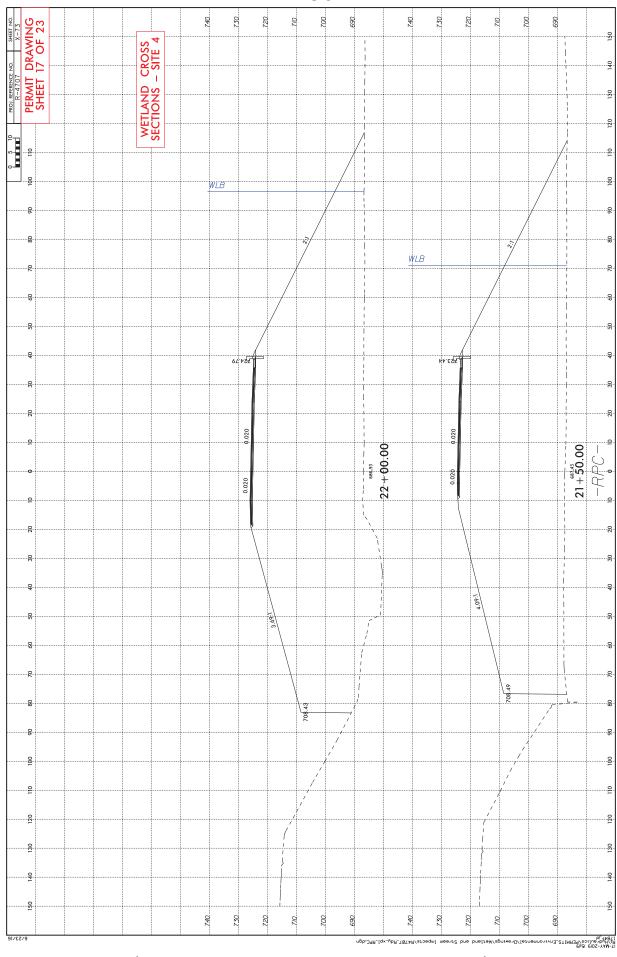


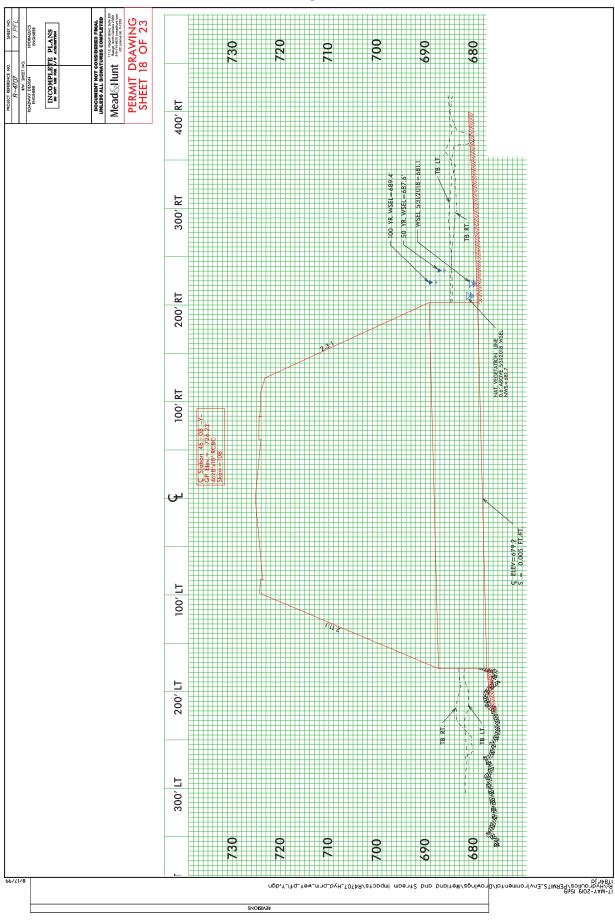


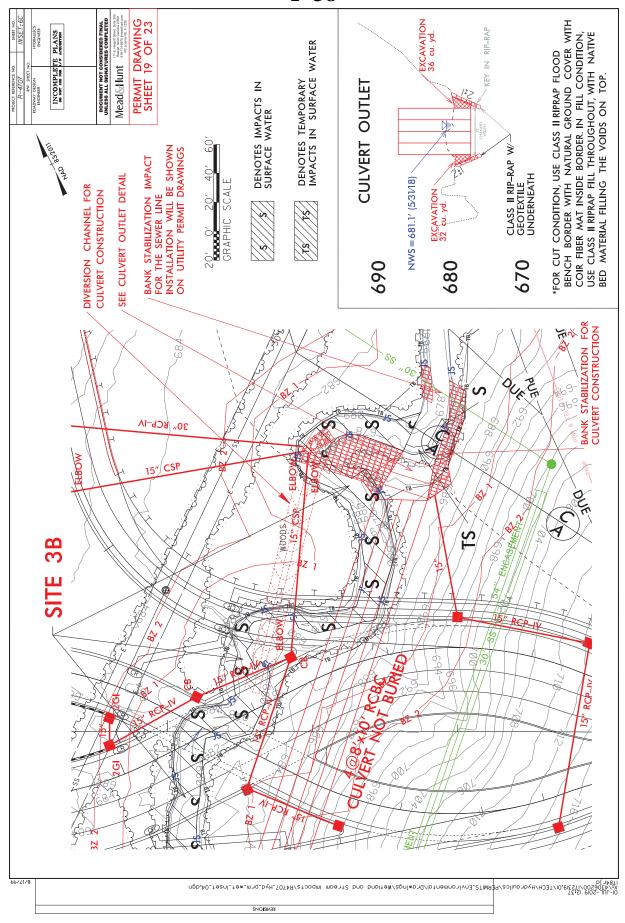


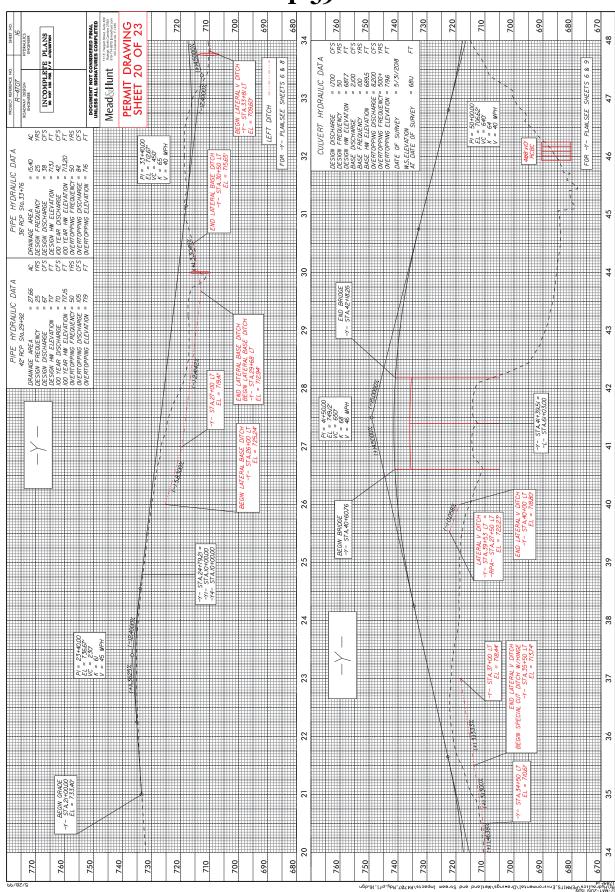


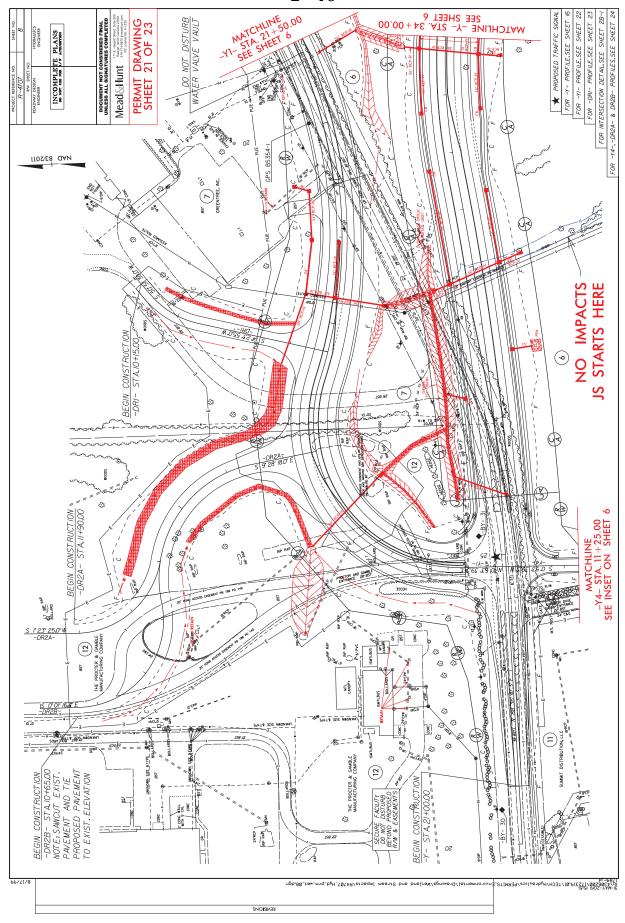


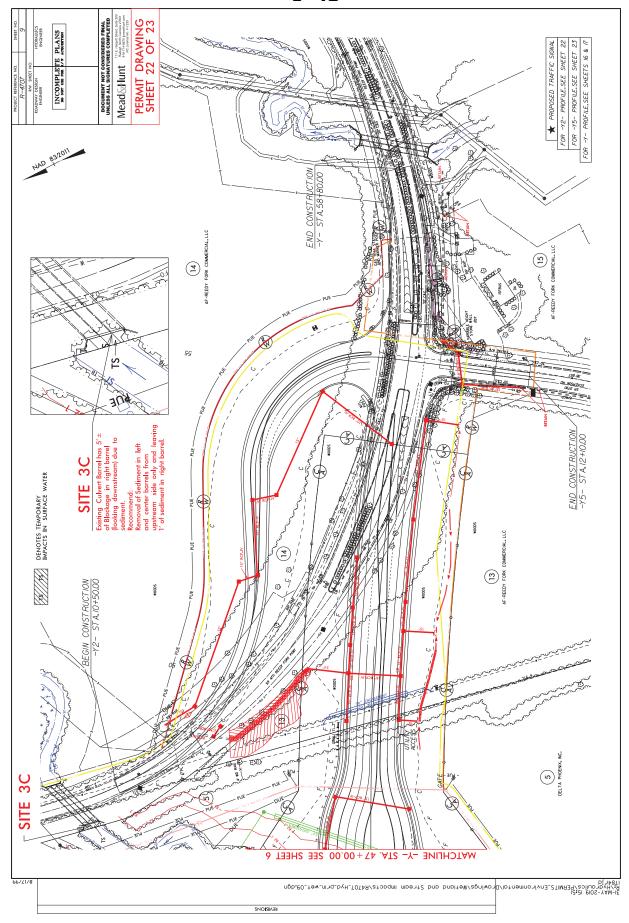




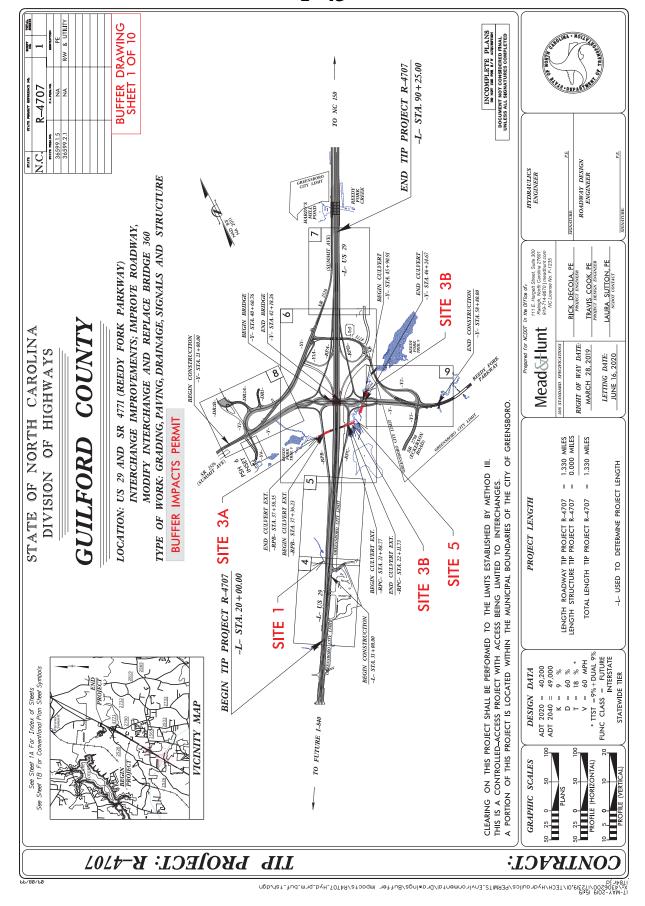


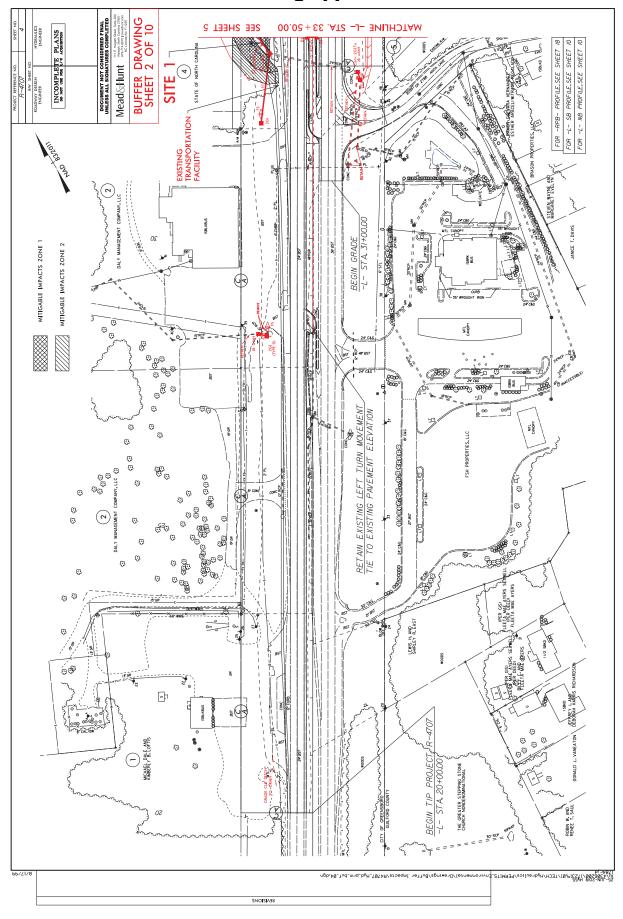


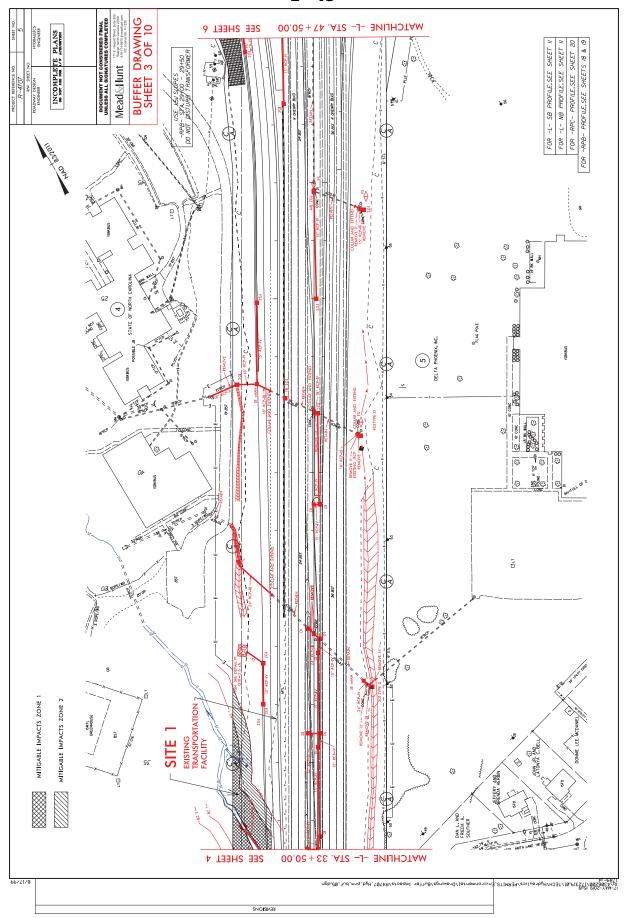


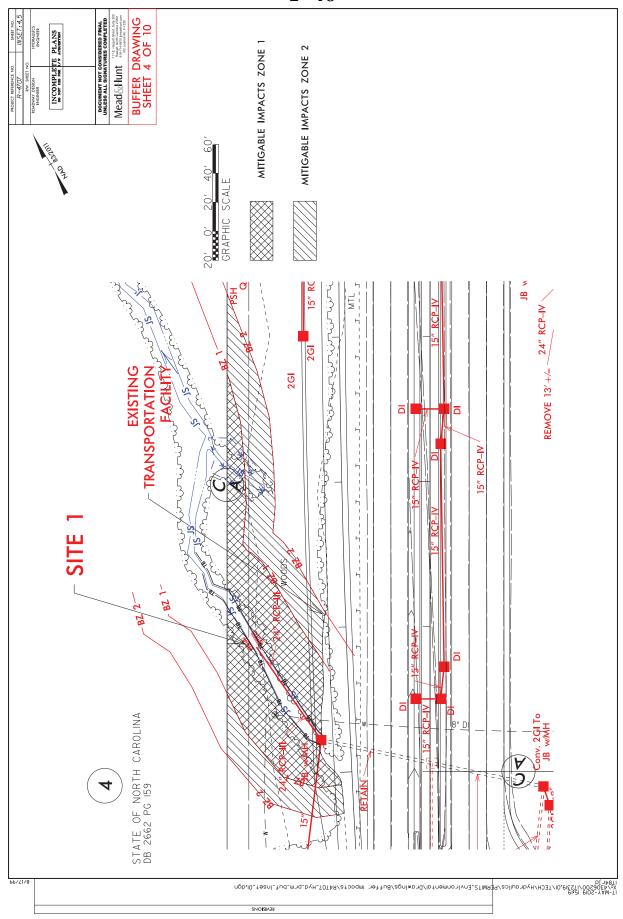


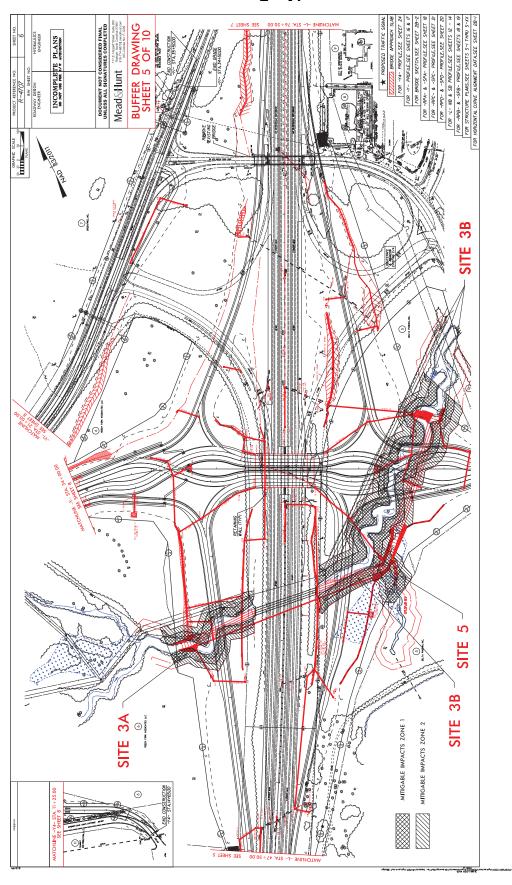
		_		WETLA	ND AND S	WETLAND AND SURACE WATER IMPACTS SUMMARY	TER IMP	ACTS SUM			0	
				WEI	WETLAND IMPACTS	ACTS			SURFACE	WATER IMPACTS	PACTS	
			Permanent	Temp.	Excavation	Mechanized	Hand Clearing	Permanent	Temp.	Existing Channel	Existing Channel	Natural
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	Fill In Wetlands	Fill In Wetlands	in Wetlands	Clearing in Wetlands	in Wetlands	SW impacts	SW impacts	Impacts Permanent	Impacts Temp.	Stream Design
,	00.00		(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ft)	(ft)	(£)
	-L-5ta. 33+19 - 33+80	Z4 RCP III						0.01	7	8 6	0	
-   ~	-L- Sta. 33+86 - 34+00	Dalik Stabilization	< 0.01			< 0.01		> 0.01	× 0.0 ×	17	13	
3A	-RPB- Sta. 36+62 - 38+03	3 @ 7' x 8' RCBC Extension						0.15		314		
3A	-RPB- Sta. 36+82 - 37+16	Bank Stabilization						0.02	0.03	73	5	
3B	-RPC- Sta. 21+50	3 @ 7' x 8' RCBC Extension						0.47		1040		
	to -Y- Sta. 46+56	and 4 @ 8' x 10' RCBC										
3B	-Y- Sta. 45+89 - 46+95	Bank Stabilization						< 0.01	< 0.01	19	15	
3C	-Y2- Sta. 10+00	Sediment Removal (RCBC)							< 0.01		8	
4	-RPC- Sta. 20+01 - 22+35	Fill, PSH, Step Pool	0.34		0.02	0.15						
5	-RPC- Sta. 20+01 - 22+36 (	Channel Relocation, Step Pool						0.02	< 0.01	156	12	
9		Channel Relocation			0.02							
_												
Ī												
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TOTALS*:	.w:		0.35		0.04	0.16		0.67	0.04	1708	63	0
uno	*Rounded totals are sum of actual impacts	al impacts										
NOTES:	S: emporary Surface Wafer Impac	NOTES: 3A - Temogram Surface Water Impact is within the Bank Stabilization Impact	- Impact						NC DE	NC DEEDA PTMENT OF TPANSBOPTATION	C TPANCEC	OT ATT
- B.	3B - Bank Stabilization Impact for the 3B - Bank Stabilization Impact for the 5B - Bank Stabiliz	As a Bank Stabilization Impact for the sewer line installation will be shown on Utility Permit Drawings.	the Bank Sta	ibilization Imp ty Permit Dra	act for const wings.	ruction of the c	ulvert extens	ion.		DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS APRIL 3, 2019	HIGHWAY 3, 2019	S
<u> </u>	מו ומאס מעס נט באנמאמונטון.									GUILI R-4	GUILFORD R-4707	
										2000	36599.1.5	

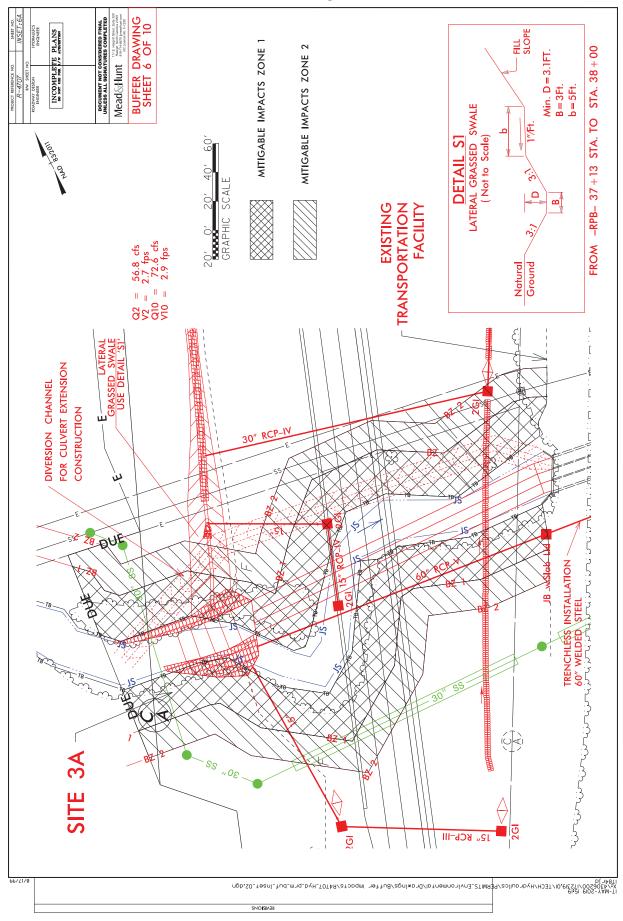


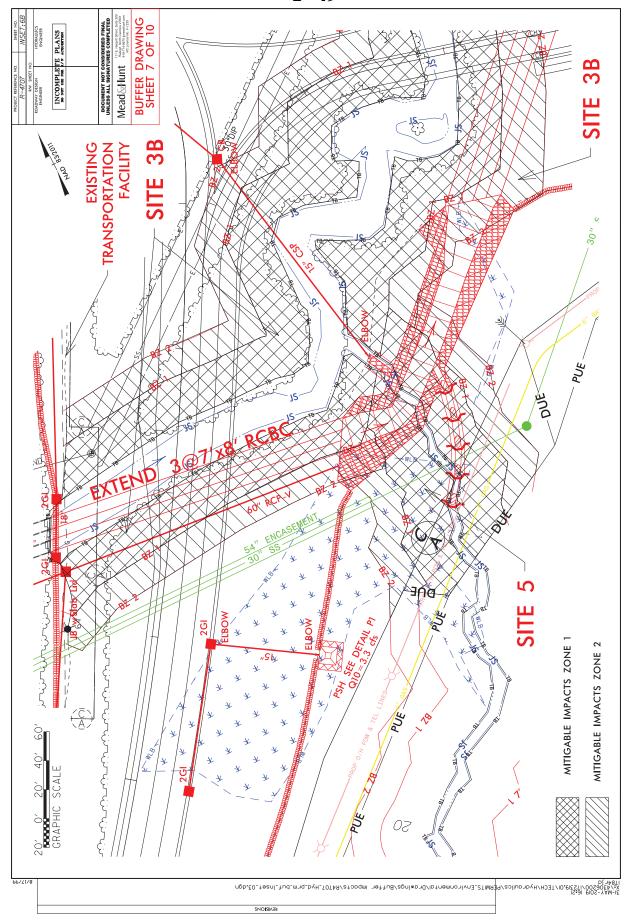


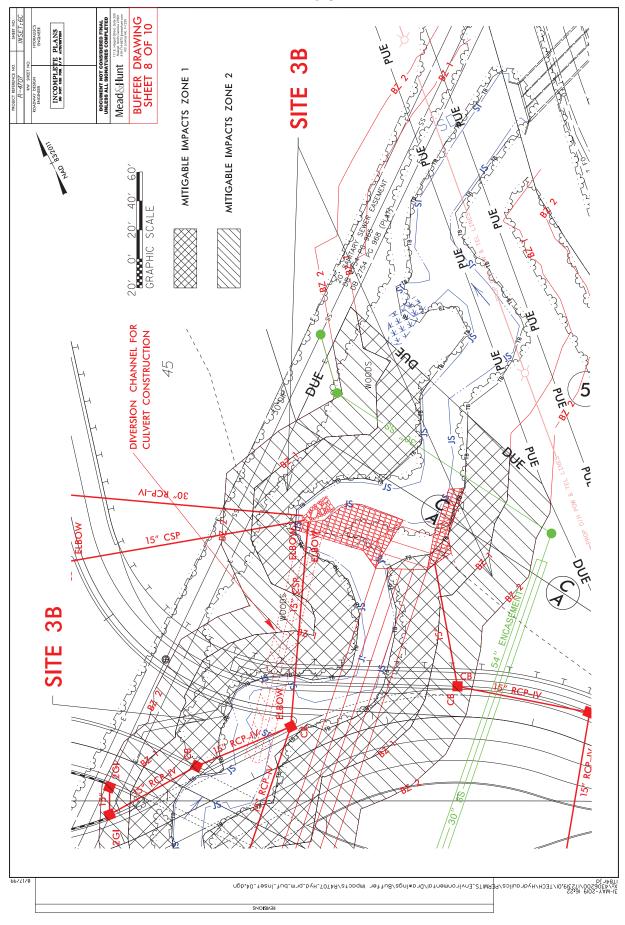






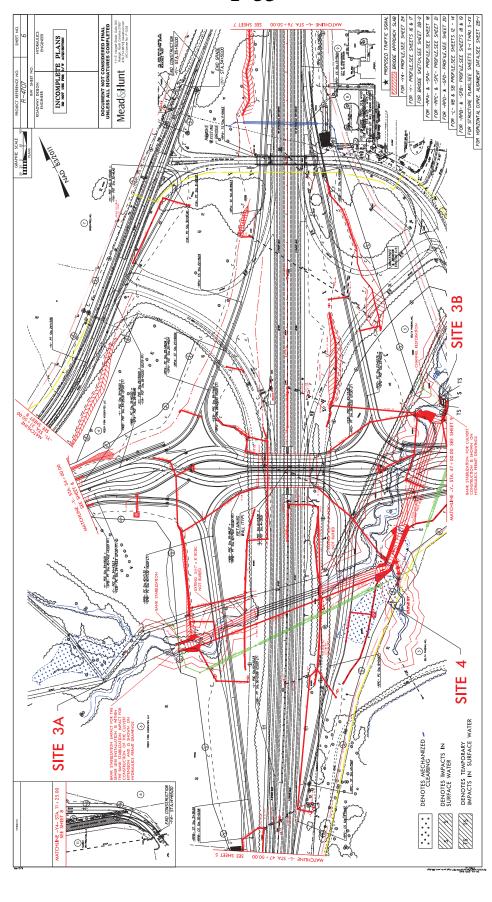






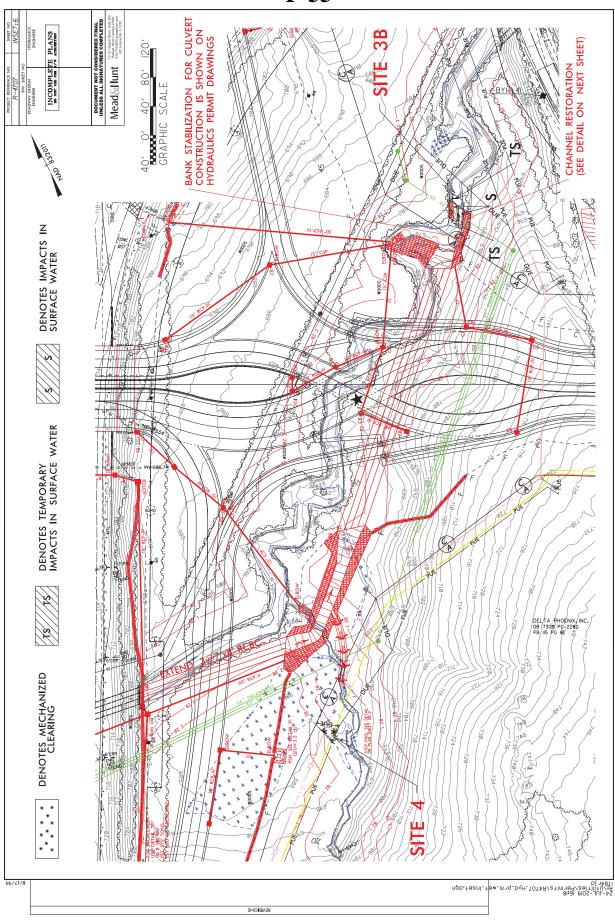
		œ -	IPARIAN E	RIPARIAN BUFFER IMPACTS SUMMARY	PACTS S	UMMARY	<b>RY</b>						
				TVPE			ALI OWARI F	Ш	2	MITIGABLE		BUF REPLAC	BUFFER REPLACEMENT
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	ROAD	S C III	PARALLEL IMPACT	ZONE (ft²)	ZONE 2 (ft <sup>2</sup> )	TOTAL	ZONE 1	ZONE 2	TOTAL	ZONE 1	ZONE 2
_	-L- Sta. 32+68 - 36+30	Embankment, 24" RCP III			×			,	8009	6593	14602		
3A	-RPB- Sta. 35+11 - 38+40	3 @ 7' x 8' RCBC Extension	×						23468	15429	38897		
3B	-Y- Sta. 44+44 - 47+73 -RPC- Sta. 20+84 - 23+14	4 @ 8' x 10' RCBC 3 @ 7' x 8' RCBC Extension	×						68609	43187	104176		
2	-Y- Sta. 44+57 - 45+87	Channel Relocation, Step Pool		×					9800	5161	14961		
			Ī										
1													
П													
T													
TOTALS*:	S*:					0	0	0	102266	70370	172636	0	0
IES:	: Site numbers match wetland sit	NOTES: Site numbers match wetland sites. Wetland site numbers that are not shown do not have buffers.	shown do not he	ave buffers.					NC	NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS APRIL 3, 2019	ARTMENT OF TRANSPOR DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS APRIL 3, 2019	RANSPOR'S GHWAYS 019	FATION
										5	R-4707	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
											36599 1 5	LC.	

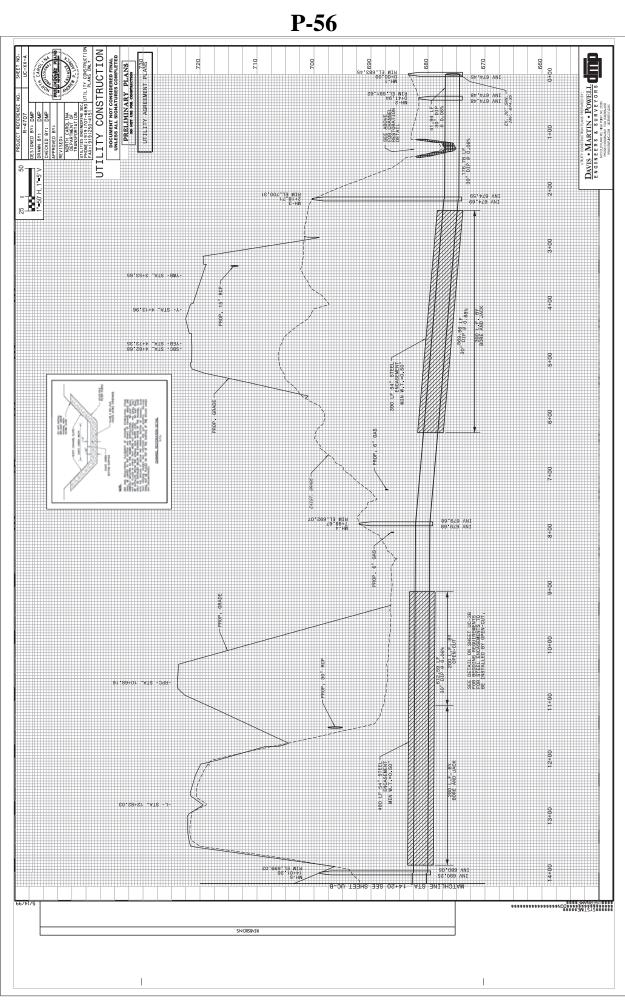
WETLANDS IN BUFFER IMPACTS SUMMARY																		NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS	APALL 3, 2019 GUILFORD COUNTY	R-4707 36599.1.5	SHEET 10 OF 10
S IN BUF	NI SQN	ERS	ZONE 2 (ft²)	281	520	223	1909		29								3000					ers that are not sho
ETLANI	WETLANDS IN	BUFFERS	ZONE 1 (ft²)	320			2675	313									3308					and site numbe
W			STATION TO	-L- 35+30	-RPC- 22+35	-Y- 45+46	-RPC- 22+35	-RPC- 22+34	-Y- 45+53													natch wetland slies. Wetland slie numbers that are not snown do not nave buriers
			STATION FROM	-L- 34+86	-RPC- 22+11	-Y- 45+31	-RPC- 21+29	-RPC- 21+89	-Y- 45+42													NOTES: Site numbers m
			SITE NO.	1	3B	3B	5	5	2								TOTAL:					evised 2018 Feb



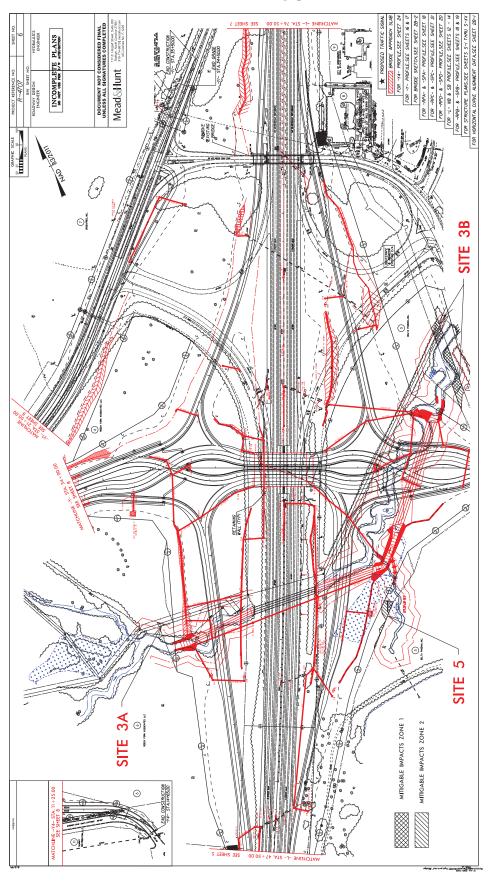
UTILITY PERMIT DRAWINGS

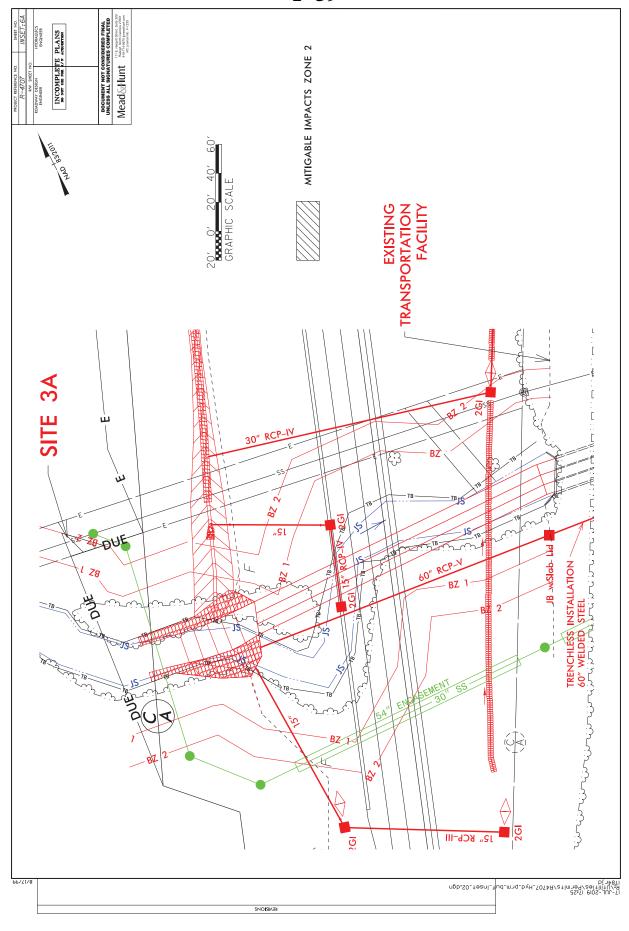


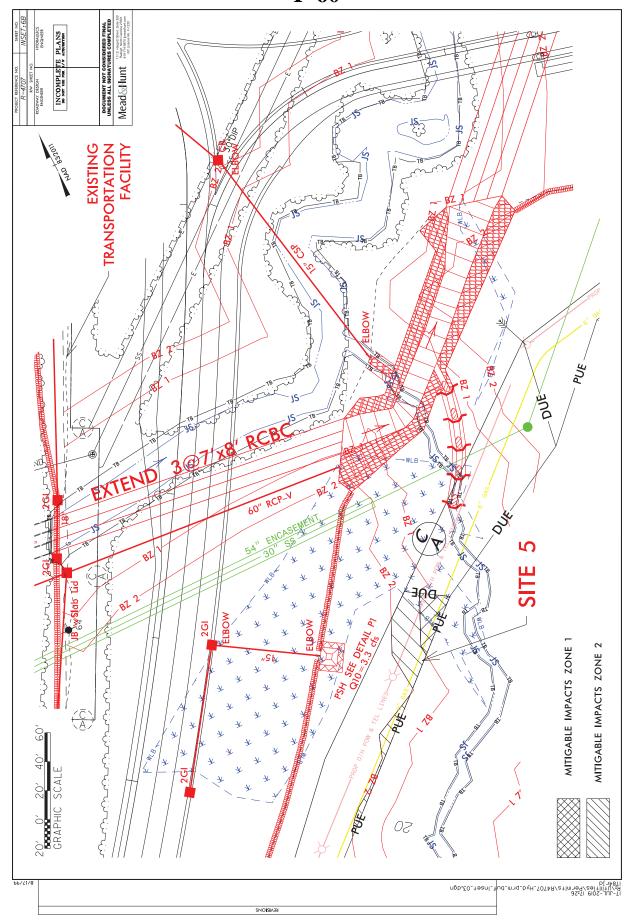


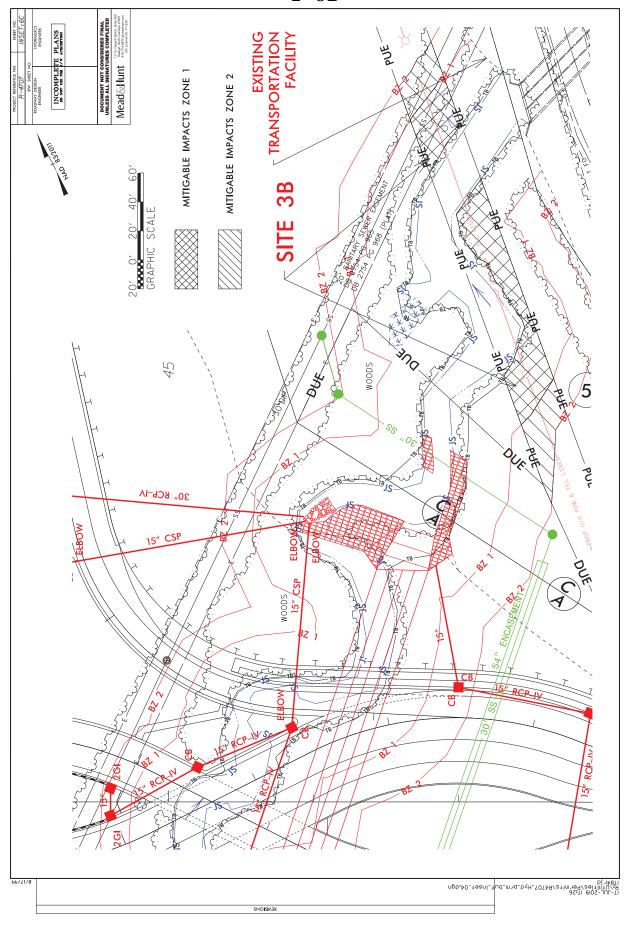


Site Station Structure No. (From/To) Size / Type 3B -Y- Sta. 46+75 - 46+97 Channel Restoration 4 -RPC- Sta. 21+40 Overhead Utilities  TOTALS*:  *Rounded totals are sum of actual impacts NOTES:		T =///\	STOADMI CINA ITEM		WEILAND AND SURACE WAIER IMPACIS SUMMARY		STIREACE WATER IMPACTS		DACTS	
Station (From/To) -Y- Sta. 46+75 - 46+97 -RPC- Sta. 21+40		\ \ \	י וואון מוצין	2			JON NOC		2 :	
-Y- Sta. 46+75 - 46+97 C -RPC- Sta. 21+40	Permanent Fill In Wetlands	Temp. Fill In Wetlands	Excavation in Wetlands	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands	Hand Clearing in Wetlands	Permanent SW impacts	Temp. SW impacts	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent	Existing Channel Impacts Temp.	Natural Stream Design
-Y- Sta. 46+75 - 46+97 C -RPC- Sta. 21+40	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ff.)	(ft)	(ft)
-RPC- Sta. 21+40	ion					< 0.01	< 0.01	31	10	
OTALS*:	Se			< 0.01						
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ounded totals are sum of actual impacts OTES:				< 0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	31	10	0
OTES:										
3A - Bank Stabilization Impact for the sewer line installation is within the Bank Stabilization Impact for construction of the culvert and is shown on Hydraulics Permit Drawings.	is within the Bank Stabi	ilization Imp	act for constr	uction of the a	ulvert		NC DE	NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS .IIIIX 17, 2019	F TRANSPO:	STATION S
								GUILFORD R-4707	FORD 707	
Ravised 2018 Feb								3659	36599.1.5	









Station   Structure   Row				RIPARIAN BUFFER IMPACTS SUMMARY	3UFFER IM	PACTS S	UMMAF	≿						
Station (Fronting) Size (Type (Fronting) Size (Type (Fronting)) Size (Type (Type (Fronting)) Size (Type (Type (Fronting)) Size (Type (Fro							IMPA	CTS					מומ	0 1
Station   Structure   FOAD   STREAM   PARALLE   ZONE   TONE   T					TYPE		<	LOWABL	Ш	2	AITIGABLE		REPLAC	EMENT
-RPB- Sta. 37+80 30° Gravity Sewer -Y- Sta. 44+57 - 45+25 Overhead Utilities -Y- Sta. 44+57 - 45+26 Overhead Utilities -Y- Sta. 44+57 - 45+26 Ste numbers match wetland sites. Wetland site numbers that are not shown do not have buffers.	Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	ROAD	STREAM CHANNEL RELOCATION	PARALLEL	ZONE (ft²)	ZONE 2 (ft²)	TOTAL (ft²)	ZONE 1	ZONE 2	TOTAL		ZONE 2 (ft²)
-Y- Sta. 44+57 - 45+26 Overhead Utilities	3A	-RPB- Sta. 37+80	30" Gravity Sewer			×					204	204		
Y. Sia, 44+57 - 45+26       Overhead Utilities       X       X       500         1. Sia, 44+57 - 45+26       Coerhead Utilities       X <td< td=""><td>3B</td><td>-Y- Sta. 46+58 - 47+73</td><td>Overhead Utilities</td><td></td><td></td><td>×</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4162</td><td>1932</td><td>6094</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	3B	-Y- Sta. 46+58 - 47+73	Overhead Utilities			×				4162	1932	6094		
Site numbers match wetland sites. Wetland site numbers that are not shown do not have buffers.	2	-Y- Sta. 44+57 - 45+25	Overhead Utilities			×				509	1424	1933		
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Str.  Site numbers match wetland sites. Wetland site numbers that are not shown do not have buffers.														
St:       0       0       467         Site numbers match wetland sites. Wetland site numbers that are not shown do not have buffers.       0       0       0       467														
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Site numbers match wetland sites. Wetland site numbers that are not shown do not have buffers.	TOTAL	.*v:					0	0	0	4671	3560	8231	0	0
	OTES	: Site numbers match wetland site:	s. Wetland site numbers that are r	not shown do not l	nave buffers.					NC	DEPARTM DIVIS: U	ENT OF THOON OF HILL TO TO CONTRACT TO TO CONTRACT TO THE CONT	ZANSPORT. GHWAYS 019 DUNTY 5	ATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS JULY 17, 2019 GUILFORD COUNTY R-4707	DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS JULY 17, 2019 GUILFORD COUNTY R-4707
C.1.995.1.5	36599.1.5

## ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204499

County: Guilford

Line Item Number Sec Description Quantity **Unit Cost Amount** # # **ROADWAY ITEMS** 0001 0000100000-N 800 MOBILIZATION Lump Sum L.S. 801 CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING L.S. 0002 0000400000-N Lump Sum 0003 0000700000-N SP FIELD OFFICE Lump Sum L.S. 0004 0001000000-E 200 CLEARING & GRUBBING .. ACRE(S) Lump Sum L.S. 2 0005 0008000000-E 200 SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUB-**BING** ACR **UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION** 0006 0022000000-E 225 225,000 CY TYPE III REINFORCED APPROACH 0007 0029000000-N Lump Sum L.S. FILL, STATION \*\*\*\*\*\* (41+39.51 -Y-) 8000 0036000000-E 225 UNDERCUT EXCAVATION 40,000 CY **BORROW EXCAVATION** 0009 0106000000-E 230 680,000 CY DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION 0010 0134000000-E 240 13,000 CY BERM DITCH CONSTRUCTION 0011 0141000000-E 580 LF REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASPHALT 0012 0156000000-E 250 56,500 **PAVEMENT** SY REMOVAL OF EXISTING CONCRETE 0013 0163000000-E 250 4.200 **PAVEMENT** SY 0014 0192000000-N **PROOF ROLLING** 20 HR 265 SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL, 48,500 0015 0194000000-E CLASS III CY 0016 0196000000-E 270 GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA-44,400 TION SY 0017 0199000000-E SP **TEMPORARY SHORING** 1,730 SF 0018 0223000000-E 275 **ROCK PLATING** 525 SY

County: Guilford

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0019	0234000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM REMOVAL AND HAULING OF DEEP BROWNFIELDS SOIL	10,000 CY		
0020	0234000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM STOCKPILED SOIL	500 CY		
0021	0245000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM TRENCH DEWATERING	10,000 GAL		
0022	0255000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF CONTA- MINATED SOIL STOCKPILES	500 TON		
0023	0255000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF PETRO- LEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL	50 TON		
0024	0318000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATE- RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	1,783 TON		
0025	0320000000-Е	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE	6,920 SY		
0026	0331000000-Е	SP	GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM ANTI-SEEP COLLAR	30 CY		
0027	0342000000-E	310	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30")	440 LF		
0028	0343000000-Е	310	15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	1,876 LF		
0029	034400000-Е	310	18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	320 LF		
0030	0345000000-Е	310	24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	700 LF		
0031	0348000000-Е	310	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (15")	20 EA		
0032	0348000000-E	310	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (24")	2 EA		
0033	0354000000-E	310	***" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS ***** (60", V)	412 LF		
0034	0366000000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS	408 LF		

County: Guilford

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Cost Amount
0035	0372000000-Е	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	84 LF	
0036	0378000000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS	124 LF	
0037	0384000000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS	80 LF	
0038	0390000000-Е	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS	72 LF	
0039	0448200000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	4,996 LF	
0040	0448300000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	716 LF	
0041	0448400000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	624 LF	
0042	0448500000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	584 LF 	
0043	0448600000-E		36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	160 LF	
0044	0582000000-E	310	15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	488 LF	
0045	0636000000-E	310	**" CS PIPE ELBOWS, *****" THICK (15", 0.064")	10 EA	
0046	0973100000-E	330	**" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (60", 0.844")	248 LF	
0047	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 16" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 250	880 LF	
0048	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 24" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 200	170 LF	
0049	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 30" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 150	120 LF	
0050	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 36" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 150	134 LF	

County: Guilford

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0051	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 42" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 150	162 LF		
 0052	0992000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM BOOTS FOR SEALED DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	26 EA		
0053	0995000000-E	340	PIPE REMOVAL	2,790 LF		
0054	1011000000-N	500	FINE GRADING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0055	1044000000-E	501	LIME TREATED SOIL (SLURRY METHOD)	48,000 SY		
0056	1066000000-E	501	LIME FOR LIME TREATED SOIL	580 TON		
0057	1077000000-Е	SP	#57 STONE	40 TON		
0058	1099500000-Е	505	SHALLOW UNDERCUT	2,700 CY		
0059	1099700000-Е	505	CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA- TION	19,600 TON		
0060	1110000000-E	510	STABILIZER AGGREGATE	500 TON		
0061	1115000000-Е	SP	GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STA- BILIZATION	29,135 SY		
0062	1121000000-E	520	AGGREGATE BASE COURSE	620 TON		
0063	1176000000-E	542	SOIL CEMENT BASE	48,000 SY		
0064	1187000000-E	542	PORTLAND CEMENT FOR SOIL CE- MENT BASE	1,320 TON		
0065	1209000000-E	543	ASPHALT CURING SEAL	14,400 GAL		
0066	1220000000-E	545	INCIDENTAL STONE BASE	1,500 TON		
0067	1297000000-E	607	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***" DEPTH (1-1/2")	2,600 SY		
0068	1330000000-E	607	INCIDENTAL MILLING	10,000 SY		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0069	1491000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	54,000 TON		
0070	1503000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C	27,500 TON		
0071	1519000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B	1,000 TON		
0072	1523000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C	29,000 TON		
0073	1575000000-E	620	ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	5,560 TON		
0074	1577000000-E	620	POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	160 TON		
0075	1662000000-E	650	OPEN-GRADED ASPHALT FRICTION COURSE, TYPE FC-1 MODIFIED	2,600 TON		
0076	1693000000-E	654	ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR	1,800 TON		
0077	184000000-E	665	MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT CONCRETE)	25,900 LF		
0078	2022000000-Е	815	SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	84 CY		
0079	2026000000-E	815	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS	500 SY		
0080	2036000000-Е	815	SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE	84 CY		
0081	2044000000-E	815	6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	500 LF		
0082	2070000000-N	815	SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	1 EA 		
0083	2077000000-E	815	6" OUTLET PIPE	6 LF 		
0084	2099000000-E	816	SHOULDER DRAIN	1,800 LF		
0085	2110000000-E	816	4" SHOULDER DRAIN PIPE	1,800 LF 		
0086	2121000000-Е	816	4" OUTLET PIPE FOR SHOULDER DRAINS	30 LF		

Amo	Quantity Unit Cost	Description	Sec #	Number	Item N	Line #
	10 TON	BLOTTING SAND	818	00000-Е	214300	0087
	7.6 CY	 ENDWALLS	838	00000-Е	220900	0088
	3.055 CY	 PIPE COLLARS	840	00000-Е	225300	0089
	9 CY	 FLOWABLE FILL	SP	00000-Е	227500	0090
	140 EA	 MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	840	00000-N	228600	0091
	 13.732 CY	 MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	840	00000-Е	229700	0092
	76.7 LF	 MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	840	00000-Е	230800	0093
		 FRAME WITH GRATE, STD 840.22	840	00000-N	235400	0094
		 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.16	840	00000-N	236400	0095
	28 EA	 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.20	840	00000-N	236420	0096
	44 EA	 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.22	840	00000-N	236500	0097
	1 EA	 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24	840	00000-N	236600	0098
	4 EA	 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.29	840	00000-N	236700	0099
	4 EA	 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	840	00000-N	237400	0100
	18 EA	 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	840	00000-N	237400	 0101
	22 EA	 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	840	00000-N	237400	 0102
	22 EA	 FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	840	00000-N	239600	 0103
	17 EA	 CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	852	00000-N	245100	0104
	1 EA 4 EA 4 EA 22 EA 17	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24  FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.29  FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)  FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)  FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)  FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	840 840 840 840	00000-N 00000-N 00000-N 00000-N	236600 236700 237400 237400 237400	0098  0099  0100  0102  0103

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0105	2473000000-N	SP	GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM SEALED PRECAST DRAINAGE STRUC- TURE	13 EA		
 0106	2484000000-E	SP	GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM SEALED PRECAST DRAINAGE STRUC- TURE	17 LF		
0107	2542000000-E	846	1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	6,800 LF		
0108	2549000000-E	846	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	8,900 LF		
0109	2556000000-Е	846	SHOULDER BERM GUTTER	2,800 LF		
0110	2577000000-E	846	CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER	1,080 LF		
0111	2591000000-E	848	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	4,500 SY		
0112	2605000000-N		CONCRETE CURB RAMPS	27 EA		
	2612000000-E		6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	110 SY		
			4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH	33 SY		
			4" CONCRETE ISLAND COVER			
0116	2655000000-E	852	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN)	2,000 SY		
0118	2724000000-E	857	PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE BARRIER, SINGLE FACED	660 LF		
0119	2766000000-N	SP	GENERIC PAVING ITEM 42" CONCRETE BARRIER WITH MOMENT SLAB	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0120	2815000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF DROP INLETS	7 EA		
0121	2905000000-N	859	CONVERT EXISTING DROP INLET TO JUNCTION BOX	10 EA		
0122	3001000000-N	SP	IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	4 EA		
 0123	303000000-Е	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	12,300 LF		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0124	3045000000-Е	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	675 LF		
0125	3150000000-N	862	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	10 EA		
0126	3210000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	9 EA		
0127	3287000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	11 EA		
0128	3317000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	10 EA		
			REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	6,300 LF		
			TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	11,300 LF		
0131	3389400000-Е	865	DOUBLE FACED CABLE GUIDERAIL	900 LF		
0132	3389500000-N	865	ADDITIONAL GUIDERAIL POSTS	5 EA		
0133	3389600000-N	865	CABLE GUIDERAIL ANCHOR UNITS	2 EA		
0134	3435000000-N	SP	GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	2 EA		
0135	3435000000-N	SP	GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	1 EA		
0136	3436000000-N	862	GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	2 EA		
0137	3503000000-Е	866	WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRIC	15,500 LF		
0138	3509000000-Е	866	4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 7'-6" LONG	1,000 EA		
0139	3515000000-Е	866	5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 8'-0" LONG	220 EA		
0140	3565000000-E	866	DOUBLE GATES, **" HIGH, **' WIDE, **' OPENING (47", 7'-6", 15')	2 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0141	3628000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS I	500 TON		
0142	3635000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS II	650 TON		
0143	3642000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS A	10 TON		
0144	3649000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS B	2,600 TON		
0145	3651000000-E	SP	BOULDERS	100 TON		
0146	3656000000-Е	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	10,700 SY		
0147	3659000000-N	873	PREFORMED SCOUR HOLES WITH LEVEL SPREADER APRON	4 EA		
0148	4048000000-E	902	REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN- DATIONS	3 CY		
0149	4054000000-E	902	PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- TIONS	1 CY		
0150	4057000000-E	SP	OVERHEAD FOOTING	120 CY		
0151	4060000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM	2,665 LB		
0152	4072000000-Е	903	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	1,730 LF		
0153	4078000000-Е	903	SUPPORTS, 2-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	4 EA		
0154	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (33+50.00 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0155	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (40+24.00 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0156	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (42+44.00 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0157	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (46+80.00 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0158	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-	Lump Sum	L.S.	
			TURE AT STA ****** (47+08.00 -L-)	·		
0159	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (78+18.00 -L-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0160	4102000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	119 EA		
0161	4108000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	4 EA		
0162	4109000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER- HEAD) (A)	10 EA		
0163	4109000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER- HEAD) (B)	4 EA		
0164	4110000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)	6 EA		
0165	4110000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (B)	3 EA		
0166	4114000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, MILEMARKERS	4 EA		
0167	4152000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, STEEL BEAM	10 EA		
0168	4155000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL	87 EA		
0169	4234000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN, A OR B (OVERHEAD)	1 EA		
0170	4400000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	1,312 SF		
0171	4405000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	816 SF		
0172	4410000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	160 SF		
0173	4415000000-N	1115	FLASHING ARROW BOARD	4 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0174	4420000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	4 EA		
0175	4422000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (SHORT TERM)	150 DAY		
0176	443000000-N	1130	DRUMS	390 EA		
0177	4434000000-N		SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS	24 EA		
0178	4435000000-N	1135		215 EA		
0179	4445000000-E	1145	BARRICADES (TYPE III)	632 LF		
0180	4447000000-E	SP	PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZING DE- VICES	16 LF		
0181	4455000000-N	1150	FLAGGER	1,010 DAY		
0182	4465000000-N	1160	TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	8 EA		
0183	4470000000-N	1160	REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	19 EA		
0184	4480000000-N	1165	TMA	4 EA		
0185	4485000000-E	1170	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	16,160 LF		
0186	4500000000-E	1170	REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE CON- CRETE BARRIER	29,140 LF		
0187	4510000000-N	1190	LAW ENFORCEMENT	216 HR		
0188	4516000000-N	1180	SKINNY DRUM	136 EA		
0189	4600000000-N	SP	GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM AUDIBLE WARNING DEVICES	2 EA		
0190	460000000-N	SP	GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM PEDESTRIAN TRANSPORT SERVICE (PER TRIP)	50 EA		
0191	4650000000-N	1251	TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	1,796 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0192	4685000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", 90 MILS)	22,275 LF		
0193	4688000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6", 90 MILS)	48,056 LF		
0194	4695000000-Е	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS)	4,394 LF		
0195	4700000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 90 MILS)	4,723 LF		
0196	4720000000-Е	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS)	32 EA		
0197	4725000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	139 EA		
0198	4726110000-E	1205	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	24 EA		
0199	4770000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (4") (II)	991 LF		
0200	4770000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (4") (IV)	411 LF		
0201	4780000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (8") (II)	103 LF		
0202	4780000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (8") (IV)	102 LF		
0203	4800000000-N	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER, TYPE ** (II)	24 EA		
0204	4800000000-N	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER, TYPE ** (IV)	24 EA		
 0205	4805000000-N	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL, TYPE ** (II)	3 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0206	4805000000-N	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL, TYPE ** (IV)	3 EA		
0207	4810000000-E	 1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	92,930 LF		
0208	4815000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")	220,592 LF		
0209	4820000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	10,124 LF		
0210	4825000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")	25,207 LF		
0211	4835000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	1,966 LF		
0212	4840000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC- TER	88 EA		
0213	4845000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	338 EA		
0214	4850000000-Е	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	11,907 LF		
0215	4855000000-Е	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")	36,291 LF		
0216	4860000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	393 LF		
0217	4865000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")	7,500 LF		
0218	4870000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	60 LF		
0219	4875000000-N	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS	58 EA		
0220	4891000000-E	1205	GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS)	967 LF		
0221	4895000000-N	SP	GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER	940 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0222	490000000-N	1251	PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	27 EA		
0223	5015000000-E	1401	120' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD	4 EA		
0224	5020000000-N	1401	PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT	1 EA		
0225	5050000000-N	1404	LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT *************************(45' SA, 15' ARM)	15 EA		
0226	5050000000-N	1404	LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT ***********************************	3 EA		
 0227	5070000000-N	SP	STANDARD FOUNDATION ********* (R1)	16 EA		
0228	5070000000-N	SP	STANDARD FOUNDATION ************************************	2 EA		
0229	5120000000-N	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE **** (30' CLASS 4)	1 EA		
 0230	5125000000-E	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL ************************************	25 LF		
0231	5155000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE ****** (2")	450 LF		
0232	5160000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE ****** (3")	495 LF		
0233	5160000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE ****** (4")	310 LF		
0234	5170000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	475 LF		
0235	5180000000-E	1410	** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	945 LF		
0236	5205000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ******* CONDUIT (2, 1.5")	7,725 LF		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0237	5215000000-E	1410	** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ******* CONDUIT (2, 1.5")	4,430 LF		
0238	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES *************************(CS36)	1 EA		
0239	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ********************(HM18)	4 EA		
0240	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES *******************(IG18)	17 EA		
0241	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES *******************(IG30)	1 EA		
0242	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES *******************(IG36)	4 EA		
0243	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ******************(LS18)	18 EA		
0244	5252000000-N	1412	UNDERPASS LUMINARIES ******** (WM)	8 EA		
0245	5253000000-N	1412	UNDERPASS CIRCUITRY AT ******* (UPL-1)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0246	5253000000-N	1412	UNDERPASS CIRCUITRY AT ******* (UPL-2)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0247	5255000000-N	1413	PORTABLE LIGHTING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0248	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM 120' HIGH MOUNT LUMINAIRE - LED	32 EA		
0249	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM COMMUNICATION GATEWAY	1 EA		
0250	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM CONTROL NODE	53 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0251	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM LIGHT CONTROL EQUIPMENT, TYPE RW, 240/480V	1 EA		
0252	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM ROADWAY LIGHT STANDARD LUMIN- AIRE - 185W LED	21 EA		
0253	5325600000-E	1510	6" WATER LINE	60 LF		
0254	5325800000-E	1510	8" WATER LINE	146 LF		
0255	5326200000-Е	1510	12" WATER LINE	199 LF		
0256	5327000000-E	1510	20" WATER LINE	2,012 LF		
0257	5328000000-E		30" WATER LINE	55 LF 		
0258	5329000000-Е	1510	DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS	28,120 LB		
0259	5540000000-E	1515	6" VALVE	2 EA		
0260	5546000000-E	1515	8" VALVE	3 EA		
0261	5558000000-E	1515	12" VALVE	1 EA 		
0262			20" VALVE	5 EA 		
0263	5589200000-E		2" AIR RELEASE VALVE	1 EA 		
0264	5600000000-E	1515	**" BLOW OFF (1-1/2")	1 EA		
0265	5648000000-N	1515	RELOCATE WATER METER	2 EA		
0266			FIRE HYDRANT	5 EA 		
			RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT	1 EA		
			FIRE HYDRANT LEG	128 LF		
0269	5679400000-E	1515	20" LINE STOP	4 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0270	5686500000-E	1515	WATER SERVICE LINE	28 LF		
0271	5691000000-E	1520	**" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER (36")	1,848 LF		
0272	5691300000-E	1520	8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	469 LF		
0273	5768000000-N	1520	SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT	2 EA		
0274	5768500000-E	1520	SEWER SERVICE LINE	50 LF		
0275	5769000000-E	1520	DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE FITTINGS	870 LB		
0276	5775000000-E	1525	4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	2 EA		
0277	5776000000-E	1525	5' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	3 EA		
0278	5781000000-E	1525	UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA	8 LF		
0279	5782000000-E	1525	UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 5' DIA	6 LF		
0280	5801000000-E		ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE	216 LF		
			ABANDON 10" UTILITY PIPE	232 LF		
			ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPEABANDON 20" UTILITY PIPE	1,507 LF 1,738		
				1,736 LF 1,689		
			REMOVE FIRE HYDRANT	LF 5		
			ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE	EA 6		
0288	5835000000-E	 1540	**" ENCASEMENT PIPE	EA 1,040		
	5025000000 F	4540	(60")			
υ2 <b>89</b>	5835800000-E		18" ENCASEMENT PIPE	340 LF 		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0290	5836400000-Е	1540	36" ENCASEMENT PIPE	400 LF		
0291	5872500000-E	1550	BORE AND JACK OF **" (36")	225 LF		
0292	5872700000-E	1550	TUNNELING OF **" (60")	670 LF		
0293	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 6' DIA POLYMER CONCRETE UTILI- TY MANHOLE	9 EA		
0294	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 8" PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE IN 7' DIA MANHOLE	1 EA		
0295	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM CONCRETE ANTI-SEEP PIPE COLLARS	6 EA		
0296	5888000000-E	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM POLYMER CONCRETE UTILITY MAN- HOLE WALL, 6' DIA	92 LF		
0297	6000000000-E	1605	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	40,870 LF		
0298	6006000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	2,240 TON		
0299	6009000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	15,485 TON		
0300	6012000000-E	1610	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	7,325 TON		
0301	6015000000-Е	1615	TEMPORARY MULCHING	120.5 ACR		
0302	6018000000-Е	1620	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	5,900 LB		
0303	6021000000-Е	1620	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEED- ING	30.5 TON		
0304	6024000000-E	1622	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	1,785 LF		
0305	6029000000-Е		SAFETY FENCE	6,200 LF		
0306	603000000-Е		SILT EXCAVATION	68,460 CY		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0307	6036000000-Е	1631	MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	88,320 SY		
0308	6037000000-E	SP	COIR FIBER MAT	350 SY		
0309	6038000000-E	SP	PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	8,750 SY		
0310	6042000000-E	1632	1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	10,290 LF		
0311	6045000000-Е	SP	**" TEMPORARY PIPE (36")	170 LF		
0312	6069000000-E	1638	STILLING BASINS	777 CY		
0313	6071012000-Е		COIR FIBER WATTLE	3,460 LF		
0314	6071014000-Е		COIR FIBER WATTLE BARRIER	192 LF		
0315	6071020000-E	SP	POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)	3,770 LB		
0316	6071030000-E	1640	COIR FIBER BAFFLE	13,370 LF		
0317	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (1-1/2")	9 EA		
0318	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (2")	10 EA		
0319	6071050000-Е	SP	**" SKIMMER (2-1/2")	3 EA		
0320	6071050000-Е	SP	**" SKIMMER (3")	7 EA		
0321	6084000000-E	1660	SEEDING & MULCHING	114 ACR		
0322	6087000000-E	1660	MOWING	102 ACR		
0323	6090000000-E	1661	SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	1,200 LB		
0324	6093000000-Е	1661	FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	4.25 TON		
0325	6096000000-E	1662	SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	2,650 LB		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0326	6108000000-E	1665	FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	79.5 TON		
0327	6111000000-E	SP	IMPERVIOUS DIKE	895		
			ODECIALIZED HAND MOMINO	LF 		
0328	6114500000-N	1667	SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	50 MHR		
0329	6117000000-N	SP	RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	100		
0220		 SP	CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE	EA  20		
0330	6117500000-N	56	CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE	EA		
0331	6120000000-E	SP	CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL	3,016		
	(122000000 F	4070	DEFORESTATION	CY		
0332	6123000000-E	1670	REFORESTATION	0.1 ACR		
0333	6126000000-E	SP	STREAMBANK REFORESTATION	0.5		
				ACR		
0334	7048500000-Е	1705	PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1 SECTION W/COUNTDOWN)	12 EA		
0335	7060000000-E	 1705	SIGNAL CABLE	9,500		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			LF		
0336	7120000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	48 EA		
			, 			
0337	7132000000-Е	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	5 EA		
0338	7144000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	4 EA		
			MODIFY FYOTING VEHICLE GOMA			
0339	7216000000-N	1705	MODIFY EXISTING VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD	4 EA		
0340	7264000000-E	 1710	MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	1,100		
				LF		
0341	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (1, 2")	675 LF		
0342	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (2, 2")	500 LF		
0343	7301000000-E	 1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (********)	325		
•		0	(1, 2")	LF		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0344	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (2, 2")	400 LF		
0345	7324000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	6 EA		
0346	7348000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEA- VY DUTY)	18 EA		
 0347	7360000000-N	1720	WOOD POLE	7 EA		
0348	7372000000-N	1721	GUY ASSEMBLY	16 EA		
0349	7408000000-E	1722	1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	3 EA		
0350	7420000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	6 EA		
0351	7444000000-E		INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	3,500 LF		
0352	7456000000-Е	1726	LEAD-IN CABLE (***********) (14-2)	7,500 LF		
0353	7481000000-N	SP	SITE SURVEY	3 EA		
0354	7481200000-N	SP	LUMINAIRE ARM FOR VIDEO SYSTEM	6 EA		
0355	7481240000-N	SP	CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	5 EA		
0356	7481260000-N	SP	EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO- CESSING UNIT	2 EA		
0357	7481280000-N	SP	RELOCATE CAMERA SENSOR UNIT	3 EA		
0358	7575142000-N	1736	900MHZ SERIAL SPREAD SPECTRUM RADIO	3 EA		
0359	7588000000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM	4 EA		
0360	7590000000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH DUAL MAST ARM	2 EA		
0361	7613000000-N	SP	SOIL TEST	6 EA		
0362	7614100000-E	SP	DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION	36 CY	·	

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0363	7631000000-N	SP	MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE- SIGN	6		
			OION	EA		
0364	7636000000-N	1745	SIGN FOR SIGNALS	34		
				EA		
0365	7642200000-N	1743	TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUND- ATION	15 EA		
0366	7684000000-N	1750	SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION	3		
				EA		
0367	7696000000-N	1751	CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (***********************************)	3		
			(TYPE 2070LX, BASE MOUNTED)	EA		
0368	7744000000-N	 1751	DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170)	20		
				EA		
0369	7901000000-N	1753	CABINET BASE EXTENDER	3		
				EA		
0370	7948000000-N	1757	TRAFFIC SIGNAL REMOVAL	1 EA		
0402	2703000000-Е	654	CONCRETE BARRIER, TYPE ******* (III)	900 LF		
		C	CULVERT ITEMS			
0371	8126000000-N	414	CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (46+07.79 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0372	8126000000-N	414	CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (56+34.85 -L-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0373	8133000000-E	414	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT	1,937 TON		
0374	8196000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)	4,445.8 CY		
	8245000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)	535,871 LB		
0375						
	866000000-E	SP	CONCRETE REPAIRS	1.2 CF		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0378	8678000000-E	SP	EPOXY RESIN INJECTION	420 LF		
		\	NALL ITEMS			
0379	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)	4,730 SF		
0380	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (2)	4,582 SF		
			STRUCTURE ITEMS			
0381	8035000000-N	402	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ************************************	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0382	8065000000-N	SP	ASBESTOS ASSESSMENT	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0383	8091000000-N	410	FOUNDATION EXCAVATION FOR BENT ** AT STATION ************************************	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0384	8112730000-N	450	PDA TESTING	3 EA		
0385	8147000000-E	420	REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB	18,829 SF		
0386	8161000000-E	420	GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS	20,309 SF		
0387	8182000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)	369.1 CY		
0388	8210000000-N	422	BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ***********************(41+39.51 -Y-)	Lump Sum		
0389	8217000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	59,285 LB		
0390	8238000000-E	425	SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	2,381 LB		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0391	8265000000-Е	430	54" PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIR- DERS	1,694 LF		
0392	8328200000-E	450	PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP FOR *** STEEL PILES (HP 12 X 53)	48 EA		
0393	8328200000-E	450	PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP FOR *** STEEL PILES (HP 14 X 73)	36 EA		
0394	8364000000-E	450	HP12X53 STEEL PILES	1,716 LF		
0395	8384000000-E	450	HP14X73 STEEL PILES	2,472 LF		
0396	8391000000-N	450	STEEL PILE POINTS	84 EA		
0397	8503000000-E	460	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	350.6 LF		
0398	8505000000-E	460	VERTICAL CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	410.6 LF		
0399	8531000000-E	462	4" SLOPE PROTECTION	70 SY		
0400	8657000000-N	430	ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0401	8706000000-N	SP	EXPANSION JOINT SEALS	Lump Sum	L.S.	

1627/Apr13/Q3158844.237/D1747689638000/E401

Total Amount Of Bid For Entire Project :

DBE Goal Set: 12.00%

DBE Goal Obtained: 12.62%

# Vendor 1 of 8: APAC - ATLANTIC INC THOMPSON ARTHUR DIVISION (4315)

Call Order 009 (Proposal: C204499)

**Bid Checksum:** 2B41A947AE

Time Total: \$0.00

**Bid Total:** \$46,382,713.04

Items Total: \$46,382,713.04

## **Bid Information**

Proposal County: GUILFORD

Vendor Address: POST OFFICE BOX 21088

GREENSBORO, NC, 274201088

**Signature Check:** Leonard David Conway **Time Bid Received:** April 20, 2021 01:55 PM

**Amendment Count:** 1

**Bidding Errors:** 

None.

NCDOT Page 74 of 137

## Vendor 1 of 8: APAC - ATLANTIC INC THOMPSON ARTHUR DIVISION (4315)

Call Order 009 (Proposal: C204499)

## **Bid Bond Information**

Projects: Bond Maximum:
Counties: State of Incorporation:

**Bond ID:** SNC21426414 **Agency Execution Date:** 04/02/2021 01

Paid by Check: NoSurety Name:Surety2000Bond Percent: 5%Bond Agency Name:Liberty OHIO

NCDOT Page 75 of 137

Letting: L210420 04/20/2021 02:00:00 PM Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

#### DBE Load Information

Letting ID: L210420

Letting Date: 04/20/2021

Call Order: 009

Contract ID: C204499

Project: STATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDED

Bid Total: \$46,382,713.04

DBE Goal: 12.00% (\$5,565,925.56)

Vendor ID: 4315

Vendor Name: APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Division

DBE Entered: 12.62% (\$5,854,643.20)

Vendor ID	DBE Name	Is Supplier?	City/State	Goods/Service Amount
11883	JC CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION LLC	False	P.O. BOX 613 , PINNACLE, NC 27043	SubContractor 878,640.00 committed
15755	GOSALIA CONCRETE CONSTRUCTORS INC.	. False	SUITE 200 WESTSHORE BLVD , TAMPA, FL 33607	SubContractor 195,438.70 committed
12802	NICKELSTON INDUSTRIES INC	False	POST OFFICE BOX 133 , LAWSONVILLE, NC 27022	SubContractor 522,083.75 committed
4761	TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES INC.	,False	POST OFFICE BOX 24511 , WINSTON-SALEM, NC 27114	SubContractor 697,928.75 committed
11321	RLB TRUCKING INC	False	6036 GRIFFIN DR , RAMSEUR, NC 27316	SubContractor 892,648.00 committed
5653	BORDER REBAR LLC	False	1920 SILVER CREEK DRIVE , GASTONIA, NC 28052	SubContractor 133,967.75 committed
4877	ABACHI TRANSPORT INC DBA S& TRUCKING CO	BFalse	4719 MILLPOINT ROAD, GREENSBORO, NC 27406	SubContractor 2,533,936.25 committed

Errors: No Page 2

North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

Letting: L210420 04/20/2021 02:00:00 PM

BondID: SNC21426414

Surety Registry Agency: Surety2000

Verified?: 1

Surety Agency: Liberty OHIO

Bond Execution Date: 04/02/2021 01:00:47 PM

Errors: No Page 19 Check: 2B41A947AE Amendment Count: 1

Contract ID: C204499

Call: 009

Line Number	Item Number	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Extension Price
Section 0001					
	IS - NPAR (CITY OF GREE				
0001	0000100000-N MOBILIZATION	1.000	LS	\$2,000,000.0000	\$2,000,000.00
0002	0000400000-N CONSTRUCTION	1.000 SURVEYING	LS	\$250,000.0000	\$250,000.00
0003	0000700000-N FIELD OFFICE	1.000	LS	\$225,000.0000	\$225,000.00
0004	0001000000-E CLEARING & G	1.000 RUBBING ACRE	-	\$1,150,000.0000	\$1,150,000.00
0005	0008000000-E SUPPLEMENTAR	2.000 Y CLEARING & GR		\$1,041.6800	\$2,083.36
0006	0022000000-E UNCLASSIFIED		CY	\$8.3900	\$1,887,750.00
0007	0029000000-N TYPE III REI			\$130,000.0000 ATION ****** (41+39.51 -Y	\$130,000.00
0008	0036000000-E UNDERCUT EXC		CY	\$5.2100	\$208,400.00
0009	0106000000-E BORROW EXCAV		CY	\$7.9900	\$5,433,200.00
0010	0134000000-E DRAINAGE DIT	13000.000	CY	\$9.3800	\$121,940.00
0011	0141000000-E BERM DITCH C	580.000	LF	\$7.2900	\$4,228.20
0012	0156000000-E			\$6.3300	\$357,645.00
0013	0163000000-E REMOVAL OF E	4200.000 XISTING CONCRETI			\$24,066.00
0014	0192000000-N PROOF ROLLIN		HR	\$187.5000	\$3,750.00
0015	0194000000-E SELECT GRANU	48500.000		\$27.6600 I	\$1,341,510.00
0016	0196000000-E GEOTEXTILE F	44400.000	_	\$2.0300	\$90,132.00
0017	0199000000-E TEMPORARY SH	1730.000 ORING	SF	\$20.1000	\$34,773.00
0018	0223000000-E ROCK PLATING	525.000	SY	\$125.0000	\$65,625.00
0019	0234000000-E GENERIC GRAD			\$4.9500 NG OF DEEP BROWNFIELDS SOI	
0020	0234000000-E GENERIC GRAD	500.000		\$10.4200	\$5,210.00
0021	0245000000-E GENERIC GRAD	10000.000			\$18,200.00
0022	0255000000-E GENERIC GRAD	500.000		\$78.1300 SAL OF CONTA- MINATED SOII	• •
0023	0255000000-E GENERIC GRAD	50.000		\$78.1300 SAL OF PETRO- LEUM CONTAMI	• •

Errors: No Page 2 Letting: L210420 04/20/2021 02:00:00 PM

#### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

04/20/2021 02:00:0	0 PM 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi	Call: 009
0024	0318000000-E 1783.000 TON \$37.2400 FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATE- RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	\$66,398.92
0025	032000000-E 6920.000 SY \$2.4500 FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO- TEXTILE	\$16,954.00
0026	0331000000-E 30.000 CY \$364.5900 GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM ANTI-SEEP COLLAR	\$10,937.70
0027	0342000000-E 440.000 LF \$76.0400 **" SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30")	\$33,457.60
0028	0343000000-E 1876.000 LF \$45.3100 15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	\$85,001.56
0029	0344000000-E 320.000 LF \$51.0400 18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	\$16,332.80
0030	0345000000-E 700.000 LF \$62.0800 24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	\$43,456.00
0031	0348000000-E 20.000 EA \$229.1700 **" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (15")	\$4,583.40
0032	0348000000-E 2.000 EA \$520.8400 **" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (24")	\$1,041.68
0033	0354000000-E 412.000 LF \$380.2100 ***" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS ***** (60", V)	\$156,646.52
0034	0366000000-E 408.000 LF \$45.8300 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$18,698.64
0035	0372000000-E 84.000 LF \$59.3800 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$4,987.92
0036	0378000000-E 124.000 LF \$72.9200 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$9,042.08
0037	0384000000-E 80.000 LF \$93.7500 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$7,500.00
0038	0390000000-E 72.000 LF \$114.5900 36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$8,250.48
0039	0448200000-E 4996.000 LF \$50.0000 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$249,800.00
0040	0448300000-E 716.000 LF \$56.2500 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$40,275.00
0041	0448400000-E 624.000 LF \$69.7900 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$43,548.96
0042	0448500000-E 584.000 LF \$88.5400 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$51,707.36
0043	0448600000-E 160.000 LF \$119.7900 36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$19,166.40
0044	0582000000-E 488.000 LF \$71.2500 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	\$34,770.00
0045	0636000000-E 10.000 EA \$468.7600 **" CS PIPE ELBOWS, *****" THICK (15", 0.064")	\$4,687.60
0046	0973100000-E 248.000 LF \$2,239.6200 **" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (60", 0.84	•
0047	0986000000-E 880.000 LF \$188.5400 GENERIC PIPE ITEM 16" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 250	\$165,915.20
0048	0986000000-E 170.000 LF \$307.3000	\$52,241.00

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#### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 24" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE C	CLASS 200	
0049	0986000000-E 120.000 LF GENERIC PIPE ITEM 30" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE C		\$64,376.40
0050	0986000000-E 134.000 LF GENERIC PIPE ITEM 36" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE C	\$767.7200 CLASS 150	\$102,874.48
0051	0986000000-E 162.000 LF GENERIC PIPE ITEM 42" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE C	\$808.3500 CLASS 150	\$130,952.70
0052	0992000000-E 26.000 EA GENERIC PIPE ITEM BOOTS FOR SEALED DRAINAGE S	·	\$8,125.00
0053	0995000000-E 2790.000 LF PIPE REMOVAL	\$12.5000	\$34,875.00
0054	1011000000-N 1.000 LS FINE GRADING	\$750,000.0000	\$750,000.00
0055	1044000000-E 48000.000 SY  LIME TREATED SOIL (SLURRY METHOD)	\$4.0500	\$194,400.00
0056	1066000000-E 580.000 TON LIME FOR LIME TREATED SOIL	\$200.5000	\$116,290.00
0057	1077000000-E 40.000 TON #57 STONE	\$39.0600	\$1,562.40
0058	1099500000-E 2700.000 CY SHALLOW UNDERCUT	\$9.9000	\$26,730.00
0059	1099700000-E 19600.000 TON CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA- TION	\$30.0000	\$588,000.00
0060	1110000000-E 500.000 TON STABILIZER AGGREGATE	\$40.9000	\$20,450.00
0061	1115000000-E 29135.000 SY  GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STA- BILIZATION	\$3.3300	\$97,019.55
0062	1121000000-E 620.000 TON AGGREGATE BASE COURSE	\$33.8300	\$20,974.60
0063	1176000000-E 48000.000 SY SOIL CEMENT BASE	\$3.8700	\$185,760.00
0064	1187000000-E 1320.000 TON PORTLAND CEMENT FOR SOIL CE- MENT BASE	\$191.7500	\$253,110.00
0065	1209000000-E 14400.000 GAL ASPHALT CURING SEAL	\$2.5000	\$36,000.00
0066	1220000000-E 1500.000 TON INCIDENTAL STONE BASE	\$27.0800	\$40,620.00
0067	1297000000-E 2600.000 SY  MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***"DEPTH (1-1/2")	\$3.5200	\$9,152.00
0068	133000000-E 10000.000 SY INCIDENTAL MILLING	\$5.7200	\$57,200.00
0069	1491000000-E 54000.000 TON ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	\$47.0000	\$2,538,000.00
0070	1503000000-E 27500.000 TON ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.00	\$48.0000	\$1,320,000.00
0071	1519000000-E 1000.000 TON ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B	\$52.0000	\$52,000.00
0072	1523000000-E 29000.000 TON ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C	\$48.0000	\$1,392,000.00

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#### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

04/20/2021 02:00:00 PI	M 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, II	nc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi		Call: 009
0073	1575000000-E 5560.000 ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX		\$450.0000	\$2,502,000.00
0074	1577000000-E 160.000 POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BIT		\$625.0000	\$100,000.00
0075	1662000000-E 2600.000 OPEN-GRADED ASPHALT FRICTION		\$75.0000 MODIFIED	\$195,000.00
0076	1693000000-E 1800.000 ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT		\$156.2500	\$281,250.00
0077	184000000-E 25900.000 MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHA		\$0.5500	\$14,245.00
0078	2022000000-E 84.000 SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	CY	\$26.0400	\$2,187.36
0079	2026000000-E 500.000 GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE		\$8.3300	\$4,165.00
0080	2036000000-E 84.000 SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE	CY	\$62.5000	\$5,250.00
0081	2044000000-E 500.000 6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE		\$12.5000	\$6,250.00
0082	207000000-N 1.000 SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	EA	\$494.8000	\$494.80
0083	2077000000-E 6.000 6" OUTLET PIPE	LF	\$31.2500	\$187.50
0084	2099000000-E 1800.000 SHOULDER DRAIN	LF	\$17.0000	\$30,600.00
0085	2110000000-E 1800.000 4" SHOULDER DRAIN PIPE	LF	\$2.0000	\$3,600.00
0086	2121000000-E 30.000 4" OUTLET PIPE FOR SHOULDER		\$25.0000	\$750.00
0087	214300000-E 10.000 BLOTTING SAND	TON	\$131.9600	\$1,319.60
0088	2209000000-E 7.600 ENDWALLS	СУ	\$1,666.6900	\$12,666.84
0089	225300000-E 3.055 PIPE COLLARS	СУ	\$1,559.9600	\$4,765.68
0090	2275000000-E 9.000 FLOWABLE FILL	СУ	\$312.5000	\$2,812.50
0091	2286000000-N 140.000 MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES		\$1,822.9400	\$255,211.60
0092	2297000000-E 13.732 MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES		\$1,562.3000	\$21,453.50
0093	2308000000-E 76.700 MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	LF	\$208.3400	\$15,979.68
0094	2354000000-N 1.000 FRAME WITH GRATE, STD 840.2		\$729.1800	\$729.18
0095	2364000000-N 17.000 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD		\$572.9200	\$9,739.64
0096	2364200000-N 28.000 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD		\$598.9700	\$16,771.16
0097	236500000-N 44.000	EA	\$911.4700	\$40,104.68

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	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.22	
0098	2366000000-N 1.000 EA \$911.4700 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24	\$911.47
0099	2367000000-N 4.000 EA \$625.0100 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.29	\$2,500.04
0100	2374000000-N 4.000 EA \$781.2600 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	\$3,125.04
0101	2374000000-N 18.000 EA \$807.3000 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	\$14,531.40
0102	2374000000-N 22.000 EA \$807.3000 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	\$17,760.60
0103	2396000000-N 22.000 EA \$598.9700 FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	\$13,177.34
0104	2451000000-N 17.000 EA \$1,927.1100 CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	\$32,760.87
0105	247300000-N 13.000 EA \$3,020.8800 GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM SEALED PRECAST DRAINAGE STRUC-TURE	\$39,271.44
0106	2484000000-E 17.000 LF \$364.5900 GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM SEALED PRECAST DRAINAGE STRUC-TURE	\$6,198.03
0107	2542000000-E 6800.000 LF \$19.0300 1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	\$129,404.00
0108	2549000000-E 8900.000 LF \$24.0600 2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	\$214,134.00
0109	2556000000-E 2800.000 LF \$30.7500 SHOULDER BERM GUTTER	\$86,100.00
0110	2577000000-E 1080.000 LF \$60.0000 CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER	\$64,800.00
0111	2591000000-E 4500.000 SY \$48.0000 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	\$216,000.00
0112	260500000-N 27.000 EA \$2,000.0000 CONCRETE CURB RAMPS	\$54,000.00
0113	2612000000-E 110.000 SY \$70.0000 6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	\$7,700.00
0114	261900000-E 33.000 SY \$100.0000 4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH	\$3,300.00
0115	2627000000-E 130.000 SY \$48.0000 4" CONCRETE ISLAND COVER	\$6,240.00
0116	2655000000-E 2000.000 SY \$60.0000 5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS(KEYED IN)	\$120,000.00
0118	2724000000-E 660.000 LF \$99.6500 PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE BARRIER, SINGLE FACED	\$65,769.00
0119	2766000000-N 1.000 LS \$323,640.5800 GENERIC PAVING ITEM 42" CONCRETE BARRIER WITH MOMENT SLAB	\$323,640.58
0120	2815000000-N 7.000 EA \$1,250.0200 ADJUSTMENT OF DROP INLETS	\$8,750.14
0121	2905000000-N 10.000 EA \$1,927.1100 CONVERT EXISTING DROP INLET TOJUNCTION BOX	\$19,271.10
0122	3001000000-N 4.000 EA \$32,666.7700 IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	\$130,667.08

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#### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

04/20/2021 02:00	0:00 PM 4315 -	APAC-Atlantic, I	nc. Thompson-A	arthur Divisi	Call: 009
0123	3030000000-E STEEL BEAM GUARI		LF	\$18.2500	\$224,475.00
0124	3045000000-E STEEL BEAM GUARI			\$19.4500	\$13,128.75
0125	3150000000-N ADDITIONAL GUAR	10.000 DRAIL POSTS	EA	\$1.0000	\$10.00
0126	3210000000-N GUARDRAIL END UI			\$600.0000	\$5,400.00
0127	3287000000-N GUARDRAIL END UI			\$2,600.0000	\$28,600.00
0128	3317000000-N GUARDRAIL ANCHO	10.000 R UNITS, TYPI		\$1,650.0000	\$16,500.00
0129	3360000000-E REMOVE EXISTING		LF	\$0.9000	\$5,670.00
0130	3380000000-E TEMPORARY STEEL			\$7.0000	\$79,100.00
0131	3389400000-E DOUBLE FACED CA	900.000 BLE GUIDERAII		\$7.0000	\$6,300.00
0132	3389500000-N ADDITIONAL GUID		EA	\$80.0000	\$400.00
0133	3389600000-N CABLE GUIDERAIL	2.000 ANCHOR UNITS		\$2,000.0000	\$4,000.00
0134	3435000000-N GENERIC GUARDRA:			\$3,750.0000 AIL END UNITS,TYPE TL-3	\$7,500.00
0135	3435000000-N GENERIC GUARDRA			\$32,666.7700 ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-	
0136		2.000 IL ITEM TEMPO		\$500.0000 AIL END UNITS,TYPE CAT-1	\$1,000.00
0137	3503000000-E WOVEN WIRE FENCE			\$2.8000	\$43,400.00
0138	3509000000-E 4" TIMBER FENCE	1000.000 POSTS, 7'-6'		\$17.0000	\$17,000.00
0139	3515000000-E 5" TIMBER FENCE	220.000 POSTS, 8'-0'		\$28.0000	\$6,160.00
0140	3565000000-E DOUBLE GATES, *:	2.000 *" HIGH, **'		\$1,100.0000 OPENING (47", 7'-6", 15')	\$2,200.00
0141	3628000000-E RIP RAP, CLASS	500.000	TON	\$50.0000	\$25,000.00
0142	3635000000-E RIP RAP, CLASS	650.000 II	TON	\$57.2900	\$37,238.50
0143	3642000000-E RIP RAP, CLASS A	10.000	TON	\$62.5000	\$625.00
0144	3649000000-E RIP RAP, CLASS I	2600.000	TON	\$46.8800	\$121,888.00
0145	3651000000-E BOULDERS	100.000	TON	\$156.2500	\$15,625.00
0146	3656000000-E GEOTEXTILE FOR 1	10700.000 DRAINAGE	SY	\$2.3400	\$25,038.00
0147	3659000000-N	4.000	EA	\$3,125.0500	\$12,500.20

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0148	4048000000-E 3.000 CY \$500.0000	\$1,500.00
0110	REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN-DATIONS	71,300.00
0149	4054000000-E 1.000 CY \$100.0000	\$100.00
	PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- TIONS	
0150	4057000000-E 120.000 CY \$650.0000	\$78,000.00
	OVERHEAD FOOTING	
0151	4060000000-E 2665.000 LB \$5.7500	\$15,323.75
	SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM	
0152	4072000000-E 1730.000 LF \$5.0000	\$8,650.00
	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	
0153	4078000000-E 4.000 EA \$55.0000	\$220.00
	SUPPORTS, 2-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	
0154	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$105,000.0000	•
	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ***** (33+50.00 -Y-)	
0155	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$57,500.0000	\$57,500.00
	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ***** (40+24.00 -Y-)	
0156	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$47,500.0000	\$47,500.00
-	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ***** (42+44.00 -Y-)	
0157	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$91,000.0000	\$91,000.00
	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ***** (46+80.00 -Y-)	
0158	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$55,500.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (47+08.00 -L-)	\$55,500.00
0150		<u> </u>
0159	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$75,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (78+18.00 -L-)	\$75,000.00
0160	4102000000-N 119.000 EA \$65.0000	\$7,735.00
0100	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	۶/,/33.00
0161	4108000000-N 4.000 EA \$65.0000	\$260.00
0101	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	Ψ2.00 <b>.</b> 00
0162	4109000000-N 10.000 EA \$1.0000	\$10.00
0102	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER-HEAD) (A)	710.00
0163	4109000000-N 4.000 EA \$1.0000	\$4.00
0100	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER-HEAD) (B)	+ 1 <b>.</b> 0 0
0164	4110000000-N 6.000 EA \$750.0000	\$4,500.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)	. ,
0165	4110000000-N 3.000 EA \$350.0000	\$1,050.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (B)	
0166	4114000000-N 4.000 EA \$50.0000	\$200.00
	SIGN ERECTION, MILEMARKERS	
0167	4152000000-N 10.000 EA \$500.0000	\$5,000.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, STEELBEAM	
0168	4155000000-N 87.000 EA \$2.0000	\$174.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL	
0169	4234000000-N 1.000 EA \$250.0000	\$250.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN, A OR B (OVERHEAD)	
0170	440000000-E 1312.000 SF \$5.0000	\$6,560.00
	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	
0171	4405000000-E 816.000 SF \$8.8100	\$7,188.96

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#### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

04/20/2021 02:00:00	PM 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Ir	nc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi		Call: 009
0172	4410000000-E 160.000 WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE		\$5.0000	\$800.00
0173	4415000000-N 4.000 FLASHING ARROW BOARD	EA	\$4,700.0000	\$18,800.00
0174	4420000000-N 4.000 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE	EA SIGN	\$7,500.0000	\$30,000.00
0175	4422000000-N 150.000 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE		\$45.0000	\$6,750.00
0176	443000000-N 390.000 DRUMS	EA	\$65.0000	\$25,350.00
0177	4434000000-N 24.000 SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING		\$106.7500	\$2,562.00
0178	4435000000-N 215.000 CONES	EA	\$50.0000	\$10,750.00
0179	4445000000-E 632.000 BARRICADES (TYPE III)	LF	\$18.5000	\$11,692.00
0180	4447000000-E 16.000 PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZING DE-	<del></del>	\$100.0000	\$1,600.00
0181	4455000000-N 1010.000 FLAGGER	DAY	\$300.0000	\$303,000.00
0182	4465000000-N 8.000 TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	EA	\$4,800.0000	\$38,400.00
0183	4470000000-N 19.000 REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRA		\$2,750.0000	\$52,250.00
0184	448000000-N 4.000 TMA	EA	\$8,000.0000	\$32,000.00
0185	4485000000-E 16160.000 PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	LF	\$32.6500	\$527,624.00
0186	4500000000-E 29140.000 REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE CO		\$4.5000	\$131,130.00
0187	4510000000-N 216.000 LAW ENFORCEMENT	HR	\$60.0000	\$12,960.00
0188	4516000000-N 136.000 SKINNY DRUM	EA	\$65.0000	\$8,840.00
0189	4600000000-N 2.000 GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM		\$125.0000 ES	\$250.00
0190	4600000000-N 50.000 GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM		\$150.0000 SERVICE (PER TH	\$7,500.00 RIP)
0191	4650000000-N 1796.000 TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT		\$6.0000	\$10,776.00
0192	4685000000-E 22275.000 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKI		\$1.1500	\$25,616.25
0193	4688000000-E 48056.000 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKI	LF	\$1.3500	\$64,875.60
0194	4695000000-E 4394.000 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKI	LF	\$2.5000	\$10,985.00
0195	4700000000-E 4723.000 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKI	LF	\$2.5000	\$11,807.50
0196	4720000000-E 32.000	·	\$115.0000	\$3,680.00

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THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGCHARACTER (90 MILS) 4725000000-E 139.000 EA 0197 \$165.0000 \$22,935.00 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGSYMBOL (90 MILS) 0198 4726110000-E 24.000 EA \$380.0000 \$9,120.00 HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL 4770000000-E \$2.5000 \$2,477.50 0199 991.000 LF COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE \*\* (4") (II) 0200 4770000000-E 411.000 LF \$2.0000 \$822.00 COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE \*\* (4") (IV) 0201 4780000000-E 103.000 LF \$4.0000 \$412.00 COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE \*\* (8") (II) 0202 4780000000-E \$357.00 102.000 LF \$3.5000 COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE \*\* (8") (IV) 0203 480000000-N 24.000 EA \$120.0000 \$2,880.00 COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER, TYPE \*\* (II) 4800000000-N 0204 24.000 EA \$115.0000 \$2,760.00 COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER, TYPE \*\* (IV) 0205 4805000000-N 3.000 EA \$250.0000 \$750.00 COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL, TYPE \*\* (II) 0206 4805000000-N 3.000 EA \$230.0000 \$690.00 COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL, TYPE \*\* (IV) 0207 4810000000-E 92930.000 LF \$0.1500 \$13,939.50 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")0208 4815000000-E 220592.000 \$0.2000 \$44,118.40 (6") PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES 0209 4820000000-E 10124.000 \$1.0000 \$10,124.00 (8") PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES 0210 4825000000-E \$1.2500 \$31,508.75 25207.000 LF PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")0211 4835000000-E \$3.0000 \$5,898.00 1966.000 LF PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")0212 4840000000-N 88.000 EA \$35.0000 \$3,080.00 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC-TER 0213 4845000000-N 338.000 EA \$35.0000 \$11,830.00 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL 0214 4850000000-E 11907.000 LF \$0.2500 \$2,976.75 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4") 0215 4855000000-E 36291.000 \$0.4500 \$16,330.95 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6") 0216 4860000000-E 393.000 \$1.0000 \$393.00 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8") 0217 4865000000-E 7500.000 LF \$1.0000 \$7,500.00 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12") 0218 4870000000-E 60.000 \$3.0000 \$180.00 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24") 0219 4875000000-N 58.000 \$35.0000 \$2,030.00 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS 0220 4891000000-E 967.000 LF \$12.0000 \$11,604.00 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM (24",

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Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

	MILS)	
0221	4895000000-N 940.000 EA \$35.0000  GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT	
0222	490000000-N 27.000 EA \$10.0000 PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	\$270.00
0223	5015000000-E 4.000 EA \$30,000.0000 120' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD	\$120,000.00
0224	502000000-N 1.000 EA \$4,750.0000 PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT	\$4,750.00
0225	5050000000-N 15.000 EA \$3,800.0000 LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT ************* (45' SA, 15' ARM)	\$57,000.00
0226	5050000000-N 3.000 EA \$4,250.0000 LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT ************* (45' TA, 15' ARM)	\$12,750.00
0227	507000000-N 16.000 EA \$825.0000 STANDARD FOUNDATION ********* (R1)	\$13,200.00
0228	507000000-N 2.000 EA \$950.0000 STANDARD FOUNDATION ********* (R2)	\$1,900.00
0229	5120000000-N 1.000 EA \$725.0000 ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE ************************************	\$725.00
0230	5125000000-E 25.000 LF \$35.0000 ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL ************************************	\$875.00
0231	5155000000-E 450.000 LF \$10.0000 ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE ***** (2")	\$4,500.00
0232	5160000000-E 495.000 LF \$18.0000 ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE ***** (3")	\$8,910.00
0233	5160000000-E 310.000 LF \$20.0000 ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE ***** (4")	\$6,200.00
0234	5170000000-E 475.000 LF \$4.4000 ** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	\$2,090.00
0235	5180000000-E 945.000 LF \$7.5000 ** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	\$7,087.50
0236	5205000000-E 7725.000 LF \$7.7500 ** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN *****" CONDUIT (2, 1.5")	\$59,868.75
0237	5215000000-E 4430.000 LF \$9.7500 ** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN *****" CONDUIT (2, 1.5")	\$43,192.50
0238	524000000-N 1.000 EA \$1,500.0000 ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ************************************	\$1,500.00
0239	524000000-N 4.000 EA \$600.0000 ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ********* (HM18)	\$2,400.00
0240	524000000-N 17.000 EA \$600.0000 ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ********* (IG18)	\$10,200.00
0241	524000000-N 1.000 EA \$950.0000 ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ********* (IG30)	\$950.00
0242	524000000-N 4.000 EA \$1,500.0000 ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ************************************	\$6,000.00
0243	524000000-N 18.000 EA \$700.0000 ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ********* (LS18)	\$12,600.00
0244	5252000000-N 8.000 EA \$780.0000 UNDERPASS LUMINARIES ******** (WM)	\$6,240.00

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#### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

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04/20/2021 02:00:00	PM 4315 - AP	AC-Atlantic, li	nc. Thompson-Arthur D	IVISI	Call: 009
0245	5253000000-N UNDERPASS CIRCUITE	1.000 RY AT ****		\$6,500.0000	\$6,500.00
0246	5253000000-N UNDERPASS CIRCUITE	1.000 RY AT ****		\$6,500.0000	\$6,500.00
0247	5255000000-N PORTABLE LIGHTING	1.000	LS	\$54,510.1600	\$54,510.16
0248	5270000000-N GENERIC LIGHTING	32.000 TEM 120' I		\$1,800.0000 IRE - LED	\$57,600.00
0249	5270000000-N GENERIC LIGHTING			\$5,685.0000	\$5,685.00
0250	5270000000-N GENERIC LIGHTING 1	53.000 TEM CONTRO		\$175.0000	\$9,275.00
0251	5270000000-N GENERIC LIGHTING 1	1.000 TEM LIGHT		\$10,000.0000 T, TYPE RW, 240/480V	\$10,000.00
0252	5270000000-N GENERIC LIGHTING 1	21.000 TEM ROADW		\$875.0000 LUMIN- AIRE - 185W LE	\$18,375.00 D
0253	5325600000-E 6" WATER LINE	60.000	LF	\$104.1700	\$6,250.20
0254	5325800000-E 8" WATER LINE	146.000	LF	\$68.7500	\$10,037.50
0255	5326200000-E 12" WATER LINE	199.000	LF	\$111.4600	\$22,180.54
0256	5327000000-E 20" WATER LINE	2012.000	LF	\$214.5900	\$431,755.08
0257	5328000000-E 30" WATER LINE	55.000	LF	\$432.3000	\$23,776.50
0258	5329000000-E DUCTILE IRON WATER	28120.000 R PIPE		\$9.1100	\$256,173.20
0259	5540000000-E 6" VALVE	2.000	EA	\$1,562.5300	\$3,125.06
0260	5546000000-E 8" VALVE	3.000	EA	\$2,031.2800	\$6,093.84
0261	5558000000-E 12" VALVE	1.000	EA	\$3,541.7200	\$3,541.72
0262	5559000000-E 20" VALVE	5.000	EA	\$20,828.4300	\$104,142.15
0263	5589200000-E 2" AIR RELEASE VAI	1.000 LVE	EA	\$27,708.7300	\$27,708.73
0264	5600000000-E **" BLOW OFF (1-1)	1.000	EA	\$3,125.0500	\$3,125.05
0265	5648000000-N RELOCATE WATER MET	2.000 TER	EA	\$4,687.5700	\$9,375.14
0266	5666000000-N FIRE HYDRANT	5.000	EA	\$4,531.3200	\$22,656.60
0267	5672000000-N RELOCATE FIRE HYDE	1.000 RANT	EA	\$5,208.4100	\$5,208.41
0268	5673000000-E FIRE HYDRANT LEG	128.000	LF	\$62.5000	\$8,000.00
0269	5679400000-E	4.000	EA	\$20,312.8000	\$81,251.20

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			20" LINE STOP	
\$1,458.24	\$52.0800	LF	5686500000-E 28.000 WATER SERVICE LINE	0270
\$933,646.56	\$505.2200		5691000000-E 1848.000 **" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER (	0271
\$75,724.74	\$161.4600	LF	5691300000-E 469.000 8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	0272
\$7,291.78	\$3,645.8900	EA	5768000000-N 2.000 SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT	0273
\$3,125.00	\$62.5000	LF	5768500000-E 50.000 SEWER SERVICE LINE	0274
\$10,875.00	\$12.5000		5769000000-E 870.000 DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE	0275
\$6,041.76	\$3,020.8800	EA	5775000000-E 2.000 4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	0276
\$12,422.04	\$4,140.6800	EA	5776000000-E 3.000 5' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	0277
\$1,875.04	\$234.3800	LF	5781000000-E 8.000 UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA	0278
\$2,031.30	\$338.5500	LF	5782000000-E 6.000 UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 5' DIA	0279
\$1,125.36	\$5.2100	LF	5801000000-E 216.000 ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE	0280
\$1,932.56	\$8.3300	LF	5802000000-E 232.000 ABANDON 10" UTILITY PIPE	0281
\$4,925.00	\$12.5000	LF	5804000000-E 394.000 ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	0282
\$21,972.06	\$14.5800	LF	5810000000-E 1507.000 ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPE	0283
\$39,834.96	\$22.9200	LF	5812000000-E 1738.000 ABANDON 20" UTILITY PIPE	0284
\$43,981.56	\$26.0400	LF	5814000000-E 1689.000 ABANDON 30" UTILITY PIPE	0285
\$3,645.90	\$729.1800	EA	5815500000-N 5.000 REMOVE FIRE HYDRANT	0286
\$6,250.08	\$1,041.6800	EA	5816000000-N 6.000 ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE	0287
\$1,189,520.80	\$1,143.7700	LF	5835000000-E 1040.000 **" ENCASEMENT PIPE (60")	0288
\$45,335.60	\$133.3400	LF	5835800000-E 340.000 18" ENCASEMENT PIPE	0289
\$114,584.00	\$286.4600	LF	5836400000-E 400.000 36" ENCASEMENT PIPE	0290
\$181,642.50	\$807.3000	LF	5872500000-E 225.000 BORE AND JACK OF **" (36")	0291
\$1,270,226.20	\$1,895.8600	LF	5872700000-E 670.000 TUNNELING OF **" (60")	0292
\$270,003.87	\$30,000.4300 UTILI- TY MANHOLE		5882000000-N 9.000  GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 6' DIA	0293

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### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

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0294	5882000000-N 1.000 GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 8" PRES		\$35,417.1800 7' DIA MANHOLE	\$35,417.18
0295	5882000000-N 6.000 GENERIC UTILITY ITEM CONCRET		\$1,770.8600 COLLARS	\$10,625.16
0296	5888000000-E 92.000 GENERIC UTILITY ITEM POLYMER		\$416.6700 N- HOLE WALL, 6' DI	
0297	600000000-E 40870.000 TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	LF	\$2.0500	\$83,783.50
0298	6006000000-E 2240.000 STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL,		\$43.7500	\$98,000.00
0299	6009000000-E 15485.000 STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL,		\$43.7500	\$677,468.75
0300	6012000000-E 7325.000 SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	TON	\$39.5800	\$289,923.50
0301	6015000000-E 120.500 TEMPORARY MULCHING	ACR	\$900.0000	\$108,450.00
0302	6018000000-E 5900.000 SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	LB	\$3.0000	\$17,700.00
0303	6021000000-E 30.500 FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEE		\$500.0000	\$15,250.00
0304	6024000000-E 1785.000 TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	LF	\$18.7500	\$33,468.75
0305	6029000000-E 6200.000 SAFETY FENCE	LF	\$2.5000	\$15,500.00
0306	6030000000-E 68460.000 SILT EXCAVATION	CY	\$5.9900	\$410,075.40
0307	6036000000-E 88320.000 MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	SY	\$1.1500	\$101,568.00
0308	6037000000-E 350.000 COIR FIBER MAT	SY	\$8.0000	\$2,800.00
0309	6038000000-E 8750.000 PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT		\$4.0000	\$35,000.00
0310	6042000000-E 10290.000 1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	LF	\$3.6500	\$37,558.50
0311	6045000000-E 170.000 **" TEMPORARY PIPE (36")	LF	\$95.0000	\$16,150.00
0312	6069000000-E 777.000 STILLING BASINS	CY	\$8.0000	\$6,216.00
0313	6071012000-E 3460.000 COIR FIBER WATTLE	LF	\$8.0700	\$27,922.20
0314	6071014000-E 192.000 COIR FIBER WATTLE BARRIER	LF	\$8.3300	\$1,599.36
0315	6071020000-E 3770.000 POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)	LB	\$8.3300	\$31,404.10
0316	6071030000-E 13370.000 COIR FIBER BAFFLE	LF	\$4.0000	\$53,480.00
0317	6071050000-E 9.000 **" SKIMMER (1-1/2")	EA	\$1,250.0200	\$11,250.18
0318	6071050000-E 10.000	EA	\$1,458.3500	\$14,583.50

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### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

\*\*" SKIMMER (2") 0319 6071050000-E 3.000 EA \$1,770.8600 \$5,312.58 \*\*" SKIMMER (2-1/2") 0320 6071050000-E 7.000 EA \$1,875.0300 \$13,125.21 \*\*" SKIMMER (3") 0321 6084000000-E \$1,900.0000 \$216,600.00 114.000 ACR SEEDING & MULCHING 0322 6087000000-E 102.000 ACR \$125.0000 \$12,750.00 MOWING 0323 6090000000-E 1200.000 LB \$11.0000 \$13,200.00 SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING 0324 6093000000-E 4.250 TON \$700.0000 \$2,975.00 FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING \$4.0000 0325 6096000000-E 2650.000 LB \$10,600.00 SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING 6108000000-E 0326 79.500 TON \$700.0000 \$55,650.00 FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING 0327 6111000000-E 895.000 LF \$25.0000 \$22,375.00 IMPERVIOUS DIKE 0328 6114500000-N 50.000 MHR \$150.0000 \$7,500.00 SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING 0329 6117000000-N 100.000 EA \$100.0000 \$10,000.00 RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL 0330 6117500000-N 20.000 \$442.4300 \$8,848.60 CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE 0331 6120000000-E 3016.000 CY \$15.0000 \$45,240.00 CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL 0332 6123000000-E \$15,000.0000 \$1,500.00 0.100 ACR REFORESTATION 0333 6126000000-E 0.500 ACR \$7,000.0000 \$3,500.00 STREAMBANK REFORESTATION 0334 7048500000-E 12.000 EA \$1,050.0000 \$12,600.00 PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1SECTION W/COUNTDOWN) 0335 7060000000-E 9500.000 LF \$28,500.00 \$3.0000 SIGNAL CABLE 7120000000-E 0336 48.000 EΑ \$795.0000 \$38,160.00 VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION) 0337 7132000000-E 5.000 EΑ \$1,050.0000 \$5,250.00 VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION) \$1,375.0000 0338 7144000000-E 4.000 \$5,500.00 VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION) 0339 7216000000-N 4.000 EA \$330.0000 \$1,320.00 MODIFY EXISTING VEHICLE SIGNALHEAD 0340 7264000000-E 1100.000 LF \$5.2500 \$5,775.00 MESSENGER CABLE (3/8") 0341 7300000000-E 675.000 LF \$10.0000 \$6,750.00 UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) (1, 2") \$6,500.00 0342 7300000000-E 500.000 LF \$13.0000 UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) (2, 2")

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0343	7301000000-E 325.000 LF DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (1, 2")	\$20.2500	\$6,581.25
0344	7301000000-E 400.000 LF DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (2, 2")	\$22.0000	\$8,800.00
0345	7324000000-N 6.000 EA JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	\$375.0000	\$2,250.00
0346	7348000000-N 18.000 EA JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEA-VY DUTY)	\$1,180.0000	\$21,240.00
0347	736000000-N 7.000 EA WOOD POLE	\$1,100.0000	\$7,700.00
0348	7372000000-N 16.000 EA GUY ASSEMBLY	\$400.0000	\$6,400.00
0349	7408000000-E 3.000 EA 1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	\$375.0000	\$1,125.00
0350	7420000000-E 6.000 EA 2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	\$500.0000	\$3,000.00
0351	7444000000-E 3500.000 LF INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	\$11.0000	\$38,500.00
0352	7456000000-E 7500.000 LF LEAD-IN CABLE (************************************	\$1.5000	\$11,250.00
0353	7481000000-N 3.000 EA SITE SURVEY	\$820.0000	\$2,460.00
0354	7481200000-N 6.000 EA LUMINAIRE ARM FOR VIDEO SYSTEM	\$860.0000	\$5,160.00
0355	7481240000-N 5.000 EA CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING	\$5,000.0000 G UNIT	\$25,000.00
0356	7481260000-N 2.000 EA EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO- CESSING UNIT	\$6,000.0000	\$12,000.00

3.000 EA

3.000 EA

4.000 EA

2.000 EA

6.000 EA

36.000 CY

6.000 EA

34.000 EA

15.000 EA

3.000 EA

ARM

RELOCATE CAMERA SENSOR UNIT

METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST

METAL POLE WITH DUAL MAST ARM

MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE- SIGN

TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUND- ATION

DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION

SIGN FOR SIGNALS

900MHZ SERIAL SPREAD SPECTRUM RADIO

0357

0358

0359

0360

0361

0362

0363

0364

0365

0366

0367

7481280000-N

7575142000-N

7588000000-N

7590000000-N

7613000000-N

7614100000-E

7631000000-N

7636000000-N

7642200000-N

7684000000-N

7696000000-N

SOIL TEST

SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION \$14,500.0000 \$43,500.00 3.000 EA Check: 2B41A947AE Errors: No Page 16 Amendment Count: 1

\$550.0000

\$5,750.0000

\$17,300.0000

\$34,250.0000

\$850.0000

\$865.0000

\$65.0000

\$375.0000

\$1,925.0000

\$1,175.0000

\$1,650.00

\$17,250.00

\$69,200.00

\$68,500.00

\$5,100.00

\$31,140.00

\$12,750.00

\$28,875.00

\$3,525.00

\$390.00

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### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

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	CONTROLLERS W	ITH CABINET	(*************************************	YPE 2070LX, BASE
0368	7744000000-N DETECTOR CARD	20.000 EA (TYPE 170)	\$135.0000	\$2,700.00
0369	7901000000-N CABINET BASE I	3.000 EA	\$450.0000	\$1,350.00
0370	7948000000-N TRAFFIC SIGNA	1.000 EA L REMOVAL	\$3,000.0000	\$3,000.00
0402	2703000000-E CONCRETE BARR	900.000 LF IER, TYPE ****** (	\$91.0000 III)	\$81,900.00
Section 0001 Total	al			\$40,242,976.85
Section 0002 CULVERT ITEM				
0371	8126000000-N CULVERT EXCAV	1.000 LS ATION, STA ***** (	\$75,000.0000 46+07.79 -Y-)	\$75,000.00
0372	8126000000-N CULVERT EXCAV	1.000 LS ATION, STA ***** (	\$130,000.0000 56+34.85 -L-)	\$130,000.00
0373	8133000000-E FOUNDATION CO	1937.000 TON NDITIONING MATER-IA	\$55.0000 L, BOX CULVERT	\$106,535.00
0374	8196000000-E CLASS A CONCRI	4445.800 CY ETE (CULVERT)	\$335.0000	\$1,489,343.00
0375	8245000000-E REINFORCING S	535871.000 LB FEEL (CULVERT)	\$1.5000	\$803,806.50
0376	8660000000-E CONCRETE REPA	1.200 CF IRS	\$1,660.0000	\$1,992.00
0377	8664000000-E SHOTCRETE REPA		\$660.0000	\$7,590.00
0378	8678000000-E EPOXY RESIN II	420.000 LF NJECTION	\$95.0000	\$39,900.00
Section 0002 Total	al			\$2,654,166.50
Section 0003 WALL ITEMS				
0379	8801000000-E MSE RETAINING	4730.000 SF WALL NO **** (1)	\$72.6500	\$343,634.50
0380	8801000000-E MSE RETAINING	4582.000 SF WALL NO **** (2)	\$72.4200	\$331,828.44
Section 0003 Total	al			\$675,462.94
Section 0004 STRUCTURE ITEM				
0381	8035000000-N REMOVAL OF EX	1.000 LS	\$155,938.0200 STATION *********** (41+39.51	\$155,938.02
0382	8065000000-N	1.000 LS	\$5,000.0000	\$5,000.00

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ASBESTOS	ASSESSMENT

	ASBESTOS ASSESSMENT		
0383	8091000000-N 1.000 LS FOUNDATION EXCAVATION FOR BENT** AT	\$53,490.2100 STATION ************************************	•
0384	8112730000-N 3.000 EA PDA TESTING	\$2,500.0000	\$7,500.00
0385	8147000000-E 18829.000 SF REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB	\$43.2100	\$813,601.09
0386	8161000000-E 20309.000 SF GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS	\$1.0000	\$20,309.00
0387	8182000000-E 369.100 CY CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)	\$969.8000	\$357,953.18
0388	8210000000-N 1.000 LS BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION*****	\$179,585.7200 ****** (41+39.51 -Y-)	\$179,585.72
0389	8217000000-E 59285.000 LB REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	\$1.2800	\$75,884.80
0390	8238000000-E 2381.000 LB SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL	\$2.3200 (BRIDGE)	\$5 <b>,</b> 523.92
0391	8265000000-E 1694.000 LF 54" PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIR- DERS	\$307.5600	\$521,006.64
0392	8328200000-E 48.000 EA PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP (HP 12	\$514.5900 X 53)	\$24,700.32
0393	8328200000-E 36.000 EA PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP (HP 14	\$514.5900 X 73)	\$18,525.24
0394	8364000000-E 1716.000 LF HP12X53 STEEL PILES	\$52.6700	\$90,381.72
0395	8384000000-E 2472.000 LF HP14X73 STEEL PILES	\$63.0800	\$155,933.76
0396	8391000000-N 84.000 EA STEEL PILE POINTS	\$206.2500	\$17,325.00
0397	8503000000-E 350.600 LF CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	\$118.9600	\$41,707.38
0398	8505000000-E 410.600 LF VERTICAL CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	\$100.5600	\$41,289.94
0399	8531000000-E 70.000 SY 4" SLOPE PROTECTION	\$97.9200	\$6,854.40
0400	8657000000-N 1.000 LS ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS	\$51,042.0400	\$51,042.04
0401	8706000000-N 1.000 LS EXPANSION JOINT SEALS	\$166,554.3700	\$166,554.37
Section 0004	Total		\$2,810,106.75
Item Total			\$46,382,713.04

#### Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

#### ELECTRONIC BID SUBMISSION

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the prequalified bidder has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. §133-24 within the last three years, and that the prequalified bidder intends to do the work with his own bonafide employees or subcontractors and will not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this non-collusion, debarment and gift ban certification, the Contractor is attesting his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. §133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION OF PREQUALIFIED BIDDER

Conditions for certification:

- 1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation that is file with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
- 2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier

covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.

- 3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
- 4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal- Aid Provision titled Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
- 5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
- 6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or

North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;

- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

#### **EXPLANATION:**

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### Award Limits on Multiple Projects

By answering YES to this statement, the bidder acknowleges that they are using the award limits on multiple projects? Yes  $\bigcirc$  No  $\odot$ 

A bidder who desires to bid on more than one project on which bids are to be opened on the same date, and who also desires to avoid receiving an award of more projects than he is equipped to handle, may bid on any number of projects but may limit the total amount of work awarded to him on selected projects by completing the AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS.

The Award Limits on Multiple Projects must be filled in on each project bid for which the Bidder desires protection.

It is the desire of the Bidder to be awarded contracts, the value of which

will not exceed a total of for those

projects indicated herein, for which bids will be opened on (MM/DD/YY)

The Award Limits shall apply to the following projects:

Contract Number County

It is agreed that if I am (we are) the low Bidder(s) on indicated projects, the total value of which is more than the above stipulated award limits, the Board of Transportation will award me (us) projects from among those indicated

North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

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that have a total value not to exceed the award limit and will result in the lowest total bids to the Department of Transportation.

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## DBE List Summary

Project: STATE FUNDED Bidder ID: 4315

Bid Total: 46,382,713.04 Business Name: APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-

Arthur Division

Goal: 12.00% (5,565,925.56)

Total Entered: 12.62% (5,854,643.20)

ID	Name	Is Supplier?	Item Count	Amount I	s Complete?
11883	JC CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION LLC	False	11	878,640.00	True
15755	GOSALIA CONCRETE CONSTRUCTORS INC.	False	4	195,438.70	True
12802	NICKELSTON INDUSTRIES INC	False	15	522,083.75	True
4761	TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES, INC.	False	26	697,928.75	True
11321	RLB TRUCKING INC	False	9	892,648.00	True
5653	BORDER REBAR LLC	False	1	133,967.75	True
4877	ABACHI TRANSPORT INC DBA S&E TRUCKING CO	3 False	3	2,533,936.25	True

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Name: JC CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION LLC ID: 11883

Address: P.O. BOX 613 , PINNACLE, NC 27043

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$878,640.00

#### Items for JC CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION LLC

0001 ROADWAY I	TEMS - NPAR (CITY OF GREEN	NSBORO)			
0001	0000100000-N MOBILIZATION	1.000	LS	\$10,000.0000	\$10,000.00
0107	2542000000-E 1'-6" CONCRET	6800.000 E CURB & GUTTER		\$18.0000	\$122,400.00
0108	2549000000-E 2'-6" CONCRET	8900.000 E CURB & GUTTER		\$22.0000	\$195,800.00
0109	2556000000-E SHOULDER BERM		LF	\$28.0000	\$78,400.00
0110	2577000000-E CONCRETE EXPR		LF	\$60.0000	\$64,800.00
0111	2591000000-E 4" CONCRETE S	4500.000 IDEWALK	SY	\$48.0000	\$216,000.00
0112	2605000000-N CONCRETE CURB	27.000 RAMPS	EA	\$2,000.0000	\$54,000.00
0113	2612000000-E 6" CONCRETE D	110.000 RIVEWAY	SY	\$70.0000	\$7,700.00
0114	2619000000-E 4" CONCRETE P	33.000 AVED DITCH	SY	\$100.0000	\$3,300.00
0115	2627000000-E 4" CONCRETE I	130.000 SLAND COVER	SY	\$48.0000	\$6,240.00
0116	2655000000-E 5" MONOLITHIC	2000.000 CONCRETE ISLAN		\$60.0000	\$120,000.00
Section 0001	l Total				\$878,640.00
					\$878,640.00

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Name: GOSALIA CONCRETE CONSTRUCTORS INC. ID: 15755

Address: SUITE 200 WESTSHORE BLVD , TAMPA, FL 33607

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$195,438.70

#### Items for GOSALIA CONCRETE CONSTRUCTORS INC.

	ITEMS - NPAR (CITY OF GREE)			
0119	2766000000-N	1.000 LS	\$60,970.0000	\$60,970.00
		NG ITEM 42" CONCRETE BARRIER	WITH MOMENT SLAB	
Note: Slip	form 42" Concrete Barrier	on Moment Slab		
0402	2703000000-E	900.000 LF	\$91.0000	\$81,900.00
	CONCRETE BARR	RIER, TYPE ****** (III)		
Section 000	)1 Total			\$142,870.00
0004				
0004 STRUCTUF	RE ITEMS 8503000000-E	350.600 LF	\$78.5000	\$27,522.10
STRUCTUR			\$78.5000	\$27,522.10
STRUCTUF	850300000-E		\$78.5000 \$61.0000	\$27,522.10
STRUCTUF	8503000000-E CONCRETE BARF 8505000000-E	RIER RAIL	· 	. ,
STRUCTUF	8503000000-E CONCRETE BARF 8505000000-E VERTICAL CONC	RIER RAIL 410.600 LF	· 	. ,
STRUCTUR 0397 0398	8503000000-E CONCRETE BARF 8505000000-E VERTICAL CONC	RIER RAIL 410.600 LF	· 	\$25,046.60

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Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

Name: NICKELSTON INDUSTRIES INC ID: 12802

Address: POST OFFICE BOX 133 , LAWSONVILLE, NC 27022

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$522,083.75

#### Items for NICKELSTON INDUSTRIES INC

0001 ROADWAY IT	TEMS - NPAR (CITY OF GREENSBORO)	
0122	3001000000-N 4.000 EA \$26,000.0000  IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	\$104,000.00
0123	303000000-E 12300.000 LF \$18.2500 STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	\$224,475.00
0124	3045000000-E 675.000 LF \$19.4500 STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	\$13,128.75
0125	315000000-N 10.000 EA \$1.0000 ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	\$10.00
0126	3210000000-N 9.000 EA \$600.0000 GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	\$5,400.00
0127	3287000000-N 11.000 EA \$2,600.0000 GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	\$28,600.00
0128	3317000000-N 10.000 EA \$1,650.0000 GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	\$16,500.00
0129	336000000-E 6300.000 LF \$0.9000 REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	\$5,670.00
0130	338000000-E 11300.000 LF \$7.0000 TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	\$79,100.00
0131	3389400000-E 900.000 LF \$7.0000 DOUBLE FACED CABLE GUIDERAIL	\$6,300.00
0132	3389500000-N 5.000 EA \$80.0000 ADDITIONAL GUIDERAIL POSTS	\$400.00
0133	3389600000-N 2.000 EA \$2,000.0000 CABLE GUIDERAIL ANCHOR UNITS	\$4,000.00
0134	3435000000-N 2.000 EA \$3,750.0000 GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS,TYPE TL-3	
0135	3435000000-N 1.000 EA \$26,000.0000 GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE	
0136	343600000-N 2.000 EA \$500.0000 GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-	• •
Section 0001	Total	\$522,083.75
		\$522,083.75

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Name: TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES, INC. ID: 4761

Address: POST OFFICE BOX 24511 , WINSTON-SALEM, NC 27114

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$697,928.75

#### Items for TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES, INC.

0001	0000100000-N 1.000 LS \$124,400.0000	\$124,400.00
Note: Mobe a	MOBILIZATION and lane closures.	
0148		\$1,500.00
	REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN-DATIONS	
0149	4054000000-E 1.000 CY \$100.0000 PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- TIONS	\$100.00
0150	4057000000-E 120.000 CY \$650.0000 OVERHEAD FOOTING	\$78,000.00
0151	406000000-E 2665.000 LB \$5.7500 SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM	\$15,323.75
0152	4072000000-E 1730.000 LF \$5.0000 SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	\$8,650.00
0153	4078000000-E 4.000 EA \$55.0000 SUPPORTS, 2-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	\$220.00
0154	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$105,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (33+50.00 -Y-)	•
0155	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$57,500.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (40+24.00 -Y-)	\$57,500.00
0156	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$47,500.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (42+44.00 -Y-)	
0157	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$91,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (46+80.00 -Y-)	•
0158	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$55,500.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (47+08.00 -L-)	\$55,500.00
0159	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$75,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (78+18.00 -L-)	\$75,000.00
0160	4102000000-N 119.000 EA \$65.0000 SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	\$7,735.00
0161	4108000000-N 4.000 EA \$65.0000 SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	\$260.00
0162	4109000000-N 10.000 EA \$1.0000 SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER-HEAD) (A)	\$10.00
0163	4109000000-N	\$4.00
0164	4110000000-N 6.000 EA \$750.0000	\$4,500.00

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0165	4110000000-N 3.000 EA	\$350.0000	\$1,050.00
	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (0	GROUND MOUNTED) (B)	
0166	4114000000-N 4.000 EA	\$50.0000	\$200.00
	SIGN ERECTION, MILEMARKERS		
0167	4152000000-N 10.000 EA	\$500.0000	\$5,000.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, STEELB	EAM	
0168	4155000000-N 87.000 EA	\$2.0000	\$174.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CI	HANNEL	
0169	4234000000-N 1.000 EA	\$250.0000	\$250.00
	DISPOSAL OF SIGN, A OR B	OVERHEAD)	
0170	4400000000-E 1312.000 SF	\$5.0000	\$6,560.00
	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)		
0172	4410000000-E 160.000 SF	\$5.0000	\$800.00
	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MO	OUTED)	
0179	4445000000-E 632.000 LF	\$18.5000	\$11,692.00
	BARRICADES (TYPE III)		
Section 0001	Total		\$697,928.75
Item Total			\$697 <b>,</b> 928.75

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Name: RLB TRUCKING INC ID: 11321

Address: 6036 GRIFFIN DR , RAMSEUR, NC 27316

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$892,648.00

#### Items for RLB TRUCKING INC

0001 ROADWAY ITEMS	- NPAR (CITY OF GREENSBORO)		
0012	0156000000-E 56500.000 SY	\$3.5000	\$197,750.00
	REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT		•
Note: Haul Only			
0067	1297000000-E 2600.000 SY	\$0.6500	\$1,690.00
	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***"DEPTH (1-1/2")		
Note: Haul Only			
0068	1330000000-E 10000.000 SY	\$0.5500	\$5,500.0
	INCIDENTAL MILLING		
Note: Haul Only			
0069	1491000000-E 54000.000 TON	\$6.0000	\$324,000.00
	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C		
Note: Haul Only			
0070	1503000000-E 27500.000 TON	\$6.0000	\$165,000.0
	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C		
Note: Haul Only			
0071	1519000000-E 1000.000 TON	\$6.0000	\$6,000.00
	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B		
Note: Haul Only			
0072	1523000000-E 29000.000 TON	\$6.0000	\$174,000.0
	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C		
Note: Haul Only			
0075	1662000000-E 2600.000 TON	\$6.0000	\$15,600.0
	OPEN-GRADED ASPHALT FRICTION COURSE, TYPE FC-1 MODI	FIED	
Note: Haul Only			
0077	1840000000-E 25900.000 LF	\$0.1200	\$3,108.0
	MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT CONCRETE)		
Note: Haul Only			
Section 0001 Tota	al		\$892,648.0
Item Total			\$892,648.00

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Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

Name: BORDER REBAR LLC ID: 5653

Address: 1920 SILVER CREEK DRIVE , GASTONIA, NC 28052

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$133,967.75

#### Items for BORDER REBAR LLC

0002 CULVERT	ITEM			_
0375	8245000000-E REINFORCING	535871.000 LB STEEL (CULVERT)	\$0.2500	\$133,967.75
Section 000	02 Total			\$133,967.75
Item Total				\$133,967.75

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Name: ABACHI TRANSPORT INC DBA S&B TRUCKING CO ID: 4877

Address: 4719 MILLPOINT ROAD, GREENSBORO, NC 27406

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$2,533,936.25

#### Items for ABACHI TRANSPORT INC DBA S&B TRUCKING CO

ROADWAY	ITEMS - NPAR (CITY OF GREE	NSBORO)		
0009	0106000000-E BORROW EXCAV	510000 CY ATION	\$4.1500	\$2,116,500.00
0015	0194000000-E SELECT GRANU:	48500.000 CY LAR MATERIAL, CLASS III	\$7.2500	\$351,625.00
0299	6009000000-E STONE FOR ER	15485.000 TON OSION CONTROL, CLASS B	\$4.2500	\$65,811.25
Section 000	)1 Total			\$2,533,936.25
Item Total				\$2,533,936.25

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### North Carolina Department of Transportation 4315 - APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Divisi

Contract ID: C204499 Call: 009

THIS PROPOSAL CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ERRORS/WARNINGS (IF ANY)

This Bid contains 1 amendment files
000001 04/14/2021 ADD AND DELETE ROADWAY ITEMS

### Electronic Bid Submission

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

I hereby	certify	that	Ι	have	the	authority	to	submit	this	bid.
Signature	e							_		
Agency							_			
Date										
Signature	e							_		
Agency							_			
Date										
Signature	e							_		
Agency							_			
Date										

May 03, 2021 10:56 am

# North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204499

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Contract Item Sheets For C204499								
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
			ROADWAY ITEMS					
0001	0000100000-N	800	MOBILIZATION	Lump Sum LS	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00		
0002	0000400000-N	801	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	Lump Sum LS	250,000.00	250,000.00		
0003	0000700000-N	SP	FIELD OFFICE	Lump Sum LS	225,000.00	225,000.00		
0004	0001000000-E	200	CLEARING & GRUBBING ACRE(S)	Lump Sum LS	1,150,000.00	1,150,000.00		
0005	0008000000-E	200	SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUB- BING	2 ACR	1,041.68	2,083.36		
0006	0022000000-E	225	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION	225,000 CY	8.39	1,887,750.00		
0007	0029000000-N	SP	TYPE III REINFORCED APPROACH FILL, STATION ******* (41+39.51 -Y-)	Lump Sum LS	130,000.00	130,000.00		
0008	0036000000-E	225	UNDERCUT EXCAVATION	40,000 CY	5.21	208,400.00		
0009	0106000000-E	230	BORROW EXCAVATION	680,000 CY	7.99	5,433,200.00		
0010	0134000000-E	240	DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION	13,000 CY	9.38	121,940.00		
0011	0141000000-E	240	BERM DITCH CONSTRUCTION	580 LF	7.29	4,228.20		
0012	0156000000-E	250	REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	56,500 SY	6.33	357,645.00		
0013	0163000000-E	250	REMOVAL OF EXISTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT	4,200 SY	5.73	24,066.00		
0014	0192000000-N	260	PROOF ROLLING	20 HR	187.50	3,750.00		
0015	0194000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL, CLASS III	48,500 CY	27.66	1,341,510.00		
 0016	0196000000-E	270	GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA- TION	44,400 SY	2.03	90,132.00		
0017	0199000000-E	SP	TEMPORARY SHORING	1,730 SF	20.10	34,773.00		
0018	0223000000-E	275	ROCK PLATING	525 SY	125.00	65,625.00		
0019	0234000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM REMOVAL AND HAULING OF DEEP BROWNFIELDS SOIL	10,000 CY	4.95	49,500.00		

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Amount	Unit Bid	Quantity	Description	Sec	ItemNumber	Line
Bid	Price	Unit	2000.	#		#
5,210.00	10.42	500 CY	GENERIC GRADING ITEM STOCKPILED SOIL	SP	0234000000-E	0020
18,200.00	1.82	10,000 GAL	GENERIC GRADING ITEM TRENCH DEWATERING	SP	0245000000-E	 0021
39,065.00	78.13	500 TON	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF CONTA- MINATED SOIL STOCKPILES	SP	0255000000-E	 0022
3,906.50	78.13	50 TON	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF PETRO- LEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL	SP	0255000000-E	0023
66,398.92	37.24	1,783 TON	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATE- RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	300	0318000000-E	0024
16,954.00	2.45	6,920 SY	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO- TEXTILE	300	0320000000-E	 0025
10,937.70	364.59	30 CY	GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM ANTI-SEEP COLLAR	SP	0331000000-E	0026
33,457.60	76.04	440 LF	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30")	310	0342000000-E	0027
85,001.56	45.31	1,876 LF	15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	310	0343000000-E	0028
16,332.80	51.04	320 LF	18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	310	0344000000-E	0029
43,456.00	62.08	700 LF	24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	310	0345000000-E	0030
4,583.40	229.17	20 EA	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (15")	310	0348000000-E	0031
1,041.68	520.84	2 EA	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (24")	310	0348000000-E	0032
156,646.52	380.21	412 LF	***" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS  ***** (60", V)	310	0354000000-E	0033
18,698.64	45.83	408 LF	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	310	0366000000-E	0034
4,987.92	59.38	84 LF	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	310	0372000000-E	0035
9,042.08	72.92	124 LF	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS	310	0378000000-E	0036

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Contract Item Sheets For C204499								
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
0037	0384000000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS	80 LF	93.75	7,500.00		
0038	0390000000-E	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	72 LF	114.59	8,250.48		
0039	0448200000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	4,996 LF	50.00	249,800.00		
0040	0448300000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	716 LF	56.25	40,275.00		
0041	0448400000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	624 LF	69.79	43,548.96		
0042	0448500000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	584 LF	88.54	51,707.36		
0043	0448600000-E	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	160 LF	119.79	19,166.40		
0044	0582000000-E	310	15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	488 LF	71.25	34,770.00		
0045	0636000000-E	310	**" CS PIPE ELBOWS, ****" THICK (15", 0.064")	10 EA	468.76	4,687.60		
0046	0973100000-E	330	**" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (60", 0.844")	248 LF	2,239.62	555,425.76		
0047	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 16" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 250	880 LF	188.54	165,915.20		
0048	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 24" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 200	170 LF	307.30	52,241.00		
0049	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 30" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 150	120 LF	536.47	64,376.40		
0050	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 36" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 150	134 LF	767.72	102,874.48		
0051	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 42" SEALED DUCTILE IRON PIPE CLASS 150	162 LF	808.35	130,952.70		
0052	0992000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM BOOTS FOR SEALED DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	26 EA	312.50	8,125.00		

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	04499		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0053	0995000000-E	340	PIPE REMOVAL	2,790 LF	12.50	34,875.00
0054	1011000000-N	500	FINE GRADING	Lump Sum LS	750,000.00	750,000.00
0055	1044000000-E	501	LIME TREATED SOIL (SLURRY METHOD)	48,000 SY	4.05	194,400.00
0056	1066000000-E	501	LIME FOR LIME TREATED SOIL	580 TON	200.50	116,290.00
0057	1077000000-E	SP	#57 STONE	40 TON	39.06	1,562.40
0058	1099500000-E	505	SHALLOW UNDERCUT	2,700 CY	9.90	26,730.00
0059	1099700000-E	505	CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA- TION	19,600 TON	30.00	588,000.00
0060	1110000000-E	510	STABILIZER AGGREGATE	500 TON	40.90	20,450.00
0061	1115000000-E	SP	GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STA- BILIZATION	29,135 SY	3.33	97,019.55
0062	1121000000-E	520	AGGREGATE BASE COURSE	620 TON	33.83	20,974.60
0063	1176000000-E	542	SOIL CEMENT BASE	48,000 SY	3.87	185,760.00
0064	1187000000-E	542	PORTLAND CEMENT FOR SOIL CE- MENT BASE	1,320 TON	191.75	253,110.00
0065	1209000000-E	543	ASPHALT CURING SEAL	14,400 GAL	2.50	36,000.00
0066	1220000000-E	545	INCIDENTAL STONE BASE	1,500 TON	27.08	40,620.00
0067	1297000000-E	607	MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***" DEPTH (1-1/2")	2,600 SY	3.52	9,152.00
0068	1330000000-E	607	INCIDENTAL MILLING	10,000 SY	5.72	57,200.00
0069	1491000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	54,000 TON	47.00	2,538,000.00
0070	1503000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C	27,500 TON	48.00	1,320,000.00
0071	1519000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B	1,000 TON	52.00	52,000.00

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	Contract Item Sheets For C204499								
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid			
0072	1523000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C	29,000 TON	48.00	1,392,000.00			
0073	1575000000-E	620	ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	5,560 TON	450.00	2,502,000.00			
0074	1577000000-E	620	POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BIN- DER FOR PLANT MIX	160 TON	625.00	100,000.00			
0075	1662000000-E	650	OPEN-GRADED ASPHALT FRICTION COURSE, TYPE FC-1 MODIFIED	2,600 TON	75.00	195,000.00			
0076	1693000000-E	654	ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR	1,800 TON	156.25	281,250.00			
0077	1840000000-E	665	MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT CONCRETE)	25,900 LF	0.55	14,245.00			
0078	2022000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	84 CY	26.04	2,187.36			
0079	2026000000-E	815	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS	500 SY	8.33	4,165.00			
0080	2036000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE	84 CY	62.50	5,250.00			
0081	2044000000-E	815	6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	500 LF	12.50	6,250.00			
0082	2070000000-N	815	SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	1 EA	494.80	494.80			
0083	2077000000-E	815	6" OUTLET PIPE	6 LF	31.25	187.50			
0084	2099000000-E	816	SHOULDER DRAIN	1,800 LF	17.00	30,600.00			
0085	2110000000-E	816	4" SHOULDER DRAIN PIPE	1,800 LF	2.00	3,600.00			
0086	2121000000-E	816	4" OUTLET PIPE FOR SHOULDER DRAINS	30 LF	25.00	750.00			
0087	2143000000-E	818	BLOTTING SAND	10 TON	131.96	1,319.60			
0088	2209000000-E	838	ENDWALLS	7.6 CY	1,666.69				
0089	2253000000-E	840	PIPE COLLARS	3.055 CY	1,559.96	4,765.68			
0090	2275000000-E	SP	FLOWABLE FILL	9 CY	312.50	2,812.50			

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	Contract Item Sheets For C204499								
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid			
0091	2286000000-N	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	140 EA	1,822.94	255,211.60			
0092	2297000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	13.732 CY	1,562.30	21,453.50			
0093	2308000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	76.7 LF	208.34	15,979.68			
0094	2354000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE, STD 840.22	1 EA	729.18	729.18			
0095	2364000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.16	17 EA	572.92	9,739.64			
0096	2364200000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.20	28 EA	598.97	16,771.16			
0097	2365000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.22	44 EA	911.47	40,104.68			
0098	2366000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24	1 EA	911.47	911.47			
0099	2367000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.29	4 EA	625.01	2,500.04			
0100	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	4 EA	781.26	3,125.04			
0101	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	18 EA	807.30	14,531.40			
0102	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	22 EA	807.30	17,760.60			
0103	2396000000-N	840	FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	22 EA	598.97	13,177.34			
0104	2451000000-N	852	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	17 EA	1,927.11	32,760.87			
0105	2473000000-N	SP	GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM SEALED PRECAST DRAINAGE STRUC- TURE	13 EA	3,020.88	39,271.44			
0106	2484000000-E	SP	GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM SEALED PRECAST DRAINAGE STRUC- TURE	17 LF	364.59	6,198.03			
0107	2542000000-E	 846	1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	6,800 LF	19.03	129,404.00			

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	Contract Item Sheets For C204499								
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid			
0108	2549000000-E	846	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	8,900 LF	24.06	214,134.00			
0109	2556000000-E	846	SHOULDER BERM GUTTER	2,800 LF	30.75	86,100.00			
0110	2577000000-E	846	CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER	1,080 LF	60.00	64,800.00			
0111	2591000000-E	848	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	4,500 SY	48.00	216,000.00			
0112	2605000000-N	848	CONCRETE CURB RAMPS	27 EA	2,000.00	54,000.00			
0113	2612000000-E	848	6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	110 SY	70.00	7,700.00			
0114	2619000000-E	850	4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH	33 SY	100.00	3,300.00			
0115	2627000000-E	852	4" CONCRETE ISLAND COVER	130 SY	48.00	6,240.00			
0116	2655000000-E	852	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN)	2,000 SY	60.00	120,000.00			
0118	2724000000-E	857	PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE BARRIER, SINGLE FACED	660 LF	99.65	65,769.00			
0119	2766000000-N	SP	GENERIC PAVING ITEM 42" CONCRETE BARRIER WITH MOMENT SLAB	Lump Sum LS	323,640.58	323,640.58			
0120	2815000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF DROP INLETS	7 EA	1,250.02	8,750.14			
0121	2905000000-N	859	CONVERT EXISTING DROP INLET TO JUNCTION BOX	10 EA	1,927.11	19,271.10			
0122	3001000000-N	SP	IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	4 EA	32,666.77	130,667.08			
0123	3030000000-E	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	 12,300 LF	18.25	224,475.00			
0124	3045000000-E	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	675 LF	19.45	13,128.75			
0125	3150000000-N	862	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	 10 EA	1.00	10.00			
0126	3210000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	9 EA	600.00	5,400.00			
0127	3287000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	 11 EA	2,600.00	28,600.00			

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Contract Item Sheets For C204499								
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
0128	3317000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	10 EA	1,650.00	16,500.00		
0129	3360000000-E	863	REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	6,300 LF	0.90	5,670.00		
0130	3380000000-E	862	TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	11,300 LF	7.00	79,100.00		
0131	3389400000-E	865	DOUBLE FACED CABLE GUIDERAIL	900 LF	7.00	6,300.00		
0132	3389500000-N	865	ADDITIONAL GUIDERAIL POSTS	5 EA	80.00	400.00		
0133	3389600000-N	865	CABLE GUIDERAIL ANCHOR UNITS	2 EA	2,000.00	4,000.00		
0134	3435000000-N	SP	GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	2 EA	3,750.00	7,500.00		
0135	3435000000-N	SP	GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	1 EA	32,666.77	32,666.77		
0136	3436000000-N	862	GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	2 EA	500.00	1,000.00		
0137	3503000000-E	866	WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRIC	15,500 LF	2.80	43,400.00		
0138	3509000000-E	866	4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 7'-6" LONG	1,000 EA	17.00	17,000.00		
0139	3515000000-E	866	5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 8'-0" LONG	220 EA	28.00	6,160.00		
0140	3565000000-E	866	DOUBLE GATES, **" HIGH, **' WIDE, **' OPENING (47", 7'-6", 15')	2 EA	1,100.00	2,200.00		
0141	3628000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS I	500 TON	50.00	25,000.00		
0142	3635000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS II	650 TON	57.29	37,238.50		
0143	3642000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS A	10 TON	62.50	625.00		
0144	3649000000-E	876		2,600 TON	46.88	121,888.00		
0145	3651000000-E	SP	BOULDERS	100 TON	156.25	15,625.00		

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Line	ItemNumber	Sec	Description	Quantity	Unit Bid	Amount
#		#		Unit	Price	Bid
0146	3656000000-E	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	10,700 SY	2.34	25,038.00
0147	3659000000-N	873	PREFORMED SCOUR HOLES WITH LEVEL SPREADER APRON	4 EA	3,125.05	12,500.20
0148	4048000000-E	902	REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN- DATIONS	3 CY	500.00	1,500.00
0149	4054000000-E	902	PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- TIONS	1 CY	100.00	100.00
0150	4057000000-E	 SP	OVERHEAD FOOTING	120 CY	650.00	78,000.00
0151	4060000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM	2,665 LB	5.75	15,323.75
0152	4072000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	1,730 LF	5.00	8,650.00
0153	4078000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, 2-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	4 EA	55.00	220.00
0154	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (33+50.00 -Y-)	Lump Sum LS	105,000.00	105,000.00
0155	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (40+24.00 -Y-)	Lump Sum LS	57,500.00	57,500.00
0156	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (42+44.00 -Y-)	Lump Sum LS	47,500.00	47,500.00
0157	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (46+80.00 -Y-)	Lump Sum LS	91,000.00	91,000.00
0158	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (47+08.00 -L-)	Lump Sum LS	55,500.00	55,500.00
 0159	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (78+18.00 -L-)	Lump Sum LS	75,000.00	75,000.00
0160	4102000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	119 EA	65.00	7,735.00
0161	4108000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	4 EA	65.00	260.00

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2			
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0162	4109000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER- HEAD)	10 EA	1.00	10.00
			(A)	EA		
0163	4109000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER- HEAD)	4 EA	1.00	4.00
			(B)			
0164	4110000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED)	6 EA	750.00	4,500.00
			(A)			
0165	4110000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED)	3 EA	350.00	1,050.00
			(B)			
0166	4114000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, MILEMARKERS	4 EA	50.00	200.00
0167	4152000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, STEEL	10 	500.00	5,000.00
			BEAM 	EA 		
0168	4155000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL	87 EA	2.00	174.00
0169	4234000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN, A OR B	1	250.00	250.00
			(OVERHEAD)	EA 		
0170	440000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	1,312 SF	5.00	6,560.00
0171	4405000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	816 SF	8.81	7,188.96
0172	4410000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	 160 SF	5.00	800.00
0173	4415000000-N	1115	FLASHING ARROW BOARD	4 EA	4,700.00	18,800.00
0174	4420000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	4 EA	7,500.00	30,000.00
	4400000000 N		DODTADI E CHANCEADI E MESSACE		45.00	
0175	4422000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (SHORT TERM)	150 DAY	45.00	6,750.00
0176	4430000000-N	1130	DRUMS	390 EA	65.00	25,350.00
0177	443400000-N	 SP	SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING	 24	106.75	2,562.00
•			LIGHTS	EA		_,3000
0178	4435000000-N	1135	CONES	215 EA	50.00	10,750.00
				LA		

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Contract Item Sheets For C204499							
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid	
0179	4445000000-E	1145	BARRICADES (TYPE III)	632 LF	18.50	11,692.00	
0180	4447000000-E	SP	PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZING DE- VICES	16 LF	100.00	1,600.00	
0181	4455000000-N	1150	FLAGGER	1,010 DAY	300.00	303,000.00	
0182	4465000000-N	1160	TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	8 EA	4,800.00	38,400.00	
0183	4470000000-N	1160	REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	19 EA	2,750.00	52,250.00	
0184	4480000000-N	1165	TMA	4 EA	8,000.00	32,000.00	
0185	4485000000-E	1170	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	16,160 LF	32.65	527,624.00	
0186	4500000000-E	1170	REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE CON- CRETE BARRIER	29,140 LF	4.50	131,130.00	
 0187	4510000000-N	1190	LAW ENFORCEMENT	216 HR	60.00	12,960.00	
0188	4516000000-N	1180	SKINNY DRUM	136 EA	65.00	8,840.00	
0189	460000000-N	SP	GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM AUDIBLE WARNING DEVICES	2 EA	125.00	250.00	
0190	4600000000-N	SP	GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM PEDESTRIAN TRANSPORT SERVICE (PER TRIP)	50 EA	150.00	7,500.00	
0191	4650000000-N	1251	TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	1,796 EA	6.00	10,776.00	
0192	4685000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", 90 MILS)	22,275 LF	1.15	25,616.25	
0193	4688000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6", 90 MILS)	48,056 LF	1.35	64,875.60	
0194	4695000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS)	4,394 LF	2.50	10,985.00	
0195	4700000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 90 MILS)	4,723 LF	2.50	11,807.50	
0196	4720000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS)	32 EA	115.00	3,680.00	

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	Contract Item Sheets For C204499							
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
0197	4725000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	139 EA	165.00	22,935.00		
0198	4726110000-E	1205	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	24 EA	380.00	9,120.00		
0199	4770000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (4") (II)	991 LF	2.50	2,477.50		
0200	4770000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (4") (IV)	411 LF	2.00	822.00		
0201	4780000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (8") (II)	103 LF	4.00	412.00		
0202	4780000000-E	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (8") (IV)	102 LF	3.50	357.00		
0203	480000000-N	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER, TYPE ** (II)	24 EA	120.00	2,880.00		
0204	480000000-N	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER, TYPE ** (IV)	24 EA	115.00	2,760.00		
0205	4805000000-N	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL, TYPE ** (II)	3 EA	250.00	750.00		
0206	4805000000-N	1205	COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL, TYPE ** (IV)	3 EA	230.00	690.00		
0207	4810000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	92,930 LF	0.15	13,939.50		
0208	4815000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")	220,592 LF	0.20	44,118.40		
0209	4820000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	10,124 LF	1.00	10,124.00		
0210	4825000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")	25,207 LF	1.25	31,508.75		
0211	4835000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	1,966 LF	3.00	5,898.00		

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			Contract Item Sheets For C20	4499		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0212	484000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC- TER	88 EA	35.00	3,080.00
0213	4845000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	338 EA	35.00	11,830.00
0214	4850000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	11,907 LF	0.25	2,976.75
 0215	4855000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")	36,291 LF	0.45	16,330.95
 0216	4860000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	393 LF	1.00	393.00
 0217	4865000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")	7,500 LF	1.00	7,500.00
 0218	4870000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	60 LF	3.00	180.00
 0219	4875000000-N	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS	58 EA	35.00	2,030.00
 0220	4891000000-E	1205	GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS)	967 LF	12.00	11,604.00
 0221	4895000000-N	SP	GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER	940 EA	35.00	32,900.00
 0222	4900000000-N	1251	PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	27 EA	10.00	270.00
0223	5015000000-E	1401	120' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD	4 EA	30,000.00	120,000.00
0224	5020000000-N	1401	PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT	1 EA	4,750.00	4,750.00
D225	5050000000-N	1404	LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT ***********************************	15 EA	3,800.00	57,000.00
 0226	5050000000-N	1404	LIGHT STANDARDS, TYPE MTLT ***********************************	3 EA	4,250.00	12,750.00
 0227	5070000000-N	SP	STANDARD FOUNDATION ************************************	16 EA	825.00	13,200.00

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	Contract Item Sheets For C204499							
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
0228	5070000000-N	SP	STANDARD FOUNDATION ************************************	2 EA	950.00	1,900.00		
 0229	5120000000-N	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE **** (30' CLASS 4)	1 EA	725.00	725.00		
 0230	5125000000-E	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL ************************************	25 LF	35.00	875.00		
 0231	5155000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE  ***** (2")	450 LF	10.00	4,500.00		
 0232	5160000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE ***** (3")	495 LF	18.00	8,910.00		
 0233	5160000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE  ***** (4")	310 LF	20.00	6,200.00		
0234	5170000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	475 LF	4.40	2,090.00		
 0235	5180000000-E	1410	** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	945 LF	7.50	7,087.50		
0236	5205000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ******** CONDUIT (2, 1.5")	7,725 LF	7.75	59,868.75		
 0237	5215000000-E	1410	** #4 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ************************************	4,430 LF	9.75	43,192.50		
 0238	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ************************(CS36)	1 EA	1,500.00	1,500.00		
 0239	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ************************(HM18)	4 EA	600.00	2,400.00		
 0240	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES *************************(IG18)	17 EA	600.00	10,200.00		
 0241	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ******************(IG30)	1 EA	950.00	950.00		

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Line	ItemNumber	Sec	Description	Quantity	Unit Bid	Amount
#		#		Unit	Price	Bid
0242	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES **************************(IG36)	4 EA	1,500.00	6,000.00
 0243	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ****************** (LS18)	18 EA	700.00	12,600.00
 0244	5252000000-N	1412	UNDERPASS LUMINARIES ************************************	8 EA	780.00	6,240.00
 0245	5253000000-N	1412	UNDERPASS CIRCUITRY AT ******* (UPL-1)	Lump Sum LS	6,500.00	6,500.00
 0246	5253000000-N	1412	UNDERPASS CIRCUITRY AT ******* (UPL-2)	Lump Sum LS	6,500.00	6,500.00
 0247	5255000000-N	1413	PORTABLE LIGHTING	Lump Sum LS	54,510.16	54,510.16
 0248	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM 120' HIGH MOUNT LUMINAIRE - LED	32 EA	1,800.00	57,600.00
 0249	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM COMMUNICATION GATEWAY	1 EA	5,685.00	5,685.00
 0250	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM CONTROL NODE	53 EA	175.00	9,275.00
 0251	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM LIGHT CONTROL EQUIPMENT, TYPE RW, 240/480V	1 EA	10,000.00	10,000.00
 0252	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM ROADWAY LIGHT STANDARD LUMIN- AIRE - 185W LED	21 EA	875.00	18,375.00
 0253	5325600000-E	1510	6" WATER LINE	60 LF	104.17	6,250.20
 0254	5325800000-E	1510	8" WATER LINE	146 LF	68.75	10,037.50
 0255	5326200000-E	1510	12" WATER LINE	199 LF	111.46	
 0256	5327000000-E	1510	20" WATER LINE	2,012 LF	214.59	431,755.08
0257	5328000000-E	1510	30" WATER LINE	55 LF	432.30	23,776.50
0258	5329000000-E	1510	DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS	28,120 LB	9.11	256,173.20

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			Contract Item Sheets For	C204499		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0259	5540000000-E	1515	6" VALVE	2 EA	1,562.53	3,125.06
0260	5546000000-E	1515	8" VALVE	3 EA	2,031.28	6,093.84
0261	5558000000-E	1515	12" VALVE	1 EA	3,541.72	3,541.72
0262	5559000000-E	1515	20" VALVE	5 EA	20,828.43	104,142.15
0263	5589200000-E	1515	2" AIR RELEASE VALVE	1 EA	27,708.73	27,708.73
0264	5600000000-E	1515	**" BLOW OFF (1-1/2")	1 EA	3,125.05	3,125.05
0265	5648000000-N	1515	RELOCATE WATER METER	2 EA	4,687.57	9,375.14
0266	5666000000-N	1515	FIRE HYDRANT	5 EA	4,531.32	22,656.60
0267	5672000000-N	1515	RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT	1 EA	5,208.41	5,208.41
0268	5673000000-E	1515	FIRE HYDRANT LEG	128 LF	62.50	8,000.00
0269	5679400000-E	1515	20" LINE STOP	4 EA	20,312.80	81,251.20
0270	5686500000-E	1515	WATER SERVICE LINE	28 LF	52.08	1,458.24
0271	5691000000-E	1520	**" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER (36")	1,848 LF	505.22	933,646.56
0272	5691300000-E	1520	8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	469 LF	161.46	75,724.74
0273	5768000000-N	1520	SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT	2 EA	3,645.89	
0274	5768500000-E	1520	SEWER SERVICE LINE	50 LF	62.50	3,125.00
0275	5769000000-E	1520	DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE FITTINGS	870 LB		10,875.00
0276	5775000000-E		4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	2 EA	3,020.88	
0277	5776000000-E	1525	5' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	3 EA	4,140.68	12,422.04
0278	5781000000-E	1525	UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA	8 LF	234.38	1,875.04

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	204499		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0279	5782000000-E	1525	UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 5' DIA	6 LF	338.55	2,031.30
0280	5801000000-E	1530	ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE	216 LF	5.21	1,125.36
0281	5802000000-E	1530	ABANDON 10" UTILITY PIPE	232 LF	8.33	1,932.56
0282	5804000000-E	1530	ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	394 LF	12.50	4,925.00
0283	5810000000-E	1530	ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPE	1,507 LF	14.58	21,972.06
0284	5812000000-E	1530	ABANDON 20" UTILITY PIPE	1,738 LF	22.92	39,834.96
0285	5814000000-E	1530	ABANDON 30" UTILITY PIPE	1,689 26.04 LF		43,981.56
0286	5815500000-N	1530	REMOVE FIRE HYDRANT	5 EA		
0287	5816000000-N	1530	ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE	6 EA	1,041.68	6,250.08
0288	5835000000-E	1540	**" ENCASEMENT PIPE (60")	1,040 LF	1,143.77	1,189,520.80
0289	5835800000-E	1540	18" ENCASEMENT PIPE	340 LF	133.34	45,335.60
0290	5836400000-E	1540	36" ENCASEMENT PIPE	400 LF	286.46	114,584.00
0291	5872500000-E	1550	BORE AND JACK OF **" (36")	225 LF	807.30	181,642.50
0292	5872700000-E	1550	TUNNELING OF **" (60")	670 LF	1,895.86	1,270,226.20
0293	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 6' DIA POLYMER CONCRETE UTILI- TY MANHOLE	9 EA	30,000.43	270,003.87
0294	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM 8" PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE IN 7' DIA MANHOLE	1 EA	35,417.18	35,417.18
0295	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM CONCRETE ANTI-SEEP PIPE COLLARS	6 EA	1,770.86	10,625.16
0296	5888000000-E	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM POLYMER CONCRETE UTILITY MAN- HOLE WALL, 6' DIA	92 LF	416.67	38,333.64

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	04499		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0297	6000000000-E	1605	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	40,870 LF	2.05	83,783.50
0298	6006000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	2,240 TON	43.75	98,000.00
0299	6009000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	15,485 TON	43.75	677,468.75
0300	6012000000-E	1610	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	7,325 TON	39.58	289,923.50
0301	6015000000-E	1615	TEMPORARY MULCHING	120.5 ACR	900.00	108,450.00
0302	6018000000-E	1620	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	5,900 LB	3.00	17,700.00
0303	6021000000-E	1620	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEED- 30.5 ING TON		500.00	15,250.00
0304	6024000000-E	1622	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS 1,785 18		18.75	33,468.75
0305	6029000000-E	SP	SAFETY FENCE 6,200 LF		2.50	15,500.00
0306	6030000000-E	1630	SILT EXCAVATION	68,460 CY	5.99	410,075.40
0307	6036000000-E	1631	MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	88,320 SY	1.15	101,568.00
0308	6037000000-E	SP	COIR FIBER MAT	350 SY	8.00	2,800.00
0309	6038000000-E	 SP	PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	8,750 SY	4.00	35,000.00
0310	6042000000-E	1632	1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	10,290 LF	3.65	37,558.50
0311	6045000000-E	SP	**" TEMPORARY PIPE (36")	170 LF	95.00	16,150.00
0312	6069000000-E	1638	STILLING BASINS	777 CY	8.00	6,216.00
0313	6071012000-E	SP	COIR FIBER WATTLE	3,460 LF	8.07	27,922.20
0314	6071014000-E	SP	COIR FIBER WATTLE BARRIER	192 LF	8.33	1,599.36
0315	6071020000-E	SP	POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)	3,770 LB	8.33	31,404.10
0316	6071030000-E	1640	COIR FIBER BAFFLE	13,370 LF	4.00	53,480.00

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	04499		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0317	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (1-1/2")	9 EA	1,250.02	11,250.18
0318	6071050000-E	 SP	**" SKIMMER (2")	10 EA	1,458.35	14,583.50
0319	6071050000-E	 SP	**" SKIMMER (2-1/2")	3 EA	1,770.86	5,312.58
0320	6071050000-E	 SP	**" SKIMMER (3")	7 EA	1,875.03	13,125.21
0321	6084000000-E	1660	SEEDING & MULCHING	114 ACR	1,900.00	216,600.00
0322	6087000000-E	1660	MOWING	102 ACR	125.00	12,750.00
0323	6090000000-E	1661	SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	1,200 LB	11.00	13,200.00
0324	6093000000-E	1661	FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	4.25 TON	700.00	2,975.00
0325	6096000000-E	1662	SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	2,650 LB	4.00	10,600.00
0326	6108000000-E	1665	FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	79.5 TON	700.00	55,650.00
0327	6111000000-E	SP	IMPERVIOUS DIKE	895 LF	25.00	22,375.00
0328	6114500000-N	1667	SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	50 MHR	150.00	7,500.00
0329	6117000000-N	SP	RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	100 EA	100.00	10,000.00
0330	6117500000-N	SP	CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE	20 EA	442.43	8,848.60
0331	6120000000-E	SP	CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL	3,016 CY	15.00	45,240.00
0332	6123000000-E	1670	REFORESTATION	0.1 ACR	15,000.00	1,500.00
0333	6126000000-E		STREAMBANK REFORESTATION	0.5 ACR	7,000.00	3,500.00
			PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1 SECTION W/COUNTDOWN)	12 EA	1,050.00	
0335	7060000000-E	1705	SIGNAL CABLE	9,500 LF	3.00	28,500.00
0336	7120000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	48 EA	795.00	38,160.00

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	04499		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0337	7132000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	5 EA	1,050.00	5,250.00
0338	7144000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	4 EA	1,375.00	5,500.00
0339	7216000000-N	1705	MODIFY EXISTING VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD	4 EA	330.00	1,320.00
0340	7264000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	1,100 LF	5.25	5,775.00
0341	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (1, 2")	675 LF	10.00	6,750.00
0342	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) 500 (2, 2") LF		13.00	6,500.00
0343	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) 325 (1, 2") LF		20.25	6,581.25
0344	7301000000-E	1715	5 DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) 400 (2, 2") LF		22.00	8,800.00
0345	7324000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	6 EA	375.00	2,250.00
0346	7348000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEA- VY DUTY)	18 EA	1,180.00	21,240.00
0347	7360000000-N	1720	WOOD POLE	7 EA	1,100.00	7,700.00
0348	7372000000-N	1721	GUY ASSEMBLY	16 EA	400.00	6,400.00
0349	7408000000-E	1722	1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	3 EA	375.00	1,125.00
0350	7420000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	6 EA	500.00	3,000.00
0351	7444000000-E	1725	INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	3,500 LF	11.00	38,500.00
0352	7456000000-E	1726	LEAD-IN CABLE (*************) (14-2)	7,500 LF	1.50	11,250.00
0353	7481000000-N	SP	SITE SURVEY	3 EA	820.00	2,460.00
0354	7481200000-N	SP	LUMINAIRE ARM FOR VIDEO SYSTEM	6 EA	860.00	5,160.00

## North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204499

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	04499				
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
0355	7481240000-N	SP	CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	5 EA	5,000.00	25,000.00		
0356	7481260000-N	SP	EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO- CESSING UNIT	2 EA	6,000.00	12,000.00		
0357	7481280000-N	 SP	RELOCATE CAMERA SENSOR UNIT	3 EA	550.00	1,650.00		
0358	7575142000-N	1736	900MHZ SERIAL SPREAD SPECTRUM RADIO					
0359	7588000000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM	4 EA	17,300.00	69,200.00		
0360	7590000000-N	 SP	METAL POLE WITH DUAL MAST ARM	2 EA	34,250.00 68,500			
0361	7613000000-N	SP	SOIL TEST 6 EA		850.00	5,100.00		
0362	7614100000-E	SP	DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION	36 CY	865.00	31,140.00		
0363	7631000000-N	SP	MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE- SIGN	6 EA	65.00	390.00		
0364	7636000000-N	1745	SIGN FOR SIGNALS	34 EA	375.00	12,750.00		
0365	7642200000-N	1743	TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUND- ATION	15 EA	1,925.00	28,875.00		
0366	7684000000-N	1750	SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION	3 EA	1,175.00	3,525.00		
0367	7696000000-N	1751	CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (************************************	3 EA	14,500.00	43,500.00		
0368	7744000000-N	1751	DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170)	20 EA	135.00	2,700.00		
0369	7901000000-N	1753	CABINET BASE EXTENDER	3 EA	450.00	1,350.00		
0370	7948000000-N	1757	TRAFFIC SIGNAL REMOVAL	1 EA	3,000.00	3,000.00		
0402	2703000000-E	854	CONCRETE BARRIER, TYPE ******* (III)	900 LF	91.00	81,900.00		

## North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204499

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	204499					
Line #	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
0371	8126000000-N	414	CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (46+07.79 -Y-)	Lump Sum LS	75,000.00	75,000.00			
0372	8126000000-N	414	CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (56+34.85 -L-)	Lump Sum LS	130,000.00	130,000.00			
0373	8133000000-E	414	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATER- IAL, BOX CULVERT	1,937 TON	55.00	106,535.00			
0374	8196000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)	4,445.8 CY	335.00	1,489,343.00			
0375	8245000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)	535,871 LB	1.50	803,806.50			
0376	8660000000-E	SP	CONCRETE REPAIRS	1.2 CF	1,660.00	1,992.00			
0377	8664000000-E	SP	SHOTCRETE REPAIRS	11.5 CF	660.00	7,590.00			
0378	8678000000-E	SP	EPOXY RESIN INJECTION	420	95.00	39,900.00			

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## North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204499

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Line	Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amou						
		#		Unit	Price	Bid	
0379	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)	4,730 SF	72.65	343,634.50	
0380	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (2)	4,582 SF	72.42	331,828.44	

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	04499			
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid	
0381	8035000000-N	402	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ************************************	Lump Sum LS	155,938.02	155,938.02	
0382	8065000000-N	SP	ASBESTOS ASSESSMENT	Lump Sum LS	5,000.00	5,000.00	
0383	8091000000-N	410	FOUNDATION EXCAVATION FOR BENT ** AT STATION ************************************	Lump Sum LS	53,490.21	53,490.21	
 0384	8112730000-N	450	PDA TESTING	3 EA	2,500.00	7,500.00	
0385	8147000000-E	420	REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB	43.21	813,601.09		
0386	8161000000-E	420	GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS	20,309 SF	1.00 20,30		
0387	8182000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)	369.1 CY			
0388	8210000000-N	422	BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ******************(41+39.51 -Y-)	Lump Sum LS	179,585.72	179,585.72	
0389	8217000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	59,285 LB	1.28	75,884.80	
0390	8238000000-E	425	SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	2,381 LB	2.32	5,523.92	
 0391	8265000000-E	430	54" PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIR- DERS	1,694 LF	307.56	521,006.64	
 0392	8328200000-E	450	PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP FOR *** STEEL PILES (HP 12 X 53)	48 EA	514.59	24,700.32	
0393	8328200000-E	450	PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP FOR *** STEEL PILES (HP 14 X 73)	36 EA	514.59	18,525.24	
0394	8364000000-E	450		1,716 LF	52.67	90,381.72	
0395	8384000000-E	450	HP14X73 STEEL PILES	2,472 LF	63.08	155,933.76	
0396	8391000000-N	450	STEEL PILE POINTS	84 EA	206.25	17,325.00	
0397	8503000000-E	460	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	350.6 LF	118.96	41,707.38	
0398	8505000000-E	460	VERTICAL CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	410.6 LF	100.56	41,289.94	

# North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204499

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\$46,382,713.04

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0399	8531000000-E	462	4" SLOPE PROTECTION	70 SY	97.92	6,854.40
0400	8657000000-N	430	ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS	Lump Sum LS	51,042.04	51,042.04
 0401	8706000000-N	SP	EXPANSION JOINT SEALS	Lump Sum LS	166,554.37	166,554.37

TOTAL AMOUNT OF BID FOR ENTIRE PROJECT

1056/May 03/Q3158844.237/D1747689638000/E401

### EXECUTION OF CONTRACT NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

#### CORPORATION

The Contractor declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this Contract, that the Contractor has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Contractor intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and did not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this Execution of Contract, Non-Collusion and Debarment Certification, the Contractor is certifying his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

#### SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

APAC-Atlantic, Inc. Thompson-Arthur Division

Full name of Corporation

PO Box 21088, Greensboro, NC 27420

Address as Prequalified

Attest

Secretary/Assistant Secretary

Select appropriate title

By

President/Vice President

Select appropriate title

Leonard D. Conway

Print or type Signer's name

Clarence O. Brickey

Print or type Signer's name





#### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

#### Conditions for certification:

- 1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation filed with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
- 2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.
- 3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
- 4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal-Aid Provision titled Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
- 5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
- 6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

#### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

Check	here if	fane	explanatio	n is	attached	to th	is certifi	cation
CHCCK	HCIC II	L all v	cybianiano	11 19	attacheu	to m	12 CCI (11)	Cation.

County (ies):	Guilford
ACCEPTED B' DEPARTMEN'	Y THE Γ OF TRANSPORTATION
DocuSigned by: Konald E. Dav	unport, Ir.
F81B6038A47A442	Contract Officer
5/17/2021	
	Date
Execution of Co Approved as to	ontract and Bonds Form:
DocuSigned by:	
Scott Slusser	
06A61E7CD374498	Attorney General
5/17/2021	Date
	Duit

C204499

Contract No.

C204499		
Guilford		

Rev 5-17-11

Bond #014223438

#### CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

05/03/2021
APAC - Atlantic, Inc Thompson-Arthur Division
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company
North Carolina Department of Transportation
Raleigh, North Carolina
\$46,382,713.04
C204499
Guilford

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall promptly make payment to all persons supplying labor and material in the prosecution of the work provided for in said contract, and any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

### **CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND**

Affix Seal of Surety Company

Liberty Mutual Insurance Company

Print or type Surety Company Name



By Tannis Mattson, Attorney-in-Fact

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

Signature of Witness

Sandra Parker, Witness

Print or type Signer's name

C204499

Rev 5-17-11

### **CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND**

### **CORPORATION**

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

P.O. Box 21088, Greensboro, NC 27420

By

| Signature of President, Vice President Select appropriate title

| Clarence O. Brickey |

Affix Corporate Seal

Print or type Signer's name

Attest
Signature of Secretary, Assistant Secretary
Select appropriate tile

Leonard D. Conway

Print or type Signer's name

C204499		
Guilford		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Bond #014223438

#### CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

Date of Performance Bond Execution:	05/03/2021
Name of Principal Contractor:	APAC - Atlantic, Inc Thompson-Arthur Division
Name of Surety:	Liberty Mutual Insurance Company
Name of Contracting Body:	North Carolina Department of Transportation
	Raleigh, North Carolina
Amount of Bond:	\$46,382,713.04
Contract ID No.:	C204499
County Name:	Guilford

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract during the original term of said contract and any extensions thereof that may be granted by the Contracting Body, with or without notice to the Surety, and during the life of any guaranty required under the contract, and shall also well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

### CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

Affix Seal of Surety Company

**Liberty Mutual Insurance Company** 

Print or type Surety Company Name



By Tannis Mattson, Attomey-in-Fact

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

Sandra Parker, Witness

Print or type Signer's name

2929 Allen Parkway, Suite 2500, Houston, TX 77019

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

C204499		
Guilford		

Rev 5-17-11

### CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

### **CORPORATION**

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

APAC - Atlantic, Inc Thompson-Arthur Division	
Full name of Corporation	
P.O. Box 21088, Greensboro, NC 27420	
Address as prequalified	
By Coula O. Brilis	
Signature of President, Vice President Select appropriate title	
Clarence O. Brickey	
Print or type Signer's name	-

Affix Corporate Seal

Attest
Signature of Secretary, Assistant Secretary
Select appropriate tiple



Leonard D. Conway

Print or type Signer's name



This Power of Attorney limits the acts of those named herein, and they have no authority to bind the Company except in the manner and to the extent herein stated.

> Liberty Mutual Insurance Company The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company West American Insurance Company

Certificate No: 8202570 - 022029

any business day

동

EST

Power of Attorney of am and 4:30 pm

confirm 310-832-4

#### **POWER OF ATTORNEY**

KNOWN ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS: That The Ohlo Casualty Insurance Company is a corporation duty organized under the laws of the State of New Hampshire, that
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company is a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, and West American Insurance Company is a corporation duly organized
under the laws of the State of Indiana (herein collectively called the "Companies"), pursuant to and by authority herein set forth, does hereby name, constitute and appoint,
Orlando Aguirre, Mario Arzamendi, Mary Ann Garcia, Tennis Mattson, Sandra Parker, Gina A. Rodriguez, Laura E. Sudduth, Amanda Turman-Avina, Misty Witt

each individually if there he more than one named, its true and lawful attorney-in-fact to make. all of the city of state of Houston execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver, for and on its behalf as surety and as its act and deed, any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations, in pursuance of these presents and shall be as binding upon the Companies as if they have been duly signed by the president and attested by the secretary of the Companies in their own proper Dersons

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Power of Attorney has been subscribed by an authorized officer or official of the Companies and the corporate seals of the Companies have been affixed thereto this 12th day of November , 2019 .







Liberty Mutual Insurance Company The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company West American Insurance Company

State of PENNSYLVANIA County of MONTGOMERY

On this 12th day of November, 2019 before me personally appeared David M. Carey, who acknowledged himself to be the Assistant Secretary of Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, The Ohio Casualty Company, and West American Insurance Company, and that he, as such, being authorized so to do, execute the foregoing instrument for the purpose therein contained by signing on behalf of the corporations by himself as a duly authorized officer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my notarial seal at King of Prussia, Pennsylvania, on the day and year first above written.



#### COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Notarial Seal Teresa Pastella, Notary Public Upper Merion Twp., Montgomery County My Commission Expires March 28, 2021 Member, Pennsylvania Association of Notarie

this P This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the following By-laws and Authorizations of The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, Liberty Mutua Insurance Company, and West American Insurance Company which resolutions are now in full force and effect reading as follows:

Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the following By-laws and Authorizations of The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, Liberty Mutual ance Company, and West American Insurance Company which resolutions are now in full force and effect reading as follows:

ARTICLE IV — OFFICERS: Section 12. Power of Attorney.

Any officer or other official of the Corporation authorized for that purpose in writing by the Chairman or the President, and subject to such limitation as the Chairman or the President may prescribe, shall appoint such attorneys-in-fact, as may be necessary to act in behalf of the Corporation to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surety any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations. Such attorneys-in-fact, subject to the limitations set forth in their respective powers of attorney, shall have full power to blind the Corporation. When so executed, such have full power to bind the Corporation by their signature and execution of any such instruments and to attach thereto the seal of the Corporation. When so executed, such instruments shall be as binding as if signed by the President and attested to by the Secretary. Any power or authority granted to any representative or attorney-in-fact under the provisions of this article may be revoked at any time by the Board, the Chairman, the President or by the officer or officers granting such power or authority.

ARTICLE XIII - Execution of Contracts: Section 5. Surety Bonds and Undertakings.

Any officer of the Company authorized for that purpose in writing by the chairman or the president, and subject to such limitations as the chairman or the president may prescribe, shall appoint such attorneys-in-fact, as may be necessary to act in behalf of the Company to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surety any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations. Such attorneys-in-fact subject to the limitations set forth in their respective powers of attorney, shall have full power to bind the Company by their signature and execution of any such instruments and to attach thereto the seal of the Company. When so executed such instruments shall be as binding as if signed by the president and attested by the secretary.

Certificate of Designation - The President of the Company, acting pursuant to the Bytaws of the Company, authorizes David M. Carey, Assistant Secretary to appoint such attorneye-infact as may be necessary to act on behalf of the Company to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surety any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations.

Company, wherever appearing upon a certified copy of any power of attorney issued by the Company in connection with surety boost, shall be valid and binding upon the Company with the same force and effect as though manually affixed.

1. Renee C. Liewellyn, the underland assistant Secretary, The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company.

wathy, and Wheel American Insurance Company do industry and Companies, is in the force and effect and hereby certify that the original power of attorney of which the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the Power of Attorney account

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seals of said Companies this 3rd







Renee C. Liewellyn, Assistant Secretary